# **Present tenses in English**

- 1. Forms
- 2. Spelling of third person singular form
- 3. Use
- 4. Exceptions

### The Simple Present Tense- FORMS

- ☐ Affirmative- simple verb form
- I/ you/ we/they work
- He/she/ it workS
- Interrogative
- DO you/we/ they/ I WORK?
- DOESN'T he/she/it WORK?
- DO- auxiliary verb, WORK- infinitive of the lexical/full verb.

### The Simple Present Tense- FORMS

■ Negative

I/ you/ we/ they **DON'T WORK.**He/ she/ it **DOESN'T WORK.** 

### The Simple Present Tense- SPELLING

### Third person singular form

- Most verbs add –s to infinitive: sits, stays, works
- □ Verbs ending in consonant +y change Y to I and add −ES: hurries, replies, cries
- ☐ Verbs ending in —s, -z, -ch, -sh, -x add —ES to infinitive: misses, buzzes, fixes, pushes, watches
- ☐ Exceptions: *has, goes, does*

- General time permanent, regular and repeated actions
- What do frogs eat? She works for an insurance company.
- Series of events completed actions and events often in commentaries or demonstrations

First I take a bowl and break two eggs into it.

#### 3. Here comes... There goes ...

Here comes your husband. There goes our bus.

#### 4. Promises, Suggestions

I swear that I will tell the truth. I agree. I promise never to smoke again. Why don't you take a day off?

#### 5. Formal correspondence fixed phrases

We write to advise you...(Less formal: We are writing to let you know). I look forward to hearing from you. (Less formal: I'm looking forward to hearing...)

#### 6. Instructions

How do I get to the station? You go straight on to the traffic lights, then turn left.

7. **Stories** informal narrative, summaries of plays or stories

In Act I, Hamlet meets the ghost of his father.

8. I hear, I see, I understand, I gather perfect or past meaning in introductory expressions

I hear you're getting married.

9. **Temporary situations** stative/state verbs/non-progressive verbs

I like this wine very much. I believe you.

- 10. Talking about the future
- timetabled future events

His train arrives at 11:46. I start my new job tomorrow.

• subordinate clause of time and condition I will phone you when I GET home. You will soon be better as long as/providing you STAY in the warm.

## The Present Progressive Tense- FORMS

#### ☐ Affirmative

the auxiliary verb **TO BE** + **present participle** (**příčestí přítomné**) of the lexical (full) verb

I am working. She is working.

#### Interrogative

Inversion- auxiliary verb goes before subject Where is the concert taking place?

#### Negative

NOT after auxiliary verb She is NOT working.

### The Present Progressive Tense- USE

- **1.** Use 'around now' Hurry up! We're all waiting for you. Why are you crying? Is something wrong?
- **2. Changes** The climate is getting warmer. That child's getting bigger every day.
- 3. Talking about the future fixed arrangement or intention What are you doing tomorrow evening?
- 4. Repeated actions happening around the moment of speaking, often annoying Why is he hitting the dog? Why are you biting your nails?

### **Practice**

- Možná, že pojedeme příští rok do Austrálie.
- Nejlepší je nechodit do kuchyně. John a Tony vedou jednu ze svých politických debat.
- Proč si pořád bereš věci z mého pokoje?
- Než ho najdeme, bude pozdě.
- Nespadneš, pokud se nebudeš dívat dolů.