



My motherland is Kazakhstan

Kazakhstan is my motherland

I love it very much

***Its lovely fields with green on it
And mountains with snow on top***

I love its lakes with rare birds

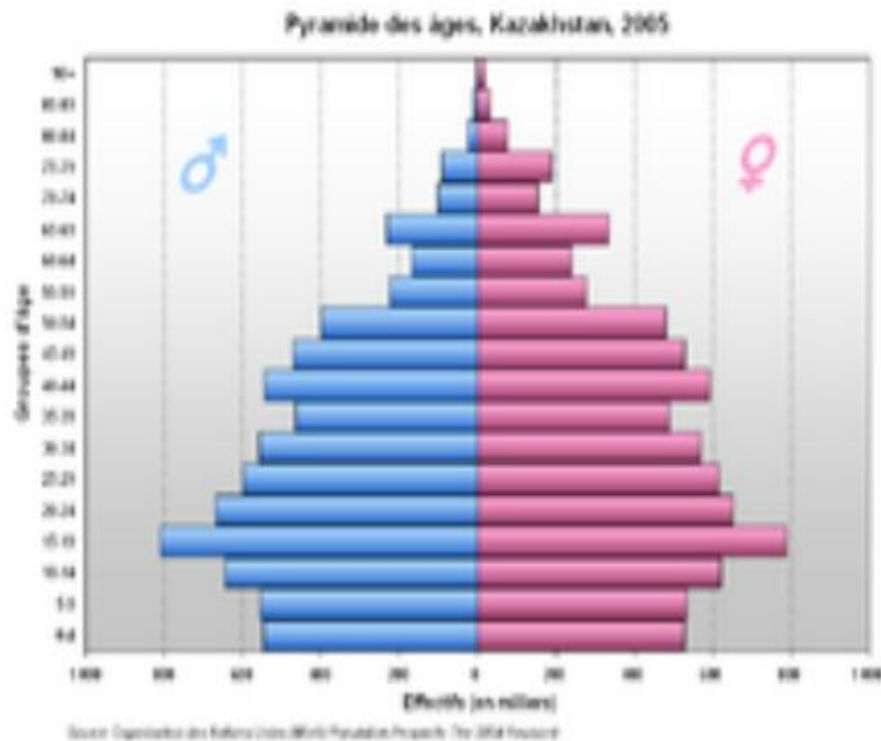
And rustling leaves on trees

My motherland, my Kazakhstan

Do live and shine forever!

My country - KAZAKHSTAN

Kazakhstan officially Republic of Kazakhstan, has the population of 15,186,000 people and territory 2,719,500 sq km, is situated in central Asia. It borders on Siberian Russia in the north, China in the east, Kyrgyzstan, Uzbekistan, and Turkmenistan in the south, and the Caspian Sea and European Russia in the west. Astana is the capital and Almaty (Alma-Ata) is the largest city. Other major cities include Shymkent, Semey, Aqtobe, and Oskemen.



Population pyramid, 2005

- The official language is **Kazakh**.
- Kazakhstan is a bilingual country: the **Kazakh language**, spoken by 64.4% of the population.

- The population of RK is over **16.2 million** people.
- Over **100 nationalities** and **ethnic groups** live in Kazakhstan.

The ethnic **Kazakhs** represent **63.1%** of the population and ethnic **Russians 23.7%**, **Tatars (1.3%)**, **Ukrainians (2.1%)**, **Uzbeks (2.8%)**, **Belarusians**, **Uyghurs (1.4%)**, **Azerbaijanis**, **Poles**. **Germans (1.1%)**, **Koreans**, **Kurds**, **Chechens**, **Turks**



Kazakhstan is divided into **5 main zones**, according to climatic and economic conditions. They are: **northern, eastern, central, western and southern Kazakhstan.**

RK consists of **14 regions, 84 towns, 2 cities** of republican importance – **Astana** and **Almaty**, **160 districts, 155 settlements** and **7200 villages**



Climate is sharply continental. The territory of RK is occupied with **plains, forests, steppes, semi-deserts, deserts, low hills and mountains.**

Main rivers are the **Ertis**, the **Syrdaria**, the **Tobil**, the **Ili**, the **Ural**, the **Ishim**.

There are 2 seas - the **Caspian** and the **Aral** .

Lakes are **Balkash, Alakol, Tengiz, Zaisan** and others.

The famous mountains are: **Tien-Shan, Tarbagatai** and **Altai**.

The highest peak is **Khan-Tengri**. Its height is 6996 meters

- **Khan - Tengri**



Chapter 1.

The State Symbols of the Republic of Kazakhstan

Article 1.

The state symbols of the Republic of Kazakhstan are:

- the National flag,
- the State emblem,
- the National anthem.



Check yourself!

- 1. The State Emblem of the Republic of Kazakhstan has the form of :**
a) a circle b) a square
- 2. The image of shanyrak is located:**
a) In the centre b) on the left
- 3. Mythical winged horses are located:**
In the top b) on the right and to the left of shanyrak
- 4. Five-pointed star is:**
In the bottom b) in the top
- 5. An inscription "Қазақстан" is located:**
a) In the centre b) in the bottom

The founder of the National flag of RK is an artist Shaken Niyazbekov.



- *The National flag of the Republic of Kazakhstan represents a rectangular panel of blue colour with the image of the sun with beams in the center, under which there is a soaring eagle. At a staff there is a national ornament in the form of a vertical strip. The image of the sun, its beams, an eagle and a national ornament shall be colours of gold.*
- *The parity of width of the Flag to its length is 1:2.*















Mineral industry of Kazakhstan

Kazakhstan ranks second only to Russia among the countries of the CIS in its quantity of mineral production. The country is rich in mineral resources such as uranium, chromite, copper, gold, iron, lead, tin, nickel, silver and zinc. It also has significant reserves of bauxite, copper, gold, iron ore, manganese, natural gas, and petroleum.

chromium

copper

lead, zink

uranium

gold

iron

manganese

natural gas

oil

- Kazakhstan is rich in **mineral resources** such as **copper, gold, iron, lead, nickel, silver, tin, uranium** and **zinc** with deposits of **oil** and **natural gas**.
- The main branches of **industry** are **coal-mining, metallurgical, machine-building** and **chemical**.
- **Grain-farming** and **cattle-breeding** are the main branches of **agriculture**.
- In **1992** Kazakhstan became a member of the **United Nations Organization**.







Culture & national traditions

The Kazakh people are rich in traditions.

From birth through old age and death, every step of their lives has historically been marked with celebration. Even their funeral ceremonies have their own special symbolism.

Unfortunately, many rich and interesting traditions and customs of the Kazakh people have been forgotten throughout the past century. Real sovereignty is just now being reestablished in Kazakhstan due to the process of democratization. These abandoned traditions are just now being rediscovered by the Kazakh people. These traditions include being respectful to old people; being patriotic to the motherland; being honest; and learning to love mankind.







Thank you for your attention

