

# Graphics

*The creating a graphical object*

**Syntax:**

```
Graphics g=Graphics.FromHwnd(this.Handle);
```

**Graphics** –*an object type where we'll draw.*

*It may be Windows Form.*

**g** –*name of graphical object;*

**Graphics.FromHwnd(this.Handle)** – *class method that returns a **Handle** to Windows Form.*

## *Pen*

The pens are used for graphical figures drawing.

*The templates pens:*

```
Pen pen1 = Pens.Black;
```

Here:

**Pen** – class “Pen”;

**pen1** – name of class Pen object;

**Pens** – class of pen objects. We select a pen from this class;

**Black** – a colour of pen that is selected.

*In this case you can select only a colour.*

*A line width equal to one pixel.*

*A Line style is continuous line.*

## *The pens that are not templates*

Their properties may be set up.

```
Pen pen2 = new Pen(Color.Red);  
pen2.Width=3;
```

A choice of line style:

Styles: **Dot, Dash, DashDot, DashDotDot.**

*An example to set up line style:*

```
pen2.DashStyle=  
System.Drawing.Drawing2D.DashStyle.DashDotDot;
```

## *Brush*

A brush is used to flood graphical figures.

There are some brush types:

**Brush** – it's simple brush to flood by one colour;

**HatchBrush** - to hatch;

**LinearGradientBrush** - a brush with linear gradient filling up;

**PathGradientBrush** - a brush with linear gradient in case a colour changes by jumps.

The simple brushes are selected from

**Brushes** class:

**Brush brush1=Brushes.Blue;**

**Brush** – class name;

**brush1** – object name;

**Brushes** –class of objects for selecting the  
brush;

**Blue** –brush colour.

*In this case you can select only a **colour**.*

**The brush for hatching may be selected from HatchBrushes class. For accessing to HatchBrushes class and to styles of hatching it's necessary to add:**

**using System.Drawing.Drawing2D;**

***Styles of hatching:***

**CROSS, DiagonalCross, ForwardDiagonal, BackwardDiagonal.**

**An example of hatching by CROSS style:**

```
HatchBrush brush2 =
```

```
    new HatchBrush(HatchStyle.Cross,ForeColor,  
    BackColor);
```

**It's possible to create a pen that draws by  
brush:**

```
Brush brush1=Brushes.Blue;
```

```
Pen pen1=new Pen(brush1);
```

## *The method for drawing a text in Windows Form*

**DrawString(S, Font, Brush, float xleftTop,  
float yLeftTop);**

**S- row of symbols;**

**The Font class is used for selecting font;**

**float xleftTop, float yLeftTop - the coordinates x, y  
of left upper corner of rectangle that is used for  
placing the text. These coordinates are defined by  
identifiers.**

**Brush brush1=Brushes.Red;**

**float a=100,b=200;**

**Font myFont=new Font("Tahoma",14);**

**g .DrawString("You are\n welcome!", myFont, brush1, a, b);**



## *The drawing of rectangles*

*DrawRectangle(pen, int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2);*

*x1, y1, x2, y2* –the coordinates of left upper corner and right bottom corner of rectangle.

*Example:*

*g.DrawRectangle(pen1,50,50,100,100);*

*There is a variant with float type coordinates .*

*DrawRectangle(pen, float xLeft, float yTop, float Height, float Width);*

*xLeft, yTop*- the coordinates x, y of left upper corner.

*Height, Width* - height and width of rectangle.

## *The example of graphics program*

*There is a choice of **pen** and its parameters: **Color, Width and Line style**. Also a **font** is set and used to display a symbols string.*

*Besides of there is **HatchBrush** that is used to fill a rectangle.*

# New Project



Project types:

- Visual C++
  - ATL
  - CLR
  - General
  - MFC
  - Smart Device
  - Win32
- Other Languages
  - Visual Basic
  - Visual C#
    - Windows
    - Smart Device
    - Database
    - Starter Kits
  - Visual J#
- Other Project Types

Templates:

## Visual Studio installed templates

- Windows Application
- Windows Control Library
- Console Application
- Empty Project
- Class Library
- Web Control Library
- Windows Service
- Crystal Reports Application

## My Templates

- Search Online Templates...

A project for creating an application with a Windows user interface

Name:

Location:

Solution Name:

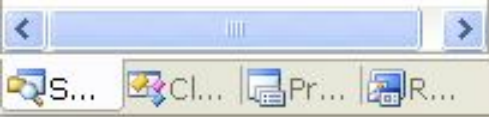
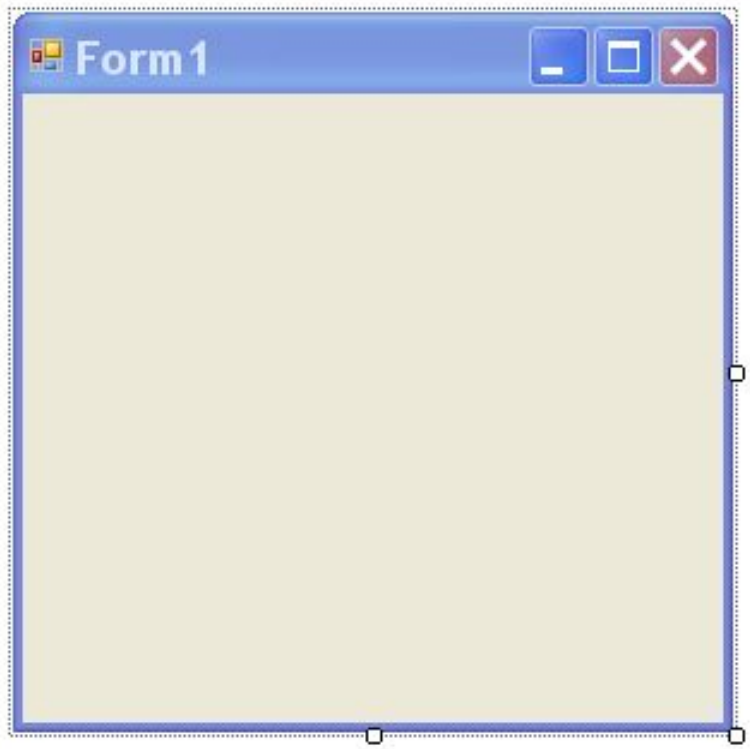
Create directory for solution



Solution Explorer - gr... [Close]

Form1.cs [Design] Start Page [Close]

- Solution 'grafprac1' (1 project)
- grafprac1
  - Properties
  - References
  - Form1.cs
  - Program.cs



Debug Any CPU

Solution Explorer

Start Page

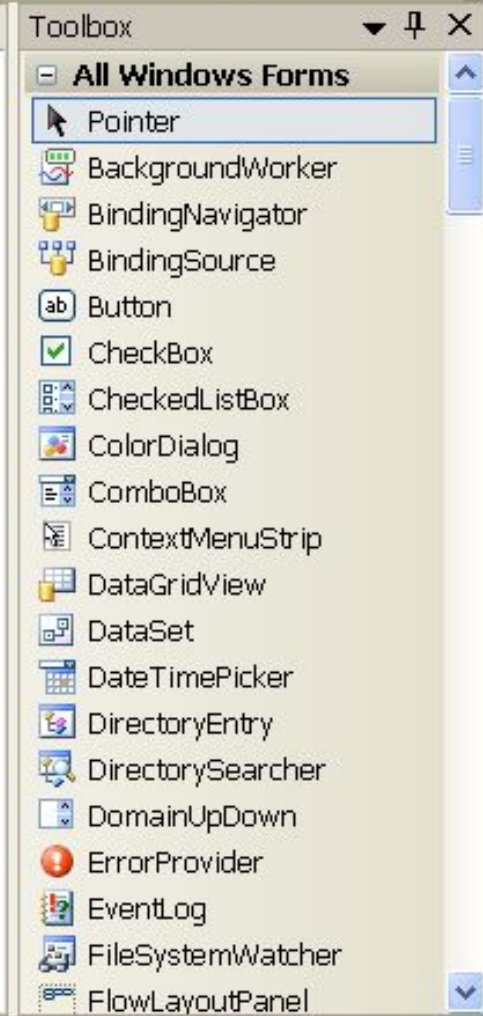
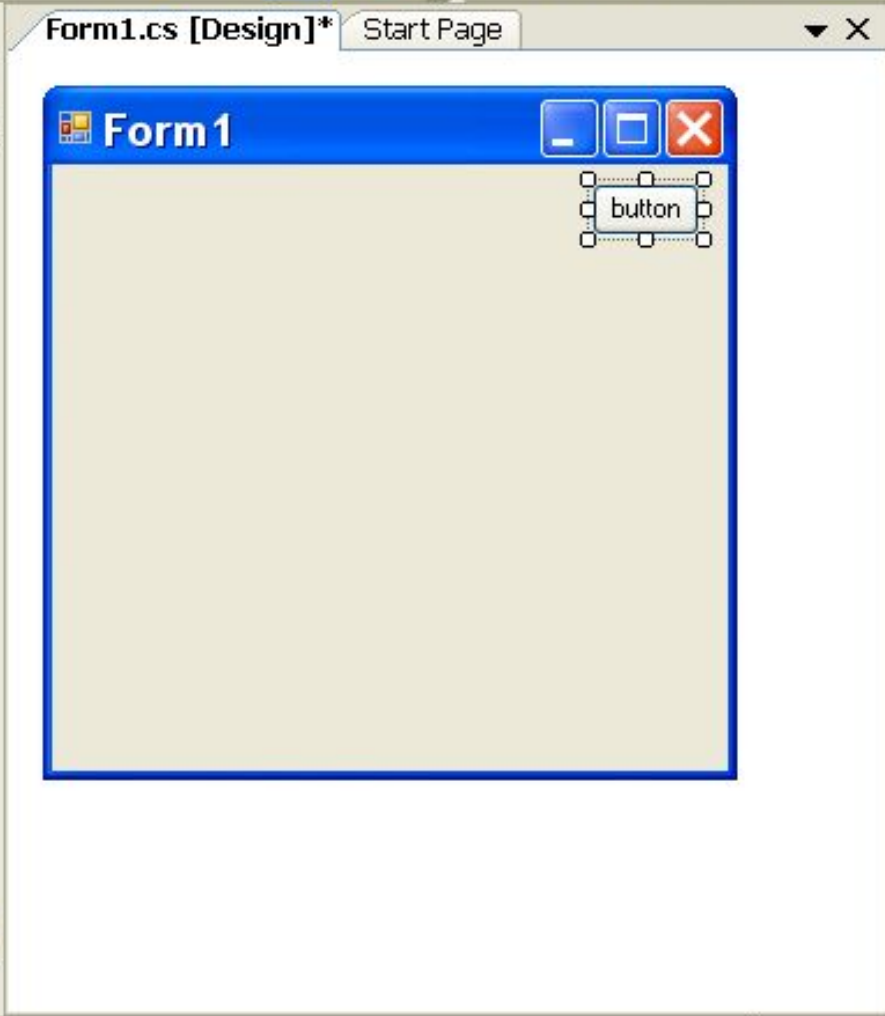
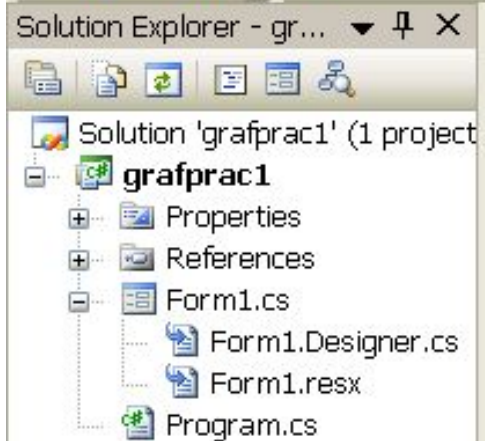
Toolbox

- Solution Explorer Ctrl+Alt+L
- Bookmark Window Ctrl+K, Ctrl+W
- Class View Ctrl+Shift+C
- Code Definition Window Ctrl+Shift+V
- Object Browser Ctrl+Alt+J
- Output Alt+2
- Property Manager
- Resource View Ctrl+Shift+E
- Toolbox Ctrl+Alt+X**
- Find Results ▶
- Other Windows ▶
- Toolbars ▶
- Full Screen Shift+Alt+Enter
- Navigate Backward Ctrl+-
- Navigate Forward Ctrl+Shift+-
- Next Task
- Previous Task
- Property Pages

- All Windows Forms**
- Pointer
  - BackgroundWorker
  - BindingNavigator
  - BindingSource
  - Button
  - CheckBox
  - CheckedListBox
  - ColorDialog
  - ComboBox
  - ContextMenuStrip
  - DataGridView
  - DataSet
  - DateTimePicker
  - DirectoryEntry
  - DirectorySearcher
  - DomainUpDown
  - ErrorProvider
  - EventLog
  - FileSystemWatcher
  - FlowLayoutPanel

S... Cl... Pr... R...





***It's necessary to create a Handler for  
button1.***

***There are two modes how to do it:***

- 1) Select button1/pop up menu/View Code;***
- 2) To do double click on button1.***

***In any case a handler template will appear.***

***It must be filled***

Solution Explorer - gr... [ ] [X]

- Solution 'grafprac1' (1 project)
  - grafprac1
    - Properties
    - References
    - Form1.cs
      - Form1.Designer.cs
      - Form1.resx
    - Program.cs

```

grafprac1.Form1 button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
2  using System.Collections.Generic;
3  using System.ComponentModel;
4  using System.Data;
5  using System.Drawing;
6  using System.Text;
7  using System.Windows.Forms;
8
9  namespace grafprac1
10 {
11     public partial class Form1 : Form
12     {
13         public Form1()
14         {
15             InitializeComponent();
16         }
17
18         private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
19         {
20
21         }
22     }
23 }
    
```



***You are going to use `DashStyle` for pen  
and `HatchBrush`. So it's necessary to  
add using `System.Drawing.Drawing2D`;  
Don't forget!***

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Drawing.Drawing2D; // Don't forget to add !
using System.Text;
using System.Windows.Forms;
namespace grafprac1
{
    public partial class Form1 : Form
    {
        public Form1()
        {
            InitializeComponent();
        }
    }
}
```

```
private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    Pen pen1 = new Pen(Color.Blue);
    pen1.Width = 3;
    pen1.DashStyle = DashStyle.DashDotDot;
    Graphics g = Graphics.FromHwnd(this.Handle);
    g.DrawRectangle(pen1,10,10,200,200);
    Brush brush1 = Brushes.Black;
    Font myFont = new Font("Tahoma",14);
    g.DrawString("Be happy!",myFont,brush1,20,20);
    HatchBrush brush3 =
new HatchBrush(HatchStyle.Cross,Color.ForestGreen);
    g.DrawRectangle(pen1,50,50,150,150);
    g.FillRectangle(brush3,50,50,150,150);
}
}
}
```

Form 1

button

Be happy!

```
private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    Pen pen1 = new Pen(Color.Maroon);
    pen1.Width = 3;
    pen1.DashStyle = DashStyle.DashDotDot;
    Graphics g = Graphics.FromHwnd(this.Handle);
    g.DrawRectangle(pen1, 10, 10, 200, 200);
    Brush brush1 = Brushes.Peru;
    Font myFont = new Font("Arial Black", 14);
    g.DrawString("Be happy!", myFont, brush1, 20, 20);
    HatchBrush brush3 = new HatchBrush(HatchStyle.LargeCross);
    g.DrawRectangle(pen1, 50, 50, 150, 150);
    g.FillRectangle(brush3, 50, 50, 150, 150);
}
}
```

Error List

0 Errors 0 Warnings 0 Messages

Description	File	Line
Output		

Build succeeded

## *Now do the next task:*

**Create a C# program using Windows Form.  
Place any text in this Form in any place. A  
brush is used for drawing. Its color is Blue.  
Font is "Tahoma". Its size equal 12.**