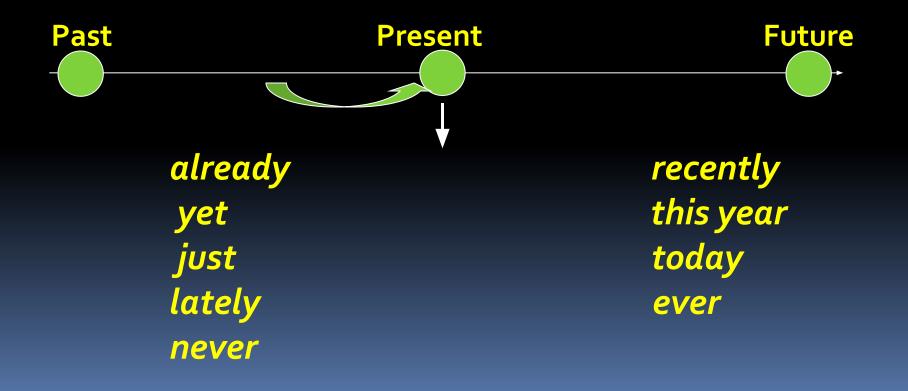
Present Perfect Tense



Present Perfect Tense

- -We use the Present Perfect to say that an action happened at an unspecified time before now.
- -We CAN use the Present Perfect with unspecific expressions such as:



- We often use the Present Perfect to talk about change that has happened over a period of time.
- Examples:
- You have grown since the last time I saw you.
- We often use the Present Perfect to list the accomplishments of individuals and humanity. You cannot mention a specific time.
- Examples:
- Man has walked on the Moon.

Present Perfect Tense(Affirmative form)



to have V₃

I have sent. You have sent. He (she, it) <u>has</u> sent. They have sent.

We have sent. You have sent.



Present Perfect Tense(negative form)

have not V₃

I haven't sent. You haven't sent. He (she, it) hasn't sent. They haven't sent.

We haven't sent. You haven't sent.

Present Perfect Tense(interrogative form)

Have you V₃?

Have I sent?

Have you sent?

Has (she, it) he sent? Have they sent?

Have we sent?

Have you sent?



regular and irregular verbs

Группа PERFECT Время PERFECT надо знать и глагол TO HAVE спрягать.

Основной глагол бери ,в третью форму возводи. Если правильный глагол окончание **ED**, а неправильный глагол- ты в таблицу посмотри.

[t]

[d]

[id]

work<u>ed</u> stopp<u>ed</u> walk<u>ed</u> looked

talked

played smiled lived studied tried skated
wanted
painted
collecte
needed



Look and say what has happened. Use the verb:



to buy glasses

She has bought new glasses.



to bring a child

The bird has brought a child.

to eat cookies

He has eaten cookies.



to decorate the tree



They have decorated the New year tree.

to fish



He has fished.

to put on clothes



She has put on all her clothes.



to climb the tree

He has climbed the tree.

to fall

The man has fallen.

to lose glasses

The man has lost his glasses.



to wash clothes

She has washed her clothes.

to blow



The wind has blown the hat.

Thank you!



• Игра "Никогда"

- Тема: Настоящее совершённое время + Глаголы.
- Игра не требует предварительной подготовки.
- На уроке предложите участникам игры назвать опыт, которого они не имели в своей жизни, например так:
- Игрок A: I've never been to Japan.
- Игрок В: I've never played golf.
- Игрок C: I've never ridden a camel.
- ит.д.
- Глаголы не должны повторяться! Участник, не нашедший подходящего словосочетания, выбывает из игры, которая продолжается до тех пор, пока в ней не останется один победитель.