



ADVERB

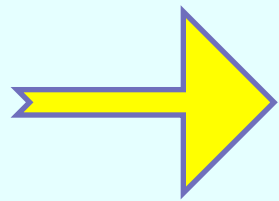


PLAN OF THE LESSON

- The role of adverbs
- Formation of adverbs
- Place in the sentence
- Degrees of comparison

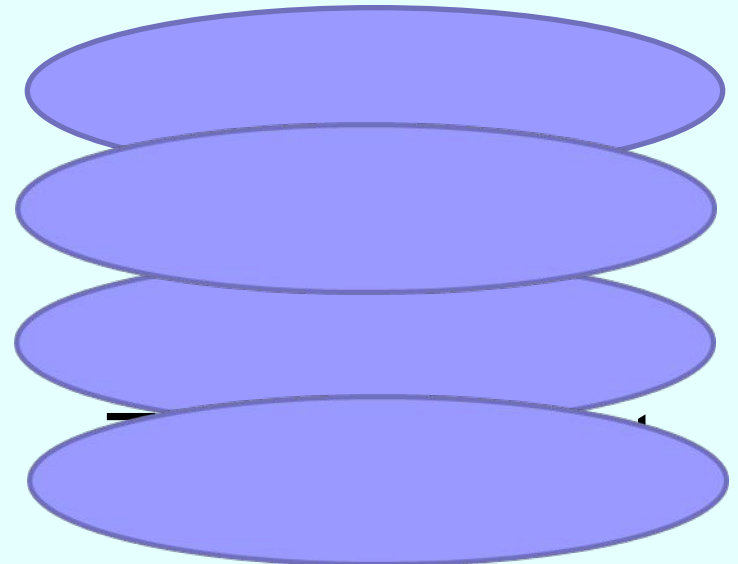
Define the role of an adverb

- She came home **late**.
- She is a **very** good student.
- He is **often** engaged into after-classes activities.
- She does morning exercises **quite** (довольно-таки) often.



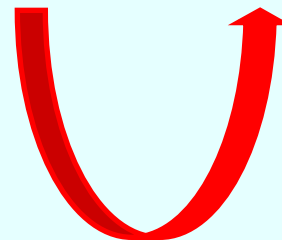
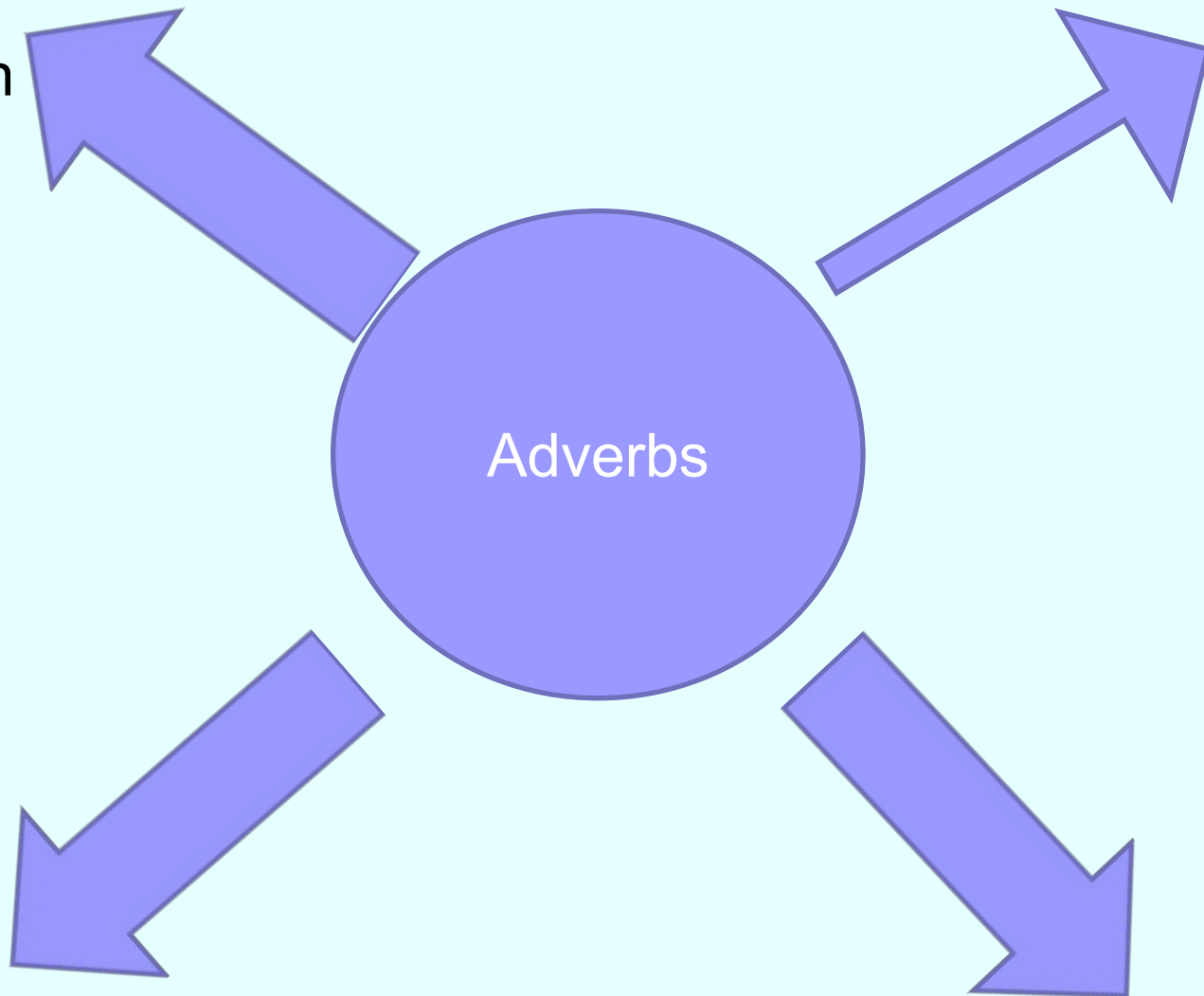
The role in the sentence

- An adverb **modifies** a verb, an adjective or another adverb **adding meaning** to them.
- Adverbs answer the following questions (*make up a diagram*):
 - 1. Now, late, soon
 - 2. Here, near, inside
 - 3. Well, badly, fast
 - 4. Very, quite, really



- Soon
- Now
- Then

Question-diagram



Formation of adverbs

- 1. simp(le) + ly simply
- 2. polite + ly politely
- 3. happy + ly happily
- 4. original + ly originally
- 5. tragic + ly tragically
- 6. adverb=adjective fast hard early

Form adverbs from the given adjectives and nouns:

careful

carefully

heroic

heroically

merry

merrily

safe

safely

brave

bravely

wonderful

wonderfully

day

daily

gradual

gradually

close

closely

clear

clearly

Remember:

V + Adjective

Be	nice
Look	great
Feel	bad
Seem	sad
Smell	good
Taste	fantastic
Sound	great

V + Adverb

After other verbs

e.g. Drive carefully.

He behaved
badly.

Finish the sentences:

- 1. The cake smells.....
- 2. She drives.....
- 3. Thank you! I feel...
- 4. This dress is beautiful. You look...
- 5. Hurry up! Do your homework.....
- 6. The news sounds
- 7. At the lessons she listens to the teacher...

In some cases adverbs have 2 forms and 2 meanings

near

He lives quite near.

nearly

It is nearly 5 o'clock

high

The plane flew very high.

highly

It's a highly developed state.

hard

He works hard.

hardly

I could hardly understand him.

late

I went to bed late yesterday.

lately

I haven't seen him lately.

Place of adverbs in a sentence

1.manner

2.place

3. time

We played merrily outdoors yesterday.