

Contemporary Ideologies: Feminism and Environmentalism

- Environmentalism is a set of ideas and concepts focused on determining the extent of damage caused by the modern economy to the natural environment. Among the most dangerous threats to blow up the environmental situation, generally there are a possibility of use of nuclear weapons, global warming, ozone depletion, reduction of biological diversity on our planet, etc. In the political ideology of ecologism makes the conviction that only a radical restructuring of the policy on priority environmental problems may ensure the survival of humanity.

Environmentalism

- reduction of biodiversity,
- global warming,
- ozone hole,
- acid rain,
- radioactive waste disposal,
- possibility of a nuclear winter,
- infringement of animal rights.
- Environmentalists consider human activity to be the cause of the above problems and seek to reduce the consumption of products that are directly or indirectly harmful to the environment in everyday life.

Problems that environmentalists pay attention to:

- In most developed countries of the world, there are Green parties, which shows that people are afraid for the future of their children and the state of the Earth as a common planet for all mankind, for which it is responsible. The following steps are being taken:
- transition of production to waste-free technologies,
- Introduction of alternative energy and vehicles with regenerative braking (e.g. electric vehicles),
- processing of wastes,
- wastewater treatment,
- irrigation of deserts.

Problems that environmentalists pay attention to:

- Feminism is an ideology and social movement that proclaims the political emancipation of women as its goal. It postulates the fundamental inequality between the sexes inherent in society, which throughout the previous history led to Patriarchy, i.e. the economic and political domination of men over women. This situation is anachronistic today and must certainly be overcome. The ultimate goal of feminism is to increase the political and legal status of women, to give them equal rights and opportunities with men in all spheres of public life.

Feminism

- Feminism and its historical roots
Feminism as a modern socio-political theory is becoming more and more important every year. This is primarily due to the fact that the development of the women's movement is impossible without a theoretical justification. A significant part of the population, both in the Russian Federation and in all other countries, is currently characterized by certain insecurity and is experiencing the full severity of the consequences of socio-economic and political decisions made by men's power, without taking into account the specific interests of women.

- Feminism as a theory aims to ensure the practical implementation of progressive ideas of emancipation of women, elimination of discrimination, as well as the mitigation of many destructive social phenomena, social tension and the creation of a more stable, dynamic and democratic society, to revive humanism and spirituality of society and man.

- Modern feminism is characterized primarily by a deep theoretical analysis of social, economic and political problems, not excluding culture and spirituality. Feminism as a socio-political theory makes it possible to study more thoroughly the essence of the international women's movement, to understand the features of the revival of the role of women in social and cultural life, and to establish the similarities and differences between feminology and feminism.
- Feminism as a direction in the theory and practice of the women's movement has its roots in the XVII century. The term itself was coined by sh. Fourier - a French utopian socialist-in the 40s of the XIX century and assumed a solution to the problem of equality of women and men.

Thanks for attention