



The reasons and the extension of separatist movements in the EU

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-Plan-

1. Description of separatist movements in Europe.

2. Examples of European centres of separatism.

- Spain

- UK

- Italy

3. Consequences of separatism and its impact on the EU

-Reasons of separatism-

1. Resentment of another cultural group.
2. Protection from ethnic cleansing, genocide, discrimination.
3. The maintenance of one culture's unique traits.



-Catalonia-

- Country – Spain
- Status - Autonomous community
- Population - 7,522,596



-Reasons of succession-



**historical and
cultural features**

**political and
economic
characteristics**



-Recent actions-

**Independence referendum, 1
October**

**Declaration of independence, 27
October**

Application of the article 155



-The domino effect-

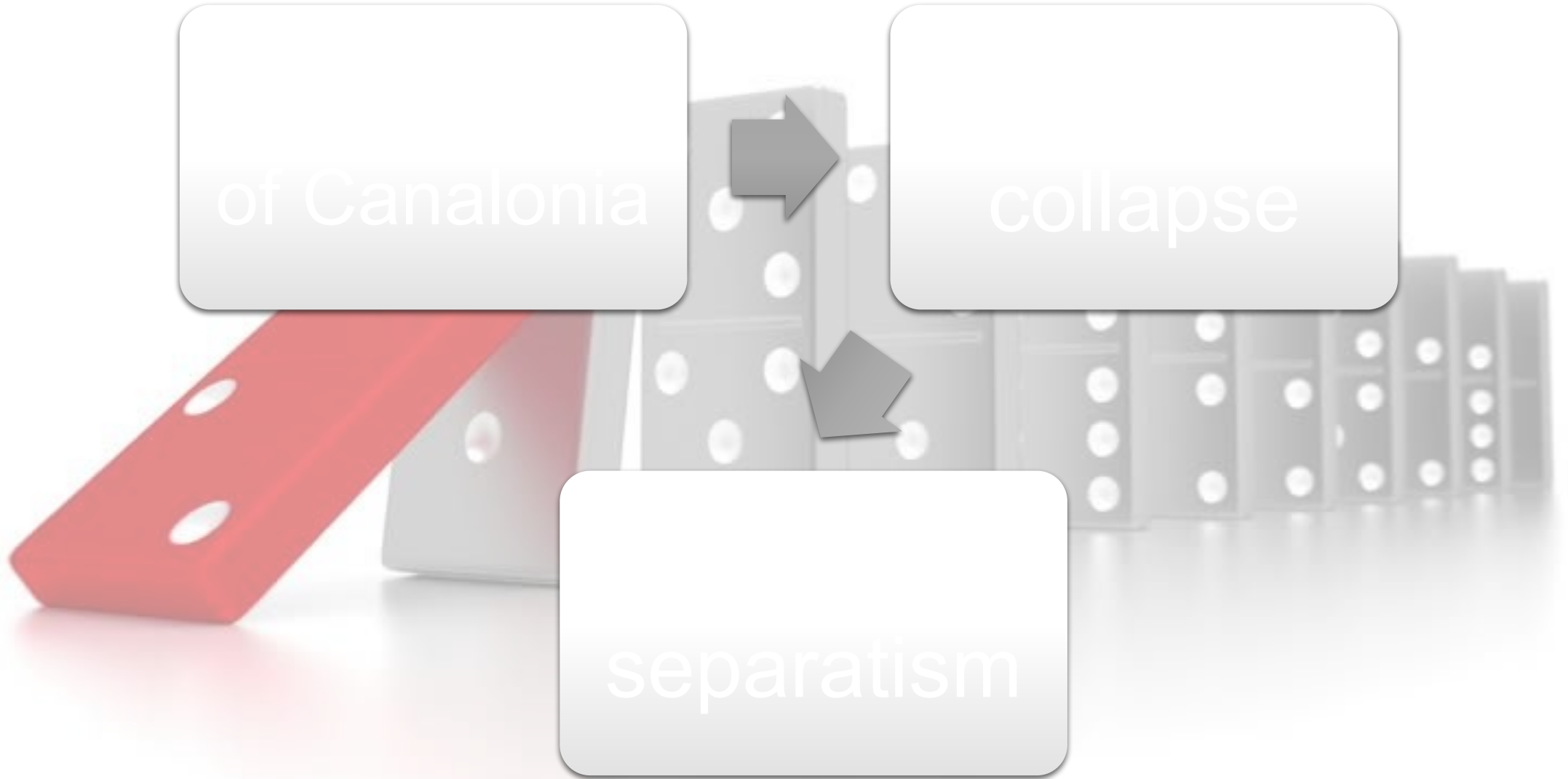
of Catalonia

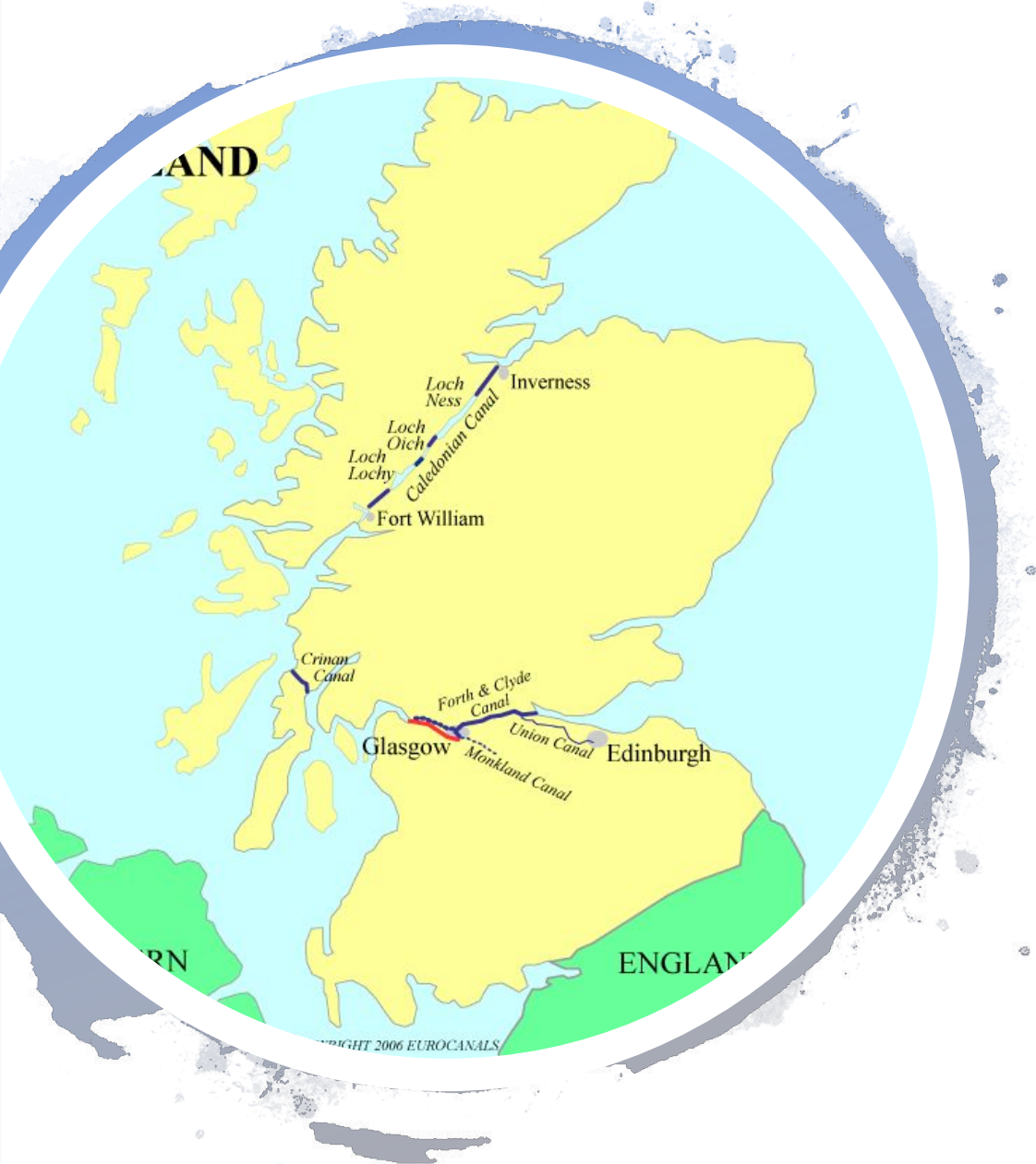


collapse



separatism

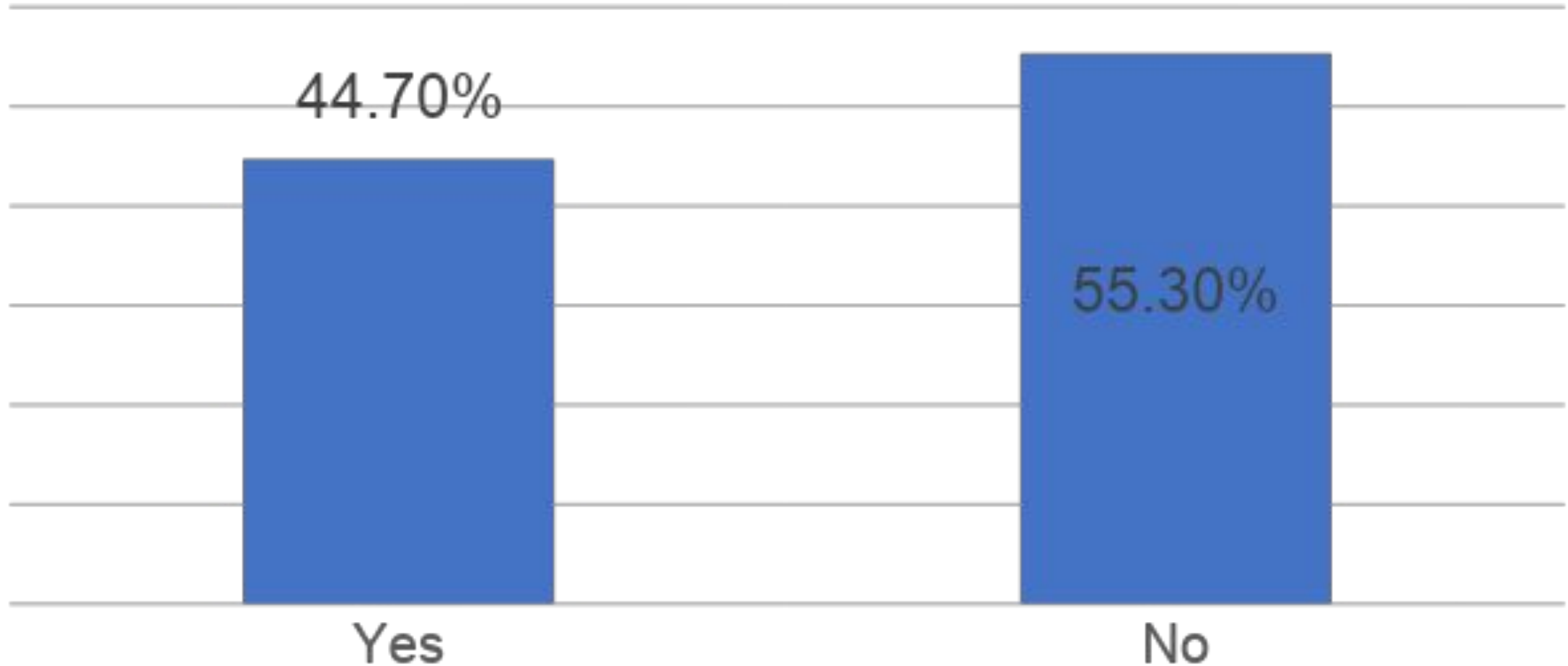




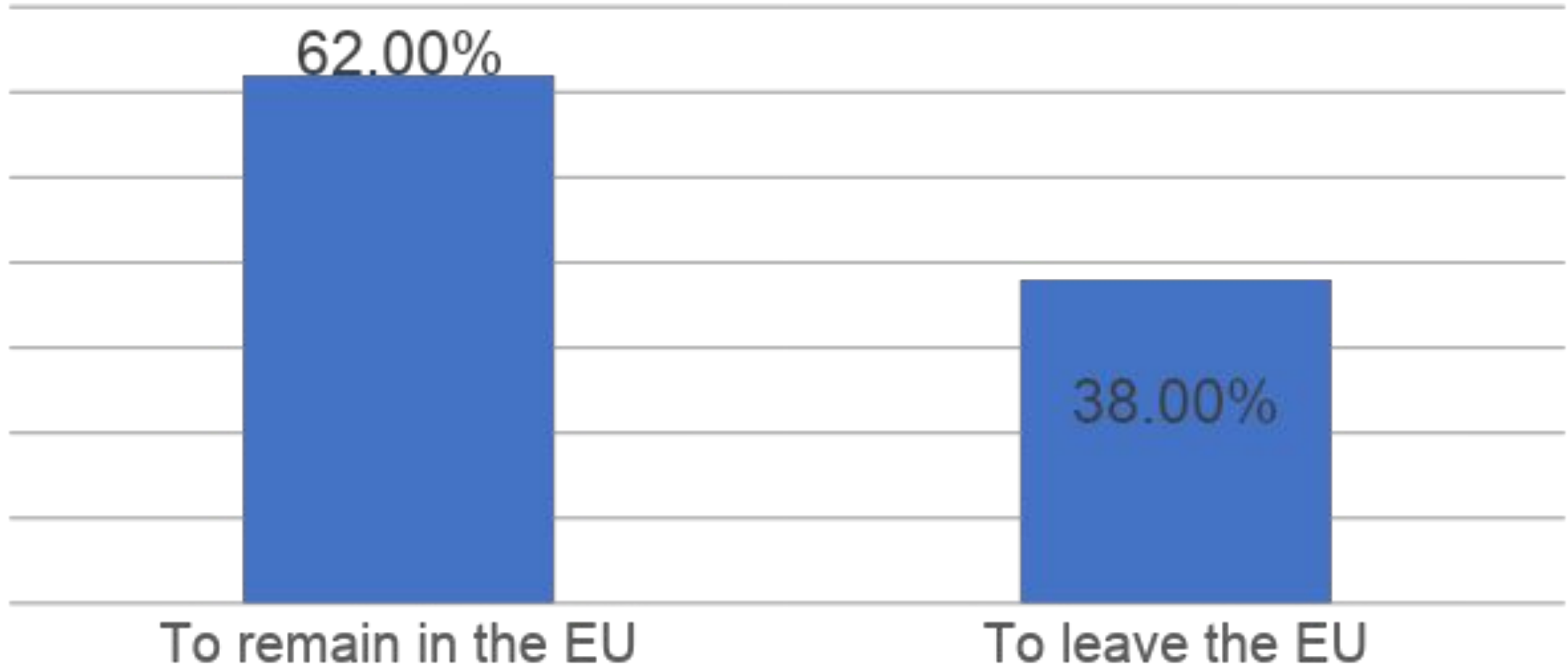
-Scotland-

- **Scottish independence** is a political aim of various political parties and individuals for the country to become an independent sovereign state.

-Results of the Scotland's autonomy referendum of September 18, 2014-



-Results of the Brexit vote of June 23, 2016-



-Reasons-

In favour of independence:

- Democracy and national self-determination;
- Nuclear disarmament
- "It's Scotland's oil";
- Cultural reawakening;
- Increase of Scottish global influence.

In favour of maintaining the Union:

- Strong cultural, economic, and family links with the UK;
- Stronger economy;
- More influence on international affairs and diplomacy;
- Taxes raising;
- An independent-Scottish currency uncertainty and capital flight.

-Italy-



Capital – Rome

Population -

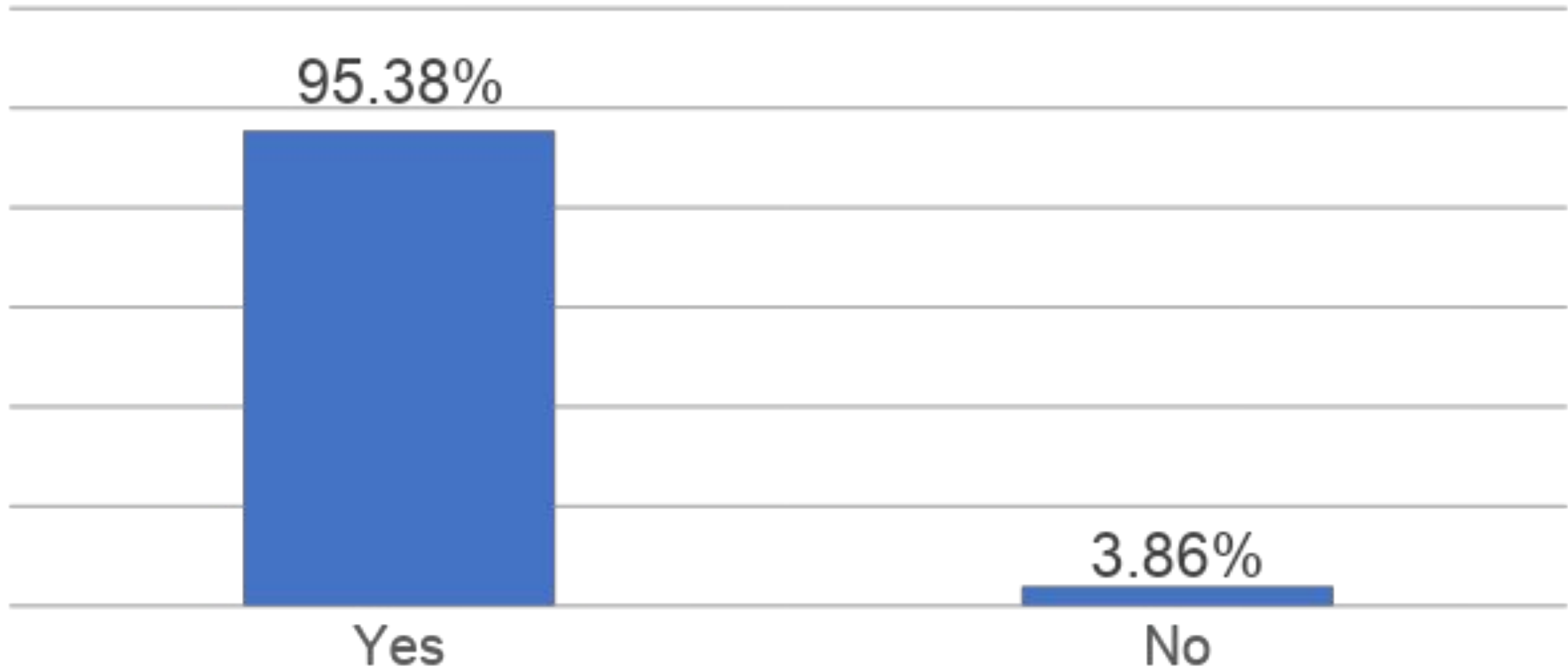
60,483,973

Ethnic groups -

91.5% Italians,

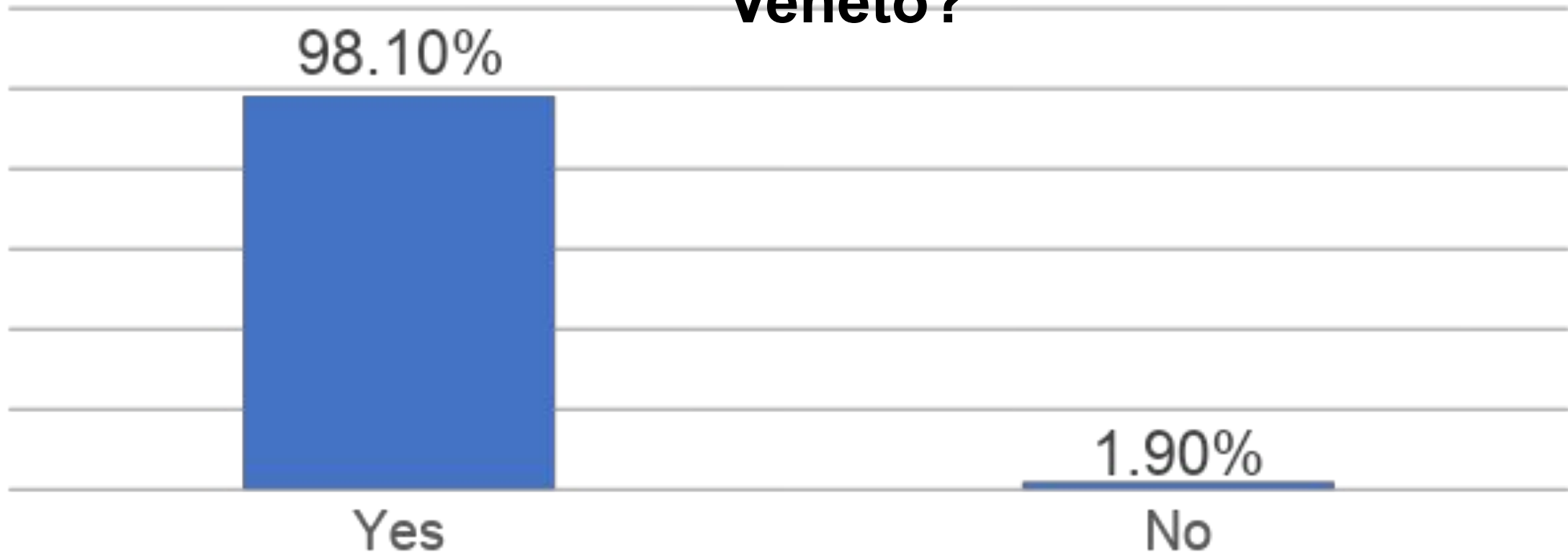
8.5% others

-Results of the Lombardy's autonomy referendum of October 22, 2017-



-Results of the Veneto's autonomy referendum of October 22, 2017-

Do you want further forms and special conditions of autonomy to be attributed to the Region of Veneto?



-Separatism in South Tyrol-

History:

- belonged to the Austro-Hungarian Empire;
- was Italianized under Mussolini



-Characteristics of opponents in Italy-

The North

- **Values of civic culture**
- **Responsibility**
- **Cooperation**

The South

- **Corporatism**
- **Irresponsibility**
- **Avoidance of public debt**

-Conclusion-

The most active centres of separatism:

- Spain
- UK
- Italy

The main reasons:

1. Resentment of another group.
2. Protection from discrimination.
3. The maintenance of one culture's unique traits.

Consequenc
es

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The domino effect