NEW ZEALAND

Overview

- Capital Wellington
- Largest city Auckland
- Language English, Maori,
- Government Parliamentary Constitutional Monarchy
- Monarch Elizabeth II
- Governor General Sir Jerry Mateparae
- Prime Minister John Key

HISTORY

- 10th Century A.D. 1st people to discover New Zealand were from Eastern Polynesia.
- Canoe Voyages brought people from Hawaiki to NZ and they became the Maori tribes.

CONT....

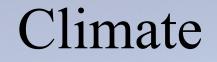
• February 6, 1840 the Treaty of Waitangi was signed by over 500 Maori chiefs.

•Became a British colony

•Agreed that Queen of England would have sovereignty over their land because they had no national government or form of laws

Contd.,

- Ethnic Groups European (70%) Maori (15%) Asian (9.2%) Pacific People (6.9%)
- Area $270,550 \text{ km}^2$
- Population -3.9 million people
- Game Rugby
- Dependent on natural resources- soil, water, and plants.
- Agricultural, pastoral farming, renewable forestry and tourism.



Winter (1`-16`)

Autumn (6`-20`) Summer (10'-24`

Spring

(6`-19`)

National Flag

- The flag was introduced in 1869 and officially adopted in 1902.
- Union Jack reflects the country's colonial heritage, while the emblem of the constellation of the Southern Cross (the four stars) reflects its geographic location.



National Emblem

• The kiwi bird is New Zealand's national emblem. Kiwis are very unusual birds – they have bad eyesight and wings. They can sleep for 20 hours a day.



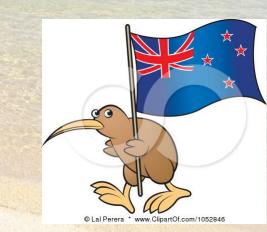
- There are two islands in New Zealand:
- North Island (115000 km2)
- South Island (151000 km2)

NORTH ISLAND



New Zealand North Island **Cape Reinga Bay of Islands** Kaitala Paihia Whangarei Dargavil Hauraki Gulf Warkworth Franklin -Orewa Manukau -Coromandel Whitianga North Shore Auckland Tauranga Rodney Hamilton It Maunganui Waitomo Whakatane Rotorua Gisborne Taupo **New Plymouth** National Napler Wangagui Park Hastings Palmerston North Levin Martinborough Wellington **Cook Strait**

Te Ika-a- Māu



Hidden Valley (Orakei Korako)

• The silica terraces were formed 131 AD by a massive earthquake



Auckland Sky Tower

- It is an Observation and Telecommunication Tower
- The tallest tower (freestanding structure) in the Southern Hemisphere





Parliament









• The official head of state is Queen Elizabeth II

- The Government is based on Westminster system
- The Head of the government is Prime Minister
- Queen plays only a formal role in the executive



SOUTH ISLAND



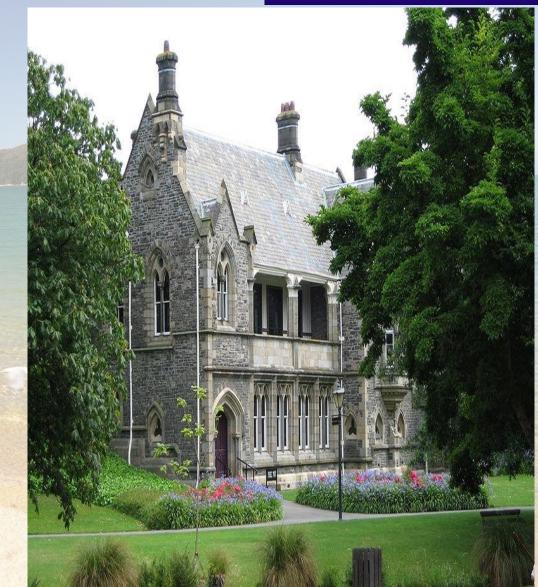


Benmore Dam is the largest of eight dams within the Waitaki power scheme and was commissioned in 1965

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The Canterbury Provincial Council Building.







National Park







