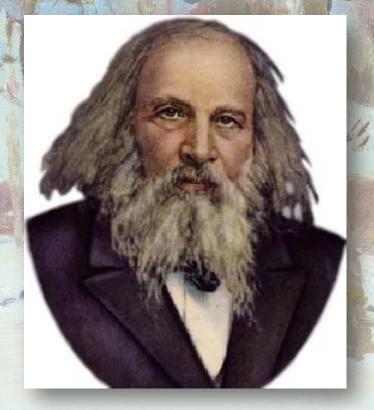
Outstanding People of Russia

Made by Gapicheva Evgeniya Supervisor Strembitskaya Natalia Sergeevna

Dmitri Mendeleev



Dmitri Ivanovich Mendeleev(8 February 1834 – 2 February 1907 O.S. 27 January 1834 – 20 January 1907) was a Russian chemist and inventor. He formulated the Periodic Law, created a farsighted version of the periodic table of elements, and used it to correct the properties of some already discovered elements and also to predict the properties of eight elements yet to be discovered.

Mikhail Lomonosov



Mikhail Vasilyevich Lomonosov (19 [O.S. November 8] 1711 – April 15 [O.S. April 4] 1765) was a Russian polymath, scientist and writer, who made important contributions to literature, education, and science.

Alexander Popov

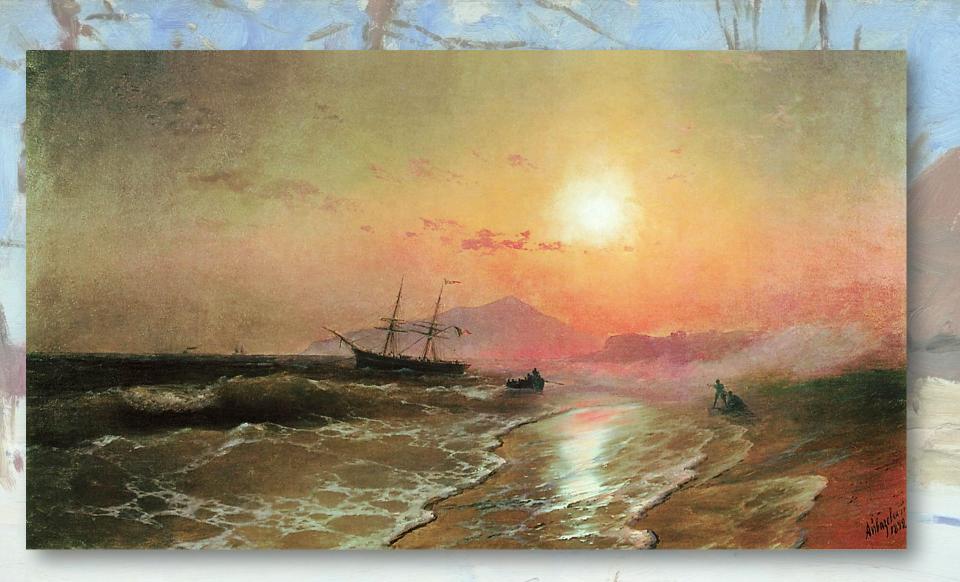
Alexander Stepanovich Popov (March 16 [O.S. March 4] 1859 – January 13 [O.S. December 31, 1905] 1906) was a Russian physicist who is acclaimed in his homeland and some eastern European countries as the inventor of radio.



Ivan Aivazovsky

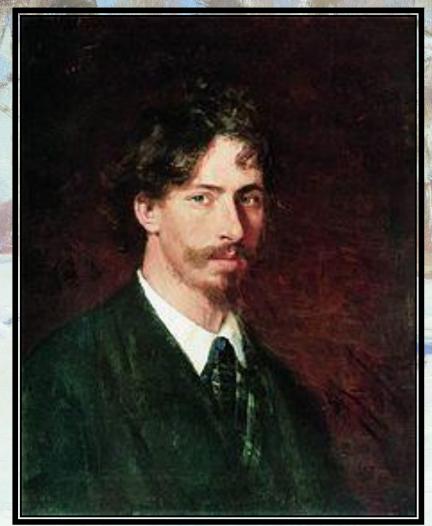


Ivan Konstantinovich Aivazovsky (29 July 1817 – 2 May 1900) was a Russian Romantic painter. He is considered one of the greatest marine artists in history.



Ischia Island. 1892

Ilya Repin



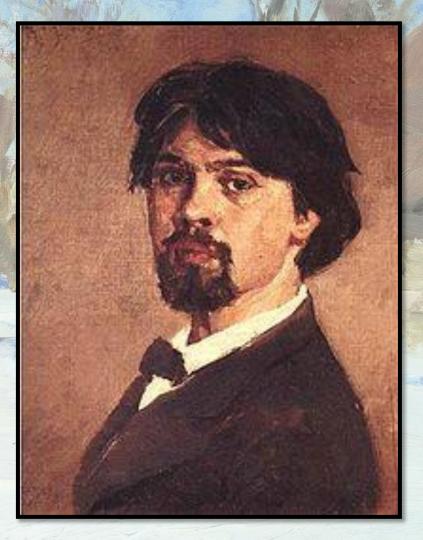
Ilya Yefimovich Repin (5 August [O.S. 24 July] 1844 – 29 September 1930) was a Russian realist painter.



Hopak. 1927

Vasily Surikov

Vasily Ivanovich Surikov (24 January 1848, Krasnoyarsk - 19 March 1916, Moscow) was a Russian Realist history painter. Many of his works have become familiar to the general public through their use as illustrations.

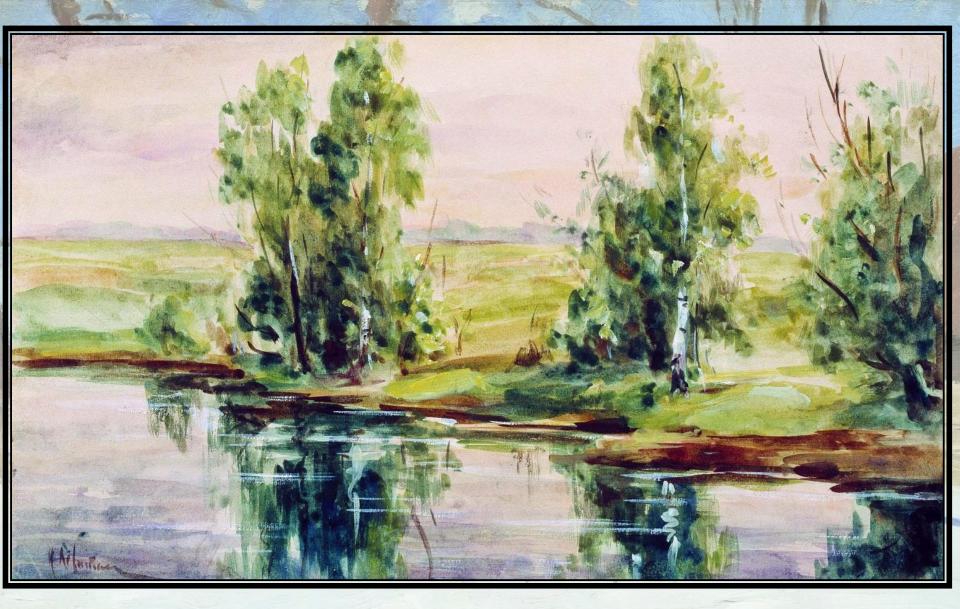




Boyaryna Morozova. 1887

Isaac Levitan

Isaac Ilyich Levitan (30 August [O.S. 18 August] 1860 – 4 August [O.S. 22 July] 1900) was a classical Russian landscape painter who advanced the genre of the "mood landscape."

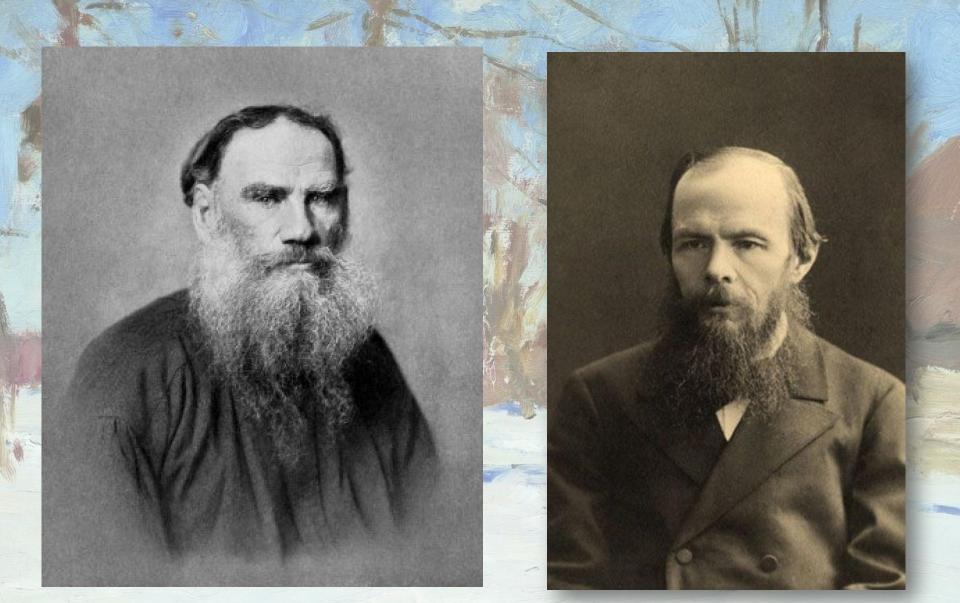


River. 1890



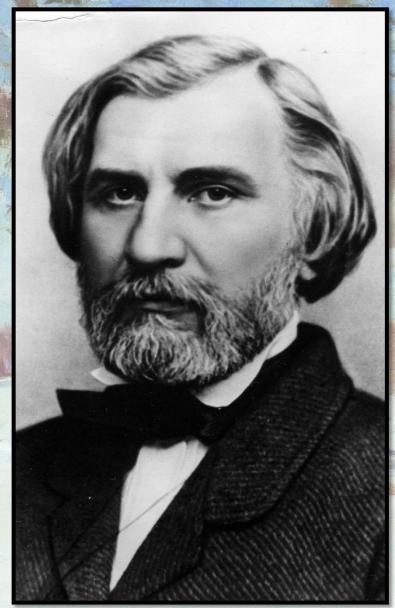
Alexander Pushkin

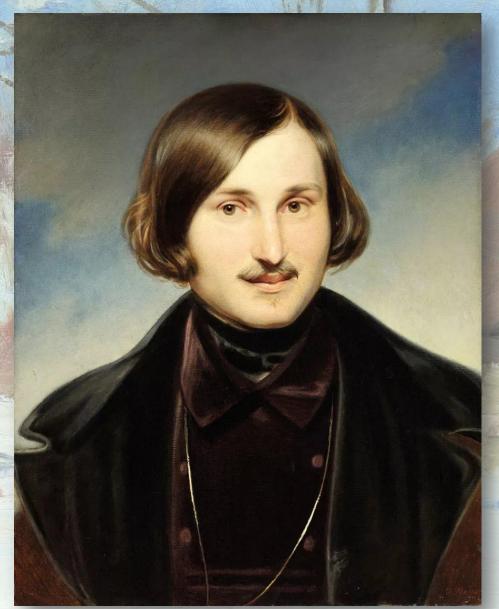
Mikhail Lermontov



Lev Tolstoy

Fyodor Dostoyevsky





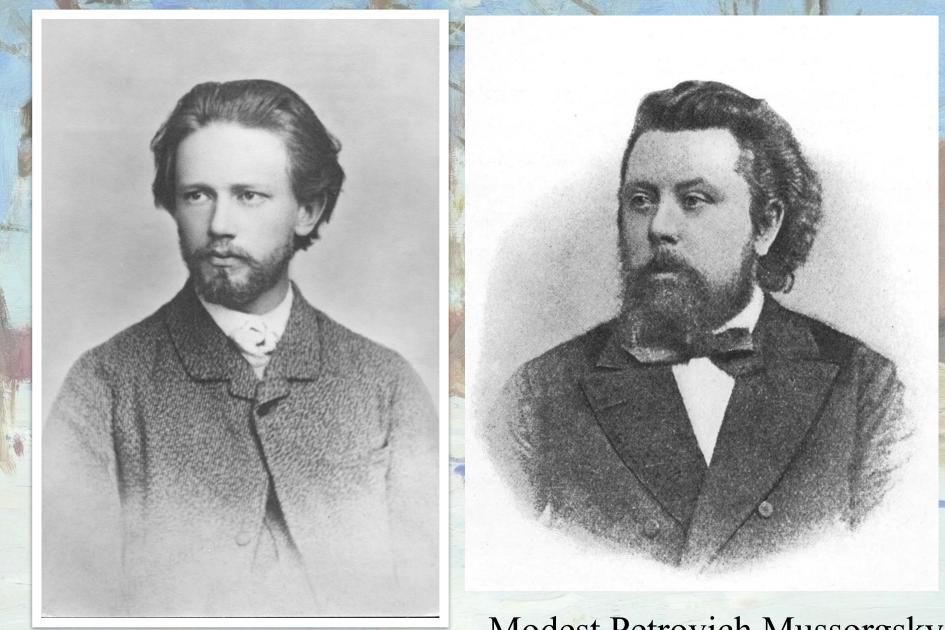
Ivan Turgenev

Nikolai Gogol

Mikhail Glinka



Mikhail Ivanovich Glinka (1 June [O.S. 20 May] 1804 – 15 February [O.S. 3 February] 1857) was the first Russian composer to gain wide recognition within his own country, and is often regarded as the fountainhead of Russian classical music.



Pyotr Ilyich Tchaikovsky

Modest Petrovich Mussorgsky



Nikolai Rimsky-Korsakov

Thanks for your attention