ENGLISH VOCABULARY AS A SYSTEM HOMONYMS. SYNONYMS. ANTONYMS.

Lecture 4

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- HOMONYMS;
- SYNONYMS;
- ANTONYMS.

Literature:

- "English Word" by Arnold.
- "English Lexicology" by Antrushina.
- "Practical Lexicology" by Kasheeva pp.70-73, ex. 1, 2; pp.76-77.
- "English Synonyms" by Potapova L.A.
- "Webster's Dictionary of Synonyms",
- Потапова И.А. Краткий словарь синонимов английского языка.

 Homonyms – are two or more words identical in sound and spelling but different in meaning, distribution and (in many cases) origin. The term is derived from Greek homonymous (homos 'the same'and onoma 'name').

- "Is life worth living?" "It depends upon the <u>liver</u>."
- "We eat what we <u>can</u>, and what we can't eat we <u>can</u>."

- homonyms proper back, ball, bark
- homophones
 (air :: heir, buy :: by, knight :: night, not :: knot)
 - * The play-wright on my right thinks it right that a conventional rite should symbolise the right of every man to write as he pleases
 - * The sons raise meat :: The sun's rays meet.
- homographs bow [bou] :: bow [bau];
 lead [li:d] :: lead [led]; row [rou] :: row [rau].

HOMONYMS: classification of homonyms proper

- light n :: light a
- might n :: might v
- lie lay lain and lie lied lied
- for prp for cj
- spring 1 :: spring 2 :: spring 3
- before prp :: before adv:: before cj
- eye n :: eye v
- thought n: thought v

- convergent development of sound form,
- divergent development of meaning

• I think that this "that" is a conjunction but that that "that" that that man used was a pronoun.

 by, can, case, close, country, course, cross, direct, draw, drive, even, faint, flat, fly, for, game, general, hard, hide, hold, home, just, kind, last, leave, left, lie, light, like, little, lot, major, march, may, mean, might, mind, miss, part, plain, plane, plate, right, round, sharp, sound, spare, spell, spring, square, stage, stamp, try, type, volume, watch, well, will.

• I.V. Arnold: "Synonyms - are two or more words of the same meaning, belonging to the same part of speech, possessing one or more identical meaning, interchangeable at least in some contexts without any considerable alteration in denotational meaning, but differing in morphemic composition, phonemic shape, shades of meaning, connotation, affective value, style, emotional colouring and valence peculiar to one of the elements in a synonymic group."

- fate
- destiny
- doom

- friend,
- acquaintance,
- confidant

• Synonymic dominant is the most general term of its kind potentially containing the specific features rendered by all the other members of the group.

- To astonish to surprise to amaze to astound.
- To yell to bellow to roar –to shout.
- To shine to flash to blaze to gleam to glisten — to sparkle — to glitter — to shimmer — to glimmer.
- To shiver to tremble to shudder to shake.
- To make to produce to create to fabricate to manufacture.

- Hyponymy is a semantic relationship of inclusion.
- Thus, e.g., vehicle includes car, bus, taxi and so on; oak implies tree;
 - horse entails animal; table entails furniture.

Thus the hyponymic relationship may be viewed as the hierarchical relationship between the meaning of the general and the individual terms.

- 1. Ideographic synonyms to understand to realize;
- to expect to anticipate;
- healthy wholesome sound sane.
- 2. **Stylistic synonyms** to begin to commence to high;
- to think to deem;
- welkin sky.
- 3. Absolute (perfect, complete) synonyms.
- pilot airman flyer flyingman:
- screenwriter scriptwriter scripter.
- 4. Contextual synonyms.
- tasteless dull; active curious

- 1 Word-forming processes:
- Conversion commandment: command; laughter::
 laugh,
- compounding, shortening, shift of meaning,
- new combinations of verbs with postpositives and compound nouns formed from them: continue: go on; choose: pick out; abandon: give up
- affixation: anxiety : : anxiousness, await : : wait

- 2 Words borrowed from French, Latin, and Greek. Synonymic patterns of double scale:
- Adjectives: bodily corporal, inner internal, learned erudite, sharp - acute.
- Nouns: help aid, wire telegram, world universe.
- Synonymic patterns of triple scale:

•	NATIVE	FROM FRENCH	FROM LATIN
•	to ask	to question	to interrogate
•	Abdomen	belly	stomach
•	to end	finish	complete

- 3 The infiltration of British English by Americanisms:
- Leader editorial; autumn fall; government administration; luggage - baggage; wireless -radio; lorry - truck; tin - can; long distance (telephone) call - trunk call; stone - rock; team -squad.

- 4 Euphemisms
 - A word of more or less pleasant or at least inoffensive connotation becomes synonymous to one that is harsh, obscene, indelicate or otherwise unpleasant by a shift of meaning

lavatory: powder room, washroom, restroom, retiring room, (public) comfort station, ladies' (room), gentlemen's (room), water-closet, w.c., public conveniences and even Windsor castle (which is a comical phrase for "deciphering" w.c.).

- pregnant: in an interesting condition, in a delicate condition, in the family way, with a baby coming, (big) with child, expecting.
- To die to pass away, to be taken, to breathe one's last, to depart this life, to close one's eyes, to yield (give) up the ghost, to go the way of all flesh, to go West.
- Drunk: intoxicated, under the influence, tipsy, mellow, fresh, high, merry, flustered, overcome, full (coll.), drunk as a lord (coll.), drunk as an owl (coll.), boiled (sl.), fried (sl.).

ANTONYMS

 Antonyms may be defined as two or more words of the same language belonging to the same part of speech and to the same semantic field, identical in style and nearly identical in distribution, associated and often used together so that their denotative meanings render contradictory or contrary notions.

ANTONYMS

- ABSOLUTE
- DERIVATIONAL

My only love sprang from my only hate Too early seen unknown, and known too late!

ANTONYMS

- A short story :: a long story
- A short man :: a tall man