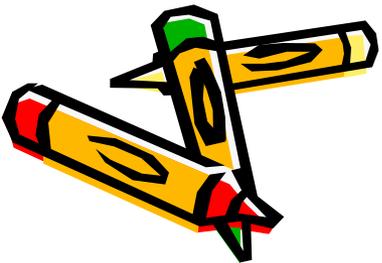
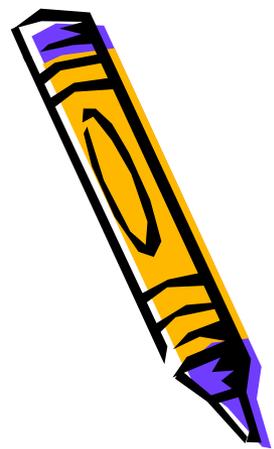


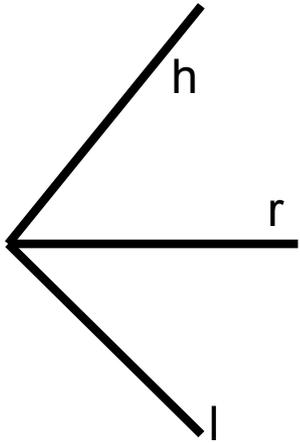
08.09.

Классная работа
Сравнение отрезков и
углов

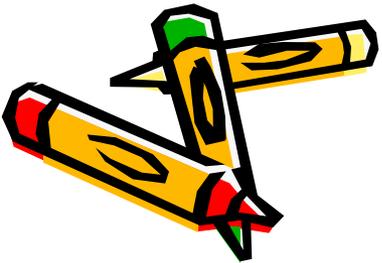
Цель: рассмотреть способы
сравнения отрезков и углов



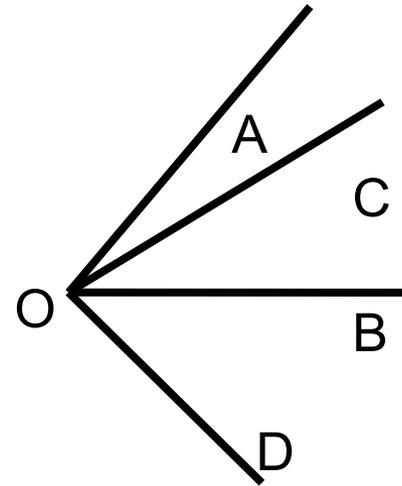
№ 11



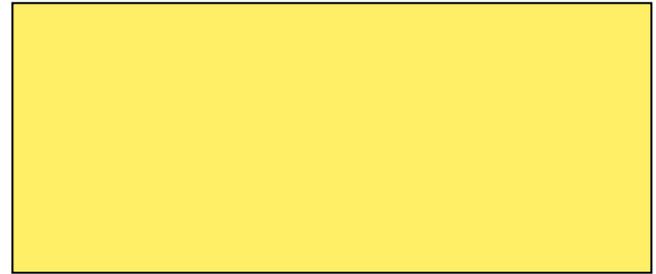
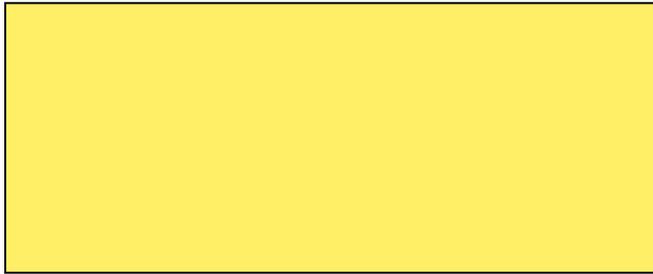
$\angle hr, \angle hl, \angle rl$



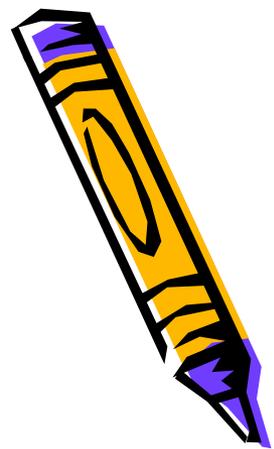
№ 14



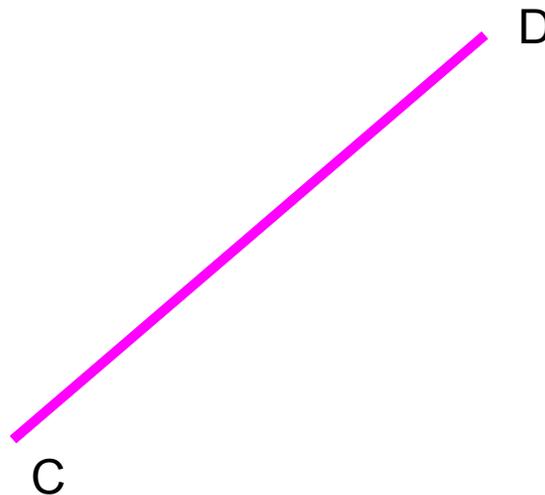
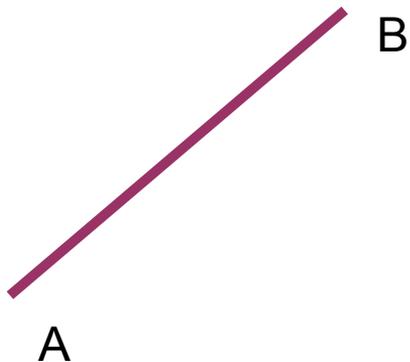
Равные фигуры



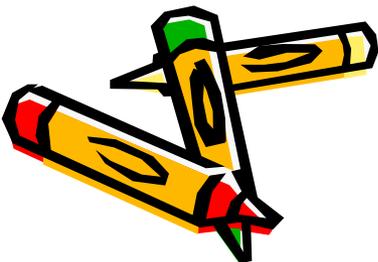
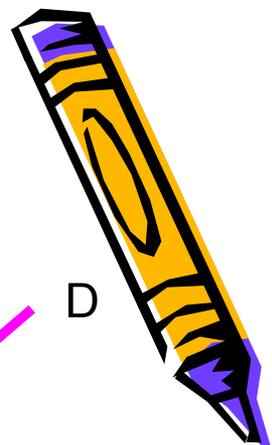
- Две геометрические фигуры называются равными, если при наложении они совмещаются



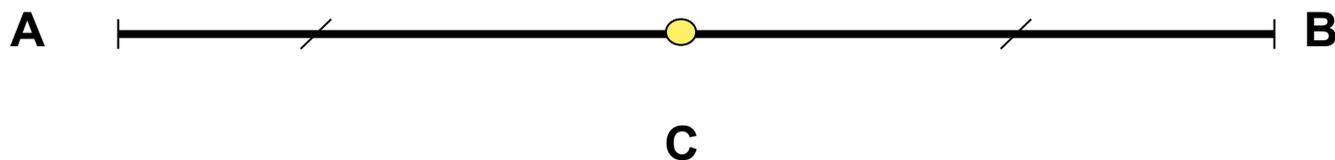
Сравнение отрезков



$$AB < CD$$



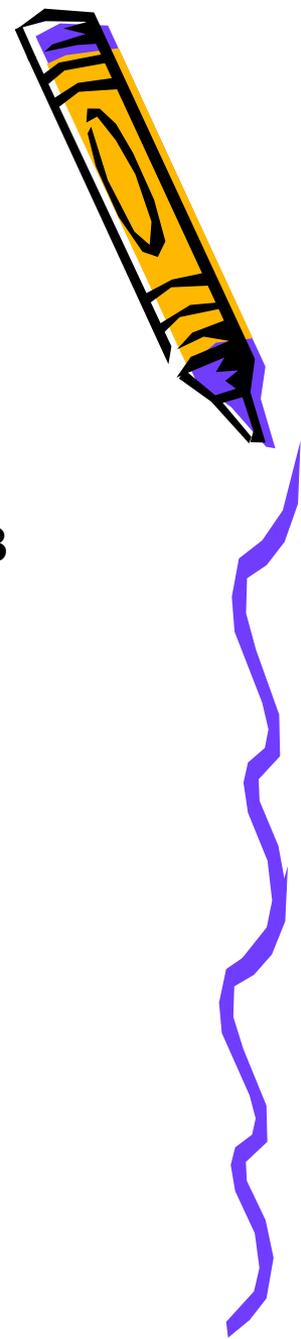
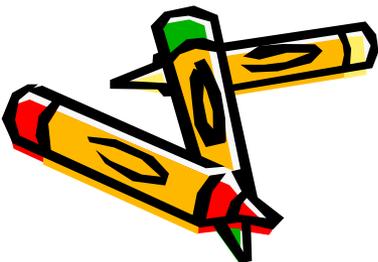
Деление отрезка пополам



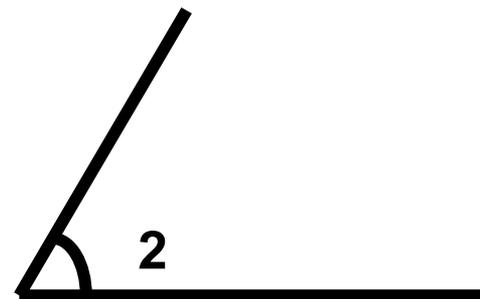
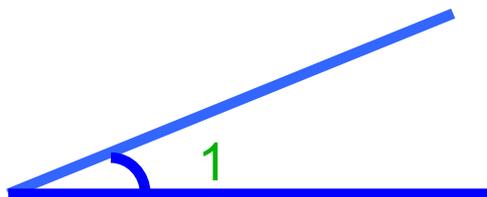
Точка C-середина отрезка АВ

$$AC=CB$$

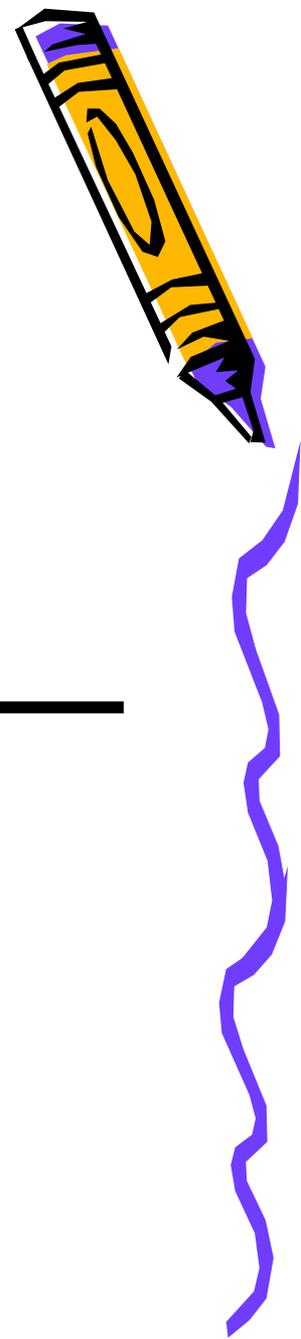
$$AB=2AC=2CB$$



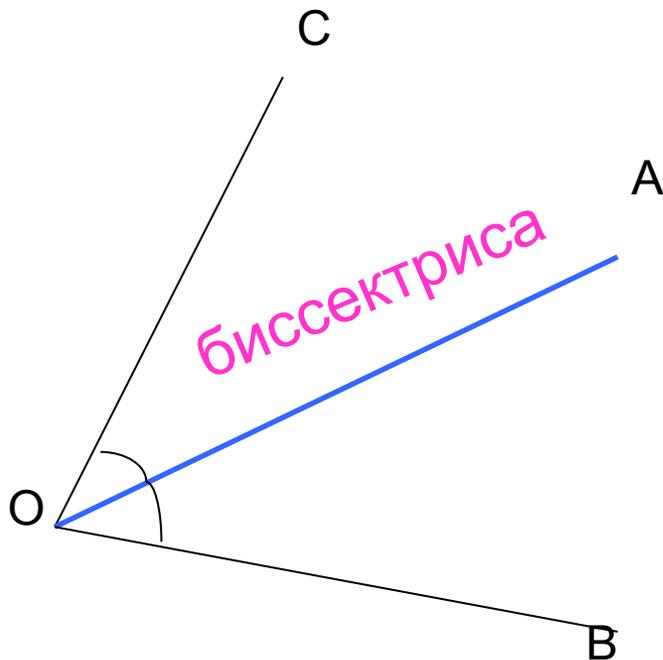
Сравнение углов



$$\angle 1 < \angle 2$$



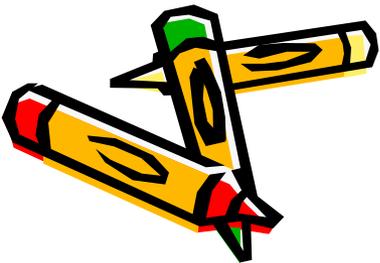
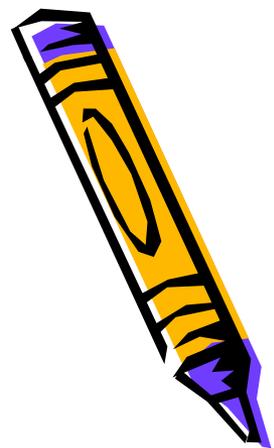
Биссектриса угла



Луч - исходящий из вершины угла и делящий его на два равных угла, называется биссектрисой угла

$$\angle AOC = \angle BOA$$

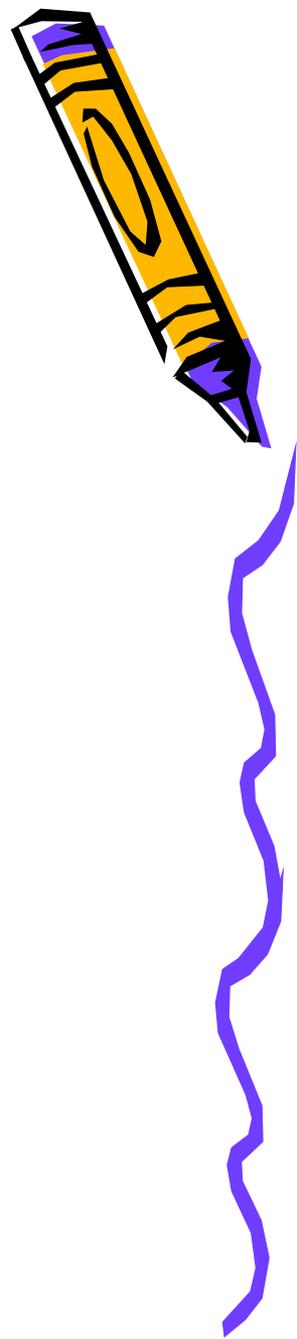
OA - биссектриса $\angle COB$



Решаем в классе:

№18, №19, №23





Домашнее задание:

п.5,6, №20, №21, №22

