



Времена в английском языке.

Формы Время	<u>Continuous</u> (действие, происходящее в данный момент)	<u>Indefinite (Simple)</u> (повторяющееся действие)	<u>Perfect</u> (действие закончилось к данному моменту: результат, законченность)	<u>Perfect Continuous</u> (действие, начавшееся в указанный момент и совершается (продолжается) до другого момента)
Present	<u>to be + doing</u> I am } He is } We } You } are } They } } <u>working</u>	<u>do, don't + do; doesn't + do</u> I work } I don't } He works } He doesn't } We } } work You } work } You don't } They } } They }	I have } He has } We } You } } <u>worked</u> They } } shown I haven't worked	<u>(for, since)</u> I have } He has } We } You } } <u>been</u> They } } <u>working</u> } } <u>(doing)</u>
Past	I <u>was</u> } He <u>was</u> } We } } <u>working</u> You } } <u>were</u> They } }	I } He } <u>work + ed</u> ⇒ <u>worked</u> We } } You } } <u>did + not</u> ⇒ <u>didn't work</u> They } } <u>Did you work yesterday?</u>	I } We } } <u>had worked</u> He } } You } } They } }	I } He } } <u>had been working</u> We } } <u>(doing)</u> You } } They } }
Future	I } } <u>shall</u> We } } (will) } <u>be working</u> He } } You } } <u>will</u> They } }	I } } <u>shall work</u> We } } (will) He } } <u>will work</u> You } } They } }	I } } <u>shall</u> We } } (will) } <u>by the time</u> } } } <u>have worked</u> } } } <u>(done)</u> He } } You } } <u>will</u> They } }	I } } <u>shall</u> We } } (will) } <u>have been</u> } } } <u>working</u> He } } You } } <u>will</u> } <u>by + for</u> They } }
Future in the past	I } } <u>should</u> We } } } <u>be working</u> He } } You } } <u>would</u> They } }	I } } <u>should</u> We } } } work He } } You } } <u>would</u> They } }	I } } <u>should</u> We } } } <u>have worked</u> } } } <u>(done)</u> He } } You } } <u>would</u> They } }	I } } <u>should</u> We } } (would) } <u>have been</u> } } } <u>working</u> He } } You } } <u>would</u> They } }

e

Present Simple

Положительная форма	Отрицательная форма	Вопросительная форма
<p>I YOU WE THEY</p> <p>глагол</p> <p>HE SHE IT</p> <p>глагол -s/-es</p>	<p>НУЖЕН ПОМОЩНИК «DO» или «DOES»</p> <p>I YOU WE THEY</p> <p>don't глагол</p> <p>HE SHE IT</p> <p>doesn't глагол</p>	<p>НУЖЕН ПОМОЩНИК «DO» или «DOES»</p> <p>I YOU WE THEY</p> <p>Do глагол ?</p> <p>HE SHE IT</p> <p>Does глагол ?</p>
<p>Когда прибавляем "-es"?</p> <p>Если глагол оканчивается на:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -o -s -ss -sh -ch <p>Примеры: I go—He goes We teach—She teaches</p>	<p>Пример:</p> <p>I go— I <u>don't</u> go.</p> <p>She runs—She <u>doesn't</u> <u>run</u>.</p> <p>He goes—He <u>doesn't</u> <u>go</u>.</p>	<p>Пример:</p> <p>I go— <u>Do</u> I go?</p> <p>She runs— <u>Does</u> she <u>run</u> ?</p> <p>He goes— <u>Does</u> he <u>go</u> ?</p>



Present Simple

He goes to the office every day. - Он ходит в офис каждый день.

Маркеры

every day, every morning, every evening, usually, sometimes, often, seldom, always, never,

Past Simple

Положительная форма	Отрицательная форма Нужен вспомогательный глагол DID	Вопросительная форма Нужен вспомогательный глагол DID <u>перед подлежащим</u>
глагол -ed глагол 2 форма	1 форма didn't глагол	1 форма Did <u>подлежащее</u> <u>глагол</u> ?
The boys jumped глагол 2 форма The boys ran	The boys didn't jump 1 форма The boys didn't run	Did <u>the boys</u> <u>jump</u> ? When did the boys <u>jump</u> ? Where did the boys <u>run</u> ? 1 форма



Past Simple

I learned new words
yesterday–
Вчера я учил новые
слова.

Маркеры

yesterday,
last
year/month/week
in 2000,
10 years **ago**,

Future Simple (will , shall)

Положительная форма	Отрицательная форма	Вопросительная форма
<p>I, We shall глагол</p> <p><u>You, He</u> <u>She, It, They</u> will глагол</p>	<p>shall not глагол</p> <p>will not глагол</p>	<p>Shall I, We глагол ?</p> <p>Will <u>You, He</u> <u>She, It, They</u> глагол ?</p>
<p>I shall <u>be</u> at home.</p> <p><u>They</u> will <u>run</u> in the park</p>	<p>I shall not be at home.</p> <p>They will not run in the park</p>	<p>Will you be at home?</p> <p>Where will you be at home?</p>

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Future Simple

I will make a cake
tomorrow morning. –
Я испеку пирог
завтра утром.

Маркеры

tomorrow, next week,
next month, soon,
some day

PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE

✓	I	AM	working.
	He, She, It	IS	
	We, You, They	ARE	

✗	I	AM NOT	working.
	He, She, It	IS NOT/ISN'T	
	We, You, They	ARE NOT /AREN'T [ɑ:nt]	

?	What	AM	I	doing? working?
	Where	IS	he, she, it	
	When Why How	ARE	we, you, they	

<http://vk.com/engineinform>

www.engineinform.com



Present Continuous

I am reading now. –
Я читаю сейчас.

Маркеры

now, at the moment,
this week (month,
year)

PAST CONTINUOUS TENSE

✓	I	was	working.
	He, She, It		
	We, You, They	were	

✗	I	was not wasn't ['wəzənt]	working.
	He, She, It		
	We, You, They	were not weren't [wɜ:nt]	

?	What Where When Why How	was	I	doing? working?
			he, she, it	
		were	we, you, they	



Past Continuous

He was watching TV
at 6 o'clock
yesterday. –
Он смотрел
телевизор вчера в 6
часов.

Маркеры

at 2 o'clock
yesterday,
when, while

Future Continuous

will be + V-ing

<i>Положительная форма</i>	<i>Отрицательная форма</i>	<i>Вопросительная форма</i>
I will be going	I will NOT be going	Will I be going ?
YOU WE will be going THEY	YOU WE will NOT be going THEY	YOU Will WE be going ? THEY
HE SHE will be going IT	HE SHE will NOT be going IT	HE Will SHE be going ? IT



Future Continuous

This time tomorrow I
will be attending Mrs.

Brown's lecture. -

Завтра в это самое
время я буду

присутствовать на

лекции миссис

Браун

Маркеры

when, while, this time
tomorrow

Present Perfect Tense

✓	I You We They	have	V3
	He She It	has	

✗	I You We They	have not (haven't)	V3
	He She It	has not (hasn't)	

?	Have	I you we they	V3	?
	Has	he she it		



Present Perfect

He has already
written a letter.-
Он уже написал
письмо.

Маркеры

many times, lately,
recently, yet,
already, ever, never,
just, this time (week,
year),
for (for a long time,
for ages),
since (since
morning,)

Past Perfect

Past Perfect употребляется для выражения прошедшего действия, которое совершилось до определенного момента в прошлом.



had + V_{3/ed}

Statements

- Mary **had cleaned** the room by 7 o'clock.

Questions

- **Had** Mary **cleaned** the room by 7 o'clock?

Negations

- Mary **hadn't cleaned** the room by 7 o'clock.



Past Perfect

He had translated
the text by 5 p.m. –
Он перевел текст к 5
часам вечера.

Маркеры

by, before

Future Perfect

- Время **Future Perfect** используется довольно редко, оно обозначает действие, которое закончится до определенного момента или начала другого действия в будущем или будет продолжать длиться после него.

**Will have +
V3**

Будущее время образуется с помощью вспомогательного глагола will + have + глагол в 3 форме.

Утвердительные предложения:

I shall have played	We shall have played
You will have played	You will have played
He / she / it will have played	They will have played

Вопросительные предложения:

Shall I have played?	Shall we have played?
Will you have played?	Will you have played?
Will he / she / it have played?	Will they have played?

Отрицательные предложения:

I shall not have played	We shall not have played
You will not have played	You will not have played
He / she / it will not have played	They will not have played



Future Perfect

He will have translated the text by 5 p.m. –
Он переведет текст к 5 часам вечера.

Маркеры

by, before