

BASIC



**ENGLISH
GRAMMAR**

Third Edition

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**Teacher Resource
Disc**



Slide shows for use with
PowerPoint presentation software

Laurette Poulos

Simmons

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CHAPTER 3

Using the Simple Present

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3-1 FORM AND BASIC MEANING OF THE SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE



She walks.



3-1 FORM AND BASIC MEANING OF THE SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE

1st PERSON
2nd PERSON
3rd PERSON

SINGULAR

I walk
you walk
she walksⓈ
he walksⓈ
it walksⓈ

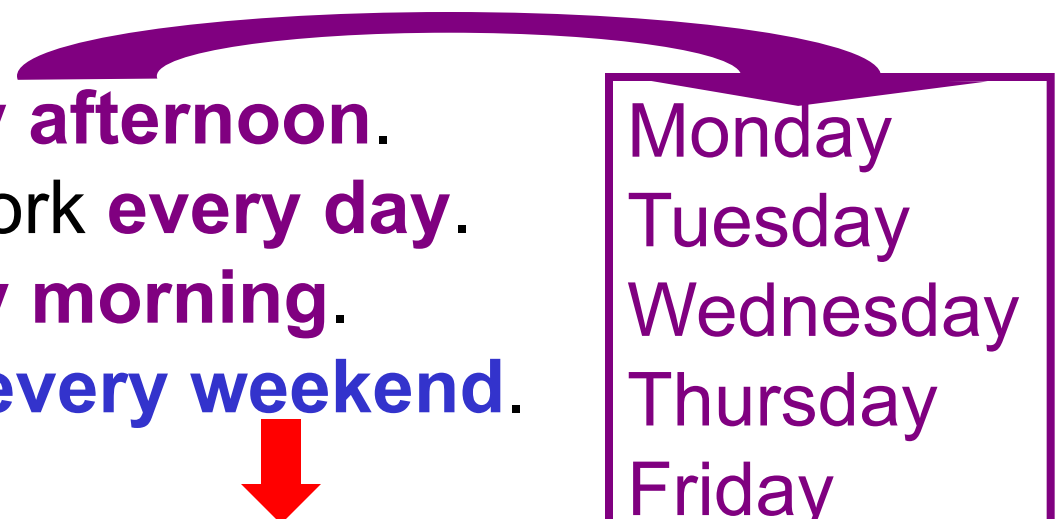
PLURAL

we walk
you walk
they walk



3-1 FORM AND BASIC MEANING OF THE SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE

- (a) I ***eat*** lunch **every afternoon**.
- (b) Max ***drives*** to work **every day**.
- (c) We ***get up*** **every morning**.
- (d) Kyle ***calls*** Mimi **every weekend**.



Monday
Tuesday
Wednesday
Thursday
Friday
Saturday
Sunday

HABITS = USUAL ACTIVITIES

7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			



We watch television every day.

watch



watches



He watches television every day.

watch



watches



We eat lunch at 12:00.

eat



eats

Jara takes a walk in the morning.

take



takes



3-1 Let's Practice

My friend rides her horse every day.



ride



rides



3-2 USING FREQUENCY ADVERBS: *ALWAYS, USUALLY, OFTEN, SOMETIMES, SELDOM, RARELY, NEVER*

They always drink
tea with lunch.





3-2 USING FREQUENCY ADVERBS: *ALWAYS*, *USUALLY*, *OFTEN*, *SOMETIMES*, *SELDOM*, *RARELY*, *NEVER*

100% (a) Mary ***always*** eats lunch at school.

90%- 99% (b) Mary ***usually*** eats lunch at school.

75%- 90% (c) Josh ***often*** eats hamburgers.

25%- 75% (d) Tia ***sometimes*** eats lunch at school.

5%- 10% (e) Tia ***seldom*** eats lunch at school.

1%- 10% (f) Eva ***rarely*** washes her car.

0% (g) Jay ***never*** goes to the zoo.

frequency adverbs

3-2 Let's Practice

Talia always feeds her dog.

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
√	√	√	√	√	√	√

always
~~**usually**~~
often
sometime
s
seldom
rarely
never

3-2 Let's Practice

Jara seldom watches TV.

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
						✓

always
usually
often
sometime
S
seldom
rarely
never

3-2 Let's Practice

Luke usually cooks dinner.

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
√	√	√	√	√		√

always
usually
often
sometime
s
seldom
rarely
never

3-2 Let's Practice

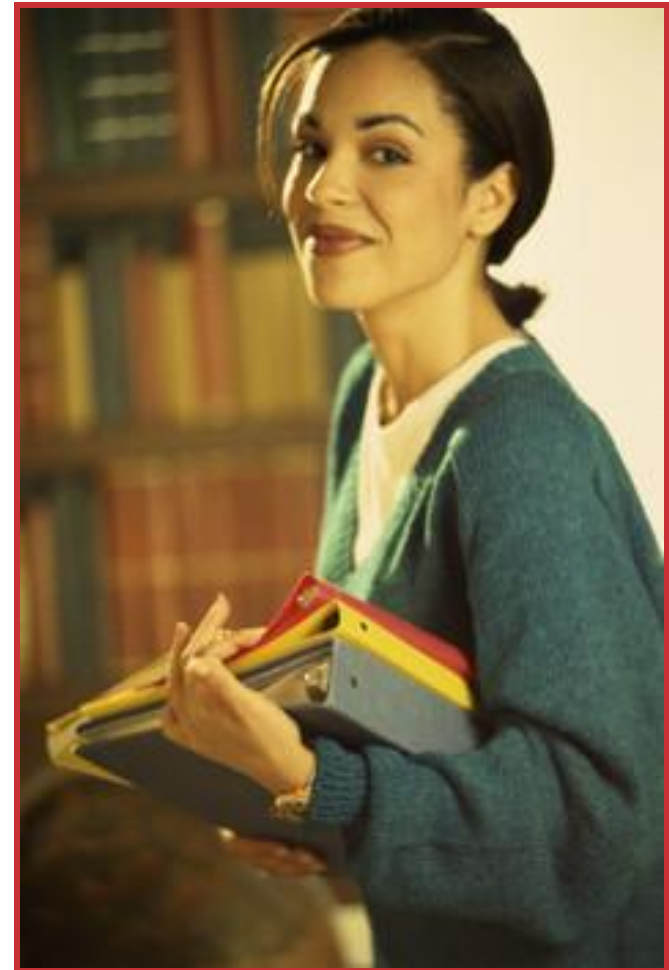
Moussad sometimes cooks dinner.

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
√			√	√		√

always
usually
often
~~sometime~~
s
seldom
rarely
never

3-3 OTHER FREQUENCY EXPRESSIONS

She goes to
the library
once a week.



3-3 OTHER FREQUENCY EXPRESSIONS

(a) She goes to the library **once a week.**
twice a week.
five times a week.

Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Sat.
	√	√	√	√		√



(b) I go to school **five times a week**.

(c) I go to the movies **twice a month**.

(d) I go to the beach **once a year**.

how many times

a day

a week

a month

a year

3-3 OTHER FREQUENCY EXPRESSIONS

(e) I feed my dog *every morning*.

I ride my horse *every week*.

I wash my car *every year*.

Every
is
singular.

Correct? no
every weeks

3-3 Let's Practice

How often
do you
drink
coffee?

Every
morning.



3-3 Let's Practice

So you
always
drink coffee?

Yes.

always
usually
often

sometimes
seldom
rarely
never



3-3 Let's Practice

Mei doesn't
drink coffee.

I know. She
never drinks
coffee.

always
usually
often

sometimes
seldom
rarely
never



3-3 Let's Practice

Does Dr. Aboud
take a walk every
day?

No. He walks
five or six days
a week.



3-3 Let's Practice

Five or six
times
a week?

Yes, he
often
takes a walk.



always
usually
often

sometimes
seldom
rarely

never

3-4 USING FREQUENCY ADVERBS WITH *BE*

Jeff is
always dirty.



3-4 USING FREQUENCY ADVERBS WITH *BE*

SUBJECT + *BE* + FREQUENCY
ADVERB

Jeff + *is* + ~~sometimes~~ *sometimes* dirty.

am
is + FREQUENCY
are ADVERB



3-4 USING FREQUENCY ADVERBS WITH *BE*

SUBJECT + FREQUENCY + OTHER SIMPLE
ADVERB PRESENT VERBS

Sergio + ~~sometimes~~ **sometimes** + *rides* a bike.

frequency
adverb

+

all simple
present
verbs
except *be*

He is tired.

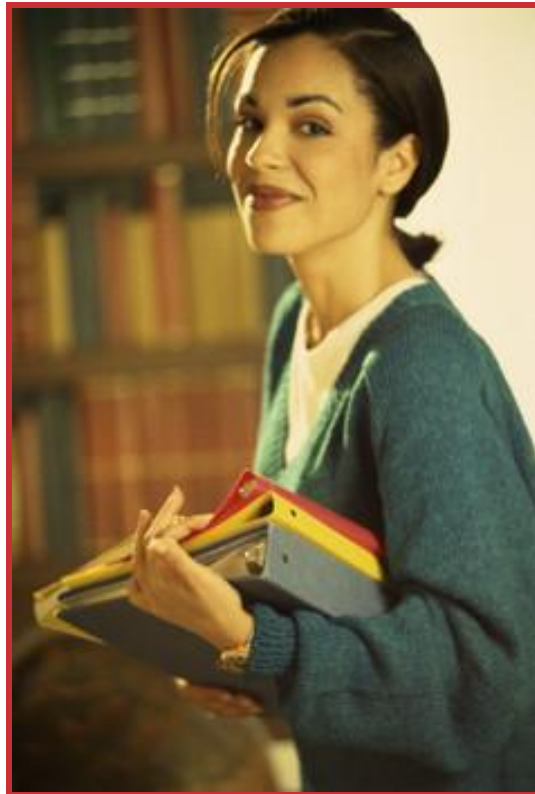
usually



Jeff is sad. never



Lucy reads at the library. **often**



It rains in the desert. **rarely**





Gerardo teaches math.



3-5 SPELLING AND PRONUNCIATION OF FINAL -ES

	SPELLING	PRONUNCIATION
-sh (a) push →	<i>push</i> es	<i>push</i> /ə z /
-ch (b) teach →	<i>teach</i> es	<i>teach</i> /ə z /
-ss (c) kiss →	<i>kiss</i> es	<i>kiss</i> /ə z /
-x (d) fix →	<i>fix</i> es	<i>fix</i> /ə z /
↑ endings	↑ add -es	↑ say /ə z /

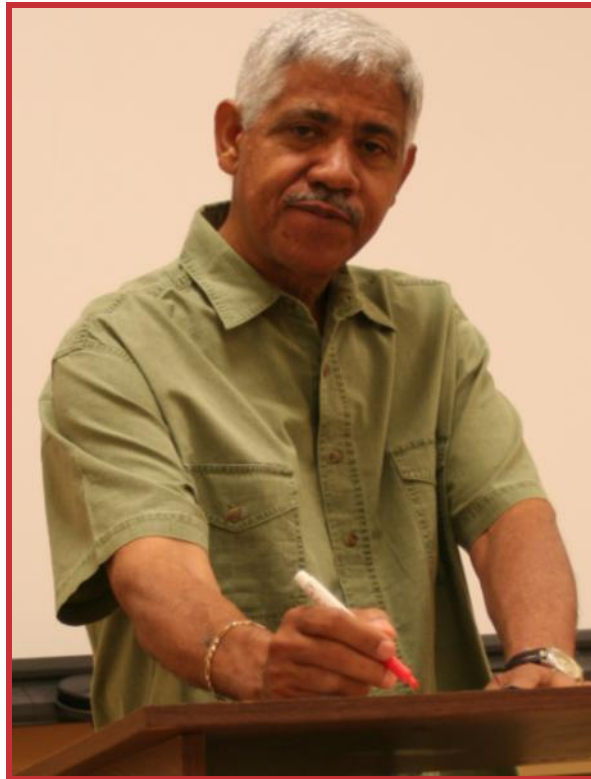


miss

Seung never misses
his TV program.

teach

Gerardo teaches math.





wash

Viktor always washes his car.





mix

Ade usually mixes sugar
in his coffee.



The baby cries a lot.



3-6 ADDING FINAL -S / -ES TO WORDS THAT END IN -Y

(a) *cry* → *cries*

fly → *flies*

consonant + *-y*

change *y* to *i*,
add *-es*

(b) *pay* → *pays*

enjoy → *enjoys*

vowel + *-y*

add *-s*



buy
often

Gazi often buys too many things.





say always

She always says nice things.



worry
often

Her father often worries about her.



The man has a brown coat.



3-7 IRREGULAR SINGULAR VERBS: *HAS, DOES, GOES*

Irregular forms:

(a) I **have** a hat.(b) She **has** a hat.(c) I **do** exercises.(d) He **does** exercises.(e) We **go** to the gym.(f) He **goes** to the gym.

<i>she</i>	}	+ has	—	
<i>he</i>				
<i>it</i>				
				have ▶ has

<i>she</i>	}	+ does	—	
<i>he</i>				
<i>it</i>				
				do ▶ does

<i>she</i>	}	+ goes	—	
<i>he</i>				
<i>it</i>				
				go ▶ goes

do does

George does yoga every day.





go goes

Zhou-li goes for a walk on Sunday.



have has

She always has homework.



She runs six miles every day.





SPELLING

PRONUNCIATION

(a) run → *run***s**
rain → *rain***s**
scrub → *scrub***s**
love → *love***s**

-s as /z/
voiced

3rd person singular
add **-s**



SPELLING

PRONUNCIATION

(b) sink → *sinks*
meet → *meets*
fight → *fight*s
cough → *cough*s

-s as /s/
voiceless

3rd person singular
add **-s**



SPELLING

PRONUNCIATION

(c) push → *pushes*
watch → *watches*
miss → *misses*
tax → *taxes*
-sh, -ch, -ss, -x

-es as /əz/

3rd person singular
add **-es**



SPELLING

PRONUNCIATION

(d) dry → *dries*

study → *studies*

consonant + *-y*

-es as /əz/

3rd person singular

change *y* to *i*, add *-es*



SPELLING

PRONUNCIATION

(e) **pay** → **pays**

buy → **buys**

vowel + **-y**

-s as /z/

3rd person singular

add **-s**



SPELLING

PRONUNCIATION

(f) **have** → **has**

/həz/

go → **goes**

/gəz/

do → **does**

/dəz/

3rd person singular forms
irregular

push

Mark pushes his
bike up the hill
every afternoon.



brush

The child brushes his
teeth every morning.





dream

Brenda often dreams
about her old home.

They do not wash their car.





(a) ~~They~~ *do not* drink milk.

I
We
You
They

NEGATIVE:
+ *do not* + main verb

(b) ~~She~~ *does not* drink milk.

She
He
It

+ *does not* + main verb

- (a) I *do not* drink milk.
- (b) She *does not* drink milk.

do and *does* = helping verbs

She *does not* drinks milk. ?

3rd person singular → no *-s* on main verb



(c) I **don't** drink milk.

They **don't** go to the lake.

(d) He **doesn't** drink milk.

Jack **doesn't** like dogs.

CONTRACTIONS:

do not = don't

does not = doesn't



smile
not

This child doesn't smile .

(use the contraction)



We don't like snakes.
(use the contraction)

like not



Magda doesn't speak Dutch.
(use the contraction)



speaks
not



don't
doesn't

feed
jump
run
speak

Sometimes I don't feed my cat.

My husband feeds her.



don't

doesn't

sit

need

like

run

She doesn't run fast at the gym.

She gets tired.

3-9 Let's Practice

don't
doesn't

feed
jump
need
eat

They are good cooks.

They don't need help.



Does he exercise?



3-10 THE SIMPLE PRESENT: YES/NO QUESTIONS

DO/ + SUBJECT + MAIN
DOES VERB

(b) *Do* ~~they~~ ~~I like~~ ~~saturday??~~

QUESTION FORMS, SIMPLE PRESENT

Do ~~they~~ + ~~main verb~~
(simple form)

3-10 THE SIMPLE PRESENT: YES/NO QUESTIONS

DO/ + SUBJECT + MAIN
DOES VERB

(f) *Does* *she* *like* *speed?*

QUESTION FORMS, SIMPLE PRESENT

Does *she* + *main verb*
(simple form)



(h) **Are** *you* a student?

NOT: *Do you be a student?*

main verb = a form of **be**

~~do~~



QUESTION

SHORT ANSWER

(i) *Do* you *like* ice cream?

Yes, I *do*.

No, I *don't*.

(j) *Does* Max *like* ice cream?

Yes, he *does*.

No, he *doesn't*.

Question

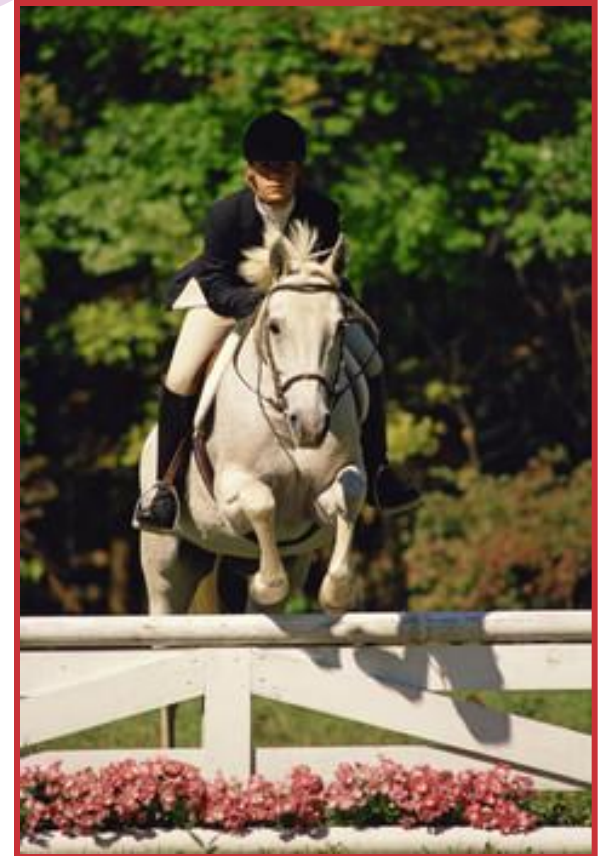
Do you like to ride horses?

Short Answer

Yes, I do.

Long Answer

I like to ride horses.



Question

Do they have a baby?

Short Answer

Yes, they do.

Long Answer

They have a baby.



Question

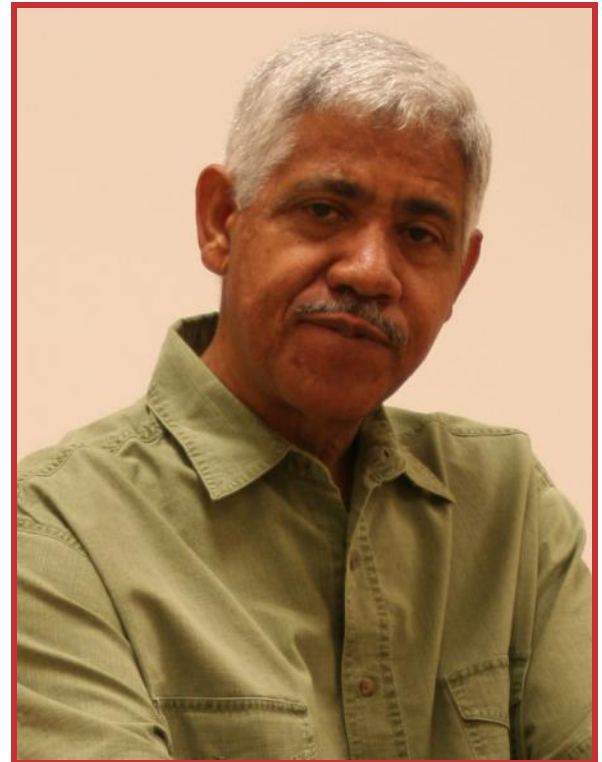
Does Gerardo teach math?

Short Answer

Yes, he does.

Long Answer

Gerardo teaches math.



Question

Do cows bark?

Short Answer

No, they don't.

Long Answer

Cows don't bark.





3-11 THE SIMPLE PRESENT: ASKING INFORMATION QUESTIONS WITH *WHERE*

Where do they live?

Do they live in Baltimore?



 3-11 THE SIMPLE PRESENT: ASKING INFORMATION
QUESTIONS WITH *WHERE*

QUESTION

SHORT ANSWER

(a) **Do** they **live** in Baltimore?

Yes, they do.
No, they don't.

(b) **Where do** they **live**?

In Baltimore.



3-11 THE SIMPLE PRESENT: ASKING INFORMATION
QUESTIONS WITH *WHERE*

QUESTION

SHORT ANSWER

(c) **Does** Alexi **live** in Moscow?

Yes, he **does**.
No, he **doesn't**.

(d) **Where does** he **live**?

In Cape Town.



3-11 THE SIMPLE PRESENT: ASKING INFORMATION QUESTIONS WITH *WHERE*

(*WHERE*) + *DO/DOES* + SUBJECT + **MAIN VERB**

- (a) **Do** they *live* in Baltimore ?
- (b) **Where do** they *live* ?
- (c) **Does** Alexi *live* in Moscow ?
- (d) **Where does** he *live* ?



Question: Does the child have a toothbrush?

Answer: Yes, he does.

(The child has a toothbrush.)





Question: Where does he brush his teeth?

Answer: In the bathroom.

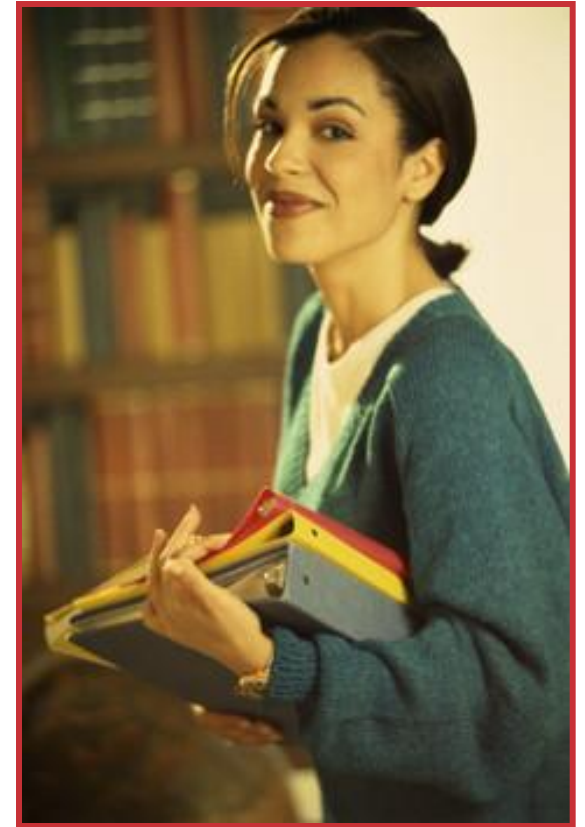
(He brushes his teeth in the bathroom.)



Question: Does Lucy like to read at the library?

Answer: Yes, she does.

(Lucy likes to read at the library.)





3-12 THE SIMPLE PRESENT: ASKING INFORMATION QUESTIONS WITH *WHEN* AND *WHAT TIME*

When do you go shopping?

What time do you go shopping?





3-12 THE SIMPLE PRESENT: ASKING INFORMATION
QUESTIONS WITH *WHEN* AND *WHAT TIME*

Q-WORD + *DO/* + SUBJECT + MAIN
DOES VERB

(a) ***When*** do you go to
work?

At eight o'clock.

(b) ***What time*** do you go to work?

At eight o'clock.



3-12 THE SIMPLE PRESENT: ASKING INFORMATION
QUESTIONS WITH *WHEN* AND *WHAT TIME*

Q-WORD + *DO/DOES* + SUBJECT + MAIN
VERB

(c) ***When*** does he exercise?

At ten o'clock.

(d) ***What time*** does he exercise?

At ten o'clock.



3-12 THE SIMPLE PRESENT: ASKING INFORMATION QUESTIONS WITH *WHEN* AND *WHAT TIME*

Q-WORD + *DO/* + SUBJECT + MAIN VERB
DOES

(e) ***What time*** do ***you usually*** go to
class?

subject + ***frequency
adverb*** + main
verb

When (What time)
does the pool
close?

The pool
closes at
6:00 P.M.



When (What time)
do you eat lunch?

I eat lunch
at 12:00.





I usually
go to bed
at 11:00.

When (What time)
do you usually go
to bed _____ ?



3-13 SUMMARY: INFORMATION QUESTIONS WITH *BE*
AND *DO*Q-WORD + *BE* + SUBJECT

LONG ANSWER

(a) Where *is* Botswana?Botswana *is* in Africa.



3-13 SUMMARY: INFORMATION QUESTIONS WITH *BE* AND *DO*

Q-WORD + <i>BE</i> + SUBJECT	LONG ANSWER
(b) Where <i>are</i> your gloves?	They <i>are</i> at home.
(c) When <i>is</i> lunch?	Lunch <i>is</i> at noon.
(d) What <i>is</i> your name?	My name <i>is</i> Uma.
(e) What time <i>is</i> the movie?	The movie <i>is</i> at 5:00.



3-13 SUMMARY: INFORMATION QUESTIONS WITH *BE* AND *DO*

Q-WORD + **DO** + SUBJECT + MAIN VERB

(f) Where **does** she **live**?

She **lives** in Belgium.

(g) What time **does** school **start**?

It **starts** at 9:00 A.M.

(h) What **does** she **play**?

She **plays** tennis.

(i) When **do** you **study**?

I **study** at night.



is are does **do**

Where do they buy food?



is are **does** do

What time does the train leave?



is

are

does

do

When is your test?



is

are

does

do

What are their names?

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