

The Infinitive



The full Infinitive (*to do*) is used:

1. after certain verbs

(can't) afford – позволять / не можем позволить, не в состоянии

agree – соглашаться; сходиться во мнениях

decide

expect – ожидать; рассчитывать

hope

learn – учить; узнать

offer – предлагать

want

promise – обещать

manage – справляться (с чем-либо)

seem = appear – казаться

tend – иметь тенденцию, иметь склонность

plan

pretend – симулировать, прикидываться

refuse – отказываться

compel (= force) – принуждать; заставлять

encourage – ободрять; содействовать

1. Tom **seems** ... (to be) a very good athlete.
Tom **seems to be** a very good athlete.
2. They **encourage** ... (to use) new methods.
They **encourage to use** new methods.
3. George wants ... (to find) a new job next month.
George **wants to find** a new job next month.
4. He **hopes** ... (to invite) all his friends to his party.
He **hopes** ... (to invite) all his friends to his party.
5. She **wants** ... (to know) why you **decided** ... (to spend) your vacations abroad.
She **wants** to know why you **decided** to spend your vacations abroad.
6. Why did you **refuse** ... (to hold) a meeting with our partners?
Why did you **refuse** to hold a meeting with our partners?
7. He **offered** me ... (to stay) at home instead of going out.
He **offered** me to stay at home instead of going out.
8. The children **were not allowed** ... (to play) noisy games indoors.
The children **were not allowed** to play noisy games indoors.
9. My sister **tends** ... (to go) to the gym three times a week.
My sister **tends** to go to the gym three times a week.
10. They **fail** ... (to pass) an important exam.
They **fail** to pass an important exam. – Они не сдали важный экзамен.
11. The boy **pretends** ... (not, to cheat) at the exam.
The boy **pretends** not to cheat at the exam.
12. I **can't afford** ... (to buy) a new car.
I **can't afford** to buy a new car.

2. to express purpose (чтобы выразить цель)

Tom **went** to his friend **to borrow** some money.

She **returned** home ... (to ask) for some extra money.

She **returned** home **to ask** for some extra money. – Вернулась, чтобы ...

We **are leaving** now ... (to catch) the train to London.

We **are leaving** now **to catch** the train to London.

3. After adjectives (после прилагательных)

angry, easy, happy, reluctant, obliged, sad, mean, supposed, unable...

He is reluctant ... (to help) us in the garden.

He is **reluctant** to help us in the garden.

She **was supposed** ... (to come) on board.

She **was supposed** to come on board. – Полагали, что она придет...

3. After last, next, first

Our manager was the **last** ... (to say).

Our manager was the **last** to say. – Наш менеджер последний высказал...

He is the **first** ... (to finish) the report.

He is the **first** to finish the report.

4. with impersonal construction + adjective

(в безличных конструкциях)

It is nice of him to hold meetings himself.

Очень любезно с его стороны, что он сам проводит собрания.

It was rude of them not to send apologies.

Был грубо с их стороны не извиниться.

It is important to get there on time.

Важно, добраться туда без опоздания.

5. after certain nouns, pronouns

(после определенных существительных и местоимений)

It's a **pleasure to have** lunch in the restaurant. – Удовольствие обедать в ресторане.

It's a **nightmare to listen** to his expostulations. – Кошмар слушать его упреки.

Let's give them **something to talk** about. – Давайте дадим им тему для разговора.

Take **something to eat** on the trip. – Возьми в дорогу что-нибудь поесть.

5. in expressions (в устойчивых выражениях)

To tell you the truth, to be honest, to be fair

To be honest, I haven't seen him today. – Честно говоря, ...

The bare Infinitive (*do*) is used :

- with modals

Can, could, must, should...

(Но! **Ought to** – должен; **have to** – должен, вынужден)

They **can** learn the fable by heart if they want.

He **ought to** wear a dinner jacket for the party.

- had better

- would rather

- would sooner

You'd better sit down. – Ты бы лучше сел.

I'd rather stay here. – Я бы лучше остался здесь.

I'd sooner read here. – Я предпочел бы почитать.

BUT!!!

I would like to sit down. – Я бы хотел сесть.

I would like to stay here. – Я бы хотел остаться здесь.

I would like to read. – Я бы хотел почитать.

After the verbs **let** (= allow), **make** (= force)

- **Let** me deal with these partners.
- He **let** me develop a strategy. ☺ →
- Who **makes** you review this issue?

But !!!



He **was made** to do everything.

We **are allowed** to set up a company.

After why (not) to make suggestions

- Why not take out some people who don't fit.
- Why don't we take out some people who don't fit.

- **Help to** do
- **Help** do

She helped me (**to**) fill in my application form.

Do the test! (Тест включает и герундий, обратите внимание)

1. Tom is allowed ... (to walk) with his friends late.

Tom is allowed **to walk** with his friends late.

2. Pride sometimes makes us ... (to do) things well. But love makes us ... (to do) them perfectly.

Pride sometimes makes us **do** things well. But love makes us **do** them perfectly.

3. I'd rather ... (to have) roses on my table.

I'd rather **have** roses on my table.

4. You ought ... (to follow) the doctor's instructions if you don't want to fall ill again.

You ought **to follow** the doctor's instructions if you don't want to fall ill again.

5. I must ... (to go) now. I promised ... (not, to be) late.

I must **go** now. I promised **not to be** late.

6. Paul lives in Berlin. He likes ... (to live) there.

Paul lives in Berlin. He likes **living** there.

7. They denied ... (to break) the scanner.

They denied **breaking** the scanner.

8. It is nice of you ... (to call) your Granny every week.

It is nice of you **to call** your Granny every week.

9. We suggest ... (to rent) an apartment there.

We suggest **renting** an apartment there.

10. He was made ... (to go) on business trip last week.

He was made **to go** on business trip last week.