


BRAZIL



A photograph of a group of indigenous dancers from Brazil, likely from the Amazon region, performing a traditional ceremony. They are wearing highly ornate headdresses made of feathers, including large black and white feathers and prominent red and orange plumes. The dancers are dressed in traditional attire, including beaded necklaces and skirts. The background is a bright, hazy outdoor setting, possibly a clearing or a large open area. The text is overlaid on the image in a white, bold, sans-serif font.

Before arrival of Europeans Brazil was occupied by Indian tribes of Arawaks and Caribs in the north, be in a stupor - guarani - on east coast and in the valley of Amazon, re - in the east and the South of the country, a panel - in the West.



The Portuguese seafarer Pedro Álvares Cabral was the first European in Brazil in 1500. In the middle of the XVI century the territory was declared by the Portuguese colony. In 1808 to Brazil, escaping from Napoleon, the king of Portugal emigrated.

Latin America



1815 – Brazil received the status of formally independent kingdom.




From 1945 to 1964 in the country there was a democratic regime, at the same time the capital of the country from Rio de Janeiro was transferred to Brasilia.



In 1974 democratic changes started happening. In 1967 the country was renamed into the Federative Republic of Brazil.

A nighttime aerial view of Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. The Christ the Redeemer statue is illuminated on the peak of Corcovado Mountain, overlooking the city and the bay. The city lights are visible, and the bay is filled with boats. The text is overlaid on the image.

The country is the member of the UN and the majority of specialized agencies of this organization, Organization of American States

A satellite-style map of South America, with the borders of Brazil highlighted in a bright yellow line. The map shows the continent's topography, including the Amazon basin and the Andes mountains. The surrounding oceans are a deep blue, and the landmasses are shown in shades of green and brown.

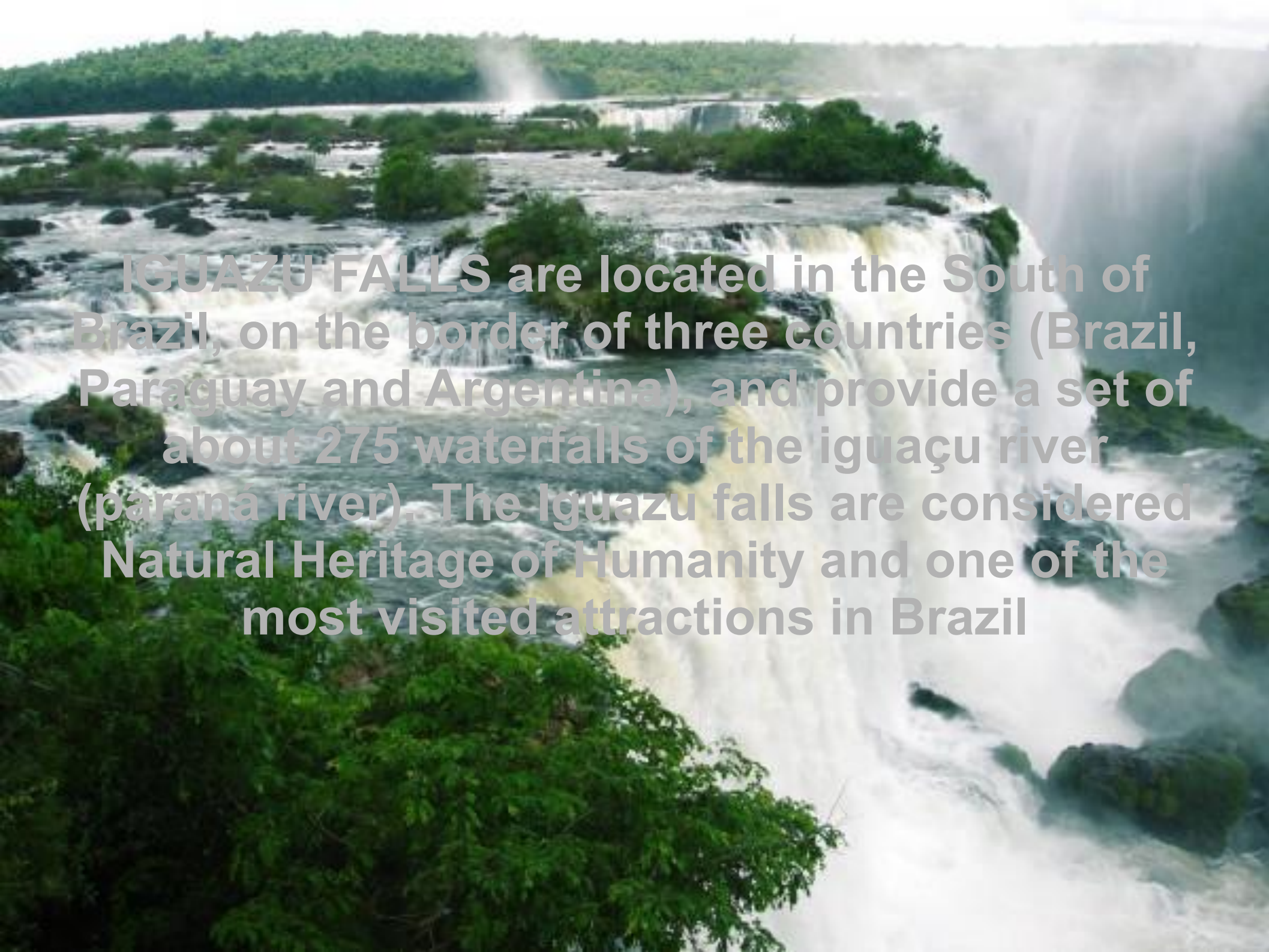
Brazil is the largest country in Latin America and fifth largest in the world. The size of Brazil - 8,514 million square kilometers.

A high-angle, night-time photograph of a massive carnival parade in a large stadium. The central focus is a large, ornate float featuring two prominent figures: one in a bright yellow costume with a tall, pointed hat, and another in a vibrant pink costume with a tall, pointed hat. The float is decorated with colorful lights, musical instruments, and other smaller figures. The float is moving through a dense crowd of spectators that fills the stadium's tiers. The scene is illuminated by bright stadium lights, creating a festive and energetic atmosphere.

In Brazil, people celebrate carnival in February or March. Every region has its own festival, but carnival in Rio is the most famous. It lasts four days and millions of people go to it, including 300000 foreign visitors. It's bigger than any other Brazilian carnival.

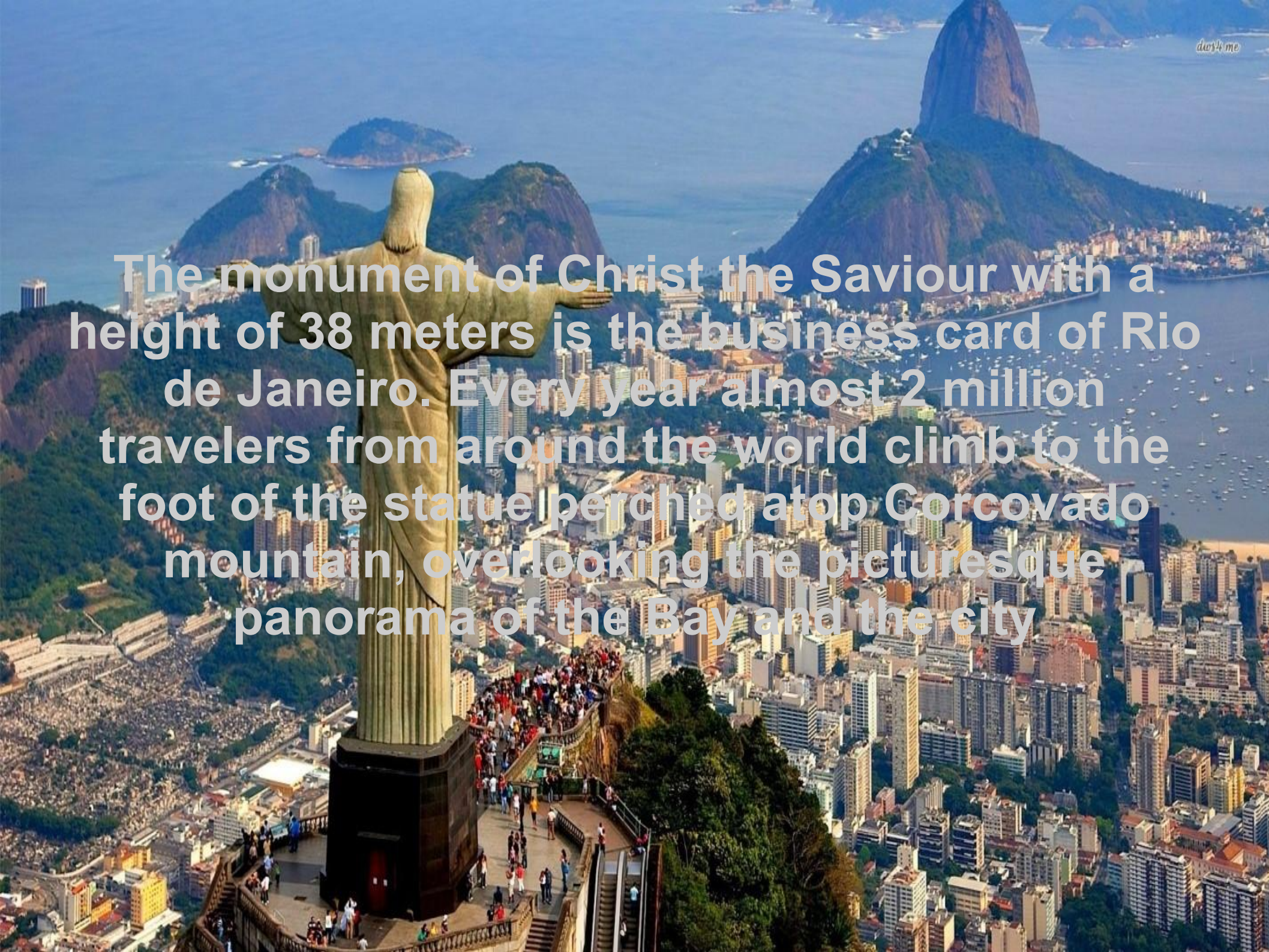
A group of samba dancers in elaborate costumes performing a parade. The dancers are wearing tall, pointed hats with blue and gold accents, and large, ruffled skirts in blue, yellow, and purple. They are holding large, pink, feathery props. The background is filled with confetti and lights, suggesting a festive atmosphere.

There are two nights of parades in the streets and in the giant samba stadium, which holds 90000 people. Each parade lasts ten to twelve hours and the judges choose the best dancers



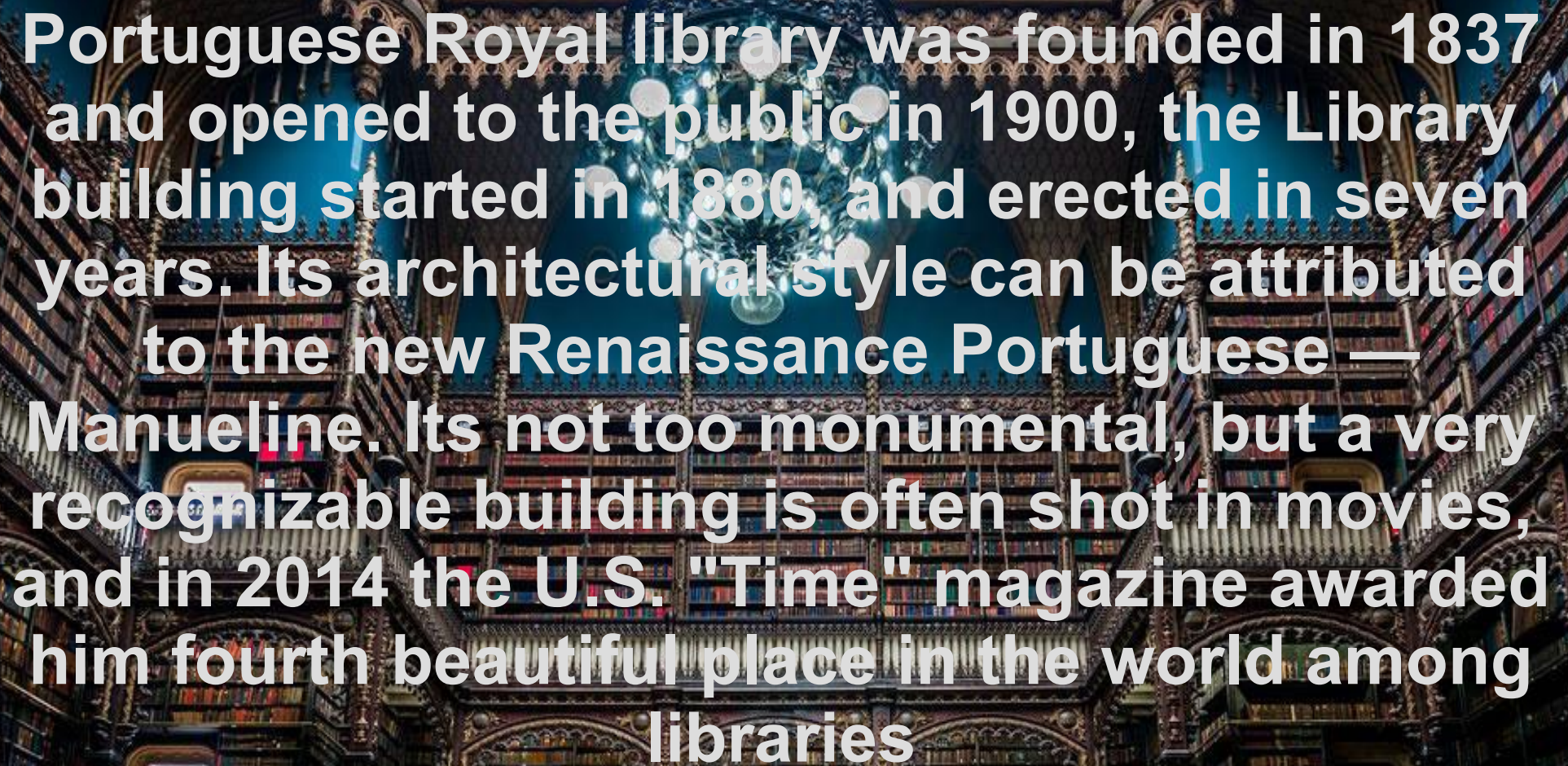
IGUAZU FALLS are located in the South of Brazil, on the border of three countries (Brazil, Paraguay and Argentina), and provide a set of about 275 waterfalls of the iguaçu river (paraná river). The Iguazu falls are considered Natural Heritage of Humanity and one of the most visited attractions in Brazil

The monument of Christ the Saviour with a height of 38 meters is the business card of Rio de Janeiro. Every year almost 2 million travelers from around the world climb to the foot of the statue perched atop Corcovado mountain, overlooking the picturesque panorama of the Bay and the city

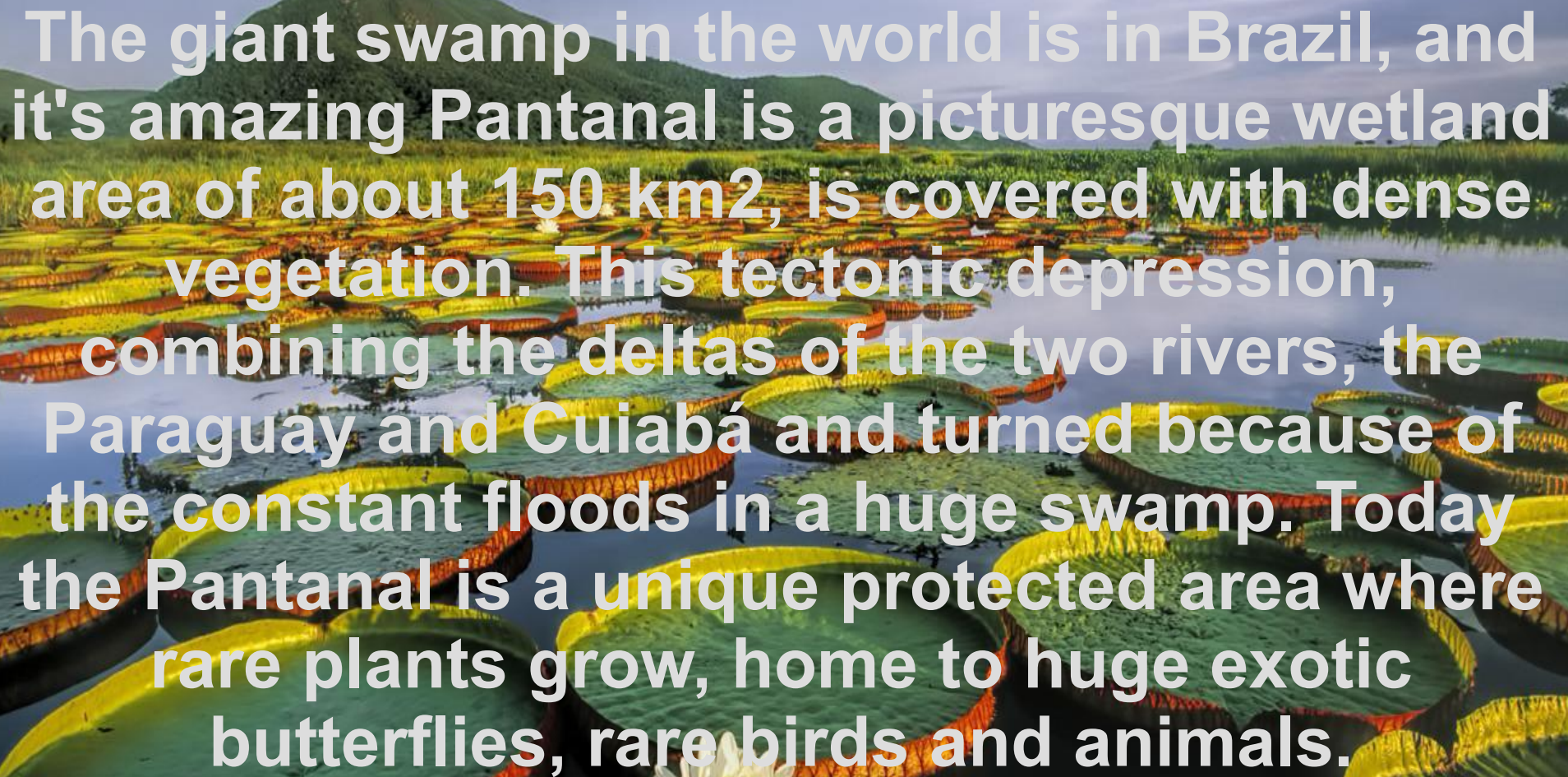


An aerial photograph of the Maracanã stadium in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. The stadium is a large, oval-shaped structure with a distinctive blue and white facade. It is surrounded by a dense urban landscape with numerous buildings and green spaces. In the background, the city is nestled between rolling hills and mountains under a clear blue sky. The text is overlaid on the image in a white, sans-serif font.

The maracanã stadium in Rio de Janeiro is not only one of the largest sports facilities in the country, but a real landmark of the city. The facility was built over 60 years ago to the world Cup in Brazil, however, and today he is amazing.

The image shows the interior of the Portuguese Royal Library, a grand multi-story building with ornate Gothic architecture. The space is filled with bookshelves on multiple levels, connected by decorative iron railings. A large, ornate chandelier hangs from the ceiling, casting a warm glow. The architecture features intricate carvings and a high vaulted ceiling with a series of windows at the top. The overall atmosphere is one of historical grandeur and intellectual pursuit.

Portuguese Royal library was founded in 1837 and opened to the public in 1900, the Library building started in 1880, and erected in seven years. Its architectural style can be attributed to the new Renaissance Portuguese — Manueline. Its not too monumental, but a very recognizable building is often shot in movies, and in 2014 the U.S. "Time" magazine awarded him fourth beautiful place in the world among libraries

The image shows a wide expanse of a wetland, likely the Pantanal in Brazil. The foreground is dominated by large, round, green lily pads floating on the water. A single, large, white flower is in bloom in the lower center. The water is dark and reflects the sky. In the background, there are rolling green hills under a blue sky with some clouds. The text is overlaid on the image in a white, bold font.

The giant swamp in the world is in Brazil, and its amazing Pantanal is a picturesque wetland area of about 150 km², is covered with dense vegetation. This tectonic depression, combining the deltas of the two rivers, the Paraguay and Cuiabá and turned because of the constant floods in a huge swamp. Today the Pantanal is a unique protected area where rare plants grow, home to huge exotic butterflies, rare birds and animals.