Presentation on the theme: "HACKERS"

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AIMS OF THE LESSON:

- 1. Знать и употреблять лексику по теме: a hacker, programmer, to hack, hacking, hacking group, download, blackmail, security expert, cyberspace, "a white hat" hacker, password, a bug, log in/on, firewall, callback system, audit the system.
- 2. Понимать и использовать фразовые глаголы: ex: log in/on
- 3. Уметь прочитать текст и найти необходимую информацию, уметь правильно отвечать на вопросы по теме.
- 4. Прослушивать интервью с целью поиска конкретной информации.
- 5. Уметь составить короткое устное высказывание.

Read these words and phrases. Mind your pronunciation:

/h/ / e/	/o: /	/s/	/ai/
Hacker	Unauthorized	Cyberspace	Identity
Hack	(access)	Success	Identification
Hacking group	Auditing	Defa c ing	(number)
h ijacking	Automatically	Security expert	
	Although	Secure password	
	Originally	access	

Now you are ready to read the text. But before reading the text, try to answer the questions:

What do you know about hackers?

Do you often read about hacking?

How can you protect your computer and data from hacking?

Is hacking legal or illegal?

What are the reasons for being a hacker?



A hacker is a person who attempts to gain unauthorized access to a network system. They are often young teenagers although they are skilled programmers.

Although <u>it is illegal</u>, people become **hackers** for different reasons: making money, criminal purposes or to expose political information. But often people **hack** just because it is an exciting challenge.

The Internet has made **hacking** more common and **hackers** are found throughout the world. They sometimes form **hacking groups.** Hackers like to attack and penetrate computer systems belonging to large, important organizations. In fact, hackers compete with each other to be the first to hack into really powerful system.



Hackers have been known to do a variety of things to a computer system including:

Downloading files and **leaking** confidential information

Exposing email correspondence by well-known email services, causing the service to be shut down.

Hijacking websites by redirecting the web address to point to another website.

Defacing websites by changing the text and graphics on the webpage.

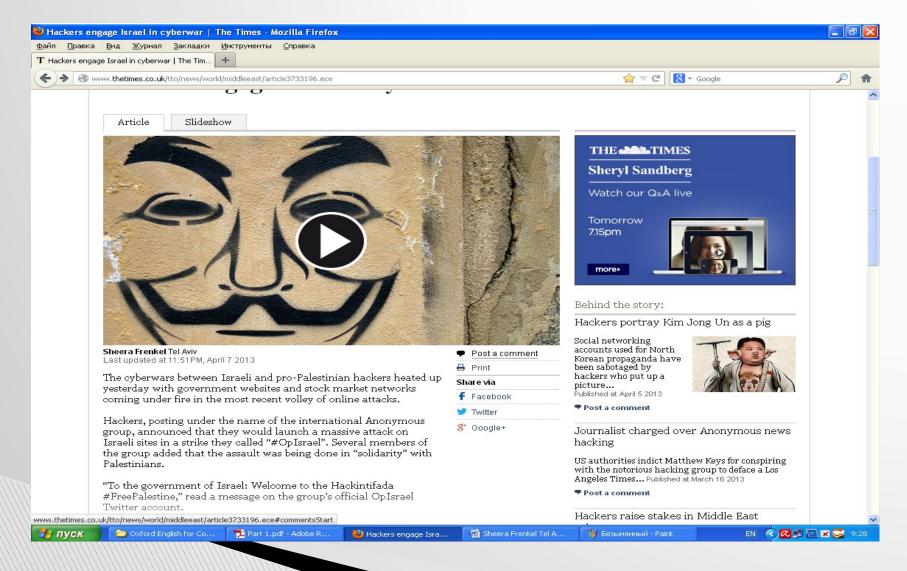
Blackmailing the owners of websites by threatening to damage the system.

Sometimes, young hackers put their experience and knowledge to good use when they become older. Many former hackers have been hired by large companies as **security experts**.

A person who uses their skills to make **cyberspace** safer is called **a** "white hat" hacker.



It's really a great problem nowadays. For example: this is the article from British newspaper "The Times"



Read the article and answer the question: what is the reason for hacking the sites:

- to expose political information
- to make money
- criminal purpose

The cyberwars between Israeli and pro-Palestinian hackers heated up yesterday with government websites and stock market networks coming under fire in the most recent volley of online attacks.

Hackers, posting under the name of the international Anonymous group, announced that they would launch a massive attack on Israeli sites in a strike they called "OpIsrael". Several members of the group added that the assault was being done in "solidarity" with Palestinians.

"To the government of Israel: Welcome to the Hackintifada, FreePalestine," read a message on the group's official OpIsrael Twitter account.

What is your advice to Israeli government?

How can people avoid hacking? What should they do?



To avoid a computer system being hacked people should:

- Install a firewall
- Use a callback system
- Have really secure password
- Audit the system

To avoid **credit card theft** on the Internet people should:

- Use a separate credit card for Internet purchases
- Have a small credit limit on the credit card you use
- Buy a pre-paid card for small purchases.



Time to relax

Guess the word on its definition

A person who attempts to gain unauthorized access to a network system

Break into a computer system

Attempting to gain unauthorized access to a network system

Teams that work together and exchange ideas

Free email service provided by a Microsoft corporation

Copy files from a server

To redirect the web address

Change the text and graphics on the webpage

To threaten to damage the system

A person who uses their skills to make cyberspace safer

Secret code to control access to a network system

A combination of hardware and software used to control the data going into and out of a network

Check the system regularly to find failed access attempts

LISTENING

- 2 Think about these questions before you listen.
- 1 How could you hack into a system?
- 2 How could you stop people hacking into a system?

- Now listen to Part 1 of the recording to check your answers to Task 2 and to find the answers to these questions:
 - 1 What was Ralph arrested for?
 - 2 What does he do now?
 - 3 Why does he say people are too trusting?
 - 4 What passwords does he suggest for trying to get into a system?
 - 5 What does a firewall do?
 - 6 What is the advantage of a callback system?
 - 7 To prevent hacking, what sort of passwords should you avoid?
 - 8 What do event logs show?

- Now listen to Part 2 of the recording and find the answers to these questions:
 - 1 How did Ralph start thinking about computer security?
 - 2 How did he find the most senior ID in the American company's system?
 - 3 According to Ralph, why do people hack?
 - 4 Why did he and his friend hack?
 - 5 How did the police find him?
 - 6 Why does he say companies should use his services?
 - 7 Do hackers know each other?
 - 8 What's the difference between Hollywood hackers and the real world?
 - 9 How risky is credit card use on the Internet?
- 10 What advice does he give for people intending to use credit cards over the Internet?

A phrasal verb is:

VERB + PREPOSITION COMBINATION

- 1. It often has one meaning while being translated
- 2. It is often spoken English

For example:

Look up – искать в словаре

Study these phrasal verbs, can you understand their meaning

break into throw away grow up get into phone up log on hack into find out run up go about keep at track down set about shut down hand over keep ahead

Complete each blank with the appropriate phrasal verb:

Hackers try to _	passwords so they can		
penetrate a syst	zem.		
Don't	_your password to anyone who		
asks for it.			
The police	_Ralph by talking to his		
friends.			
Some hackers _	system to get commercially		
valuable inform	ation.		
When you	to a network, you have to		
provide an ID.			

	How do you	_hacking into a system?			
	Hackers may	_, pretending to be from			
	your company, and ask for your password.				
	Neveryour	credit cards receipts where			
someone can find them.					
Ralph was a hacker as a teenager but he's					
now and become more responsible.					
	a system is	strictly illegal nowadays.			
	It's a constant race to	of the hackers.			

Is hacking legal or illegal?

Watch the presentation created by Olga Juravleva about Jonathan Joseph James



Do you know any other examples of hacking case. Will you tell us in a few words, please.

Hometask:

Write a news item like a short newspaper text about Ralf or about any other hacking case known to you. Example:

In March 2000, a Welsh teenager allegedly stole information from more than 26,000 credit card accounts across Britain, the US, Japan, Canada and Thailand, and published the details on the Internet. FBI agents and British police raided the home of Raphael Gray, 18, and arrested him and his friend. He has been charged with 10 counts of downloading unauthorised information.

Here you can draw your emotion)))

Используемые материалы:

- 1. Интернет ресурсы: www. thetimes.co.uk
- 2. Учебники: "Oxford English for IT" 2-d edition Student Book, CD –track 18, 19, Teacher's Book Unit 20.