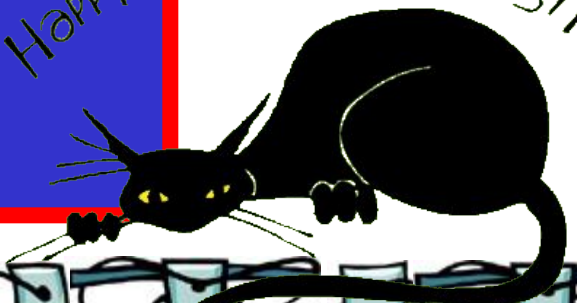


FIRST CONDITIONAL WITH BRITISH

HAPPY FRIDAY THE 13TH!!

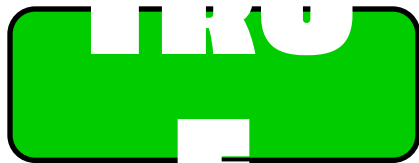


H A L L O W E E N



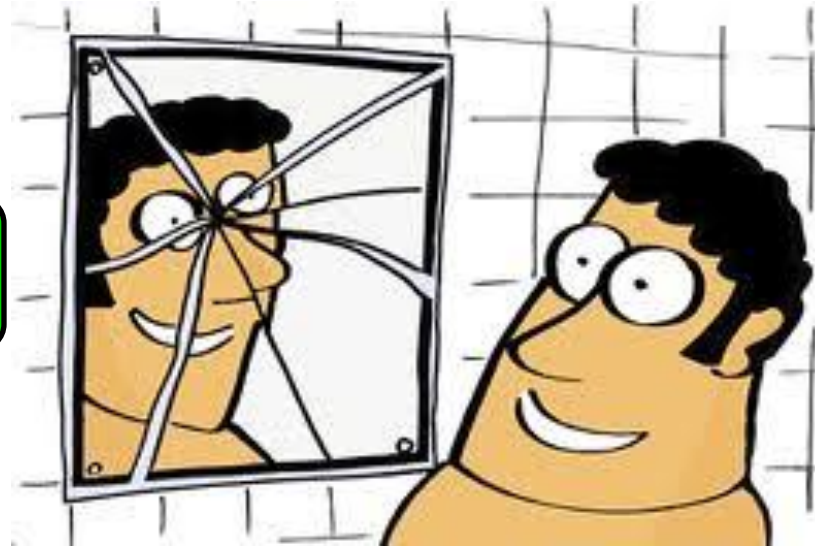
S N O

You will have bad luck if a black cat crosses your path.



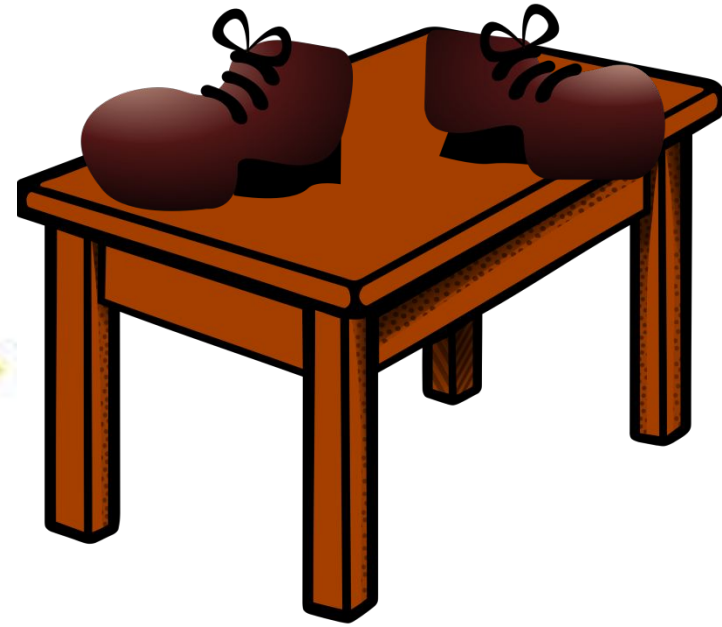
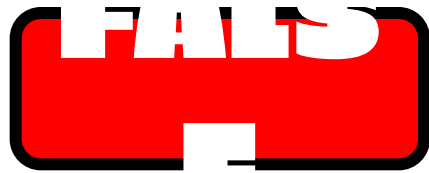
Well, confusingly black cats can be both lucky and unlucky in the UK, depending on who you ask.

**If you break a mirror,
you will have 7 years of
bad luck.**



Probably you will, but only if you are
superstitious.

**If you put your shoes
on the table, it will
bring you luck.**



So you'd better keep your shoes off the furniture (especially if they are new) and not just because they are dirty.

If you walk under a ladder, you will have bad luck.



Especially if the bucket hits you, lol.

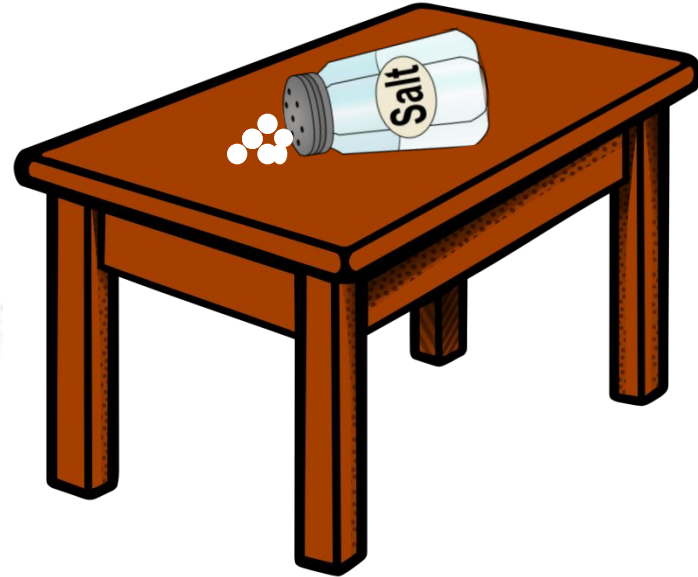
If you find a three-leaf clover, it will bring you luck.



Only a four-leaf clover will bring you luck, so they say.

**If you spill salt,
you will have good
luck.**

SALT



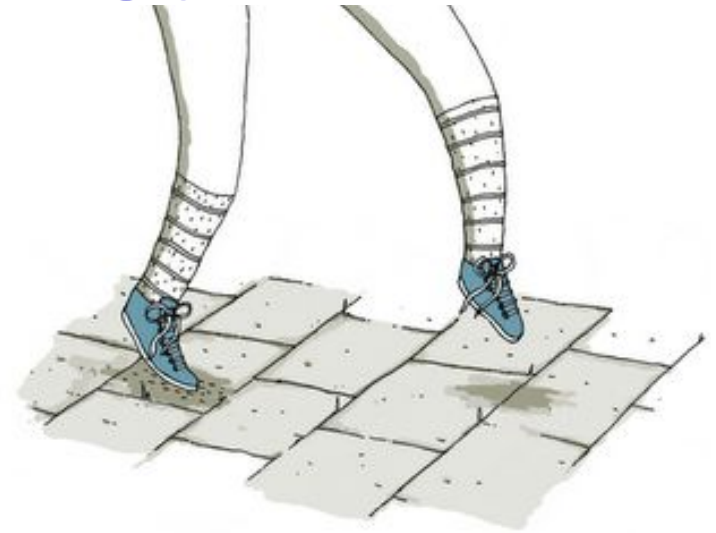
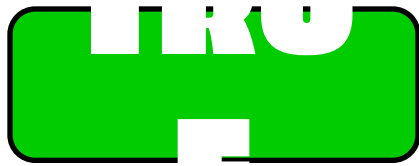
It will bring you bad luck. So if you do, you must throw some over your shoulder to counteract the bad luck.

**If you catch falling
leaves in Autumn,
you will have good luck.**



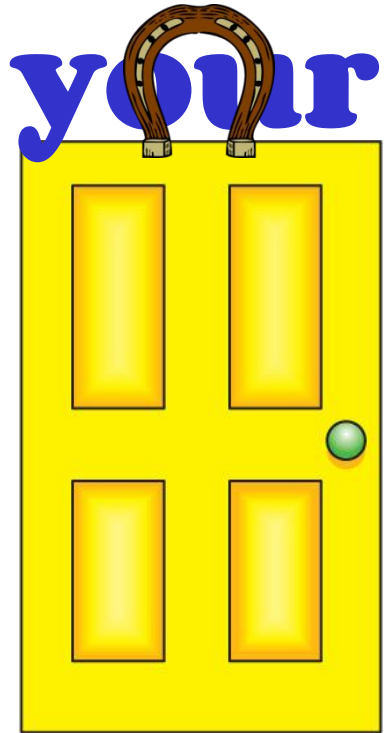
Every leaf means a lucky month next year.

**If you step on a tile,
you will fall and break
your spine.**



Walking along the pavement in the UK can be bad luck if you're not careful where you put your feet – or so superstition would have you believe.

**lucky
if you hang a
horseshoe over your**



The horseshoe needs to be hung in an upward position (“U”) to bring you luck.

**if you make a wish, then
blow out all the candles on
your birthday cake in one
blow, your wish will be
granted**



Good luck with that once you are 90 and
there are 90 candles on your cake.

CONDITIONAL SENTENCES

→ TYPE 1 ←



USE: choose the right option

The first conditional describes what we think will or will not (won't) happen – it talks about a ... situation.

REAL / PROBABLE 

UNREAL / IMPROBABLE 

ex: If he **has** time, he **will visit** Robert.
(it's possible/probable that he will visit Robert)

CONDITIONAL SENTENCES

→ TYPE 1 ←



FORM

IF CLAUSE

MAIN CLAUSE

(condition)

(result)

If he goes out, he will buy a newspaper.

Present

will +

simple

infinitive

ve

CONDITIONAL SENTENCES

→ **TYPE 1** ←



ONLINE PRACTICE

