

Saint – Petersburg Law Academy

Saint – Petersburg Law Academy was founded in 1997.

It trains highly qualified specialists in Law.

The aim of teaching at the Academy is to develop

{ professional knowledge and
job performing ability.

The term of training is 4 years.

The students study different humanity and law subjects.

Our Academy has

{ well-equipped classrooms
lecture-halls
libraries
dormitories
a gymnasium.

After graduation from the Academy the students get the diploma of a lawyer.

I am a Lawyer

It was not an easy task to make the right choice of a job.

I have chosen the profession of a lawyer.

I've entered SPb Law Academy because I'd like to be

a lawyer
a detective
an advocate
a prosecutor.

My dream is to work in

the court
the police
the Criminal Investigation Department

T

he work of a lawyer is

difficult and dangerous, but it is necessary and important, while crime exists.

The main aim of our activity is crime prevention.

At our academy we master

special means
methods
forms of crime prevention.

We study various branches of law and many special subjects.

To be a good specialist we must have many professional skills:

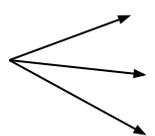
examine the crime scene
take fingerprints
interrogate criminals,
interview witnesses.

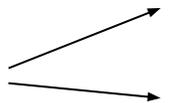
Our future work is noble and necessary.

Our objective is to protect life and property of people.

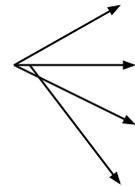
Saint Petersburg

I.

St Petersburg is situated  on the East coast of the Gulf of Finland
in the delta of the Neva River
on 42 islands

It was founded  by Peter the Great
in 1703

The territory of the city is 606 square km.

The city is called the Northern Venice for its  numerous rivers (50)
canals (31)
bridges (more than 530)
embankments (23)

The population of the city is about 5 million.

The climate is damp, the weather is highly changeable.

II. The history of the city is overwhelming.

For 200 years from 1712 up to 1918 it was the capital of Russian Empire.

The city has always been the arena of many political events:

- in 1825 the Decembrists rose up in arms against autocratic government;
- in 1917 there was the Great October Socialist Revolution;
- during the Second World War the city withstood the 900-day blockade and was awarded the Order of Lenin and called the Hero City.

The city was renamed several times:

- Saint Petersburg (1703-1914);
- Petrograd (1914-1924);
- Leningrad (1924-1991);
- Saint Petersburg (1991).

III. St Petersburg is a scientific, educational center of Russia.

The first Russian Academy of Sciences and the first Russian University were set up here.

Today St Petersburg has  300 research institutes,
80 higher educational establishments.

IV. St Petersburg is cultural center of Russia.

It is the city of museums: there are about 50 historical, art, memorial museums: the Hermitage, the State Russian Museum are the largest.

There are many places of interest in the city. The most famous are: the Peter and Paul fortress, the Spit of the Vassilyevsky Island with 2 rostral columns, the Palace Square with the Alexander Column, the Admiralty, St. Isaac's Cathedral, Kazan Cathedral, the Engineer's Castle, Alexander Nevsky Monastery, Smolny Convent, Church on the Saviour on Spilt Blood.

Those who visit St Petersburg admire it - one of the most beautiful cities in the world.