



# CRIMINAL LAW |

# TAKING OTHER PEOPLE'S STUFF

**Theft** – the illegal act of taking something (tangible & intangible objects, IP rights) **secretly** that belongs to someone else and keeping it

**Larceny** – a crime involving the unlawful taking or theft of the personal property of another person or business (only tangible objects)

**Robbery** - the crime of taking or attempting to take anything of value by force, threat of force, or by putting the victim in fear

**Burglary**, also **breaking and entering** or **housebreaking** – illegally entering a building or other areas to steal something

**Shoplifting** - the theft of goods from an open retail establishment

**Pickpocketing** – stealing from someone's pockets

# PHYSICAL VIOLENCE

**Assault** - the act of inflicting unwanted physical contact upon a person or a threat or attempt to commit such an action

**Battery** - the act of inflicting physical harm

**Homicide** – murder or killing of a person (may be intentional or may result from accidental, reckless, or negligent acts even if there is no intent to cause harm)

**Murder** – intentional killing

# ACCUSING A PERSON



Decision – judge

Verdict – jury



# GRAMMAR: PAST TIME

# PAST SIMPLE AND PAST CONTINUOUS

## Past simple

- ❖ Finished events, single completed actions in the past which have a definite time
- ❖ Past habits and routine
- ❖ Permanent situations
- ❖ General facts about the past
- ❖ main events in a narrative

## Past continuous

- ❖ Actions happening at a particular moment in the past
- ❖ Actions in progress over a period of time
- ❖ 2 simultaneous actions in progress
- ❖ Annoying past habits (always)
- ❖ Temporary situations in the past
- ❖ Background information in a story

# PAST PERFECT SIMPLE AND PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS

## Past perfect simple

- ❖ Situations longer in the past before other situations in the past
- ❖ Completed actions before a moment in the past
- ❖ Completed actions where the important thing is the result at the moment in the past

## Past perfect continuous

- ❖ Actions continuing up to a certain moment in the past

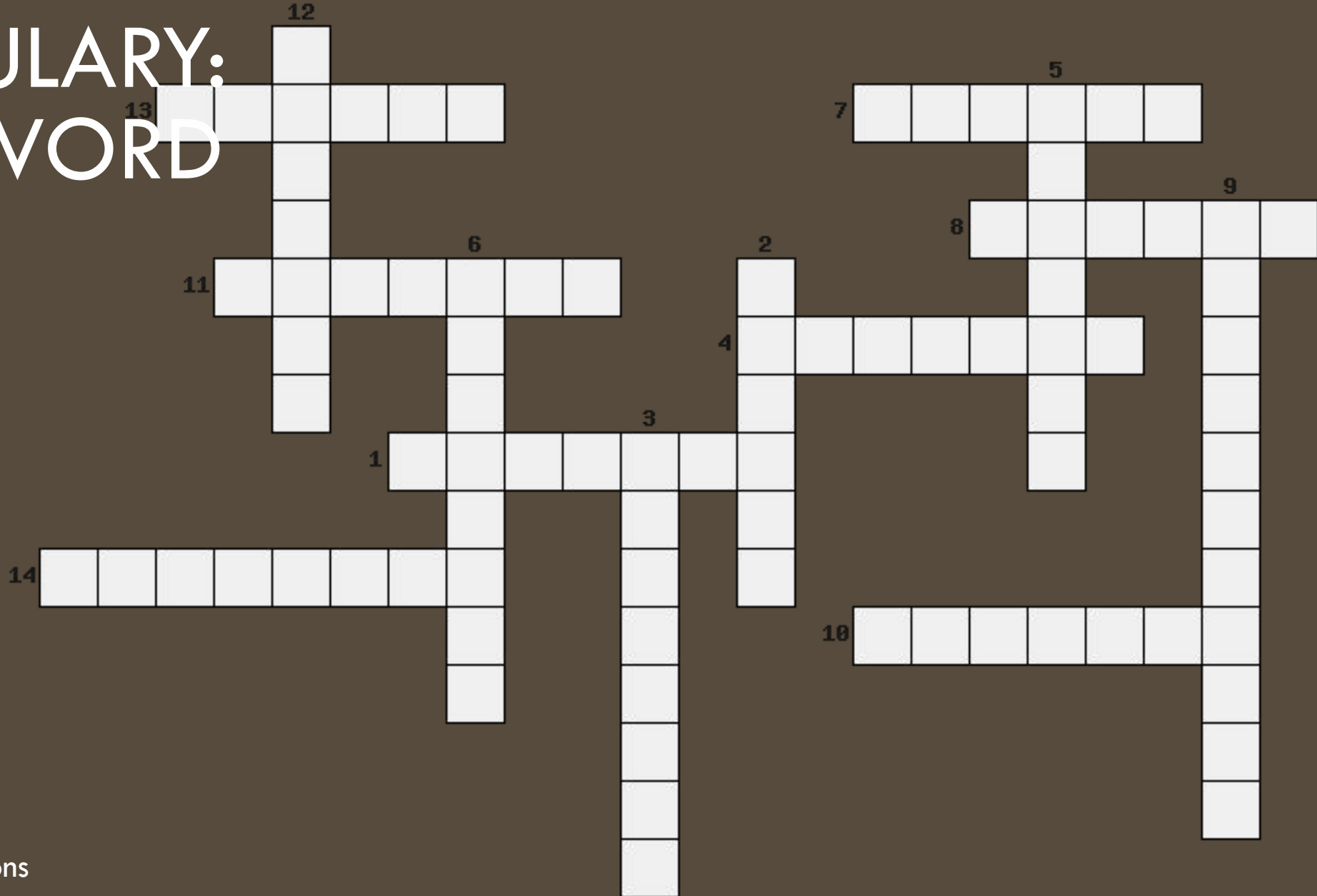
Both common after verbs such as:  
realize, remember, know, understand, etc.



HOMework



# VOCABULARY: CROSSWORD



See the next slide for definitions

## Across

- 1 - the crime of taking or attempting to take anything of value by force, threat of force, or by putting the victim in fear
- 4 – a person in court who is on trial (also defendant)
- 7 – The jury found her not ... of all charges
- 8 – put someone in handcuffs and take them to the police station, for example
- 10 – the act of inflicting unwanted physical contact upon a person or a threat or attempt to commit such an action
- 11 – the decision of a jury
- 13 – If the police feel sure a person is guilty, they... that person with the crime
- 14 – the decision of a jury

## Down

- 2 – a solicitor and a barrister are specific types of a general term ...
- 3 – It might not be absolute proof of someone's guilt, but it is used to show that someone could be guilty
- 5 – a crime of an unlawful taking another person's tangible objects
- 6 – not guilty
- 9 – stealing from a retail establishment
- 12 – the act of intentionally beating up a person

# COMPLETE THE SENTENCE USING THE VERB IN BRACKETS AND WOULD OR USED TO. IF BOTH ARE POSSIBLE, WRITE BOTH.

- a) Every day the young prince (go) would go / used to go hunting in the forest.
- b) Wild animals (sometimes come) ..... into the garden at night.
- c) I (enjoy) ..... computer games, but I've grown tired of them.
- d) Brian (speak) ..... Italian quite well, but he's forgotten it all.
- e) Every day Anna (wake up) ..... at 4.00 am and go to work at the bakery.
- f) My mother (often play) ..... the piano and sing after dinner.
- g) I (own) ..... a racing bike but I sold it and bought a scooter.
- h) Tony (believe) ..... that one day he would be famous.
- i) When I was a student I (usually go) ..... to bed about 1.00 am.
- j) Helen (live) ..... in an old boat on the canal.