

Мікропроцесорна техніка

(лекція 10)
Благітко Б.Я.
2019 р

PSoC Creator 4.2
Designing with PSoC 3/5

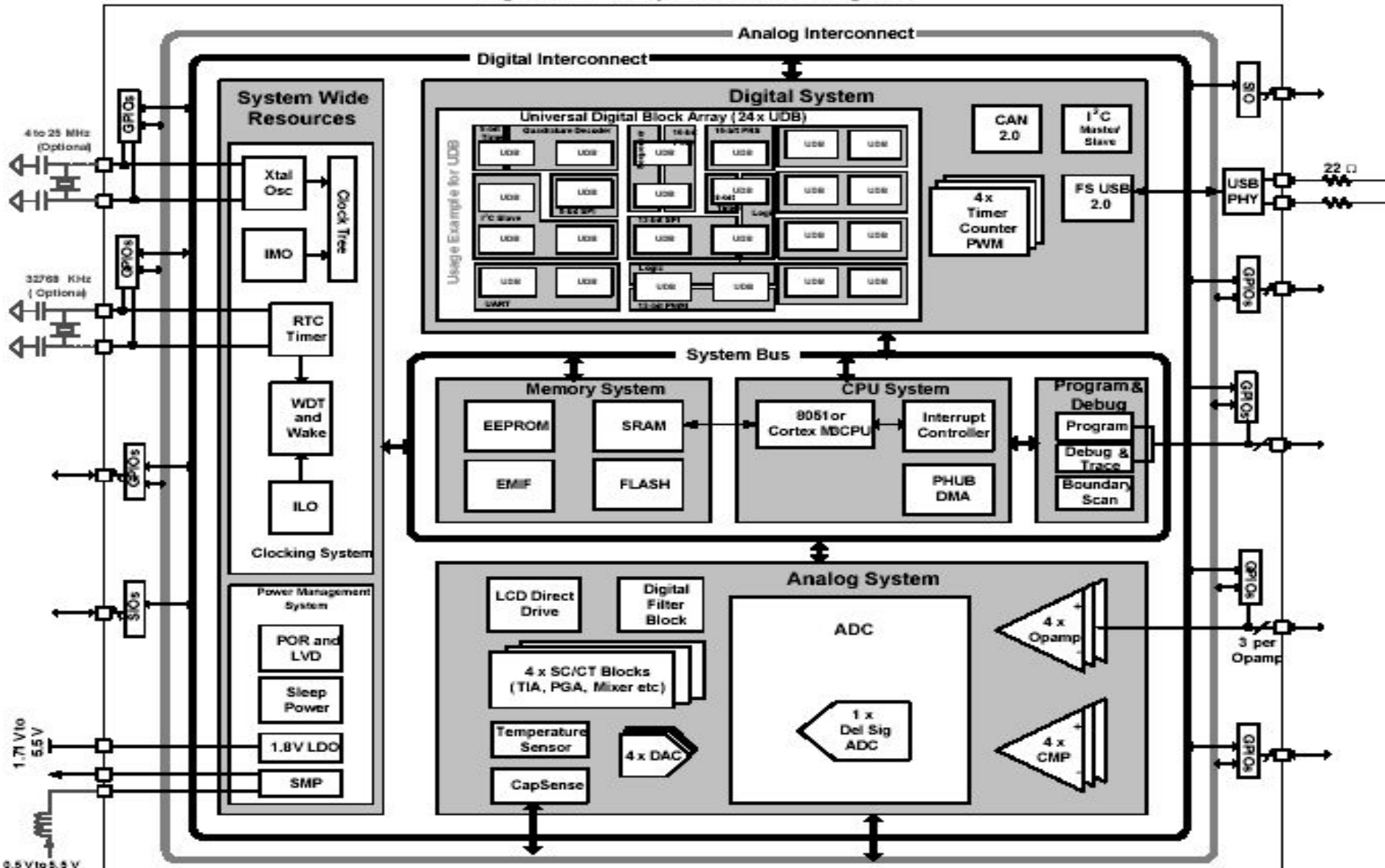


PSoC@3/5 VDAC8+DMA

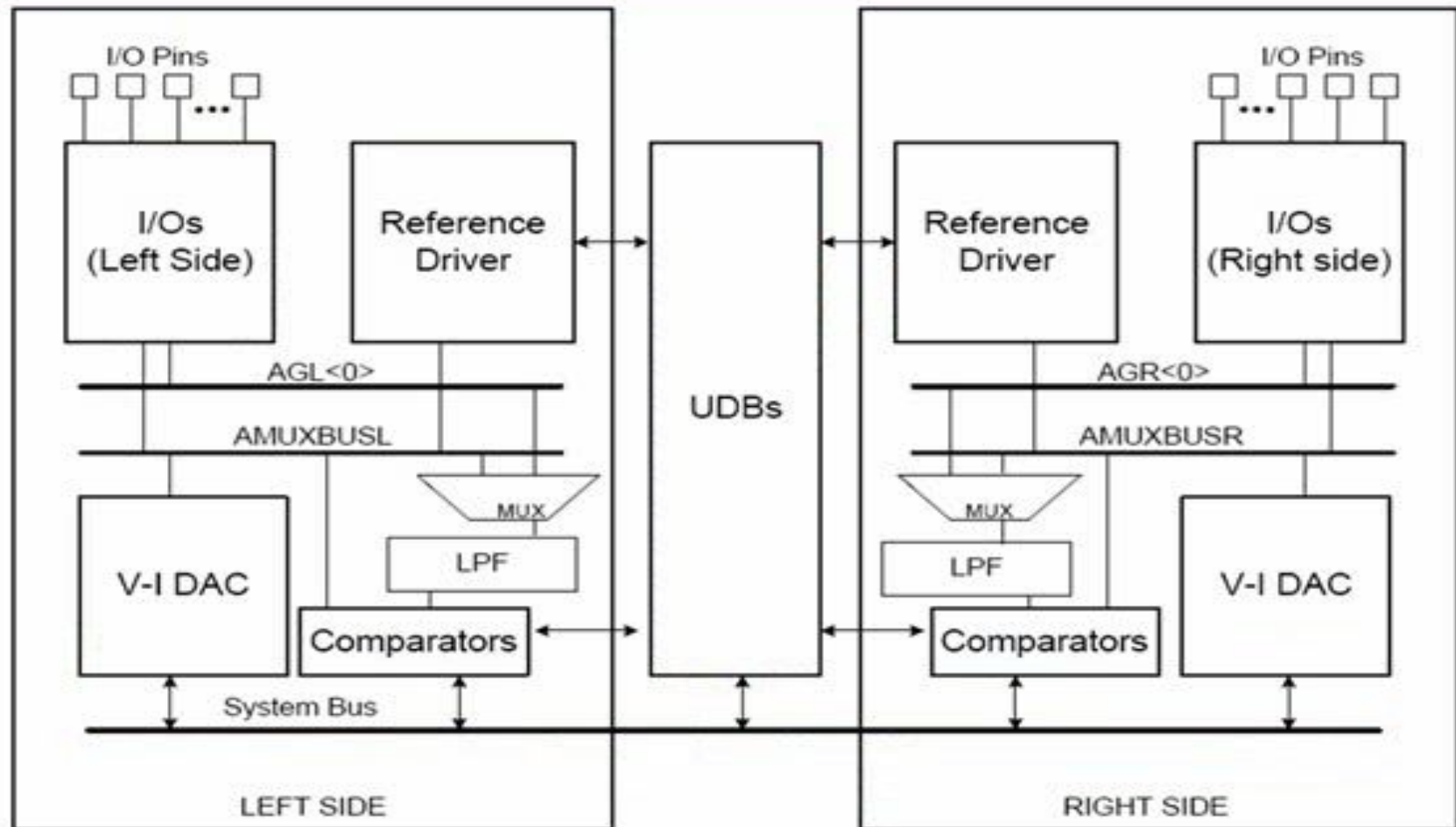
**PSoC Creator 4.2
Designing with PSoC 3/5**



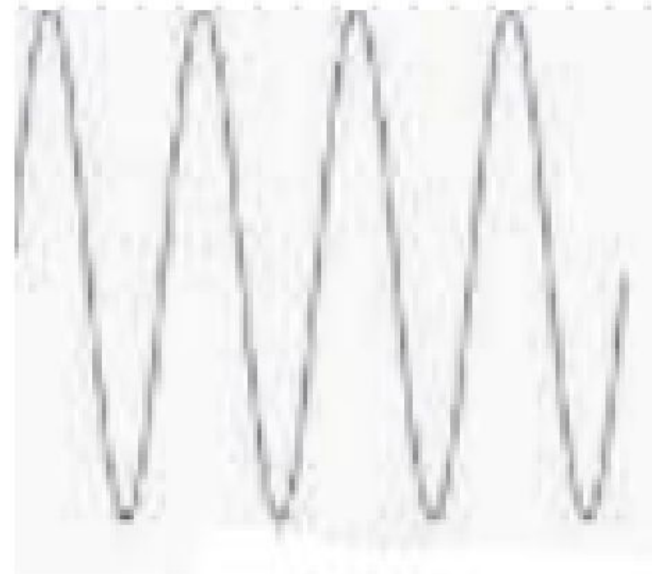
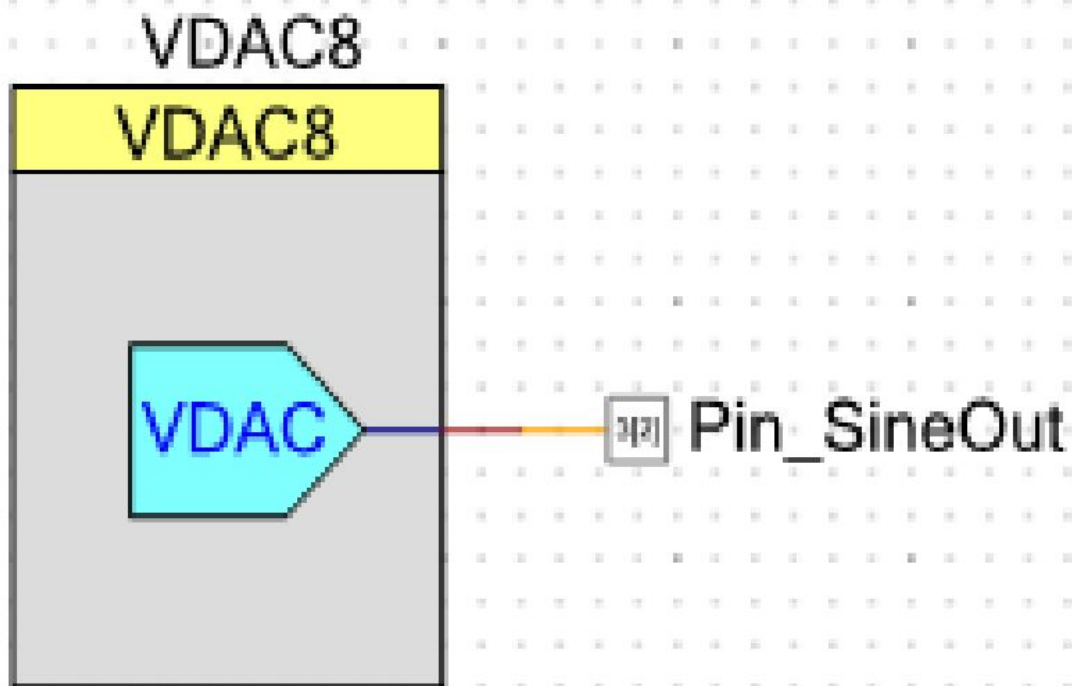
Figure 1-1. Simplified Block Diagram



CapSense in PSoC 3 / PSoC 5



DAC generates
the Sine Wave



Модуль VDAC8

Configure 'VDAC8' [?] [X]

Name:

Configure Built-in ◀ ▶

VDAC

OutPut Range

☒ 0 - 1.020 V (4 mV / bit)

☐ 0 - 4.080 V (16 mV / bit)

Speed

☐ Slow ☒ Fast

Value

mVolts

bytes

Note: Changing any value field recalculates the others

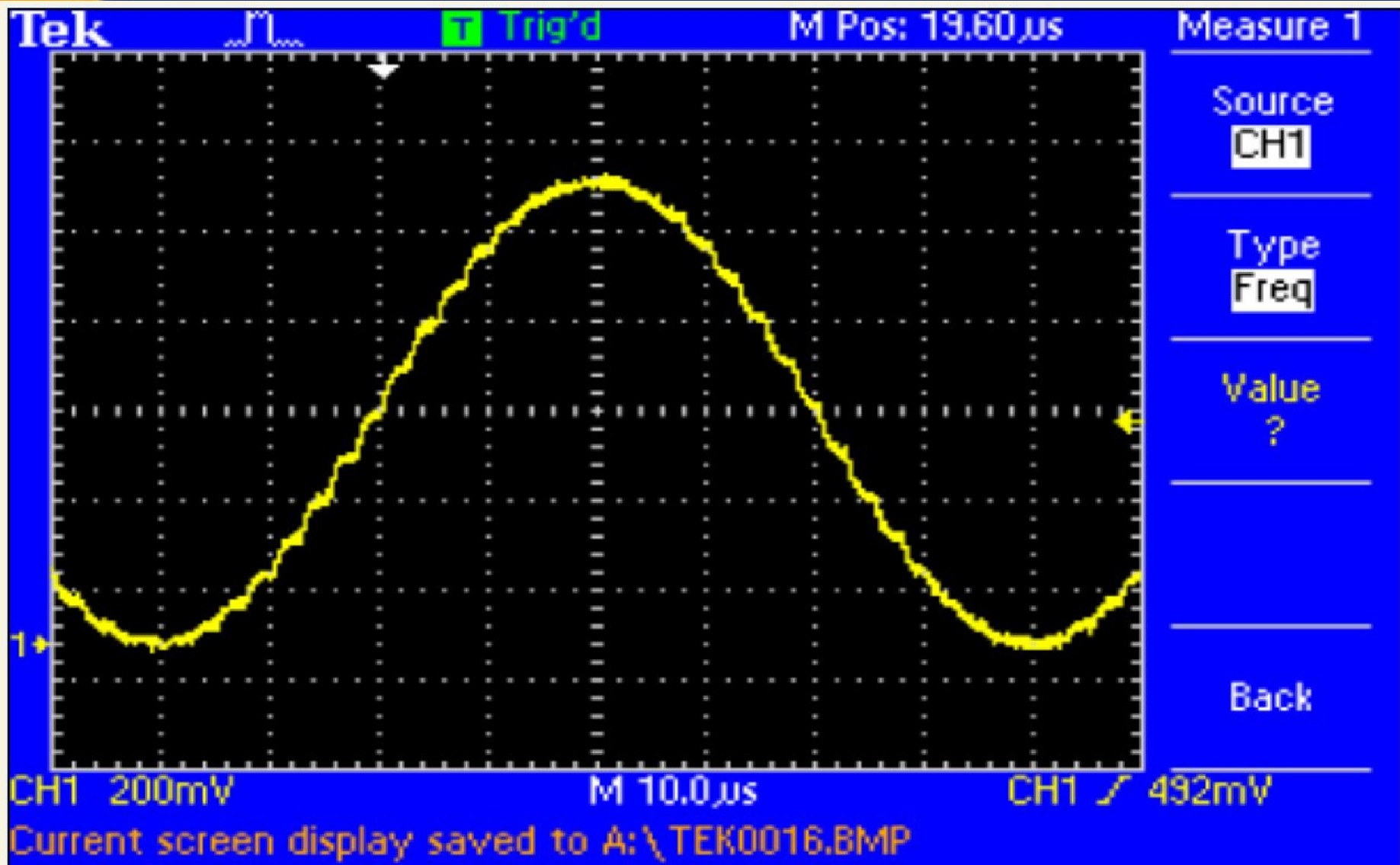
DataSource

CPU or DMA (Data E ▼)

StrobeMode

Register Write ▼

Data Sheet OK Apply Cancel



The DMA controller (DMAC) in PSoC 3 and PSoC 5LP can transfer data from a source to a destination with no CPU intervention. This allows the CPU to handle other tasks while the DMA does data transfers, thereby achieving a 'multiprocessing' environment.

The PSoC DMA Controller (DMAC) is highly flexible – it can seamlessly transfer data between memory and on chip peripherals including ADCs, DACs, Filter, USB, UART, and SPI.

There are 24 independent DMA channels.

There are 24 independent DMA channels. Each of the 24 DMA channels can independently transfer data.

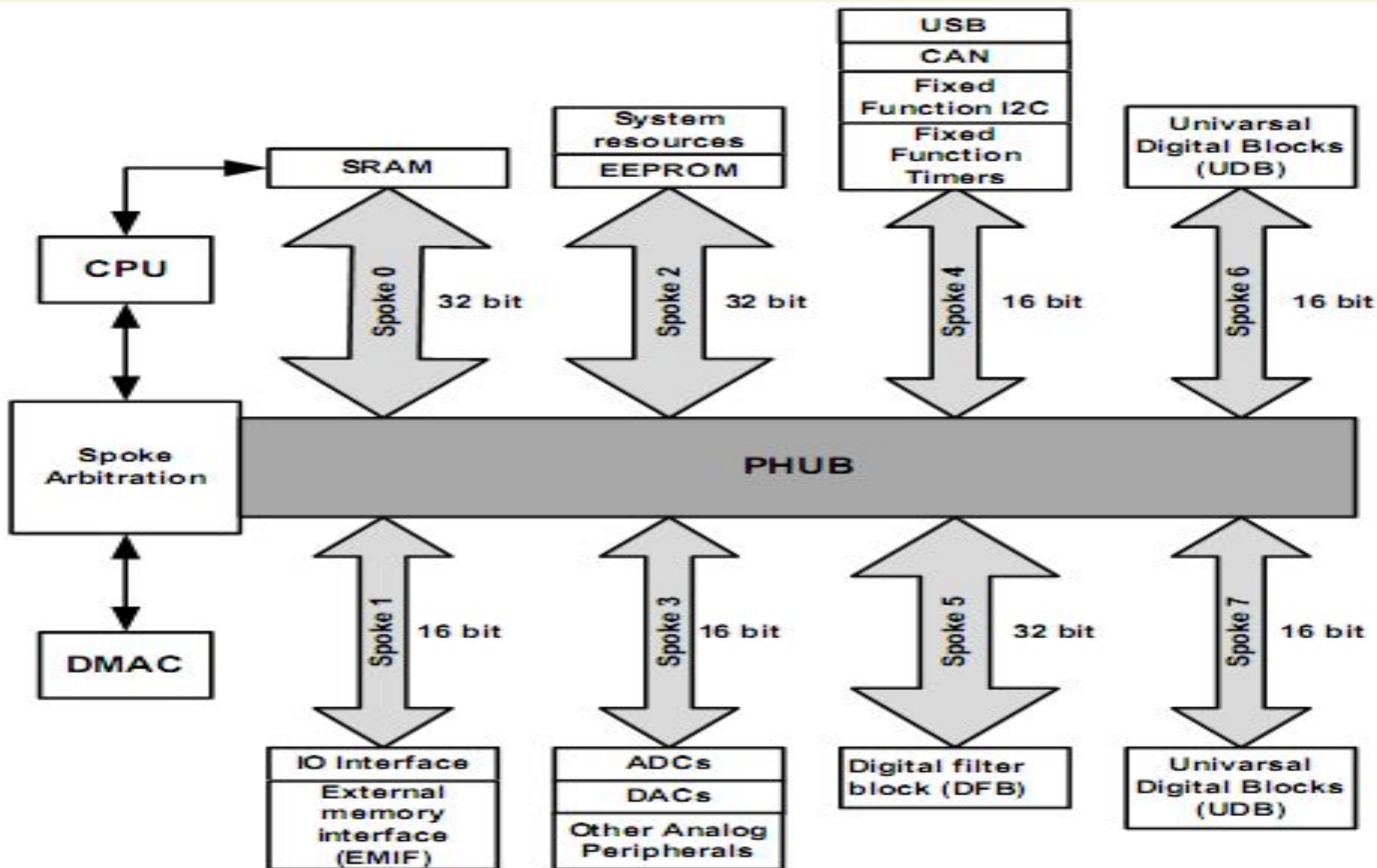
Each channel has a Transaction Descriptor (TD) chain.

The TD contains information such as source address, destination address, transfer count, and the next TD in the chain.

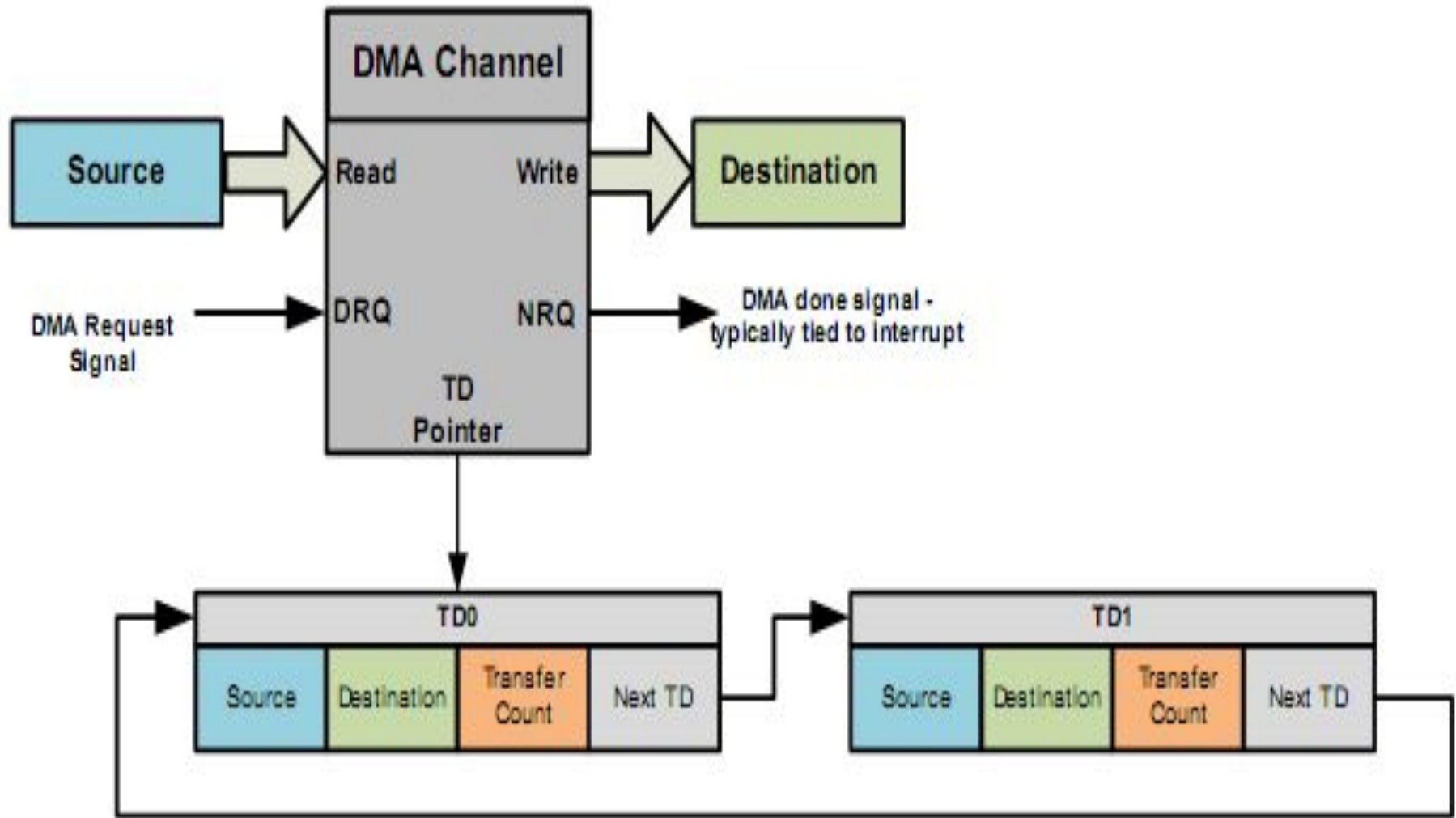
There can be as many as 128 TDs.

The combination of channel and TD describes the complete DMA transfer.

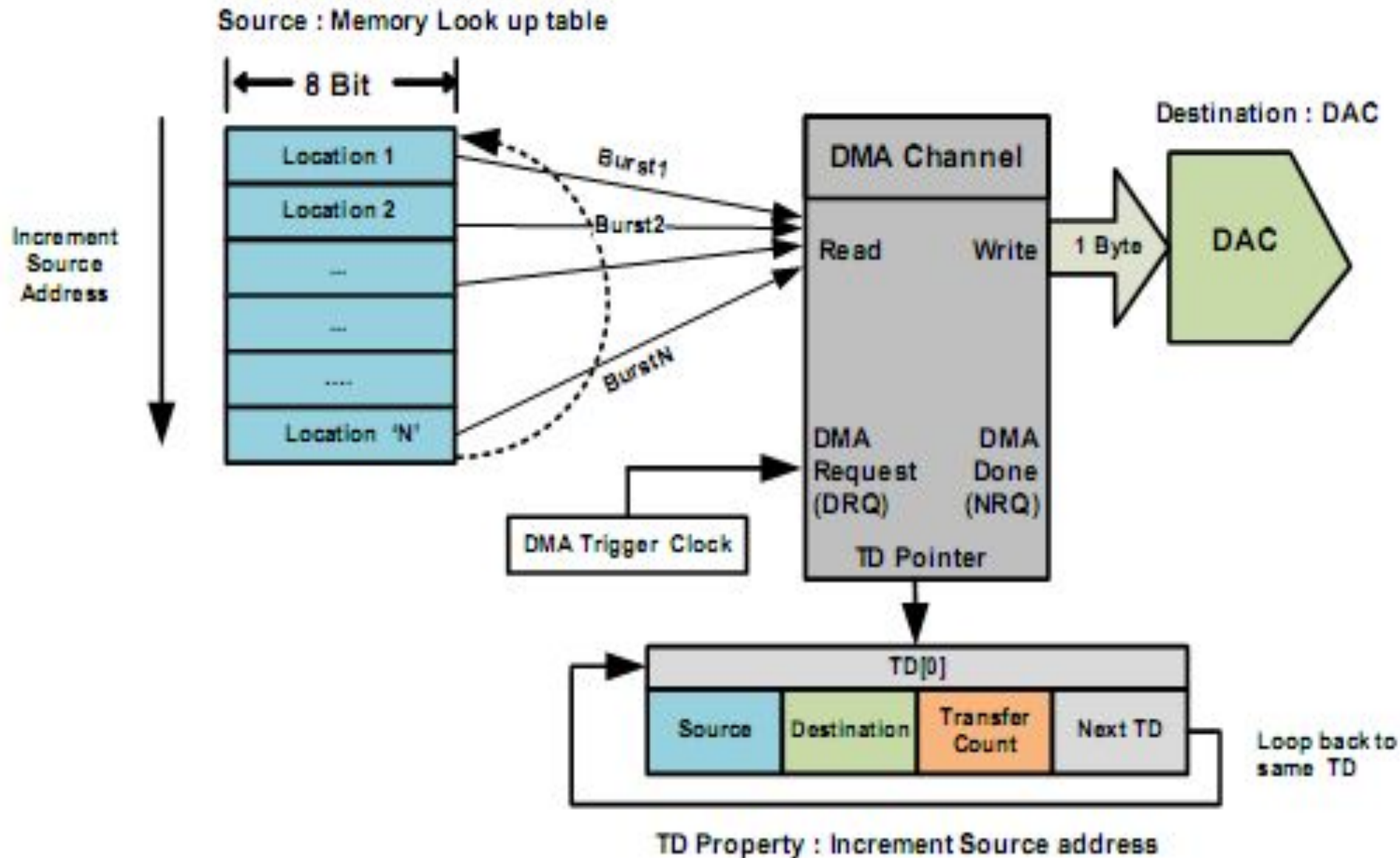
DMAC



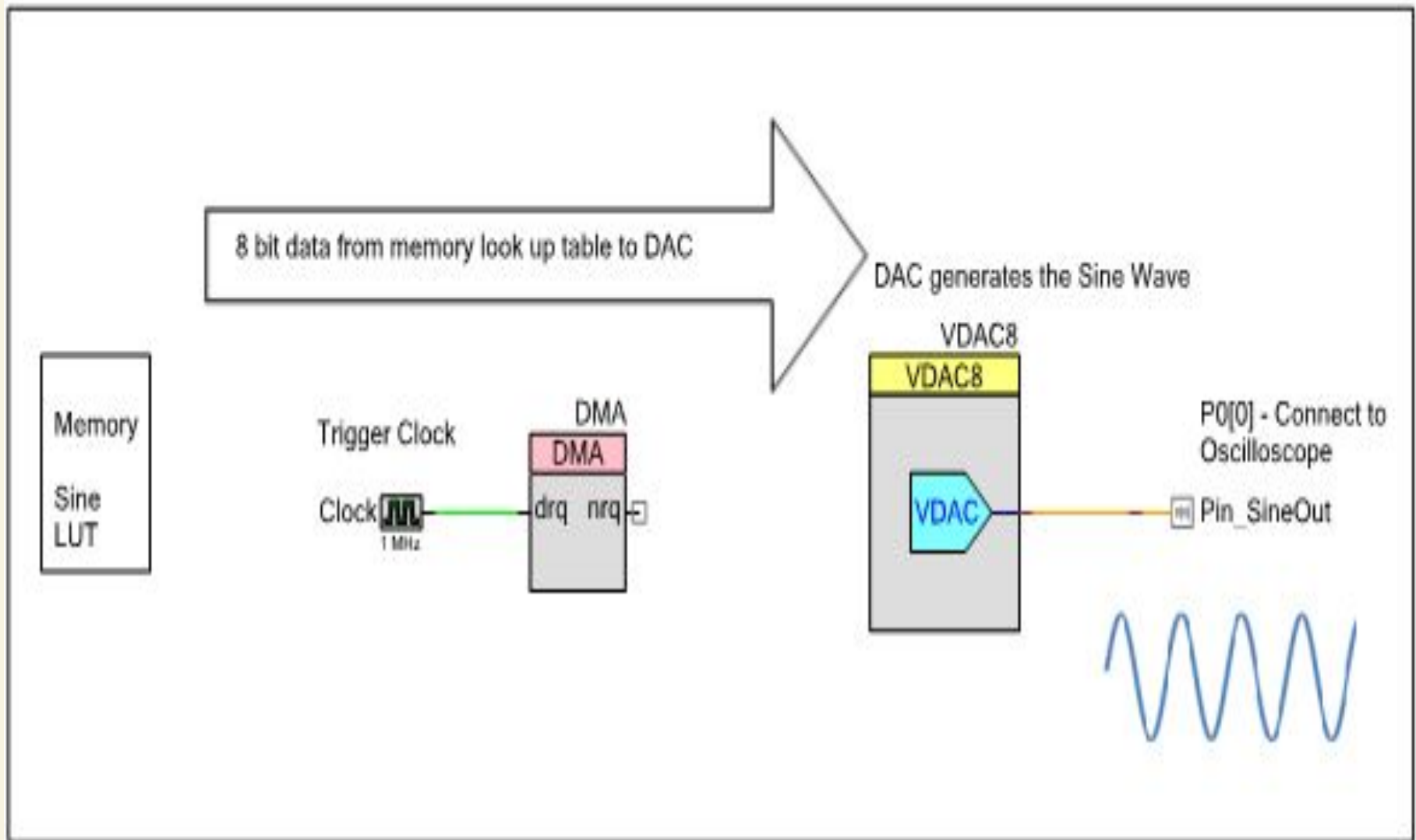
DMA Channel



Memory-to-Peripheral Transfer



Memory-to-Peripheral Transfer

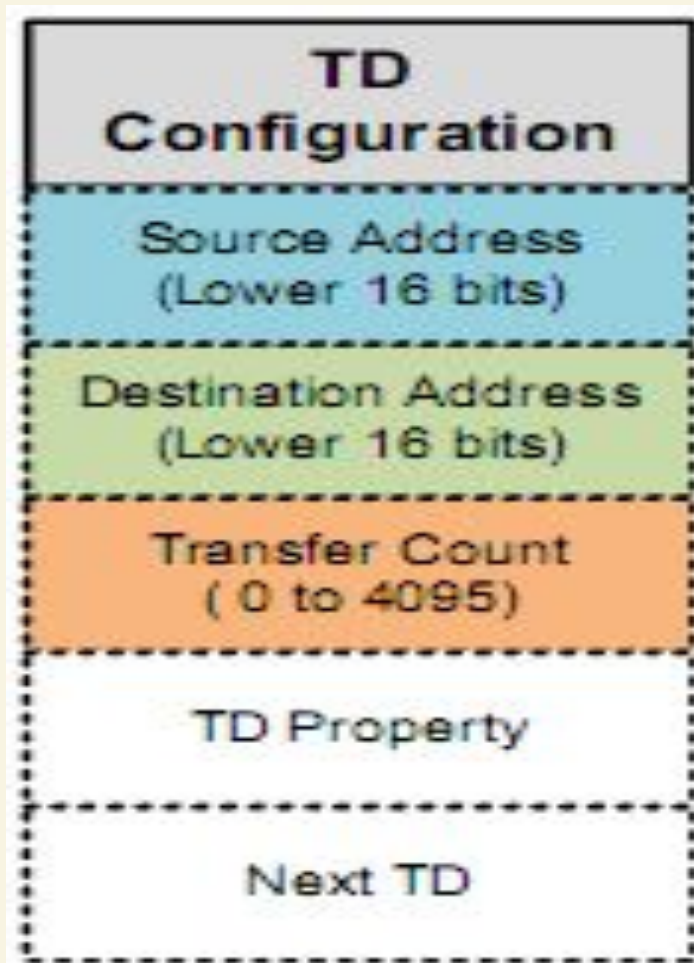


Channel Configuration

Channel Configuration
Source Address (Upper 16 bits)
Destination Address (Upper 16 bits)
Burst Count (1-127)
Request per Burst (TRUE or FALSE)
First TD of Channel
Preserve TD (TRUE or FALSE)

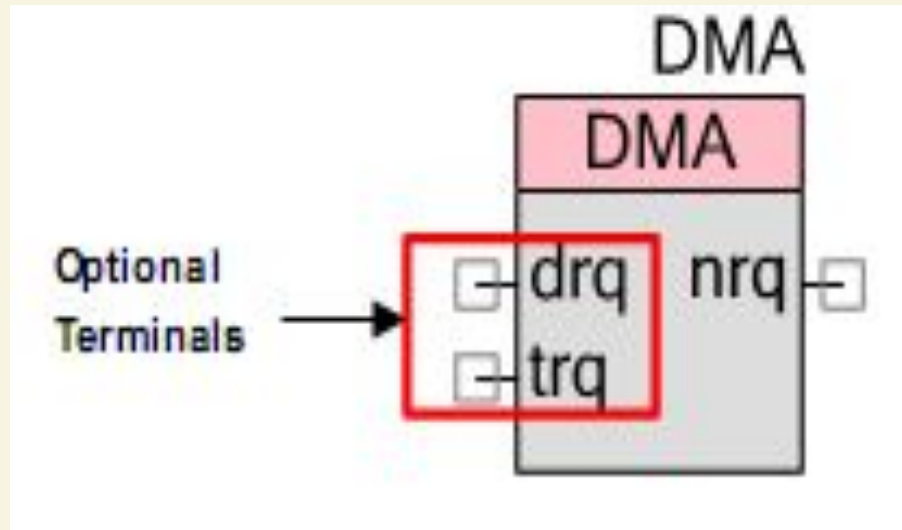
Parameter	Project Setting
Upper Source Address	HI16(CYDEV_FLS_BASE) for PSoC 3 HI16 (&sineTable) for PSoC 5LP
Upper Destination Address	HI16(CYDEV_PERIPH_BASE)
Burst Count	1 (One byte)
Request Per Burst	1 (True)
Initial TD	TD[0]
Preserve TD	1 (True)

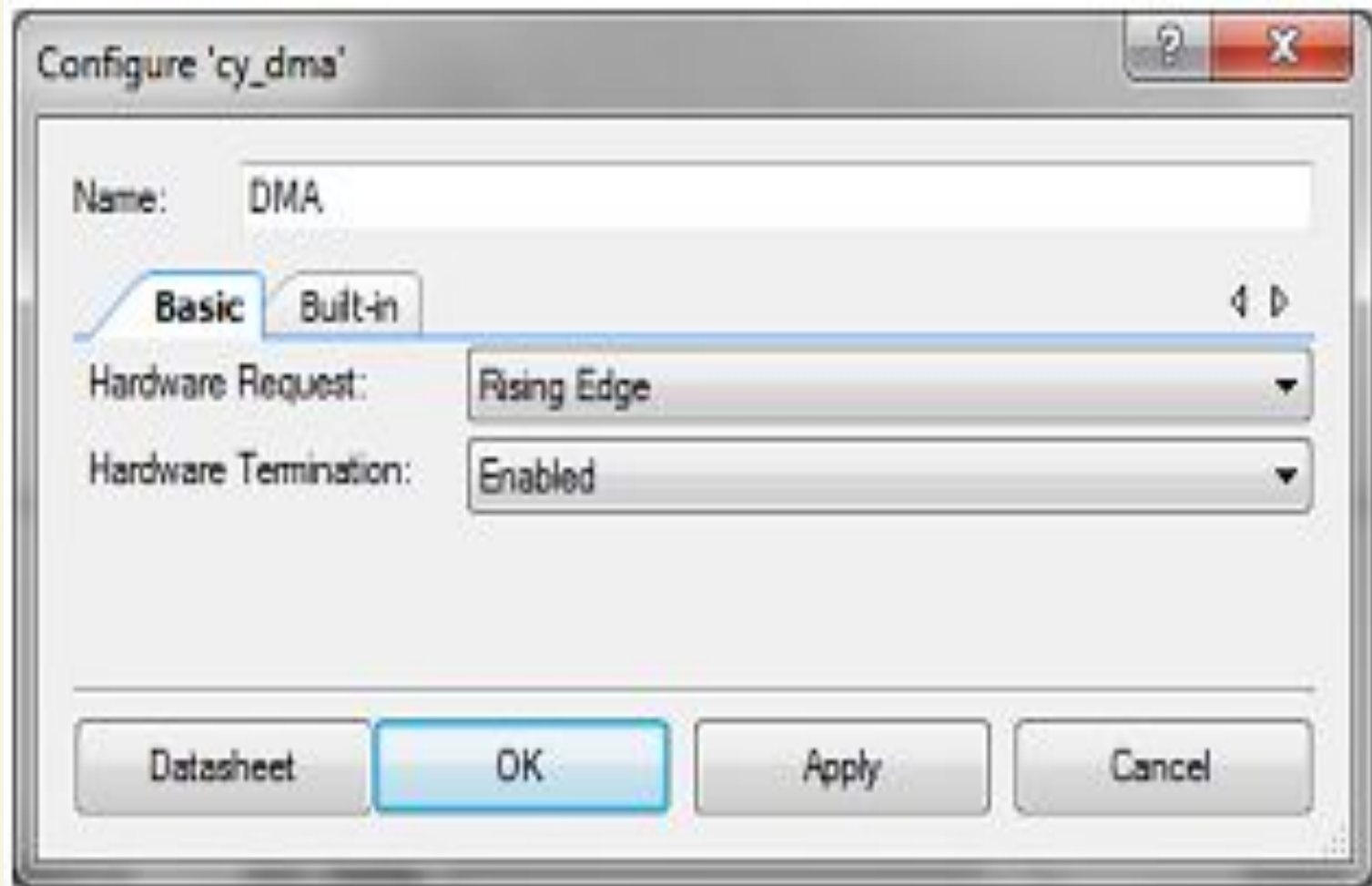
TD[0] Configuration



Parameter	Project Setting
Lower Source Address	LO16 (&sineTable)
Lower Destination Address	LO16(VDAC8_DATA_PTR)
Transfer Count	128 (No. of bytes in the sine look up table)
TD property	Increment source address (TD_INC_SRC_ADR)
Next TD	TD[0] - Loop back to the same TD again

DMA Channel Component

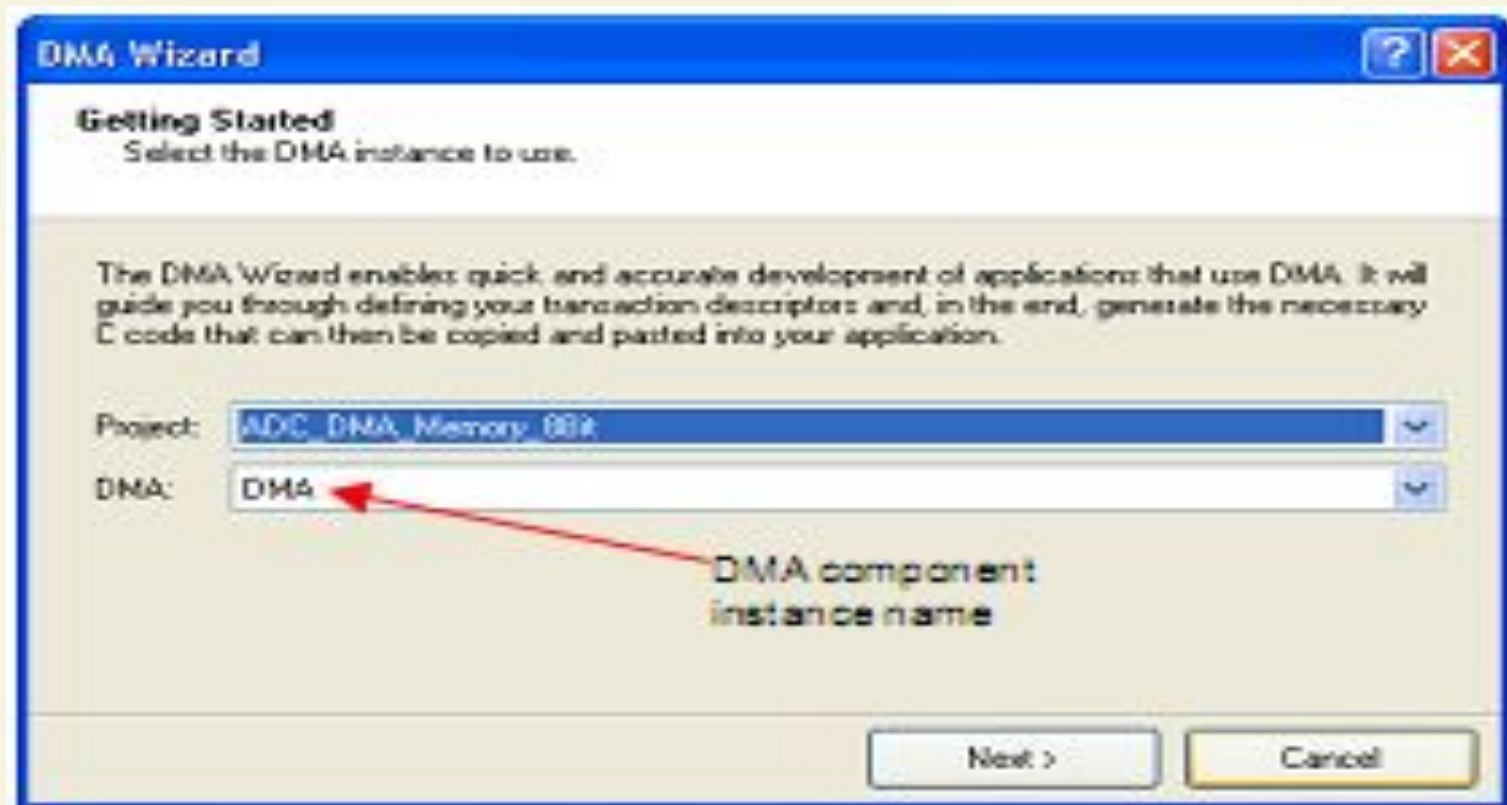




**To start the DMA wizard, go to
PSoC Creator > Tools > DMA Wizard.**

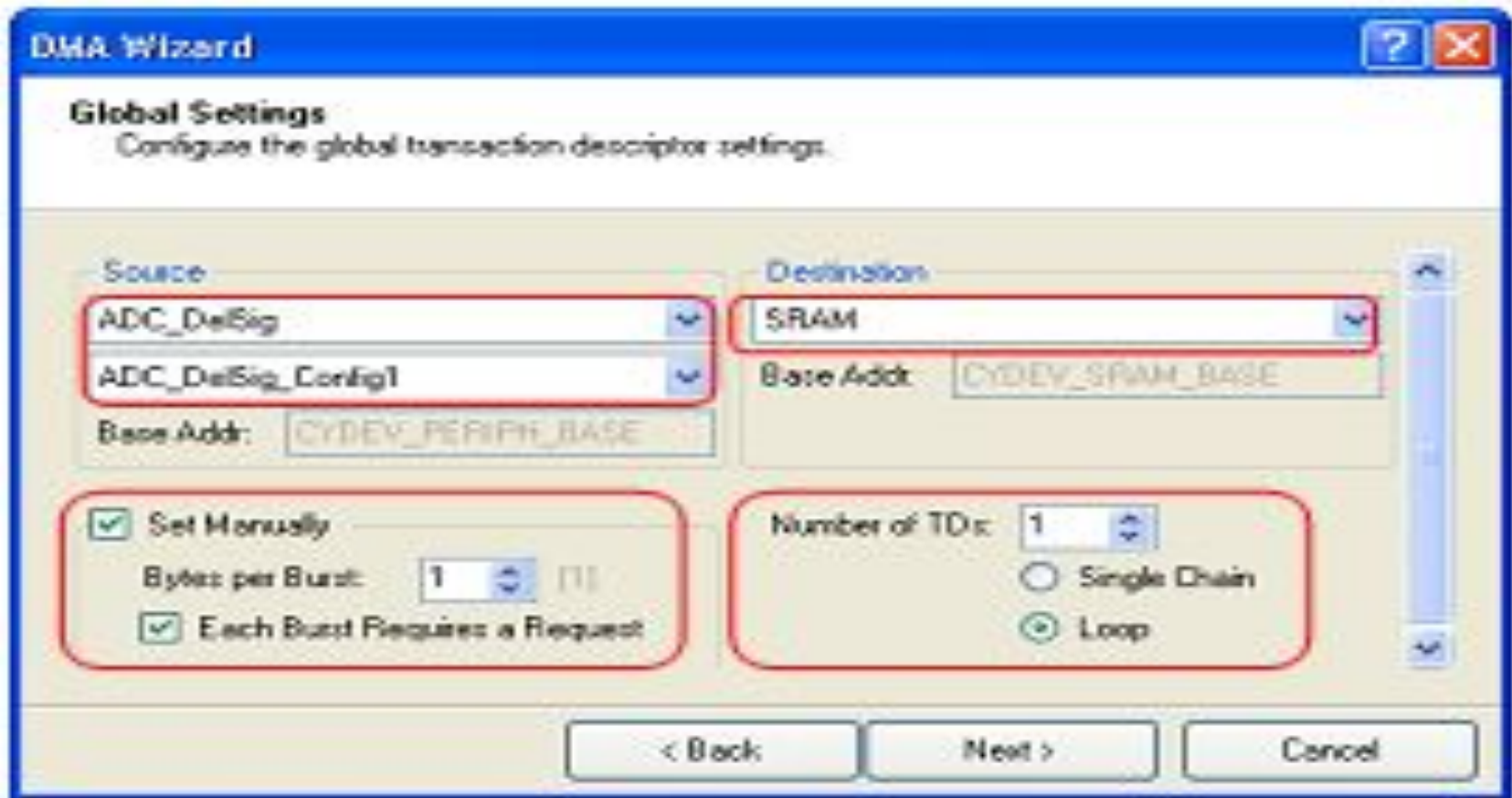
Step 1:

Select a DMA channel (DMA component instance)



**To start the DMA wizard, go to
PSoC Creator > Tools > DMA Wizard.**

Step 2: Select global settings



The image shows the 'DMA Wizard' dialog box, specifically the 'Global Settings' tab. The dialog has a blue title bar with a question mark and a close button. The main area is titled 'Global Settings' with a subtitle 'Configure the global transaction descriptor settings.' Below this, there are two main sections: 'Source' and 'Destination'. The 'Source' section has a dropdown menu with 'ADC_DeSig' selected, another dropdown with 'ADC_DeSig_Config1' selected, and a text field for 'Base Addr' containing 'CYDEV_PERIPH_BASE'. The 'Destination' section has a dropdown menu with 'SRAM' selected and a text field for 'Base Addr' containing 'CYDEV_SRAM_BASE'. Below these sections, there are two groups of settings. The first group, 'Set Manually', has a checked checkbox, a 'Bytes per Burst' spinner set to '1', and a checked checkbox 'Each Burst Requires a Request'. The second group, 'Number of TDs', has a spinner set to '1', a radio button for 'Single Chain' (which is unselected), and a radio button for 'Loop' (which is selected). At the bottom of the dialog are three buttons: '< Back', 'Next >', and 'Cancel'.

DMA Wizard

Global Settings
Configure the global transaction descriptor settings.

Source

ADC_DeSig
ADC_DeSig_Config1
Base Addr: CYDEV_PERIPH_BASE

Destination

SRAM
Base Addr: CYDEV_SRAM_BASE

☒ Set Manually
Bytes per Burst: 1 [1]
☒ Each Burst Requires a Request

Number of TDs: 1
☐ Single Chain
☒ Loop

< Back Next > Cancel

Step 3: Define the transaction descriptors for the channel

DMA Wizard [?] [X]

Transaction Descriptors
Configure the transaction descriptor settings.

TD#	Endian	Term In	Term Out	Length	Source	Inc	Destination	Inc	Auto Next	Next TD
0	04	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	End

[Reset to Defaults] [< Back] [Next >] [Cancel]

Step 3 (continue): TD Configuration Details

Field	Description
TD#	Displays the logical number for the Transaction Descriptor.
Endian	Enables 2- or 4-byte endian byte swapping. This enables swapping the byte while the data moves from source to destination. The Bytes per Burst setting must be set as a multiple of the endian selection. This is usually used for DMA transfers between PSoC 3 memory and peripherals because of the difference in endianness.
Term In	Enables ending the TD transaction on a rising edge of the TERMIN (trq) signal.
Term Out	Enables the creation of the TERMOUT (nrq) signal when the TD finishes.
Length	This specifies the transfer count for the TD in bytes (0 to 4095). This is the total number of bytes that the DMA should transfer to complete the transaction.
Source	The lower 16 bits of the source address for the DMA transfer. A drop-down list of addresses for the source is given by the DMA wizard if the source selected is a component (not memory). You can also edit or enter the source address manually.
Inc (Source)	Enables incrementing of the source address as the DMA does the transaction. If this is enabled, every time the DMA reads the data from source, the source address is incremented by the number of bytes that the DMA has read. The DMA increments the source address until the entire transaction (transfer count) is finished.
Destination	The lower 16 bits of the source address for the DMA transfer. A drop-down list of addresses for the destination is given by the DMA wizard if the destination selected is a component (not memory). You can also edit or enter the destination address manually.
Inc(Destination)	Enables incrementing of the destination address as the DMA does the transaction. The DMA increases the destination address until the entire transaction (transfer count) is finished.
Auto Next	Automatically execute the next TD without another DMA request.
Next TD	The next logical TD in the chain of TDs. Set to END if this TD chain is finished with this TD.

Step 4: Copy the code created by the DMA Wizard

After the DMA channels and TD configuration are finished, the wizard creates code for the DMA channel.

This code includes the configuration for the DMA channel and the TDs.

The code is generated in a window in the DMA Wizard dialog.

To use the code, select all in the window, copy it, and paste it in your main.c

Follow the below steps to do this:

- **The Lab already has the LCD Character component installed and configured.**
- **Add aVDAC8 component from the component catalog.**
- **In the general tab, configure theVDAC8 component as in the image below**

PSoC Creator 2.1

File Edit View Debug Project Build Tools Window Help

Workspace Explorer

Source Components Datasheets Results

Start Page

PSoC® Creator™

Recent Projects

- HelloWorld_Blinky01.cywrk
- CapSense_CSD_Design01...
- CapSense_CSD_Design01...
- CharLCD_CustomFont01.c...
- CharLCD_CustomFont01.c...

Create New Project...

Open Existing Project...

Getting Started

- PSoC Creator Start Page
- Quick Start Guide
- Intro to PSoC
- Intro to PSoC Creator
- PSoC Creator Training
- Help Tutorials
- Getting Started With PSoC 3
- Getting Started With PSoC 5

Examples and Kits

- Find Example Project...
- No Kit Packages Installed

简体中文 日本語 한국어 English

PSoC Creator News and Information

Happy Lunar New Year!

Posted on 02/11/2013

Gong Xi Fa Cai! As many of my friends and colleagues are celebrating the New Year and welcoming in the year of the water snake, I wanted to take a minute and wish you all well. May the New Year bring each of you prosperity, good luck and a new PSoC design.

[Read More](#)

Tips + Tricks: Menu Customization

Posted on 01/24/2013

Did you know you can create a customized menu in PSoC® Creator? Right click in a blank area of the top menu and select customize from the

Notice List

0 Errors 0 Warnings

De... File Error L

Output

Show output from: All

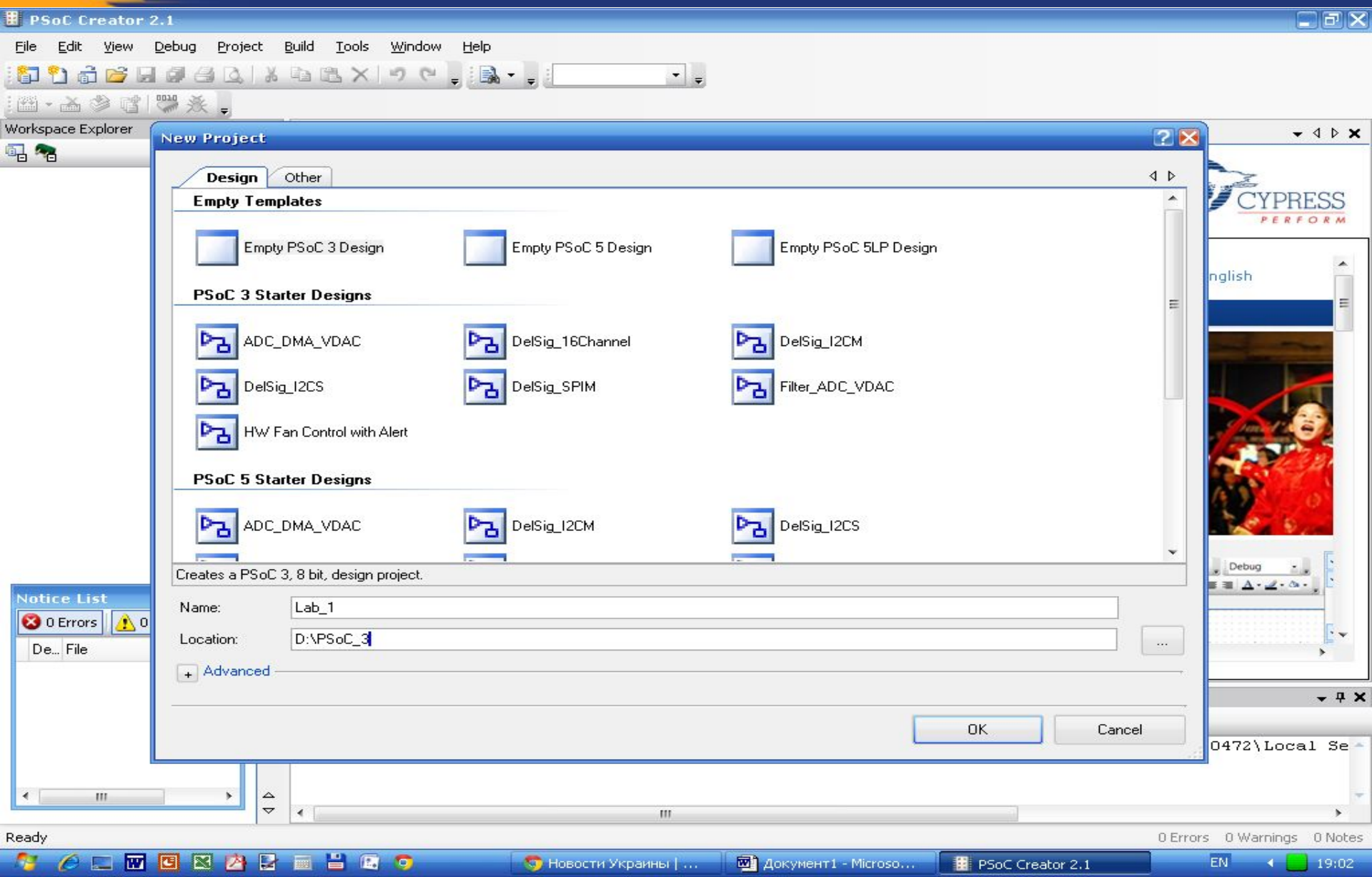
Log file for this session is located at: C:\Documents and Settings\Admin.MICROSOFT-7D0472\Local Se

Ready

0 Errors 0 Warnings 0 Notes

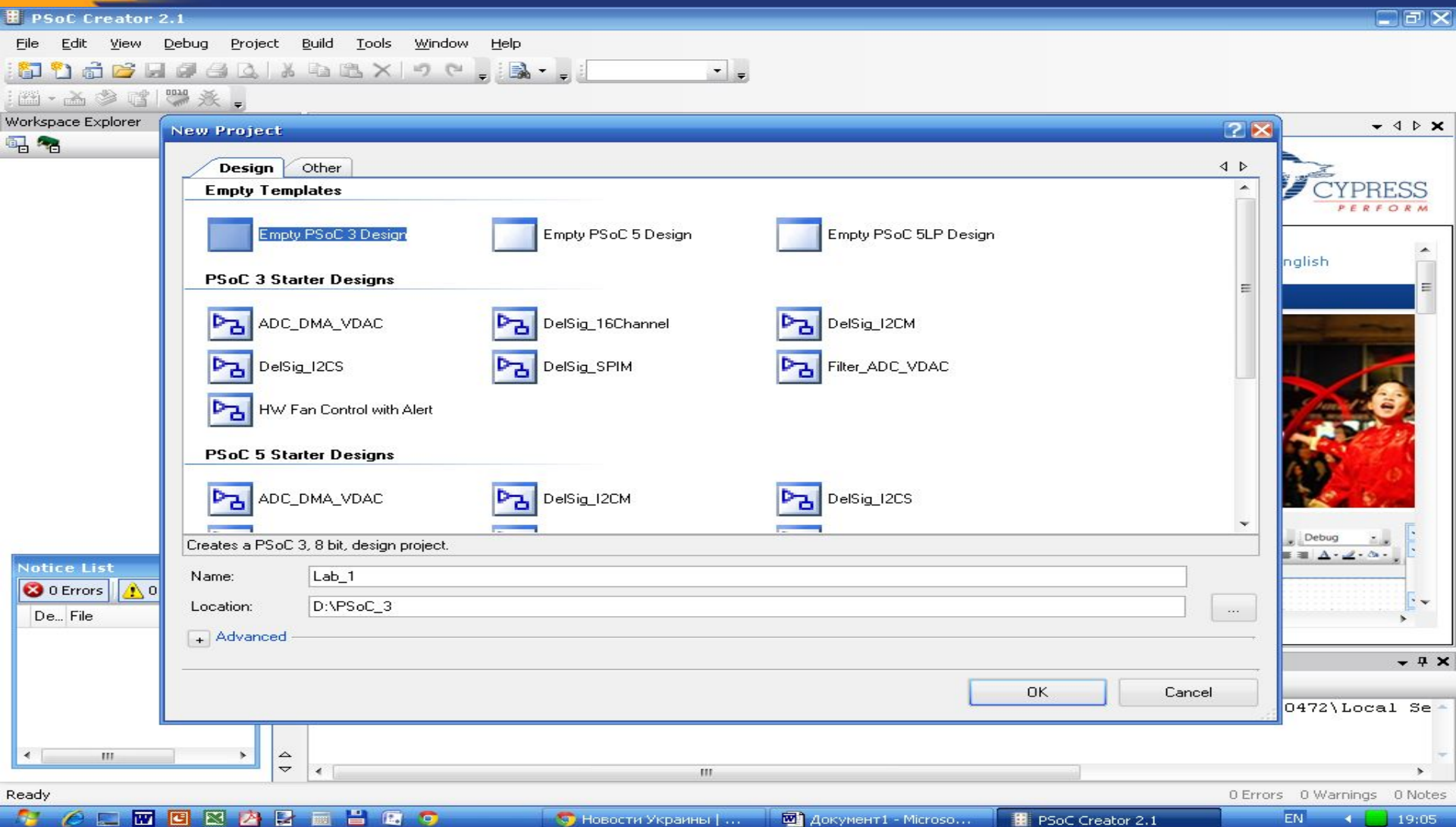
EN 18:57

File – New - Projekt






Empty PSoC 3.3 Design



Component Update Tool

The project you are loading may contain components that are out of date. We strongly recommend you check for and apply any available component updates. Out of date components may contain defects or incompatibilities that could affect your design.

Name	Available Versions
 Eg3_Mem_DMA_DAC	
 TopDesign	
 VDAC8	
 VDAC8 [v 1.90]	1.90
 cy_clock	
 Clock [v 2.20]	2.20
 cy_dma	
 DMA [v 1.70]	1.70
 cy_pins	
 Pin_SineOut [v 2.0]	2.5
 cy_boot [v 4.10]	4.11

☒ Archive before committing

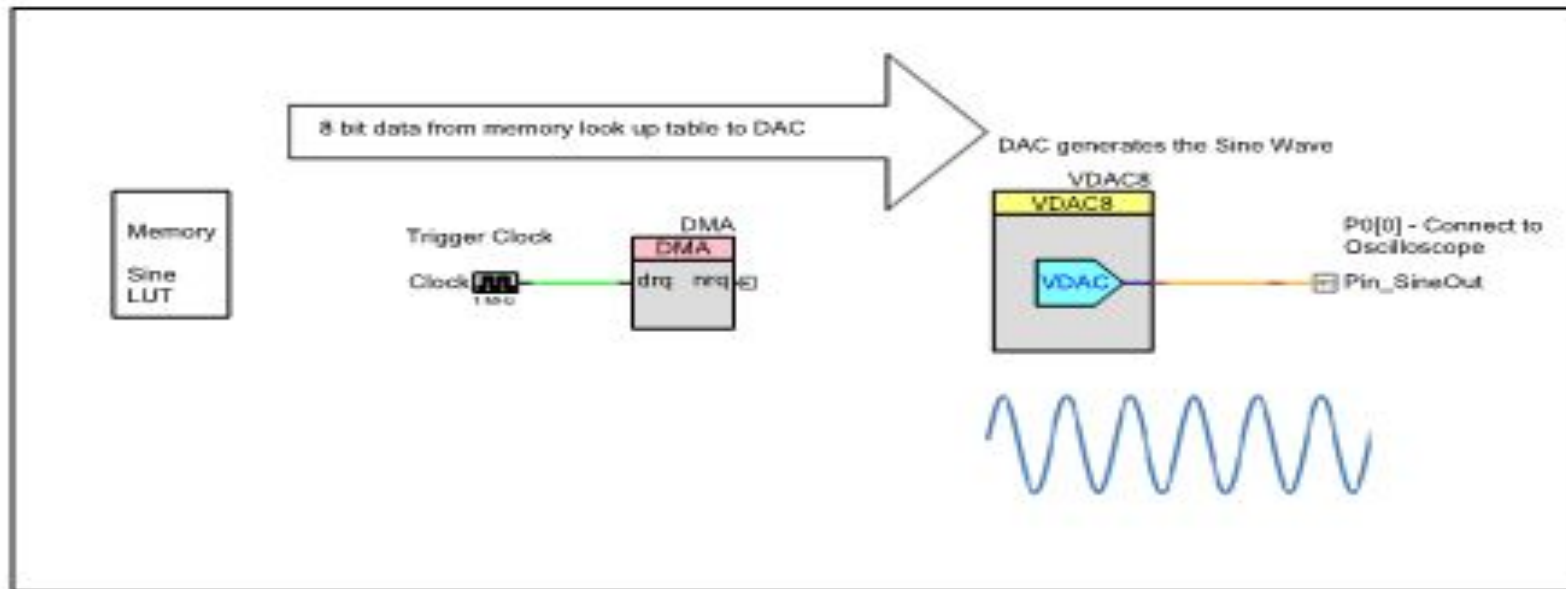
Back

Next

Cancel

VDAC8+DMA

Eg3_Mem_DMA_DAC



Note: If you have to drive resistive load, it is recommended to buffer VDAC output using an Opamp before routing the signal to a pin

Configure 'VDAC8' ? X

Name:

Configure Built-in ◀ ▶

Range

☒ 0 - 1.020 V (4 mV / bit)

☐ 0 - 4.080 V (16 mV / bit)

Speed

☐ Slow Speed

☒ High Speed

Value

mV:

8 bit Hex:

Note: Changing any value field recalculates the other

Data Source

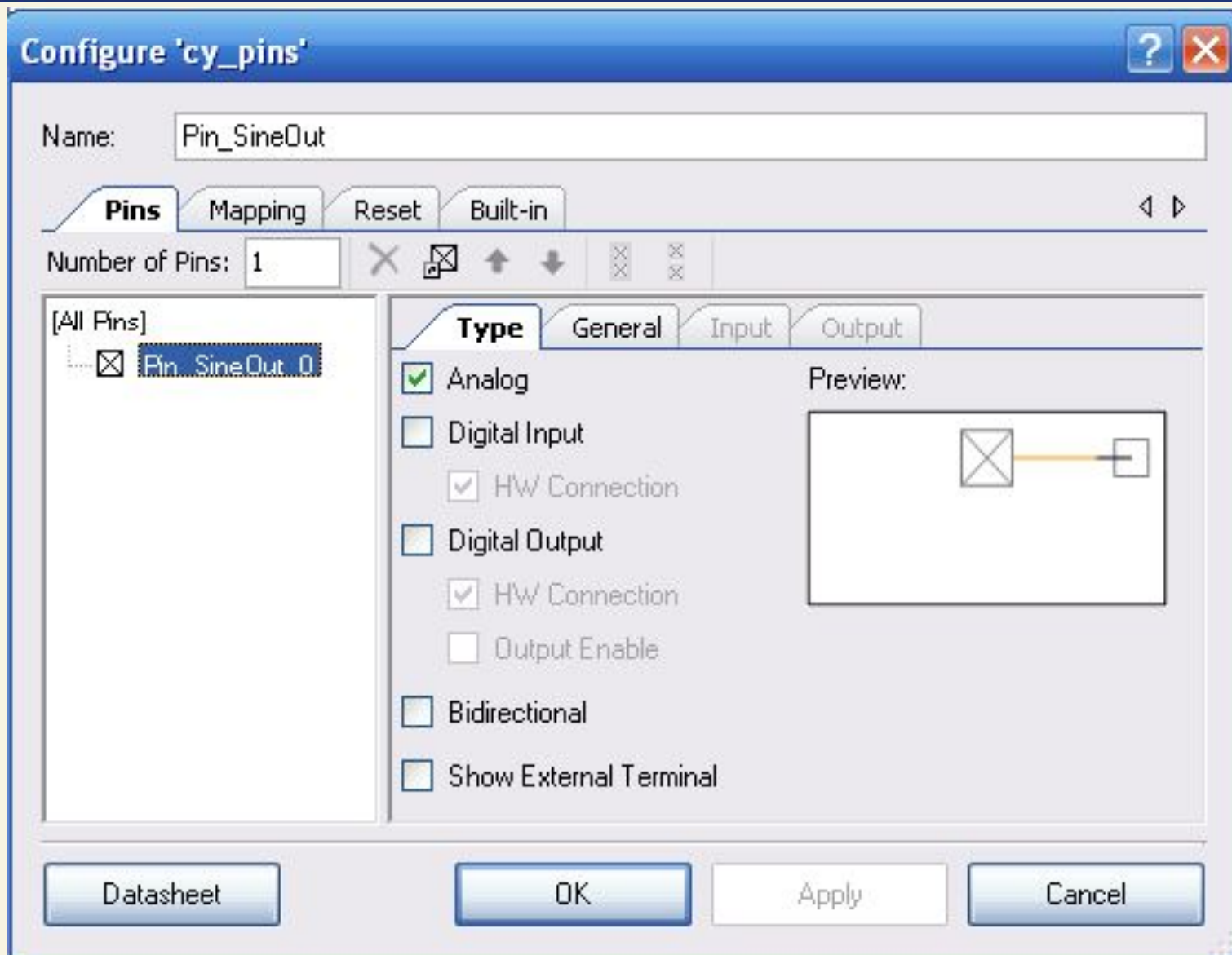
☐ DAC Bus

☒ CPU or DMA (Data Bus)

Strobe Mode

☐ External

☒ Register Write



Configure 'cy_dma' ? ✕

Name:

Basic Built-in ◀ ▶

Hardware Request: ▼

Hardware Termination: ▼

Configure 'cy_clock'

Name:

Basic | Advanced | Built-in

Clock type: ☒ New ☐ Existing

Source:

Specify: Frequency:

☒ Tolerance: - +

Summary
API Generated: Yes
Uses Clock Tree Resource: Yes

By default, all clocks are marked as 'start on reset'. The setting can be changed in the Design Wide Resources editor.

Configure 'cy_clock'

Name:

Basic **Advanced** Built-in

☐ Force clock to be Analog Clock. (This option provides an auxiliary digital clock output.)

☒ Sync with MASTER_CLK

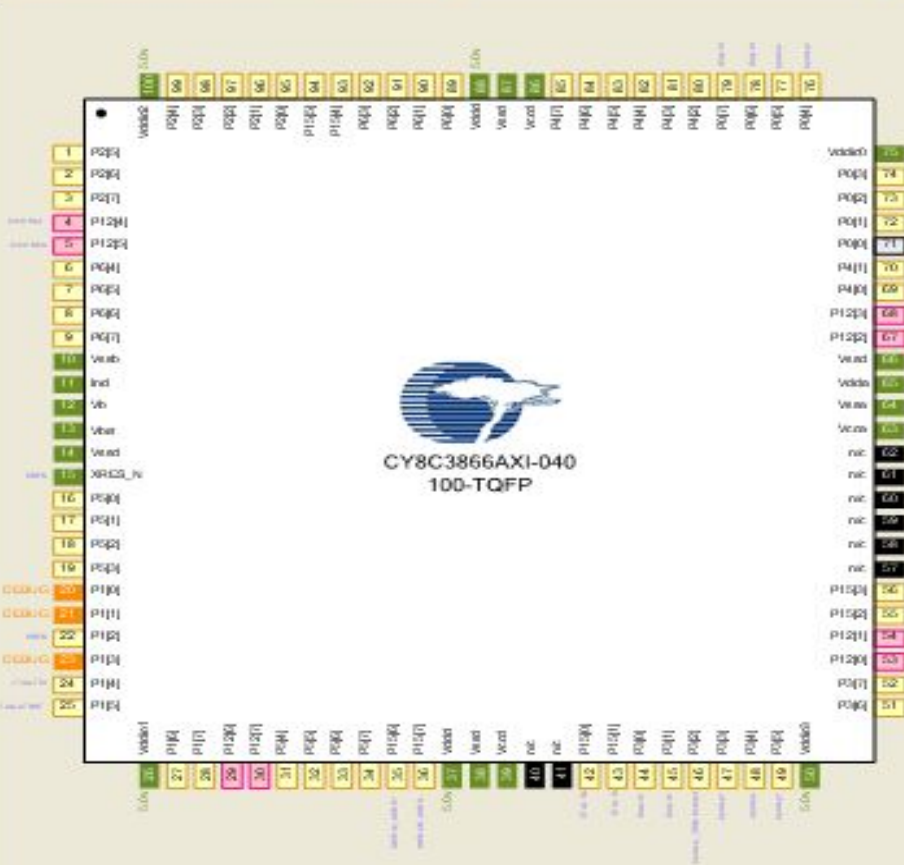
The clock distribution network produces a master clock, MASTER_CLK, used for resynchronization. This clock is not intended for clocking circuitry outside of the clock distribution network. Output clocks can be phase aligned to this clock. Normally MASTER_CLK should be the highest frequency clock in the chip.

Generally, all clocks used in the chip must be derived from the same source, or synchronized to the main fast clk_sync clock (MASTER_CLK).

By setting this parameter to false this clock becomes an unsynchronized, divided clock.

Datasheet OK Apply Cancel

Start Page
TopDesign.cysch
Eg3_Mem_..._DAC.cydwr



CY8C3866AXI-040
100-TQFP

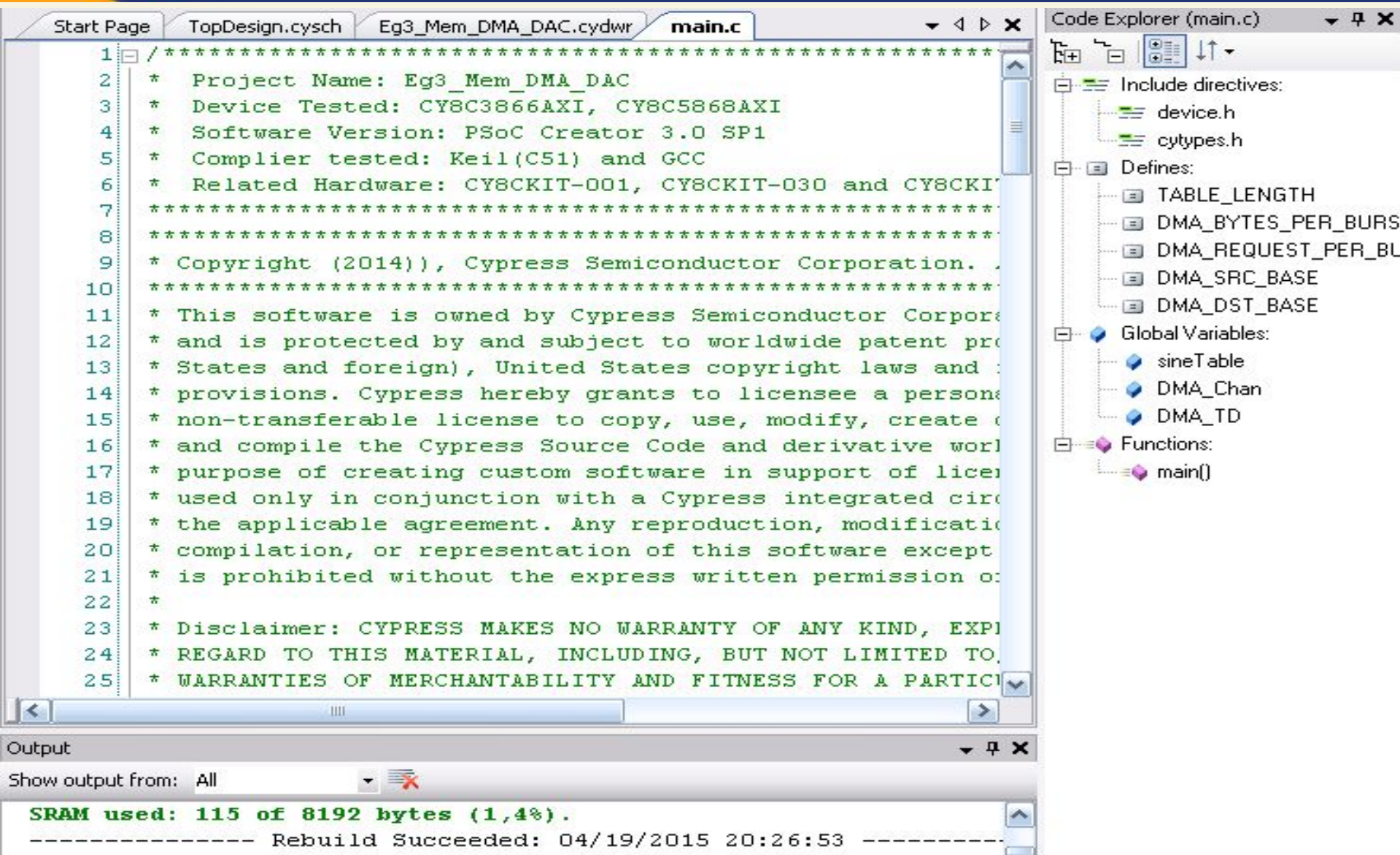
Alias	Name	Port	Pin	Lock
	Pin_SineOut	P0[0] OpAmp:out	71	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Pins
 Analog
 Clocks
 Interrupts
 DMA
 System
 Directives
 Flash Security
 EEPROM

Output

Show output from: All

-----Components are updated successfully-----



The screenshot displays the Cypress IDE interface. The main editor window shows the `main.c` file with the following content:

```

1  / *****
2  *   Project Name: Eg3_Mem_DMA_DAC
3  *   Device Tested: CY8C3866AXI, CY8C5868AXI
4  *   Software Version: PSoC Creator 3.0 SP1
5  *   Compiler tested: Keil(C51) and GCC
6  *   Related Hardware: CY8CKIT-001, CY8CKIT-030 and CY8CKIT-040
7  *****
8  *****
9  * Copyright (2014)), Cypress Semiconductor Corporation. All rights reserved.
10 *****
11 * This software is owned by Cypress Semiconductor Corporation
12 * and is protected by and subject to worldwide patent protection
13 * States and foreign), United States copyright laws and
14 * provisions. Cypress hereby grants to licensee a personal,
15 * non-transferable license to copy, use, modify, create
16 * and compile the Cypress Source Code and derivative works
17 * purpose of creating custom software in support of licensee's
18 * used only in conjunction with a Cypress integrated circuit
19 * the applicable agreement. Any reproduction, modification,
20 * compilation, or representation of this software except
21 * is prohibited without the express written permission of
22 *
23 * Disclaimer: CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR
24 * REGARD TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO,
25 * WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR
  
```

The Code Explorer on the right shows the following structure:

- Include directives:
 - device.h
 - cytypes.h
- Defines:
 - TABLE_LENGTH
 - DMA_BYTES_PER_BURST
 - DMA_REQUEST_PER_BURST
 - DMA_SRC_BASE
 - DMA_DST_BASE
- Global Variables:
 - sineTable
 - DMA_Chan
 - DMA_TD
- Functions:
 - main()

The Output window at the bottom shows the following messages:

```

SRAM used: 115 of 8192 bytes (1,4%).
----- Rebuild Succeeded: 04/19/2015 20:26:53 -----
  
```

Start Page

TopDesign.cysch

Eg3_Mem_DMA_DAC.cydwr

main.c

▼ ◀ ▶ ✕

```
1 /*****
2  * Project Name: Eg3_Mem_DMA_DAC
3  * Device Tested: CY8C3866AXI, CY8C5868AXI
4  * Software Version: PSoC Creator 3.0 SP1
5  * Compiler tested: Keil(C51) and GCC
6  * Related Hardware: CY8CKIT-001, CY8CKIT-030 and CY8CKIT-050
7  *****/
8  *****/
9  * Copyright (2014)), Cypress Semiconductor Corporation. All Rights Reserved.
10 *****/
11 * This software is owned by Cypress Semiconductor Corporation (Cypress)
12 * and is protected by and subject to worldwide patent protection (United
13 * States and foreign), United States copyright laws and international treaty
14 * provisions. Cypress hereby grants to licensee a personal, non-exclusive,
15 * non-transferable license to copy, use, modify, create derivative works of,
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17 * purpose of creating custom software in support of licensee product to be
18 * used only in conjunction with a Cypress integrated circuit as specified in
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21 * is prohibited without the express written permission of Cypress.
22 *
23 * Disclaimer: CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH
24 * REGARD TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED
25 * WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
```


Start Page

TopDesign.cysch

Eg3_Mem_DMA_DAC.cydwr

main.c

▼ ◀ ▶ ✕

```

26  * Cypress reserves the right to make changes without further notice to the
27  * materials described herein. Cypress does not assume any liability arising out
28  * of the application or use of any product or circuit described herein. Cypress
29  * does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support
30  * systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in
31  * significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress' product in a life-
32  * support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of
33  * such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.
34  *
35  * Use of this Software may be limited by and subject to the applicable Cypress
36  * software license agreement.
37  ***** */
38
39  /*****
40      PROJECT DESCRIPTION
41      *****/
42  * Sine Lookup of length 128 is created in a flash and these values are updated to
43  * at regular intervals, using DMA, in order to generate a sine wave.
44  * The update rate and the number of points in the sine look-up table determine th
45  * of the output sine wave.
46  * The values from the look-up table are updated into the DAC using a DMA.
47  * The DMA is set to update values on a hardware trigger.
48  * The hardware trigger is given by clock component.
49  * The output frequency of the sine wave equals update rate/number of points in th
50  * The example project generates a 7.8125 KHz sine wave with 128 points in the sin

```

```

Start Page | TopDesign.cysch | Eg3_Mem_DMA_DAC.cydwr | main.c
51  * update rate of 1MHz.
52  * Oscilloscope is connected to PO[0] to see the DAC output
53  *****
54
55  #include <device.h>
56  #include <cytypes.h>
57
58  #define TABLE_LENGTH 128
59  #define DMA_BYTES_PER_BURST 1
60  #define DMA_REQUEST_PER_BURST 1
61
62  /* This table stores the 128 points in Flash for smoother sine wave generation */
63  CYCODE const uint8 sineTable[TABLE_LENGTH] =
64  {
65      128, 134, 140, 147, 153, 159, 165, 171,
66      177, 183, 188, 194, 199, 204, 209, 214,
67      218, 223, 227, 231, 234, 238, 241, 244,
68      246, 248, 250, 252, 253, 254, 255, 255,
69      255, 255, 255, 254, 253, 252, 250, 248,
70      246, 244, 241, 238, 234, 231, 227, 223,
71      218, 214, 209, 204, 199, 194, 188, 183,
72      177, 171, 165, 159, 153, 147, 140, 134,
73      128, 122, 115, 109, 103, 97, 91, 85,
74      79, 73, 68, 62, 57, 52, 47, 42,
75      37, 33, 29, 25, 22, 18, 15, 12,

```


VDAC8+DMA

```

Start Page  TopDesign.cysch  Eg3_Mem_DMA_DAC.cydwr  main.c
73      128, 122, 115, 109, 103, 97, 91, 85,
74      79, 73, 68, 62, 57, 52, 47, 42,
75      37, 33, 29, 25, 22, 18, 15, 12,
76      10, 7, 6, 4, 2, 1, 1, 0,
77      0, 0, 1, 1, 2, 4, 6, 7,
78      10, 12, 15, 18, 22, 25, 29, 33,
79      37, 42, 47, 52, 57, 62, 68, 73,
80      79, 85, 91, 97, 103, 109, 115, 122
81  };
82
83  /* Variable declarations for DMA .
84   * These variables are defined as global variables to avoid "may be used before be
85   * issued by the PSoC 5 compilers MDK/RVDS. In this case these variables are autor
86  uint8 DMA_Chان;          /* The DMA Channel */
87  uint8 DMA_TD[1];        /* The DMA Transaction Descriptor (TD) */
88
89  int main()
90  {
91      /* Start VDAC */
92      VDAC8_Start();
93
94      /* Defines for DMA configuration */
95      #if (defined(__C51__)) /* Source base address when PSoC3 is used */
96          #define DMA_SRC_BASE (CYDEV_FLS_BASE)
97      #else
          /* Source base address when PSoC5 is used */

```


Start Page

TopDesign.cysch

Eg3_Mem_DMA_DAC.cydwr

main.c

▼ ◀ ▶ ✕

```

101 #define DMA_DST_BASE (CYDEV_PERIPH_BASE) /* Destination base address */
102
103 /* Step1 : DmaInitialize - Initialize the DMA channel
104  * Bytes per burst = 1, (8 bit data transferred to VDAC one at a time)
105  * Request per burst = 1 (this will cause transfer of the bytes only with even
106  * High byte of source address = Upper 16 bits of Flash Base address for PSoC
107  *                               = HI16(&sineTable) for PSoC 5
108  * High byte of destination address = Upper 16 bits of peripheral base address
109 DMA_Chan = DMA_DmaInitialize(DMA_BYTES_PER_BURST, DMA_REQUEST_PER_BURST, HI16
110
111
112 /* Step2 : CyDmaTdAllocate - Allocate TD */
113 DMA_TD[0] = CyDmaTdAllocate();
114
115
116 /* Step3 : CyDmaTdSetConfiguration - Configures the TD:
117  * tdHandle = DMA_TD[0] - TD handle previously returned by CyDmaTdAlloc()
118  * Transfer count = table_length (number of bytes to transfer for a sine wave)
119  * Next Td = DMA_TD[0] ; loop back to the same TD to generate a continuous sine wave
120  * Configuration = The source address is incremented after every burst transfer
121  */
122 CyDmaTdSetConfiguration(DMA_TD[0], TABLE_LENGTH, DMA_TD[0], TD_INC_SRC_ADR);
123
124
125 /* Step 4 : CyDmaTdSetAddress - Configure the lower 16 bit source and destination

```

Start Page

TopDesign.cysch

Eg3_Mem_DMA_DAC.cydwr

main.c

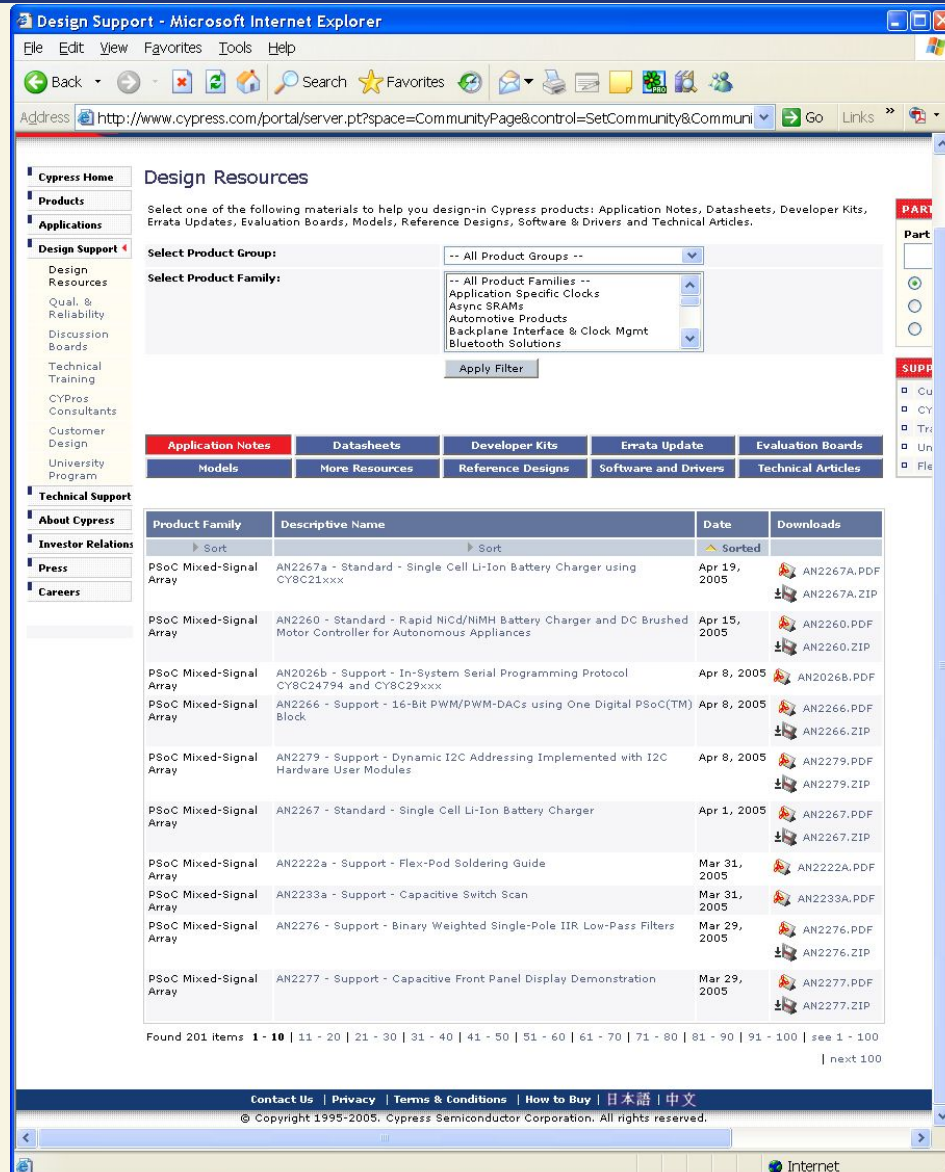
```
124
125 /* Step 4 : CyDmaTdSetAddress - Configure the lower 16 bit source and destination
126 * Source address = Lower 16 bits of sineTable array
127 * Destination address = Lower 16 bits of VDAC8_Data_PTR register */
128 CyDmaTdSetAddress(DMA_TD[0], LO16((uint32)sineTable), LO16((uint32)VDAC8_Data_PTR));
129
130
131 /* Step 5: Map the TD to the DMA Channel */
132 CyDmaChSetInitialTd(DMA_Ch, DMA_TD[0]);
133
134
135 /* Step 6: Enable the DMA channel */
136 CyDmaChEnable(DMA_Ch, 1);
137
138
139 for (;;)
140 {
141     /* Your code here. */
142     /* The sine look up table data is moved to the DAC by the DMA in the background
143     * without any CPU intervention */
144 }
145 }
146
147 /* [] END OF FILE */
148
```

Example : Memory-to-Peripheral Transfer – Mem_DMA_DAC

The test setup is as follows:

- 1. Connect the oscilloscope probe to pin P0[0], the VDAC output.**
- 2. Build the project and program the device.**
- 3. Observe a sine wave of frequency 7.8 kHz on the oscilloscope.**

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2019 р.

