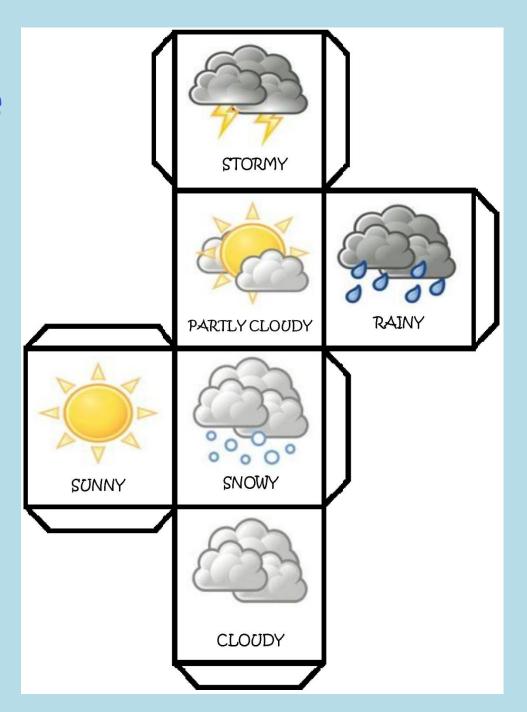
## Муниципальное казенное общеобразовательное учреждение «Средняя школа № 1 имени А.М. Горького»

# ИСПОЛЬЗОВАНИЕ СОВРЕМЕННЫХ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНЫХ ТЕХНОЛОГИЙ НА УРОКАХ АНГЛИЙСКОГО ЯЗЫКА

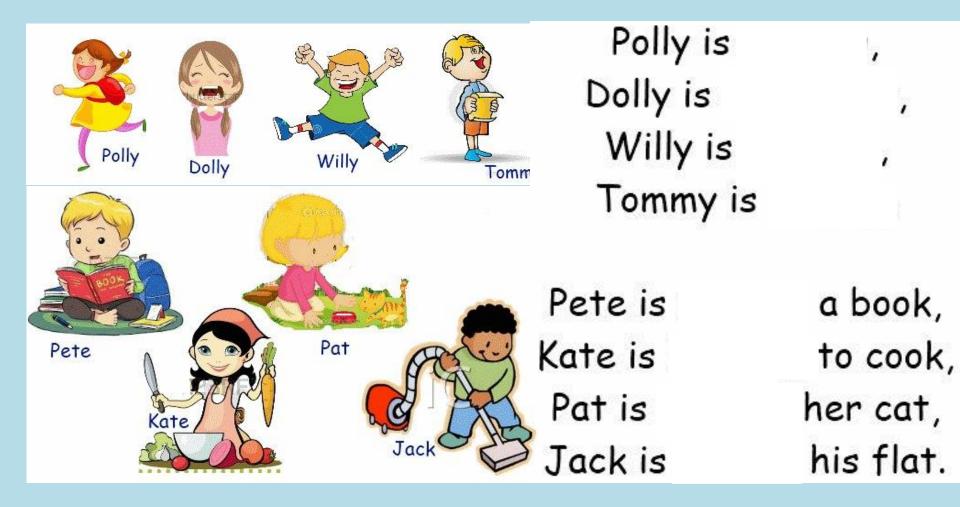
Бароновская Елена Юрьевна Шалунова Татьяна Юрьевна

# ИГРОВЫЕ ТЕХНОЛОГИ И

Let's play a game.Make up a sentence

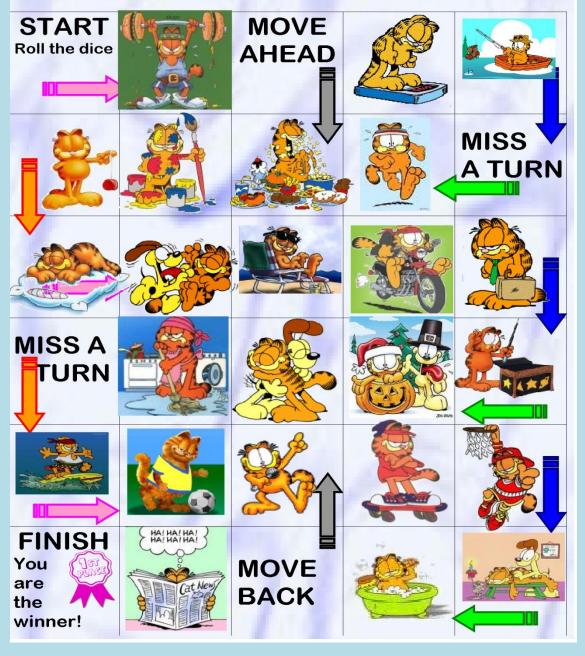


### Fill in the gap (Ving)



### Play the game

### BOARD GAME-ROUTINES



### Question board games

Can you name five countries?	10 Miss a turn	Can you name ten parts of the body?	8 Go back 2 squares	
12 Can you name your clothes?	誉 *↓♥ Finish ★ * 景	*	7 Can you sing a song in English?	
13 Go forward 3 squares	Can you say the months of the year?	1 Can you name five musical instruments?	Can you count from 80 –100?	
Can you name five things in the classroom?	Go back 2 squares	Can you say the alphabet?	5 Go forward 1 square	
15 Can you touch your toes?	Can you name ten animals?	3 Miss a turn	Can you say six family words?	

### Play the game



# ЗДОРОВЬЕСБЕРЕГАЮ<br/>ЩИЕ<br/>ТЕХНОЛОГИИ

## **EXERCISES**

Stand up! Hands up!
Hands on the knees!
Hands on the hips!
Put them behind
If you please!

Put your hands high up in the air,

At your sides, on your hair. Put your hands as before.

And clap: one, two, three,



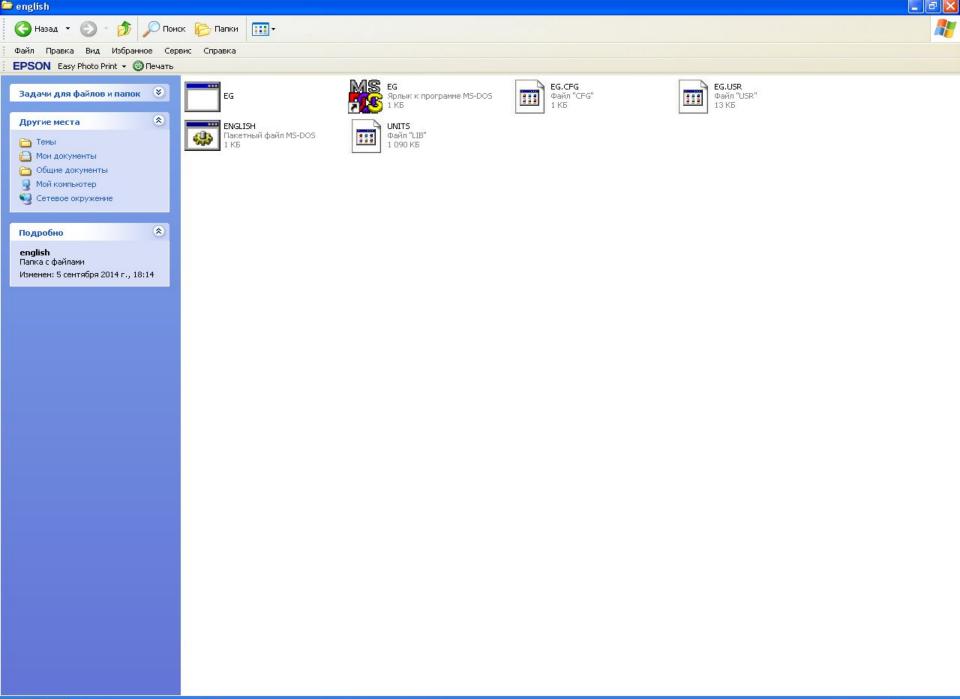


# Информационнокоммуникационн ые ТЕХНОЛОГИ И

#### ИПІСРПСІ

#### Сайты для изучающих английский язык:

- <u>abc-english-grammar.com</u> "Английский для всех" Изучение английского языка СайтиБориса Рабаева.
- alemeIn.narod.ru "An English Tutor: английский язык, возможности самообразования в Интернете" Сайт Александра Мельникова.
- <u>alleng.ru</u> "Образовательные ресурсы Интернета школьникам и студентам Английский язык" -Грамматика английского языка, правила чтения и произношения, наиболее употребительные слова и глаголы. Каталоги тематических ссылок, параллельные тексты и пр. (Сайт Александра Васильева, Санкт-Петербург).
- audio-class.ru Audio-Class учите языки со звуком! (Английский и намецкий) Озвученная таблица времен и более 10 маленьких параллельных текстов.
- bilingual.ru "BiLingual.ru" (для родителей и учителей, работающих с детьми дошкольного возраста или с начальными классами).
- breakthrough.ru курс-самоучитель "Breakthrough" the Cool! Для ознакомления с курсами можно скачать массу озвученных уроков для учащихся различного уровня подготовки.
- classes.ru "Classes.ru" Репетитор по английскому языку в Санкт-Петербурге. Библиотека учебников, пословицы и поговорки и пр.
- denistutor.narod.ru "Английский язык" Сайт Вячеслава Денисова. Выложена разделами авторская книга/пособие для изучающих английский язык.
- efl.ru "Английский язык из первых рук" Советы, статьи, развивающие игры, тесты, ссылки для изучающих английский язык, форум.
- elf-english.ru "Elf-English.ru" Онлайн курсы английского языка: разговорный и бизнес английский, подготовка к IELTS и Кембриджским экзаменам. Уроки английского по Skype. На сайте также есть: блог, статьи, советы, тесты, ссылки для изучающих английский язык.
- english.language.ru "Английский язык.ru" Уроки, пособия, тесты, сленг, экзамены, для любознательных, Интернет гид, онлайн словарь МультиЛекс.
- english.mymcomm.net (бывший ez-english.narod.ru) "Easy English" Интернет-сайт для изучающих и преподающих английский язык.(автор – Сергей Войтов)
- english.ru Интернет-ресурсы по изучению английского языка. Курс "Деловое письмо". Тесты on-line. Обзоры.
- Afficia vi Vypou autrujiovoro galijva ring camactagtari uaro jaavuolijag Vypo "Englich4 vi" Vpovja ua cajita











Cinglish

Preliminary edition

# COMMO GOVERNIT INTERVOICE 1993

In Use

GRACE AGAE RUNG:

helen

We normally use 's when the first noun is a person or an animal:

the manager's office (not 'the office of the manager')
Mr Evans's daughter the horse's tail a policeman's hat

Other (with things) we normally use ... of ...:

the door of the room (not 'the room's door')
the beginning of the story (not 'the story's beginning')

Sometimes you can use 's when the first noun is a thing. For example, you can say:

the book's title or the title of the book

But it is safer and more usual to use ... of ... (but see also section b).

#### Contents

```
Tenses
       1 Present continuous (I am doing)
Unit
       2 Present simple (I do)
Unit
       3 Present continuous (I am doing) or present simple (I do)?
Unit
       4 Present tenses (I am doing / I do) with a future meaning
Unit
       5 Going to (I am going to do)
Unit
       6 Will (1)
Unit
       7 Will (2)
Unit
       8 Will or going to?
Unit
       9 When and if sentences (When I do .../ If I do ...)
Unit
      10 Will be doing and will have done
Unit
      11 Past simple (I did)
Unit
      12 Past continuous (I was doing)
Unit
      13 Present perfect (I have done) (1)
Unit
      14 Present perfect (I have done) (2)
Unit
      15 Present perfect (I have done) (3)
Unit
      16 Present perfect continuous (I have been doing)
Unit
                     Help F3 Theory F5 Next
                                                    الم الم الم
                                                                      85:00:00
                           F4 Exercise F6 Previous Po Do
```

#### Contents

```
Tenses
       1 Present continuous (I am doing)
Unit
Unit
      2 Present simple (I do)
       3 Present continuous (I am doing) or present simple (I do)?
Unit
Unit
      4 Present tenses (I am doing / I do) with a future meaning
       5 Going to (I am going to do)
Unit
       6 Will (1)
Unit
      7 Will (2)
Unit
      8 Will or going to?
Unit
      9 When and if sentences (When I do .../ If I do ...)
Unit
      10 Will be doing and will have done
Unit
      11 Past simple (I did)
Unit
      12 Past continuous (I was doing)
Unit
      13 Present perfect (I have done) (1)
Unit
      14 Present perfect (I have done) (2)
Unit
      15 Present perfect (I have done) (3)
Unit
      16 Present perfect continuous (I have been doing)
Unit
                                                   Dg Up
                    Help F3 Theory F5 Next
                                                                    90:00:44
                           F4 Exercise F5 Previous Po Do
```

### Unit 11 Past simple (I did)

d Study this example:

Tom: Look! It's raining again.

Ann: Oh no, not again. It rained all day yesterday too.

Rained is the past simple tense. We use the past simple to talk about actions or situations in the past.

- I very much enjoyed the party.
- Mr Edwards died ten years ago.
- When I lived in Manchester, I worked in a bank.
- b Very often the past simple ends in -ed:
  - We invited them to our party but they decided not to come.



#### Unit 11

1	In this exercise you have to read a sentence about the present and then write a sentence about the past.  Example: Tom usually gets up at 7.30. Yesterday he got up at 7.30.
	7 Tom usually wakes up early. Yesterday morning 2 Tom usually walks to work. Yesterday 3 Tom is usually late for work. Yesterday 4 Tom usually has a sandwich for lunch. Yesterday
	5 Tom usually goes out in the evening. Yesterday evening
	6 Tom usually sleeps very well. Last night

This time you have to put one of these verbs in each sentence:
hurt teach spend sell throw fall catch buy cost
\*Example: I was hungry, so I bought something to eat in the shop.



#### Unit 11

- In this exercise you have to read a sentence about the present and then write a sentence about the past. Example: Tom usually gets up at 7.30. Yesterday he got up at 7.30. 1 Tom usually wakes up early. Yesterday morning he make up early. 2 Tom usually walks to work. Yesterday he malked to mork. 3 Tom is usually late for work. Yesterday 4 Tom usually has a sandwich for lunch. Yesterday 5 Tom usually goes out in the evening. Yesterday evening 6 Tom usually sleeps very well. Last night
- This time you have to put one of these verbs in each sentence:
  hurt teach spend sell throw fall catch buy cost
  Example: I was hungry, so I tought something to eat in the shop.



#### Unit 11

- In this exercise you have to read a sentence about the present and then write a sentence about the past. Example: Tom usually gets up at 7.30. Yesterday he got up at 7.30. 1 Tom usually wakes up early. Yesterday morning he woke up early. 2 Tom usually walks to work. Yesterday he walked to work. 3 Tom is usually late for work. Yesterday is late 4 Tom usually has a sandwich for lunch. Yesterday 5 Tom usually goes out in the evening. Yesterday evening 6 Tom usually sleeps very well. Last night
- This time you have to put one of these verbs in each sentence:
  hurt teach spend sell throw fall catch buy cost
  <code>Example:</code> I was hungry, so I bought something to eat in the shop.



7 This time you have to put one of these verbs in each sentence: hurt teach spend sell throw fall catch buy cost Example: I was hungry, so I bought something to eat in the shop.						
7 Tom's father him how to drive when he was 17.						
2 Don down the stairs this morning and his leg.						
3 We needed some money so we our car.						
4 Ann a lot of money yesterday. She a dress						
which £50.						
5 Jim the ball to Sue who it.						
In this exercise you have to write questions. A friend has just come back from holiday and you are asking him about it.  Examples: where / go? Whene did you go?  food / good? Woo the head hood.  I how long / stay there?  2 stay in a hotel?						
3 go alone?						
F2 Unit II F3 Theory F5 Next Doug MARK 08:08:25						

# IEXHOJIOI И ПРОЕКТНОГ ОБУЧЕНИЯ

# Четыре основных подхода:

- Креативный процесс
- Креативный продукт
- Креативная личность
- Креативная среда

### «Проект - это пять «П»

- проблема
- проектирование
- поиск информации
- продукт
- Презентация проектного продукта
- Можно выделить и шестое «П» проекта его портфолио



	уктов проектной ельности.
Выставка	Видеоклип, видеофильм
Газета	WEB - сайт
Журнал	Публикация
Карта	Буклет
Сказка	Серия иллюстраций
Сценарий	Пакет рекомендаций
Экскурсия	Учебное пособие
Игра	Путеводитель
Праздник	Атлас, справочник
Анализ социологического опроса	Письмо в













# ТЕХНОЛОГИЯ РАЗВИВАЮЩЕ ОБУЧЕНИЯ



- Обведите букву b, подчеркните букву d. Посчитайте количество букв.
- bbdbbdddbdbddbdbbdbdb

Количество: b-> \_\_\_, d-> \_\_\_.

- 2. Обведите букву р, подчеркните букву q. Посчитайте колича 🔪 qppqqpqqpqqpqqpqqpqq Количество: p-> \_\_\_, q-> \_\_\_.
  - 3. Обведите букву m, подчеркните букву n. Посчитайте коли mnmnnmnmmmnmnmnmnm

Количество: m-> \_\_\_\_, n-> \_\_\_\_

4. Соедините линией строчные и прописные буквы.

4. Соеди	ните линиен от	Y
A	k	T
K	1	U
L	a	H
В	q	G
N	p	D
P	b	V
0	n	

 5. Допишите недостающие буквы английского алфавита: A\_\_DEF\_H\_JK\_\_NOP\_R\_TUV\_XY\_

Маленькие буквы алфавита.

ите все гласные буквы в первой таблице и все с

<ol><li>Обведите все гласные буквы</li></ol>	
Обведите гласные	Ko G y s T w
AjYHoQweU	

7. Допишите буквы английского алфавита, которые

7. Допишите буквы англинского	Идут после сле
Идут перед следующими буквами	Α
C	Н
G	N
M	Т
P	W
W Y	X
1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 1 1 1 1 1	4 4 4

1	о. допишите,	какие буквы	Harm as a	A B B	1 11	00	1 8 8	1 8 8 8
	. Допишите, _ С, Н	V	ндут до и	после указ	анной (	<b>БУКВЫ</b> 2	НГПийско	AAAA
M	,,	_, _ v _,	_ T _, _	_B_,	Y		THE STITLE RU	и о алфавита.

е, какой буквы не хватает в каждом ряду.

енькие) буквы от а до h. льшие буквы от Р до U.

ти слова в алфавитном порядке.

9,19 1,18,20,25,15,13

все известные тебе гласные английского алфавита.

се известные тебе согласные английского алфавита.

ленькие буквы в обратной последовательности от k до e. вышие буквы в обратной последовательности от Z до U.

brella, , ice-cream, xylophone, box, puppy, apple, seven, duck, vase, , chair, teddy-bear, egg, monkey, family, house, wolf, jam, yellow, kite,

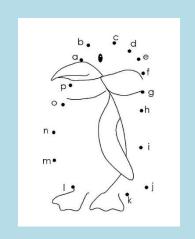
on the contraction of the contra

ова по буквам алфавита и составь предложение.

ледующие задания на повторение английского алфавита. Напиши все 🔪

*	1 вар	иант							
1) Соедини заглавные и соответс	TBVIOIII	ие им	1 стг	очнь	ле бу	квы:			
A Q H L F N W	T	I	D	В	G	R	J	Y	M
1 faihwn	q	b	r	t	m	y	g	j	d
<ul><li>2) Вставь пропущенные буквы:</li></ul>								25	9
A, b, C c, D, E e,		, G.	٠,	Н	., I i,	, J	.,	k,	l,
M, n, Oo, P, Q,	r, S	s, T	,	Uu	, V.	, \	N	, X	х,
v y,									
3) Запиши данные буквы в алфа			ядко	<b>:</b>					
K, A, C, B, G, T, L, O, R, S, N	, Z, P,	E.							
4) Напиши данные слова заглаві	ными б	уквам	ИИ.						
Например: lamp – LAMP									
1) ant									
2) bed		5) qu							
3) horse		6) ne	st						
5) Напиши данные слова строчн	ыми бу	квам	И.						
Например: LAMP – lamp									
1) MOUSE		) GLA							
2) ORANGE		) FLA							
3) PIN	(	5) NE	ST -						
4									
🔪 6)Выбири правильный ответ									
1Сколько букв в английском алфан	вите:								
1) 33 2) 25 3) 23 4) 26									
2.Какой звук передает этот транскр	оипцион	ный	знак	[e]	:				
1) э 2) и 3) я 4) о									
3. Какая буква стоит после R:									
1) T 2) U3) VV 4) S									
1									
7)Перставь буквы так, чтобы по	пучили	сь сл	ова.	Запи	ши и	IX.			
a) c, t, a,	120								
h) o g f r									

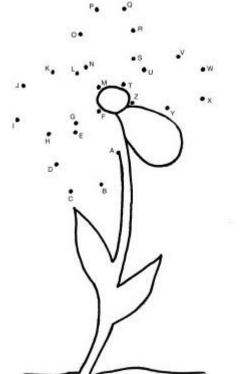


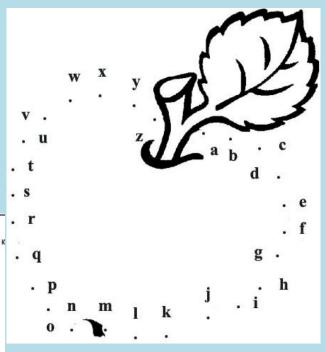


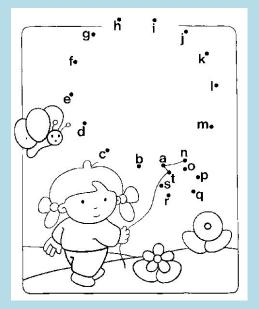
#### Задание

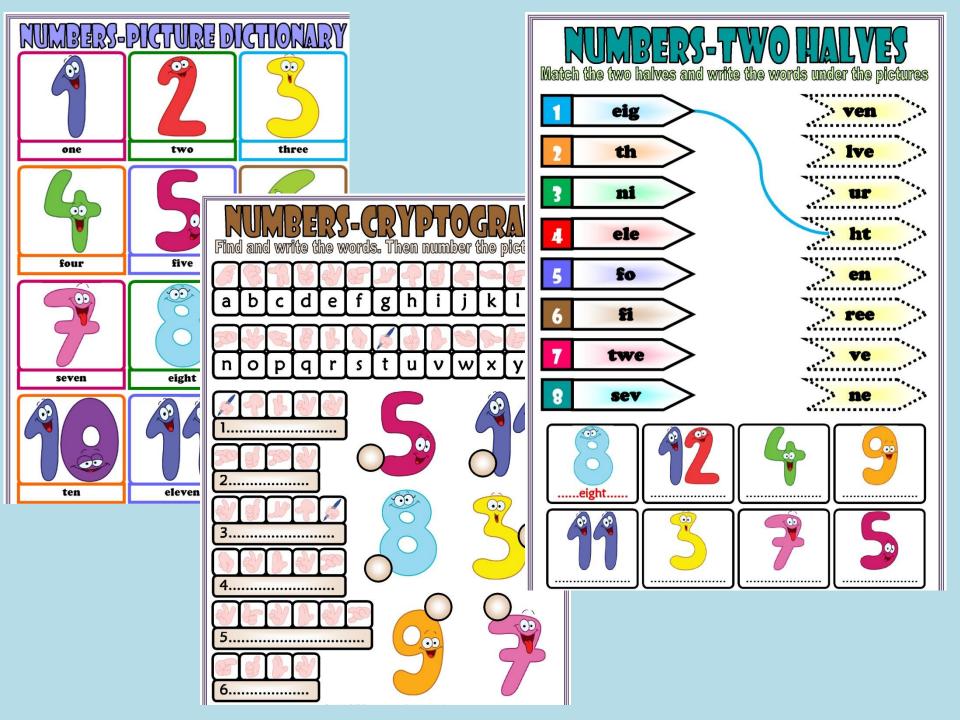
јините точки в алфавитном порядке. Раскрасьте получившуюся к



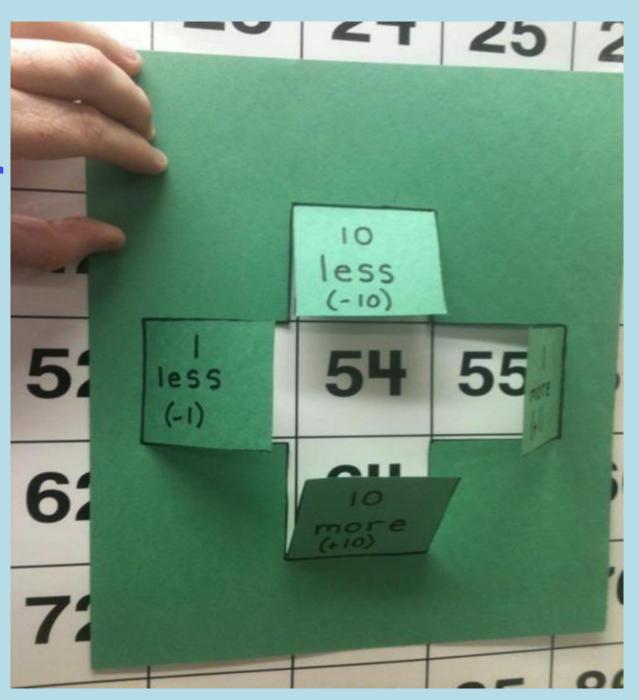


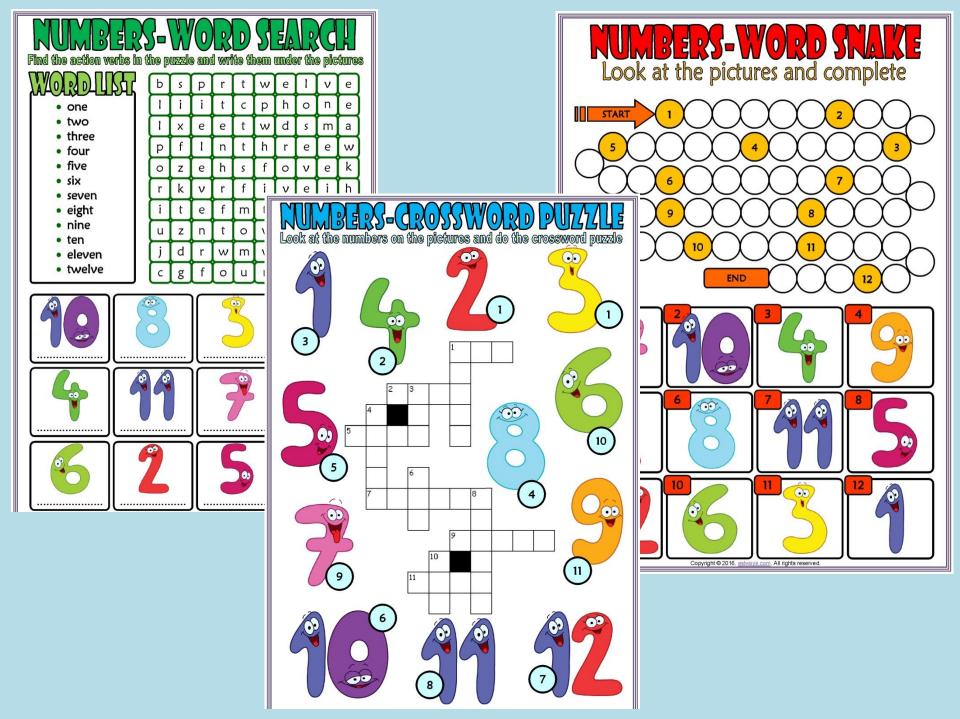




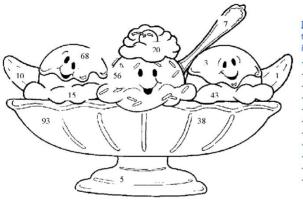


# • Name the number





Name..... ENGLISH TEST Class.....



Look the picture, find the numbers and write them in word



- · 1-Violet
- 2-light blue
- 3-red
- 4-green
- 5-orange
- 6-purple
- 7-yellow
- · 8-pink
- 9-blue
- · 10-purple



#### Numbers

Read the sentences and put the numbers accordingly:

0 / 1 /2 / 3 /4 / 5 / 6 / 7 / 8 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 14 / 15 / 24 / 26 / 28 / 29 / 30 / 31 / 32 / 40 / 50 / 60 / 90 / 100 / 1000

- the number of Dwarves Snow White lived with
- the Celsius freezing point
- days in April
- days in a quarantine
- the number of letters in the alphabet
- an unlucky number
- days in February, non-leap year
  - number of toes in a human foot
- teeth in the normal human mouth
- the number of years in a millennium
- in Italian is dieci
- in Spanish is catorce
- the number of months in a year
- the number of performers in a duet
- days in December
- in French is un
- degrees in a right angle
- the number of sides in a hexagon
- books in a trilogy
- minutes in an hour
- legs on an octopus
- the number of cents in a half-dollar
- children in a set of quadruplets
- days in February, leap year
- players on a soccer team
- in Latin is quindecim
- number of hours in a day
- the Celsius boiling point











#### Past Simple Tense



- 1. Write positive sentences:
- 1. My sister/finish/her studies/two years ago.
- 2. My neighbours/buy/a new car/last week.
- 3. We/spend/the whole afternoon/in the park.
- 4. Dan/write/an interesting report/yesterday.
- 5. My father/bring/a nice cat/last month.
- 6. I/forget/to call my friend/yesterday.
- 7. Bill/fight/with Sam/after the lessons.
- 8. They/visit/Paris/three years ago.

- 2. Write negative sentences:
- 1. She had a nice dress on yesterday.
- 2. I came to school very late.
- 3. Jane went to London last week.
- 4. Our class won in football competition.
- 5. He saw Kate on TV last night.
- 6. We wrote invitations to our quests.
- 7. Bob looked very happy yesterday.
- 8. Mike showed us a nice collection of coins.

- 3. Write general questions:
- 1. You/do homework/yesterday?



- 2. She/see/an interesting film/on Sunday?
- 3. Jim/go/to the sports club/last week?
- 4. Lucy/send/ a message/to her friend?
- 5. Tom/get/ a new task/ yesterday?
- 6. They/meet/their quests/at the bus station?
- 7. Nick/ride/his bike/yesterday?
- 8. You/go/to the hospital/last week?

- 4. Write questions to the underlined words:
- 1. I ate a tasty cake yesterday.
- 2. She bought two books in the bookshop.
- 3. Tim entered the room through the window.
- 4. They spent three hours in the museum.
- 5. Liz went to New York on her holidays.
- 6. Chris passed his exam yesterday.
- 7. Nora wrote a nice poem last week.
- 8. Mary got the first prize two years ago.

#### 5. Fill in the verbs in the correct form:

Shopping

Yesterday I ... (decide) to go to the department store. I ... (want) to buy a new sweater. I also ... (invite) Liz, my friend with me. When we ... (arrive) there, we ... (see) a lot of people. We ... (find) the counter with sweaters and ... (begin) to choose them. They ... (be) of different colours and sizes. I ... (ask) to show me a blue sweater which ... (be) my size. I ... (decide) to try it on and ... (go) to the fitting - room. It ... (be) wonderful! It ... (fit) me perfectly! Liz ... (advise) me to buy it, because it ... (be) nice and not very expensive. I ... (ask) where the cash desk ... (be). I ... (pay) money, ... (take) my sweater and we ... (go) home. The day ... (be) lucky!









ì	A) Complete the sentences using the verbs in brackets:	n m	M
i			11
	1 Julio (arrive) home very early yesterday. He (be) hap	1	
	2They (want) to celebrate a party but it (be) too late.	/ 00 1/	
ı	3George and Tom (write) some postcards from London.	1 10	
ì	4William and his sister (watch) a good French film on TV.		V
	5Hannah (close) the window because she (feel) a bit cold	X	
	6Thomas' mom (buy) some chocolate for her sons.		
ı	7- The footballer (kick) the ball and the trainer (applaud)		
i	8The man (stop) his car because the traffic light (be) red.		
	9 Two policemen (search) the house in the neighbourhood.		1
ı	10 My hairdresser (close) the shop and (drive)home.	1 -	
ì	17 We (enjoy) a lot at the rock concert.		
i	11 Nora (sing) two beautiful songs at the school.		)
	12 My music teacher (play) the violin and the guitar.	THE	,
ı	13 Freddy (become) a famous writer three years ago.		
ì	14The actor (receive) two Oscars in 2010.		
i	15 Kate and Anne (get) married at the Cathedral yesterday.		
	16 Mr Carter (smoke) a cigar after lunch.		-
ı	17 Emily (wash) the blouse and then she (iron) it.		( )
ì	18 Jennifer (make) an appointment at the dentist		

#### B) Choose the correct option:

1	Sonia	me when	I was in trouble.	a)support
2	Hector	to some	opera last Saturday	a)listen
3	My brother	n_in_low	his con	alcall

4.- The pupils ...... the exercises from the board. a)copy

5. - We ...... understand their message. a)couldn't

6.-Edgar ....... all the presents. a)opened
7.-Some dogs ...... at night. a)barked
8.-Sheila ...... the police station. a)called
9.-Thomas ..... some money in a drawer. a)find
10.-Where did he ..... her? a)meets

11.-Mark ...... to come back soon. a)promise
12.-Miriam ..... her watch. a)lose

12.-Miriam ..... her watch. 13.-The moon ..... very bright.

14.-He ..... his money at the bank. a)changed 15.-My dad ..... hunting. a)goes

16. - Rebecca ..... up some apples.

c)supports c)listens

b) sold c)selling b) copied c)copying

b)supportea

b)listened

b) don't

a)was

a)picked

c) did b)opens b)barks b)calls b)found

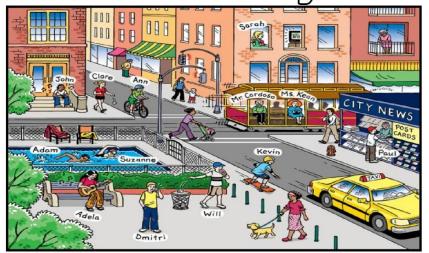
b)found b)meet b)promised b)lost

b)were b)change

b) wentb)picking



## What did they do?



Put the verbs in the past simple tense because this is what they did yesterday.					
It (is) a nice day in town yesterday. Adela (sit) on a bench and					
(play) her guitar. Adam and Suzanne $\_\_\_\_$ (swim) twenty lengths in the outdoor pool. Paul					
(buy) a postcard to send to his friend in England. John (listen) to music.					
Kevin (go) skateboarding. Mr Cardoso and Ms Kean (take) the tram. Ann _					
(ride) her bike. A lady dressed in pink (walk) her dog. Sarah					
(watch) TV. Will (eat) a cake and (put) the wrapper in the bin. Dmitri					
(phone) his friend and he (ask) him to come and pick him up. The old lady					
(stand) on her balcony and she (watch) everyone.					

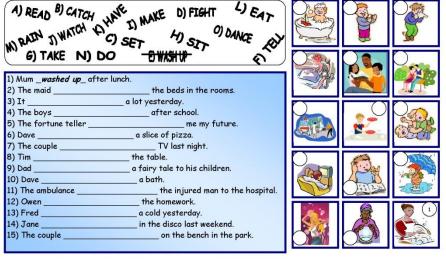
#### Answer in FULL SENTENCES. Don't repeat the names: use he/she/they.

- 1) What did Will do?
- 2) What did Adela do?
- 3) What did Anne do?
- 4) What did Adam and Suzanne do?
- 5) What did Paul do?
- 6) What did Dmitri do and why?
- 7) What did John do?
- 8) What did Mr Cardoso and Ms Kean do?

- 9) What did Sarah do?
- 10) What did the lady in pink do?
- 11) Look at the old lady. She is
- also wearing pink. What did she
- do? How do you think she felt?

### Past Simple Tense

I - Fill in the sentences with the <u>correct form (past simple)</u> of the appropriate verb, and then match the sentences to the pictures.

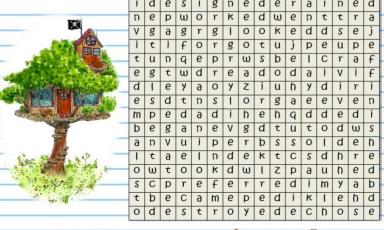


 ${f II}$  - Fill in the sentences with the <u>correct form (past simple)</u> of the appropriate verb, and then match the sentences to the pictures.



# Irregular and Regular Verbs

Find the Past Simple forms of the verbs in the boxes below. Then write their past forms in the boxes next to them.



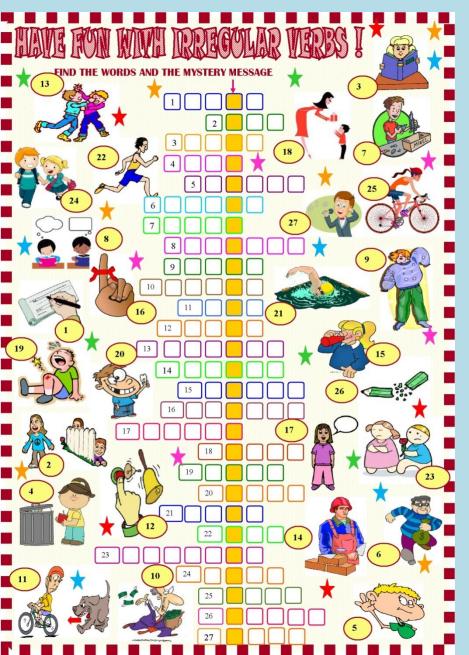
- regular	, ,	irregular-,
decide		be
design		become
destroy		begin
finish		buy
invite		choose
live		come
look		forget
paint		go
play		grow
prefer		have
rain		lose
repair		read
survive		sell
work		spend
		take

### PAST SIMPLE /IRREGULAR VERBS

I. PUT THE VERBS IN THE PAST SIMPLE		II.IN THE LIST OF IRREGULAR VERSB "BE" IS A
1. Be	200	LITTLE SPECIAL BECAUSE IT DOESN'T NEED "DID"
2. Buy	7	TO MAKE QUESTIONS OR NEGATIVE SENTENCES.
3. Catch		Put "Be" in the correct form of the
4. Choose		past in the following sentences.
5. Do		<ol> <li>Ivery tired yesterday night.</li> </ol>
6. Drink		2. Theyat the cinema.
7. Drive		3. Sheangry with her pupils.
8. Eat		4. My mumat hospital last week;
9. Find		5. The shopsopen last Sunday.
10. Forget		6. Youat home yesterday, where
11. Get		you?
12. Give		
13. 60		7 all your friends at your birthday
14. Hear		party?
15. Know		8. My sisterwell last Saturday , so
		she stayed at home and didn't come with us.
16. Make		9. The girlsat the mall to do
17. Meet		some shopping.
18. Put		10. Heafraid to miss his bus , so he
19. Read		in a hurry yesterday after school.
20.Ride		11. Whyyou in the Head's office
21. Run		this morning?
22.Say		
23.See		
23.3ee	1_	
24. Sleep	!	V. COMPLETE THE SENTENCES WITH THE VERBS IN
24.Sleep	B 50000	V. COMPLETE THE SENTENCES WITH THE VERBS IN RACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;
24.Sleep 25. Speak	B 50000	RACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;
24.Sleep 25. Speak 26. Take	B 50000	RACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.
24. Sleep 25. Speak 26. Take 27. Think	B 50000	RACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.  2. She(ride) her bike under the rain.
24.Sleep 25. Speak 26. Take	B 50000	PACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.  2. She(ride) her bike under the rain.  3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove
24. Sleep 25. Speak 26. Take 27. Think	B 50050	1. They(ride) the train to go to London. 2. She(ride) her bike under the rain. 3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove Tuesday.
24. Sleep	B 50050	1. They(take) the train to go to London. 2. She(ride) her bike under the rain. 3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove Tuesday. 4. She(come) alone at the party.
24. Sleep 25. Speak 26. Take 27. Think 28. Write	B 50050	PACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.  2. She(ride) her bike under the rain.  3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove Tuesday.  4. She(come) alone at the party.  5. I(buy) a new laptop last week.
24. Sleep 25. Speak 26. Take 27. Think 28. Write	B 50050	PACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.  2. She(ride) her bike under the rain.  3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove Tuesday.  4. She(come) alone at the party.  5. I(buy) a new laptop last week.  6. We(forget) the meeting last
24. Sleep	B 50050	PACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.  2. She(ride) her bike under the rain.  3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove Tuesday.  4. She(come) alone at the party.  5. I(buy) a new laptop last week.  6. We(forget) the meeting last Monday.
24. Sleep	B 50050	PACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.  2. She(ride) her bike under the rain.  3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove Tuesday.  4. She(come) alone at the party.  5. I(buy) a new laptop last week.  6. We(forget) the meeting last Monday.  7. They(go) to Madrid last year.
24. Sleep	B 50050	PACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.  2. She(ride) her bike under the rain.  3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove Tuesday.  4. She(come) alone at the party.  5. I(buy) a new laptop last week.  6. We(forget) the meeting last Monday.  7. They(go) to Madrid last year.  8. We(drive) all the way to Paris.
24. Sleep	B 50050	PACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.  2. She(ride) her bike under the rain.  3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove Tuesday.  4. She(come) alone at the party.  5. I(buy) a new laptop last week.  6. We(forget) the meeting last Monday.  7. They(go) to Madrid last year.  8. We(drive) all the way to Paris.  9. My sister(cut) herself doing DIY jobs.
24. Sleep	B 50050	PACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.  2. She(ride) her bike under the rain.  3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove Tuesday.  4. She(come) alone at the party.  5. I(buy) a new laptop last week.  6. We(forget) the meeting last Monday.  7. They(go) to Madrid last year.  8. We(drive) all the way to Paris.  9. My sister(cut) herself doing DIY jobs.  10. They(sleep) well all night.
24. Sleep	B 50050	PACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.  2. She(ride) her bike under the rain.  3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove Tuesday.  4. She(come) alone at the party.  5. I(buy) a new laptop last week.  6. We(forget) the meeting last Monday.  7. They(go) to Madrid last year.  8. We(drive) all the way to Paris.  9. My sister(cut) herself doing DIY jobs.  10. They(sleep) well all night.  11. My brother(get) a salary rise.
24. Sleep	B 50050	PACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.  2. She(ride) her bike under the rain.  3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove Tuesday.  4. She(come) alone at the party.  5. I(buy) a new laptop last week.  6. We(forget) the meeting last Monday.  7. They(go) to Madrid last year.  8. We(drive) all the way to Paris.  9. My sister(cut) herself doing DIY jobs.  10. They(sleep) well all night.  11. My brother(get) a salary rise.  12. The baby(fall) from her pram.
24. Sleep	B 50050	PACKETS IN THE PAST SIMPLE;  1. They(take) the train to go to London.  2. She(ride) her bike under the rain.  3. They(make) pancakes for Shrove Tuesday.  4. She(come) alone at the party.  5. I(buy) a new laptop last week.  6. We(forget) the meeting last Monday.  7. They(go) to Madrid last year.  8. We(drive) all the way to Paris.  9. My sister(cut) herself doing DIY jobs.  10. They(sleep) well all night.  11. My brother(get) a salary rise.

15. We-----(understand) the problems.
16. He -----(lose) all his money .

What can you deduce from this?





#### PRACTICE EXERCISE FOR THE PAST SIMPLE TENSE

1) Yesterday, Ishopping and Ia lovely gift for my
Mum because it was her birthday.
2) My teacher me that my test results were excellent.
3) For breakfast, I a piece of toast and I a cup of tea.
4) Last week, a supply teacher the class. She us a
lesson about photosynthesis.
5) Last Monday my friend and I To the park to play. My friend
the ball to me and Iit.
6) In Art class, I like to use fine pencils. In last week's lesson, I
a great picture and my teacher me a grade A.
7) My friend her watch and had to use her phone to tell the
time. Luckily, someoneit and now she has got it back.
8) When I was a bit short of money, I to the jewellery shop and
I my gold ring. The jeweller me £25 for it.
9) I to the cinema yesterday and I a great film.
10) The policeman arrested the criminal because he my friend's
car.
11) I the teacher tell me to be quiet, but I on talking!
Then, she me a detention!
12) We my friend out to dinner for his birthday and we
'Happy Birthday' to him.
13) Yesterday, Ia birthday party. My friends me
some lovely presents and later, we to a disco.
14) In music class we guitar and some Beatles songs.
15) My dadme into town in his car and Imy friends.
We a pizza and a film.
16) Ia book and Iit to a publisher's but they
didn't publish it.
17) Last year, we to Greece for our holidays, but the journey
was stressful. This year, we are taking the train!
18) The tragedy of the Titanic makes me very sad. Many people
drowned, but most of them to death because of the icy
temperature of the Atlantic Ocean.
19) I my bag and my books out, then I them
on my desk, Up my pen and to write.
20) This morning, I up really early and I a cake
because it was my husband's birthday. We a lovely party.
21) The nurse the patient's hand and 'There, there,
you will be all right.
22) The teacher Jack if he was tired and he that
he was. Shehim to go to bed earlier!
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Go --- went Tell --- told Sing --- sang Eat -- ate Buy --- bought Throw - threw steal --- stole Take --- took Find --- found hear --- heard Keep --- kept Catch --- caught Draw - drew Give --- gave Begin --- began Lose -- lost Drink --- drank Sell --- sold Get --- got Write -- wrote Ask --- asked See --- saw Open --- opened Play --- played Drive --- drove Have --- had Bake --- baked Freeze --- froze Fly --- flew Sent --- sent Put --- put Reply --- replied Pat -- patted Say --- said Simple Past

Present

Future

#### Practise your irregular verbs

Practice pack 01

#### Exercise 01

Complete the sentences with the necessary forms of the irregular verbs given in brackets:

- 1. Have you all the money your father you yesterday? (spend, give)
- 2. Who the coffee on a new tablecloth last weekend? (spill, buy)
- 3. Why didn't you when they the results of the exam? (come, tell)
- 4. Ben everyone's attention when he the race. (draw, win)

#### Exercise 02

Input 3rd forms of these irregular verbs:

- 1. Drive -
- 2. Eat -
- 3. Fly-
- 4. Throw-
- 5. Bring -
- 6. Cut -
- 7. Cost -
- 8. Wear-
- 9. Forbid -
- 7. Wrote, swem, sang, known

Exercise 03

Exclude the odd irregular from

2. Froze, bear, send, forget

4. Worn, shot, caught, chose

5. Keep, forgive, feel, feed

1. Cut, put, eat, cost

3. Hurt, sit, hear, hold

every group:

8. Speak, say, tell, drive

6. Beat, got, spoke, hit

#### Exercise 04

Find and correct mistakes in irregular verbs:

- 1. Mary spilt till the very evening because she been very tired.
- 2. Have you ever sended a postcard to your friend from abroad?
- 3. Sam often were not careful when he driven to work alone.
- 4. Nick loset his baggage when he fly to Greece last summer.
- 5. My uncle never shut at animals, only at small beer cans.
- 6. The bee sting me when I was trying to got on the tree.
- 7. He has payed much for this gadget as it come on market an hour ago.
- 8. Bill finded out that his best friend have a birthday last week.
- 9. I have ate all the ice-cream my brother buyed for the party.
- 10. I can't forseen all the problems if you don't gave me enough time.
- 11. He torn my favorite book when I hurted his feelings that day.
- 12. Never told me lie, do you heard me?

#### Exercise 05

Add one letter to have it right:

- 1. How much did it cot?
- 2. Who tol you the news?
- 3. The land was frozn.
- 4. Swep the floor, please.
- 5. I mad this toy myself.

#### Exercise 06

Unscramble the irregular verb:

- 1. I've just ktucs in the lift.
- 2. He didn't theac any fish.
- 3. The wind wleb it away.
- 4. She sohok the bottle twice.

#### Exercise 07

Solve the riddle to guess the irregular verb:

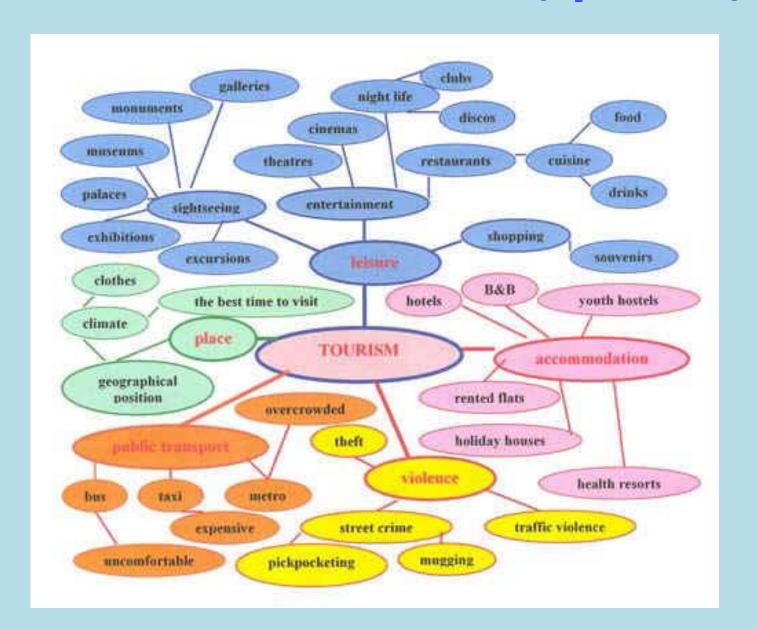
#### Exercise 08

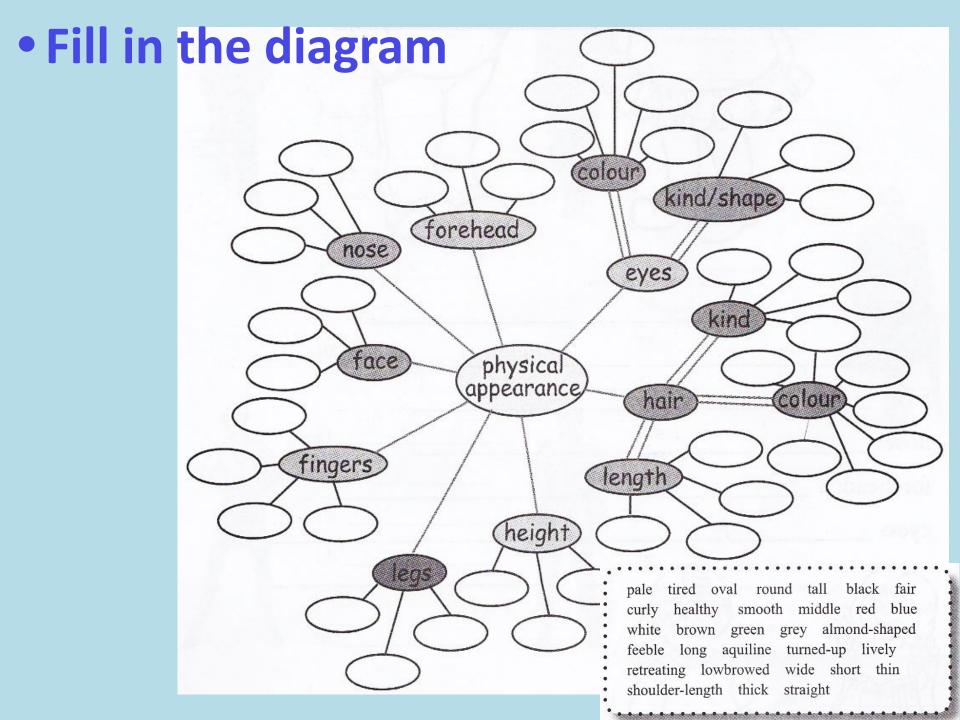
Underline the best option for the sentences:

- 1. Peter has got / shooken / saw the parcel from Portugal.
- 2. Did Kate sing / drew / meet for her friends from France?
- 3. The tree break / bent / shok under the mass of snow.
- 4. The babysitter stolen / laid / paid the table for the dinner.

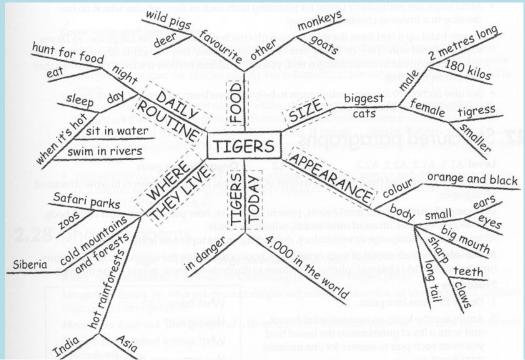
# Я РАЗВИТИЯ ТВОРЧЕСКО

# Метод Cluster-Method (гроздь)





 Let's write a description of tigers. What kinds of things do we want to include? Use the diagram.



#### **EXAMPLE:**

Tigers are the biggest cats in the world. A male tiger is two metres long and weighs 180 kilos. The female tiger is a tigress. It is smaller than the male.

Tigers are orange and black. They have got small ears and small eyes. They have got a big mouth and sharp, pointed teeth. They have got sharp claws and a long tail.

Tigers live in India and Asia in hot rainforests. They also live in Siberia in cold mountains and forests with snow. There are also tigers in zoos and safari parks.

Tigers sleep in the day. When it's hot, they sit in water or swim in rivers. At night they hunt for food. The tiger's favourite food is wild pig and deer. They also eat monkeys and goats.

Tigers are animals in danger. There are only 4,000 tigers in the world today.

# • Метод Синквейна



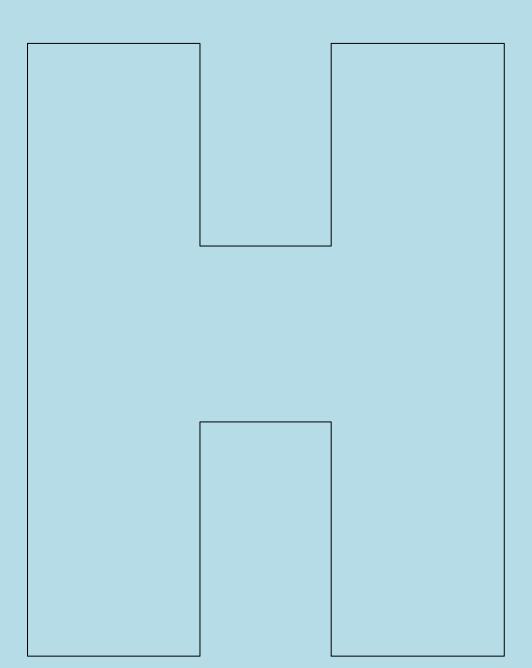
· Earth	· Earthquake
· Beautiful, blue	· Violent, destructive
· Live, produce, pollute	Damage, destroy, break
· Can be kind, can hurt	· may be awful
· Planet	· Disaster

Метод эмпатии (вживания)

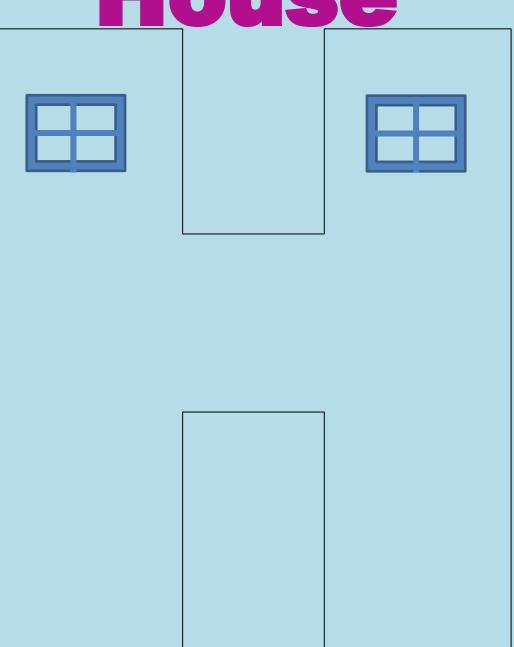
**Teacher:** Imagine yourself that you are 'Tornado". How can you describe yourself, what are your feelings? Name your adjectives, verbs, your favourite season, places you occur, your weather.



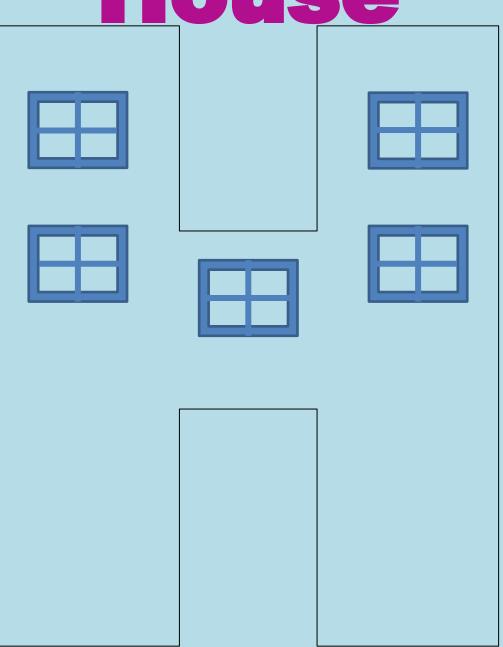
**Student:** — I am Tornado. I am the most terrible of all storms. I am dangerous, violent, strong, cruel, noisy and destructive. I destroy houses, carry away cars and telephone boxes. I occur in the springs, throughout the world, but mostly in the United States, especially in the central states. I occur in the afternoon or in the early evening in a hot day. Large clouds appear in the sky. They become darker and darker. The sounds of thunder, bright flashes of lighting! I form a funnel and begin to twist. My funnel touches the ground, it picks up everything it can.



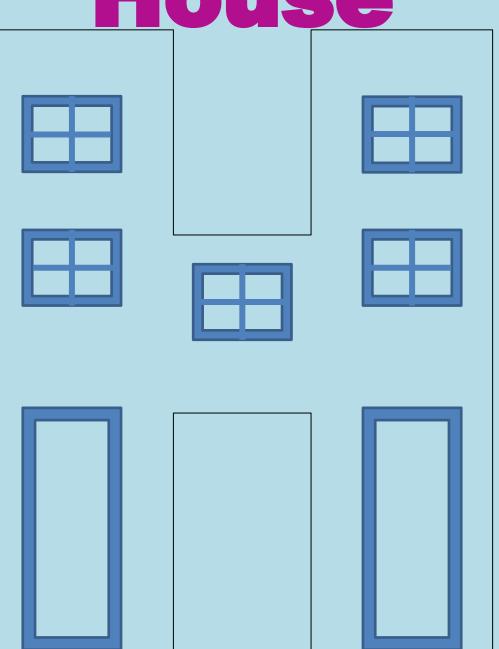


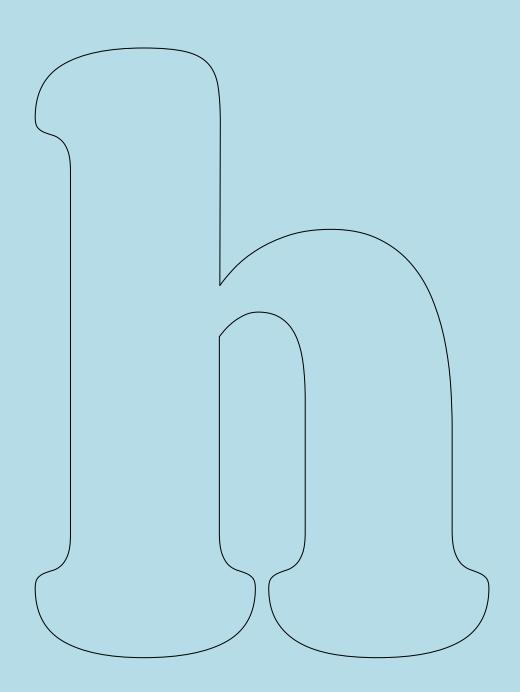


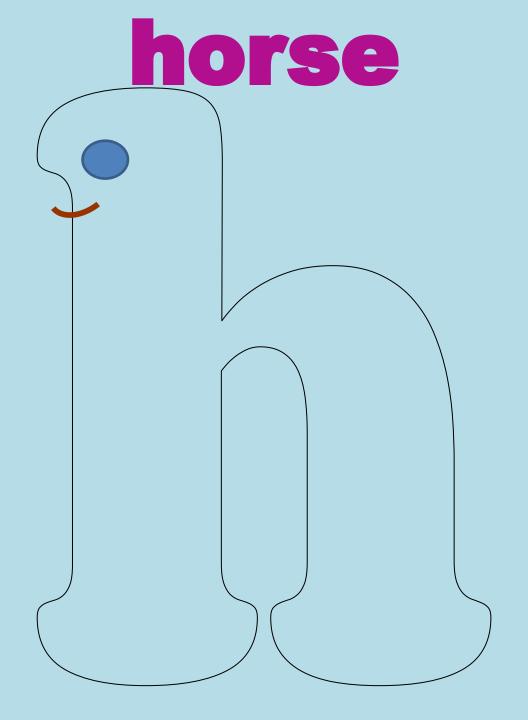


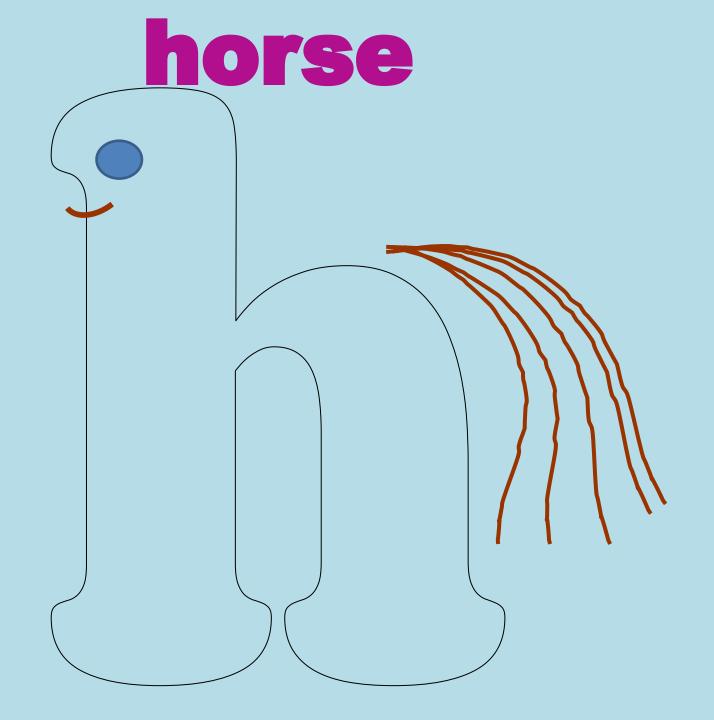


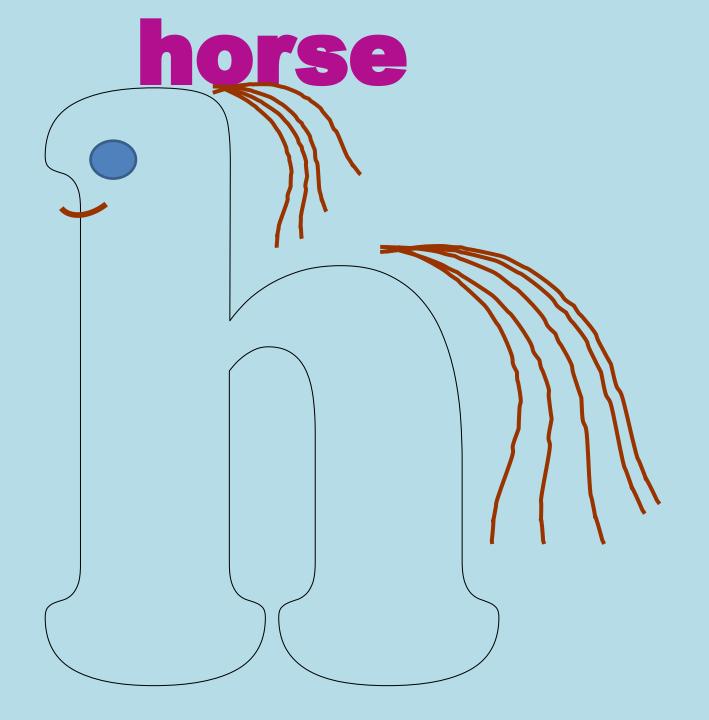












# House

# horse

