

At the moment I'm playing football.

AFFIRMATIVE: Play

	am	
	'm	
You	are	
We	're	playing
They		
Не	is	
She	's	



Is he playing football at the moment?
No, he isn't. He is running.

INTERROGATIVE: Play NEGATIVE: Play

Am	_	
Are	you we they	playing?
ls	he she it	

I	am not 'm not	
You We They	are not aren't	playing
He She It	is not isn't	

WHAT IS SHE DOING?



She is drawing a picture at the moment

WHAT IS TWEETY DOING?



IT'S FLYING

VERB + ing (spelling rules)

```
listen + ing = listening
die (-ie□y) + ing = dying
write + ing = writing
hop + p + ing = hopping
travel + | + ing = travelling
```

Make -ing forms of each verb given.

begin get

rub use

listen admit

lie try

swim decide

study come

happen put

—ing forms

beginning rubbing **listening** lying swimming studying happening

getting u<u>si</u>ng admitting trying deci<u>di</u>ng coming putting

The Present Continuous Tense is used for

- 1. Actions which are happening at or around the moment of speaking.
 - Now I'm doing the washing up.
 - She is working very hard nowadays.
- 2. Temporary situations.
 - I'm staying with a friend <u>at the</u> moment.

ACTIONS THAT ARE HAPPENING AT PRESENT (1)



They are dancing right now.

TEMPORARY SITUATIONS (2)

They normally play tennis.



But this week they are skating.



The Present Continuous Tense is used for

- 3. Changing or developing situations.
- His English is getting <u>better</u>.
- It's getting colder.
- 4. Fixed arrangements in the near future.
 - They are getting married <u>next week</u>.

CHANGING SITUATIONS (3)

Yesterday it was very sunny.



Today it's raining more and more.



FUTURE ARRANGEMENTS (4)



They are celebrating a party next weekend.

TIME EXPRESSIONS:

Now, at the moment, today, nowdays, this week.

They are throwing snowballs now



