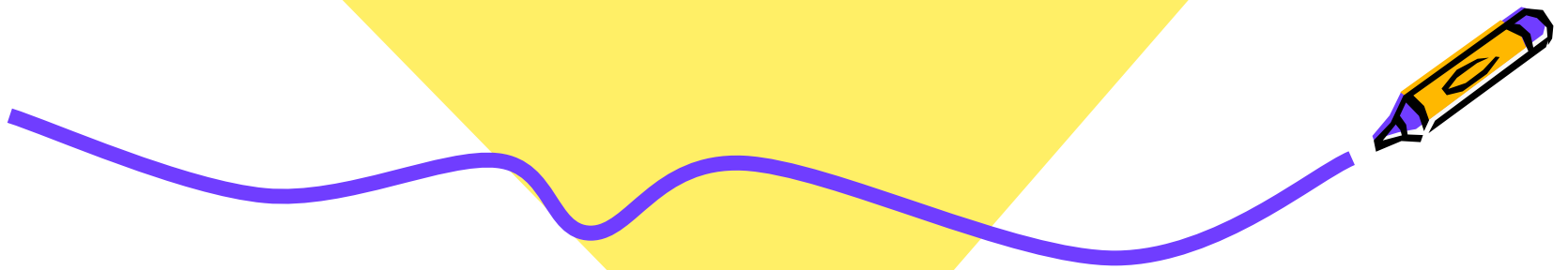
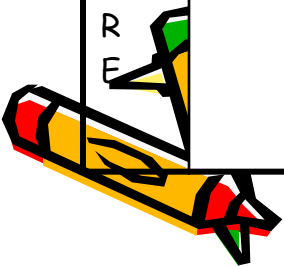
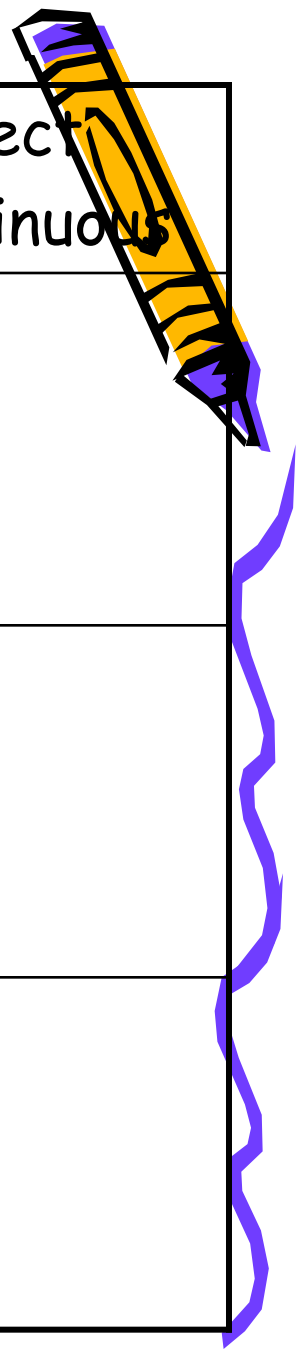




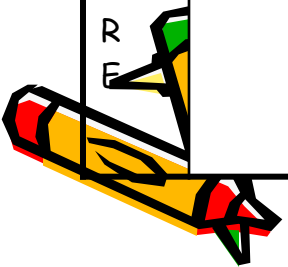
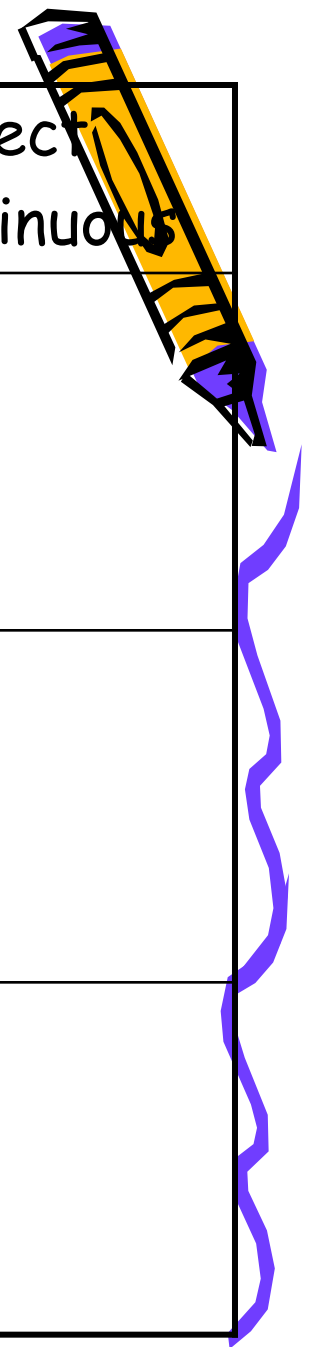
# Tenses Active Voice



	Simple (Indefinite)	Continuous (Progressive)	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
P R E S E N T				
P A S T				
F U T U R E				

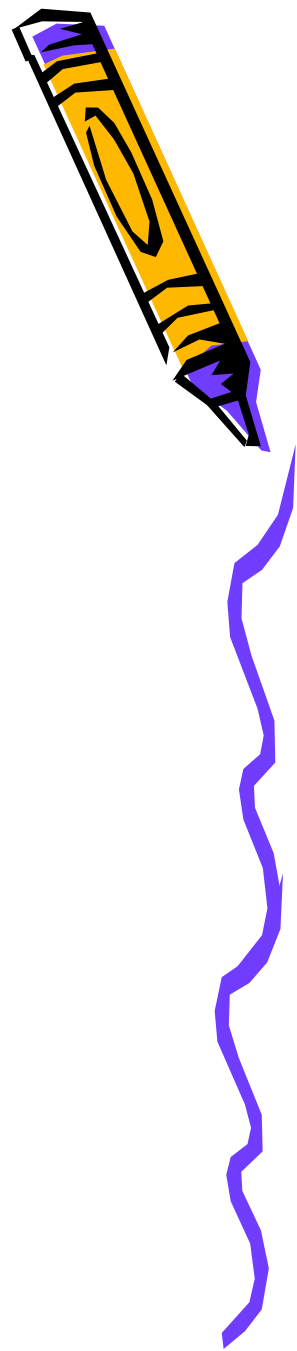


	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
P R E S E N T	V1/Vs Do/does Что делаю обычно?			
P A S T				
F U T U R E				



# The Simple Present Tense

## Простое настоящее время



- Verb<sub>1</sub>; Verb(s) - V<sub>1</sub>; Vs
- I write
- You write
- He writes он пишет
- She writes Она пишет
- It writes Оно пишет
- We write
- They write



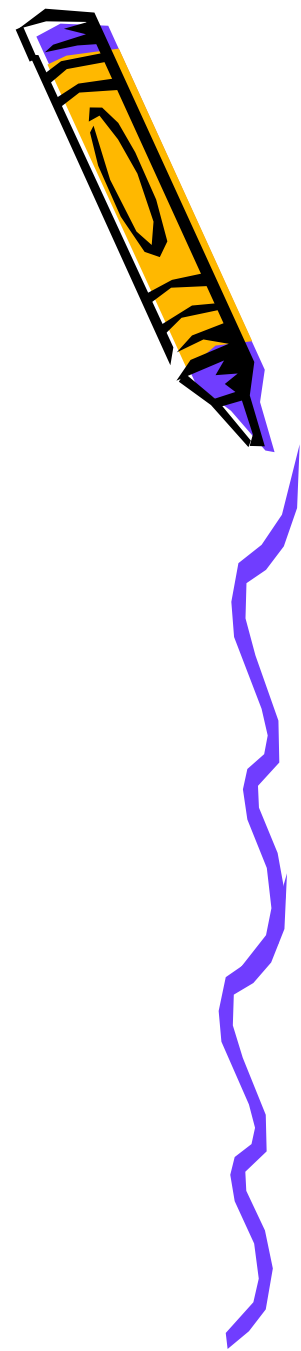
# Uses of the simple present tense



- Констатация факта- *Summer follows spring.*
- Привычные действия- *I get up at 7 o'clock.*
- Действия происходящие в данный отрезок времени - *My sister works at bank*
- Инструкции и комментарии- *First you weigh the ingredients. Becker serves to Lendi.*
- Информация о расписании
  - *The concert begins at 7.00.*



# Adverbs of Frequency



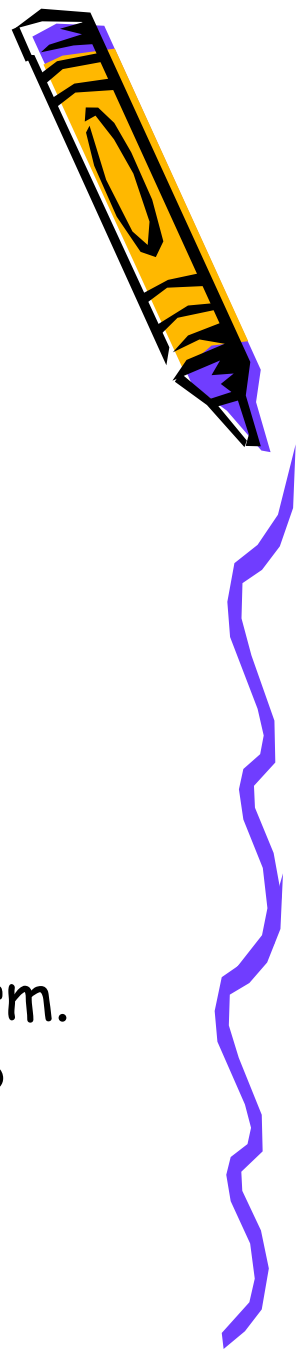
• 0% never - никогда

- Rarely - редко
- Seldom - нечасто
- Occasionally - изредка
- Sometimes - иногда
- Often - часто
- Usually - обычно
- Always - всегда

100% every day, on Mondays, twice a year



# Negative And Interrogative sentences



- Вспомогательные глаголы:

do / does (he, she, it)

They always help me.

They **don't** help me.

**Do** they always help me?

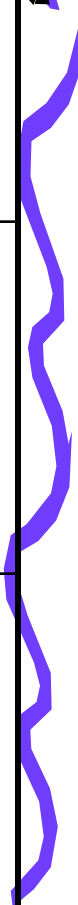
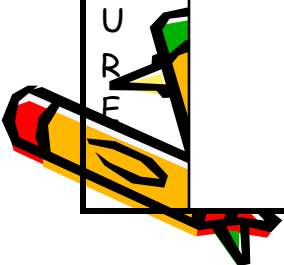
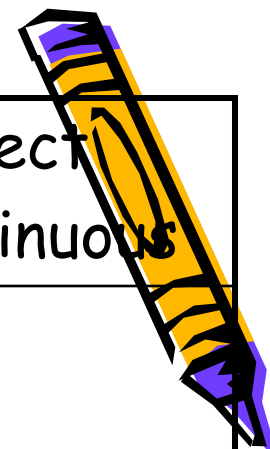
A student buys a lot of books every term.

A student **doesn't** buy a lot of books every term.

**Does** a student buy a lot of books every term?



	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
P R E S E N T	V1/Vs Do/does Что делаю обычно?	Am Is + V-ing Are Что делаю (сейчас)?		
P A S T				
F U T U R E				





# The Present Continuous Tense

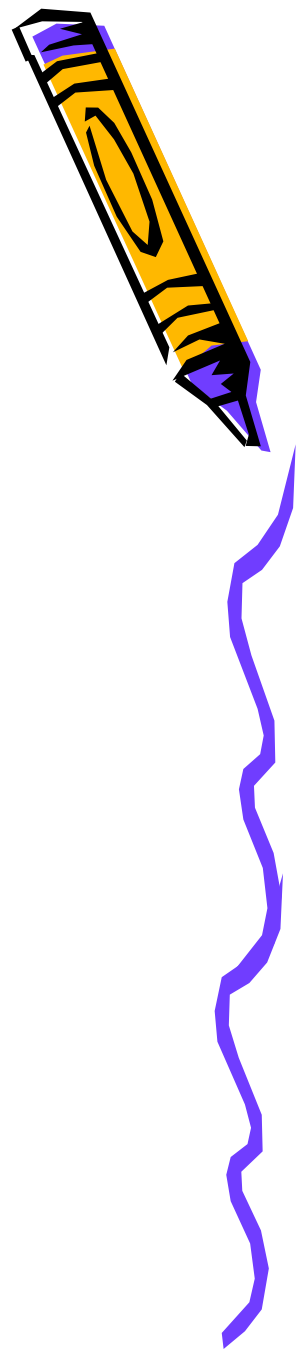
настоящее продолженное время



- The present of "to be" (am, is, are)+V-ing
- I am writing
- You are writing
- He is writing
- She is writing
- We are writing
- They are writing



# Spelling: how to add '-ing' to a verb



- К большинству глаголов прибавляем -ing
- - *beat/beating, carry/carrying*
- Если глагол заканчивается на -e, его опускаем
- *come/coming, use/using.*
- Но в сочетаниях -ee or -ge буква сохраняется
- *see/seeing, age/ageing*
- Одна согласная за которой следует одна гласная удваивается, если гласная под ударением
  - *Sit/sitting, run/running*
- - *begin/beginning*
- *but: profit/profitting*
- сочетание -ic меняется на -ick - *picnic/picnicking*
- сочетание -ie меняется на -y *lie/lying*



# Uses of the Tense



- Действие происходит в момент речи
- - *He's working at the moment*
- При описании длительных действий/ситуаций
- - *We are studying at MESI.*
- Запланированное действие в будущем
- - *We're spending next summer in Australia.*
- Часто повторяющиеся действия (*constantly, forever, repeatedly*) - *They are always talking at my lessons.*



# When are we doing anything?



- Now, at the moment (of speaking), just now
- После повелительного наклонения.  
Listen! Hurry up! Open the door.
- Возможна любая ссылка на будущее время (soon, next week-end)
- Constantly, continuously, forever, repeatedly



# Negative sentences



- Auxiliary verbs **am, is, are** - are already in the sentences so:

not

- Look! They are playing in the yard.

not

- He is reading a book now.



# Interrogative sentences



- Just change word order to make the sentence interrogative (general question)

- Hurry up! The train **is** leaving.
  - Is the train leaving?

- She **is** always helping people.
  - Is she always helping people?



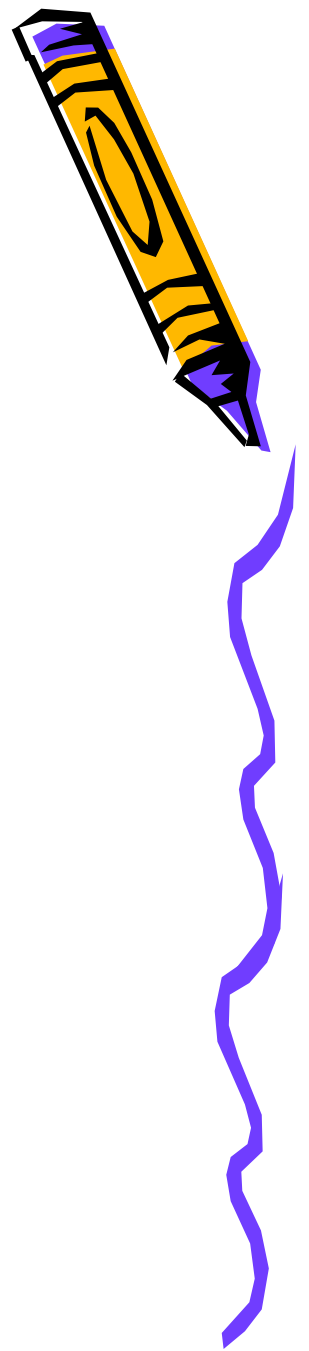
# Static Verbs



- A state has no beginning and no end.
- Static verbs refer to
  - Чувства (*love, like, hate*)
  - размышления/верования (*think, understand*)
  - Желания (*want, prefer*)
  - Чувственное восприятие (*hear, see*)
  - Владение/наличие/принадлежность (*appear, belong, seem*)



# NOTE



- Think

- What are you thinking about?
- What do you think about the film?

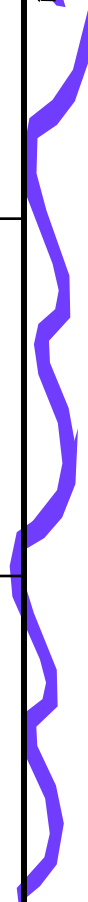
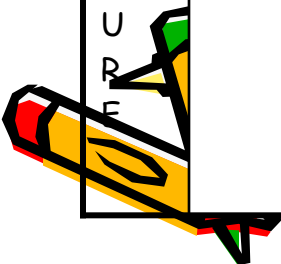
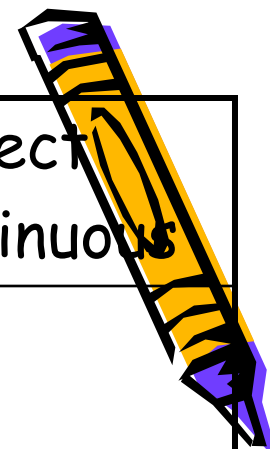
## Have

- She has a big dog.
- She is having a shower.



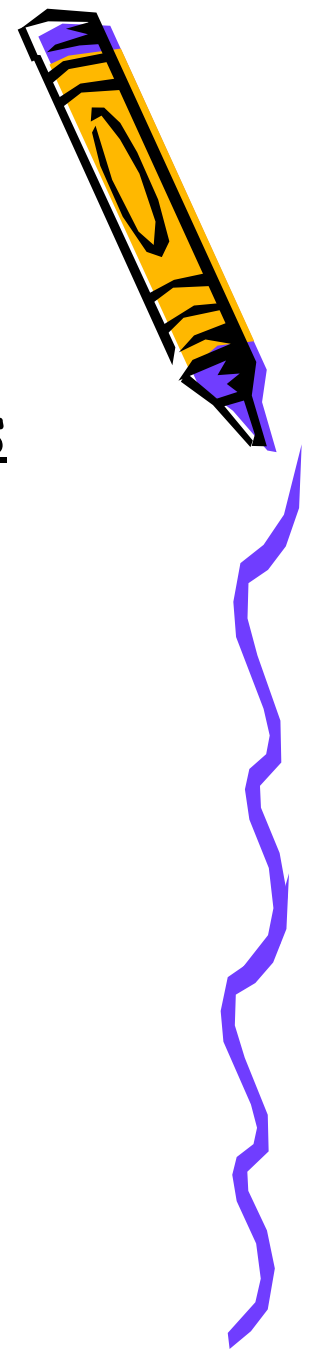


	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
P R E S E N T	<b>V1/Vs</b> <b>Do/does</b> Что делаю обычно?	<b>Am</b> <b>Is + V-ing</b> <b>Are</b> Что делаю (сейчас)?		
P A S T	<b>V<sub>2</sub></b> <b>Did</b> Что делал (вчера)?			
F U T U R E				



# The Past Simple Tense

простое прошедшее время



- V<sub>2</sub> regular verbs

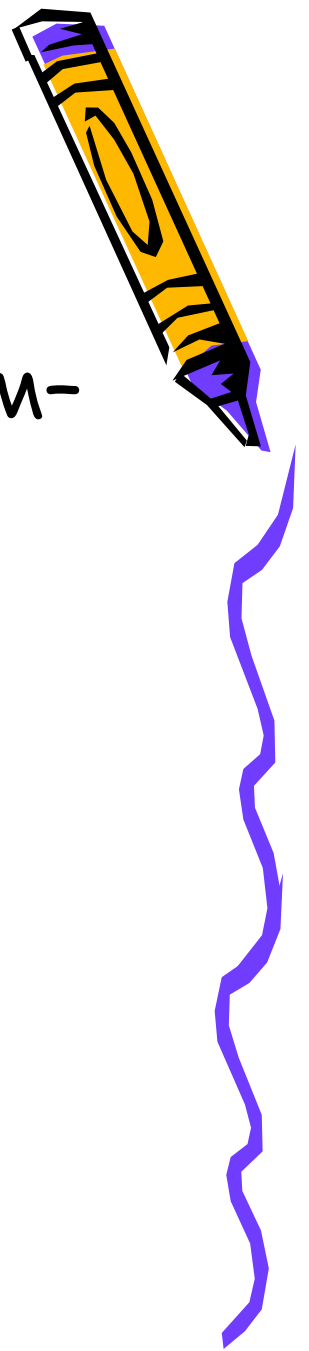
- I worked
- You discussed
- They played
- She danced
- He liked
- We smiled
- It rained

- V<sub>2</sub> Irregular verbs

- I went
- You ran
- They spent
- She began
- He put
- We understood
- It caught



# Uses of the Tense



- Завершенное действие в прошлом-  
Sam phoned a moment ago
- Привычки в прошлом-
- Last year I went to the swimming pool twice a week.



# Adverbials with the Past Simple Tense



- Yesterday/the day before yesterday
- **Last** summer/winter/January/night
- 7 years/ a moment/ a month **ago**
- **When** I was a boy/ **till** she arrived
- In 1980, in September, on the 1<sup>st</sup> of November



# Negative And Interrogative sentences



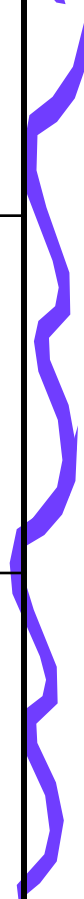
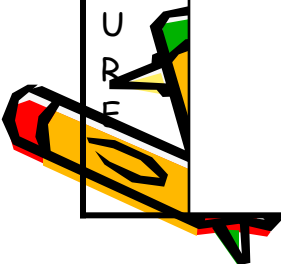
- Auxiliary verb is always **did**
- They met at the station yesterday

They didn't ~~me~~ **meet** the station yesterday.

Did they ~~m~~ **meet** the station yesterday?

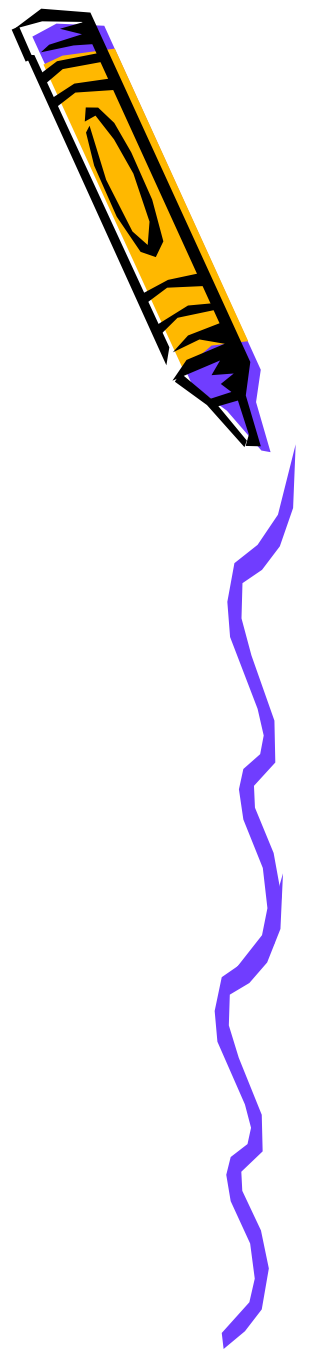


	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
P R E S E N T	V1/Vs Do/does Что делаю (обычно)?	Am Is + V-ing Are Что делаю (сейчас)?		
P A S T	V <sub>2</sub> Did Что делал (вчера)?	Was Were +V-ing Что делал (долго)?		
F U T U R E				



# The Past Continuous Tense

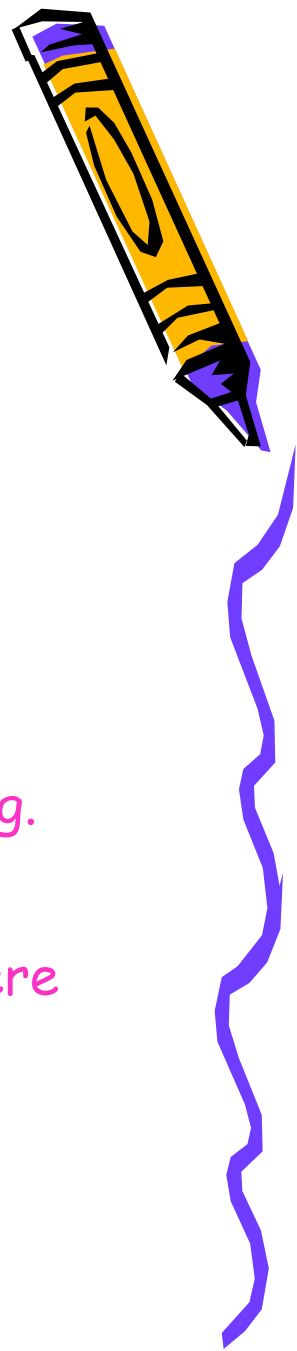
прошедшее продолженное время



- The past of "to be" (was, were) +V-ing
- I was writing
- You were writing
- He was writing
- She was writing
- It was writing
- We were writing
- They were writing



# Uses of the Tense



- Длительное действие в прошлом  
*She was working on her essay all last night.*
- В сложных предложениях:
  - Длительное действие , которое было прервано другим действием
  - *Just as I was leaving the house the phone rang.*

## Параллельные действия

*While the students were writing a test it was raining.*

- Часто повторяющиеся действия в прошлом  
*When he worked here he was constantly making mistakes.*





# Adverbials with the past progressive tense



- At 5 o'clock, at midnight, at noon, at that moment
- All day long, all day yesterday, all the time, the whole evening, from 5 till 7
- After introductory phrase like : It was evening
- In complex sentences after/before conjunctions when, while



# Negative sentences



- Auxiliary verbs **was, were** - are already in the sentences so:

not

- They were playing in the yard all day long.

not

- He was reading a book now when the phone rang.



# Interrogative sentences



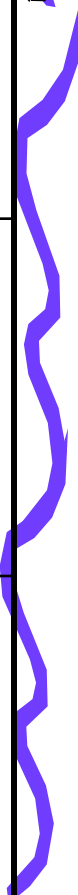
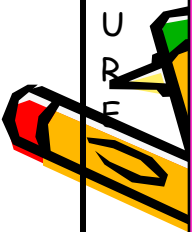
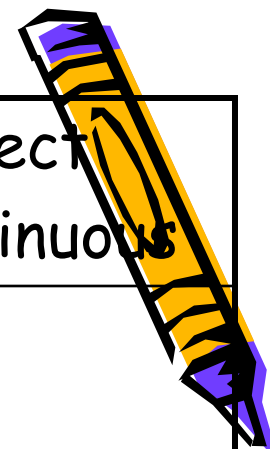
- Just change word order to make the sentence interrogative (general question)

- It was 4 o'clock. The train **was** leaving.
  - Was the train leaving?

- She **was** writing a play during the summer
  - Was she writing a play during the summer?

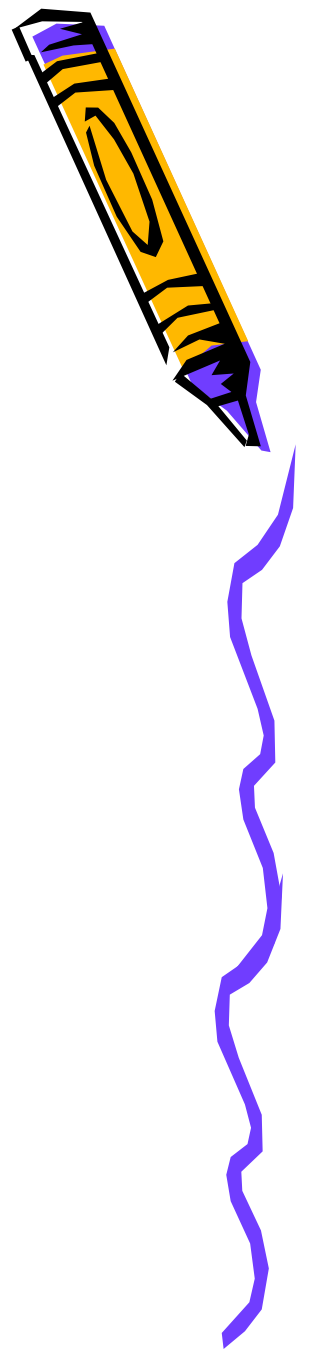


	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
P R E S E N T	<b>V1/Vs</b> <b>Do/does</b> Что делаю (обычно)?	<b>Am</b> <b>Is + V-ing</b> <b>Are</b> Что делаю (сейчас)?		
P A S T	<b>V<sub>2</sub></b> <b>Did</b> Что делал (вчера)?	<b>Was</b> <b>Were + V-ing</b> Что делал (долго)?		
F U T U R E	<b>Shall</b> <b>Will + V<sub>1</sub></b> Что сделаю (завтра)?			



# The Simple Future Tense

простое будущее время



- Will/shall+Verb<sub>1</sub>
- I will/shall write
- You will write
- He will write
- She will write
- It will write
- We will/shall write
- They will write



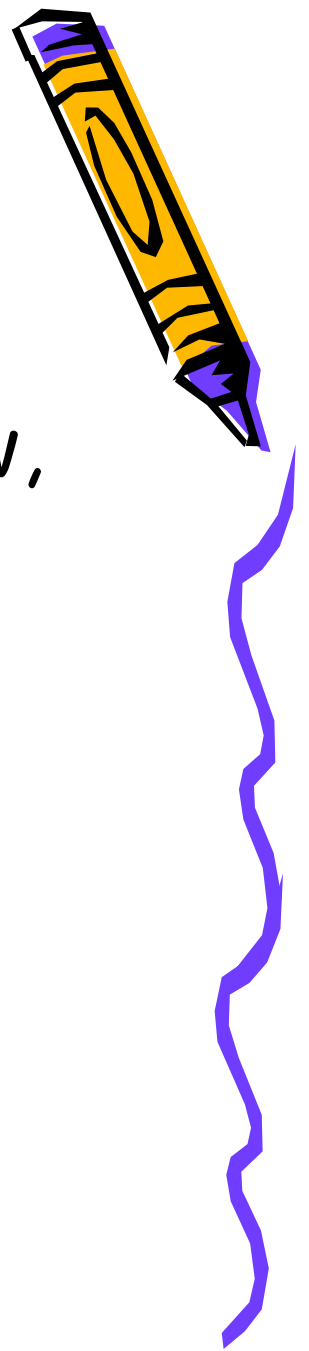
# Uses of the simple future tense



- Предсказания (прогнозы)- It will rain tomorrow
- Обещания- I'll buy you a bicycle for your birthday.
- Предложения в вежливые просьбы- Shall I get your coat for you?/ Will you help me?
- Надежды и ожидания- I hope he'll get that job.
- Спонтанные решения- I'll go to the cinema tonight.



# Adverbials with the future simple tense



- Tomorrow, the day after tomorrow, tonight
- Next day/month/year
- In a year
- In 2020



# Negative sentences



- Auxiliary verbs **shall** or **will** are already in the sentences.

not

- They will inform you about the party.

They **won't** inform you about the party

not

- He will phone me as soon as he comes.





# And Interrogative sentences



We shall inform you about the party.

» Shall we inform you about the party?



He will phone me as soon as he comes

» Will he phone you as soon as he comes?



# Other ways of expressing future



- The train leaves at 5.30 - Present Simple (расписание)
- We are visiting them on Sunday. - Present Continuous (запланированное действие)
- She is going to start her English lessons in September. - to be going to - собираться



# Придаточные предложения времени и условия

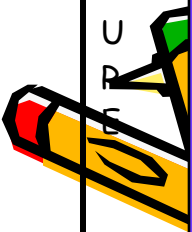


- In complex sentences after **if, when, as soon as, until, till, unless, as long, before** we use Present Simple instead of Future
  - When we arrive we'll send you a card.
  - He will wait until you come.



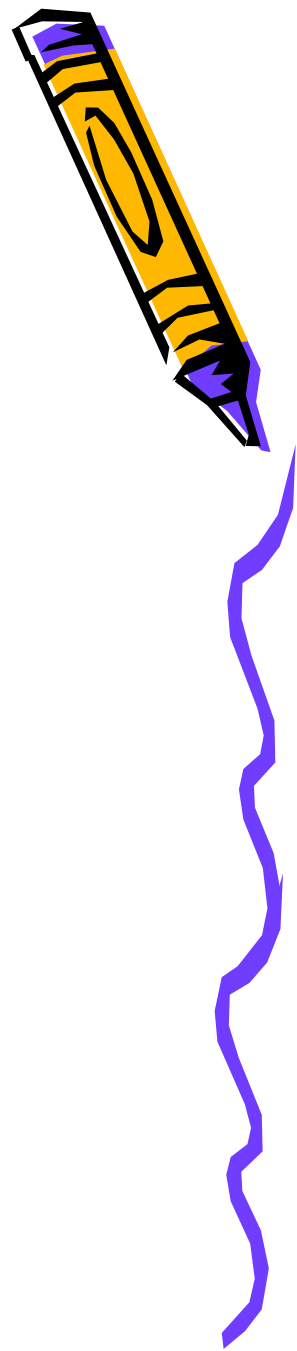


	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
P R E S E N T	V1/Vs Do/does Что делаю (обычно)?	Am Is + V-ing Are Что делаю (сейчас)?		
P A S T	V <sub>2</sub> Did Что делал (вчера)?	Was Were +V-ing Что делал (вчера долго)?		
F U T U R E	Shall Will + V <sub>1</sub> Что сделаю (завтра)?	Shall Will +be+V-ing Что буду делать (завтра долго)?		



# The Future Continuous Tense

будущее продолженное время



- Will/shall + be + Verb-ing
- I will/shall be writing
- You will be playing
- He will be reading
- She will be working
- It will be eating
- We will/shall be studying
- They will be translating



# Uses of the Future Continuous Tense



- Длительные действия в будущем-
- *They will be working here all next week.*

Действие которое произойдет в указанное время в будущем.

- *At this time tomorrow we'll be flying over Paris.*
- Планы на будущее-
- *We'll be spending the winter in Australia.*



# Adverbials with the Future Continuous Tense



- Точное время: *at that moment. At 5 o'clock tomorrow etc.*
- Период времени в будущем: *all day long, all the time, from 5 till 7, the whole evening*
- Обратите внимание!
- *In summer, in June*



# Complex sentences

Before he leaves for London he will be discussing all terms of contract.

I shall be working when he returns.

While she'll be cooking supper her husband will be doing the flat.





# Negative sentences



- Auxiliary verbs **shall** or **will** are already in the sentences.

not

- They will be writing a test at that time tomorrow.

not

- We shall be playing golf on Sunday .



# And Interrogative sentences



They will be writing a test at that time tomorrow.

Will they be writing a test at that time tomorrow?

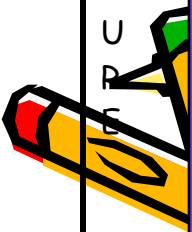
We shall be playing golf on Sunday .

Shall we be playing golf on Sunday ?





	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
P R E S E N T	V <sub>1</sub> /V <sub>s</sub> Do/does Что делаю (обычно)?	Am Is + V-ing Are Что делаю (сейчас)?	Have (has)+V <sub>3</sub> Что сделал (уже)?	
P A S T	V <sub>2</sub> Did Что делал (вчера)?	was Were+ V-ing Что делал (вчера долго)?		
F U T U R E	Shall Will +V <sub>1</sub> Что сделаю (завтра)?	Shall Will+ be+V-ing Что буду делать (завтра уже)		



# The Present Perfect Tense

настоящее совершенное время



- Have (has)+V<sub>3</sub>
- I have worked
- You have finished
- They have played
- We have smiled
- She has danced
- He has explained
- It has rained
- I have gone
- You have lost
- They have spent
- We have understood
- She has begun
- He has put
- It has caught



# Uses of the Tense

1. Действие, которое началось в прошлом и продолжалось до момента речи.

-I have received 20 cards so far.

2. Действие, произошедшее когда-то в прошлом (время не указано)

-He's watched this film on TV several times.



# Adverbials that suggest "up to present"

(к настоящему моменту)



- Before (now); It's the first time...; so far; up till now; up to the present; not ... ever, never, ever (in questions)
  - They've planted 14 rose-bushes so far this morning
  - Have you ever eaten a mango?



# Recent time references

(указывают на то, что действие совершилось недавно)

- Just, recently, already, still, at last, finally, yet (in questions and in negatives), three/four/several times
  - We have just tidied up the kitchen.
  - I've passed my driving test at last.

Внимание!!!

She has lost her car key.



# Negative sentences



- Auxiliary verbs **have** or **has** are already in the sentences.

not

- They have already informed you about the party.

not

- He has just phoned me.





# And Interrogative sentences



- They have already informed you about the party.

» Have they already informed you about the party?

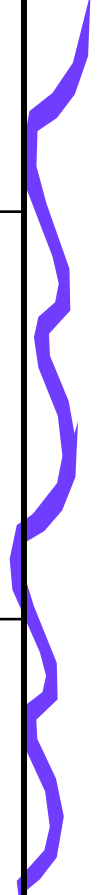
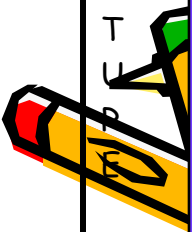
- He has just phone me.

» Has he just phoned you?





	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
P R E S E N T	V1/Vs Do/does Что делаю (обычно)?	Am Is + V-ing Are Что делаю (сейчас)?	Have (has)+V <sub>3</sub> Что сделал?	
P A S T	V <sub>2</sub> Did Что делал (вчера)?	Was Were +V-ing Что делал (долго)?	Had + V <sub>3</sub>  Что сделал (сначала)?	
F U T U R E	Shall Will + V <sub>1</sub> Что сделаю	Shall Will +be+V-ing Что буду делать (завтра долго)?		



# The Past Perfect Tense

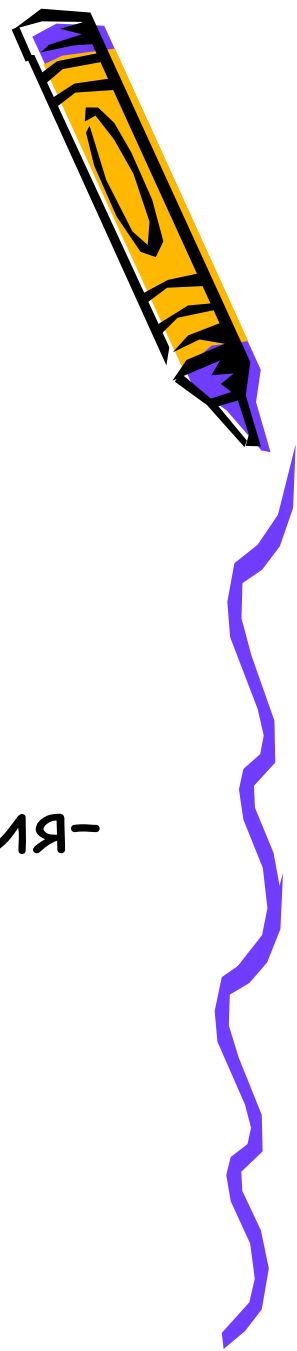
прошедшее совершенное время



- Had + V<sub>3</sub>
- I had worked
- You had finished
- They had played
- We had smiled
- She had danced
- He had explained
- It had rained
- I had gone
- You had lost
- They had spent
- We had understood
- She had begun
- He had put
- It had caught



# Uses of the Tense



- Действие , которое совершилось до другого действия в прошлом
- - *When I rang Jim had already left.*
- - *He hadn't finished it by yesterday evening.*
- Не исполненные надежды и пожелания-  
*He had hoped to send me a card but he didn't manage.*



# What helps us to use Past Perfect Tense



- **By** that time, **by** 3 o'clock, **by** Monday
- When, after, as soon as, before, by the time that
  - **Already, ever, just, never, never...before**  
to emphasize the sequence of tenses

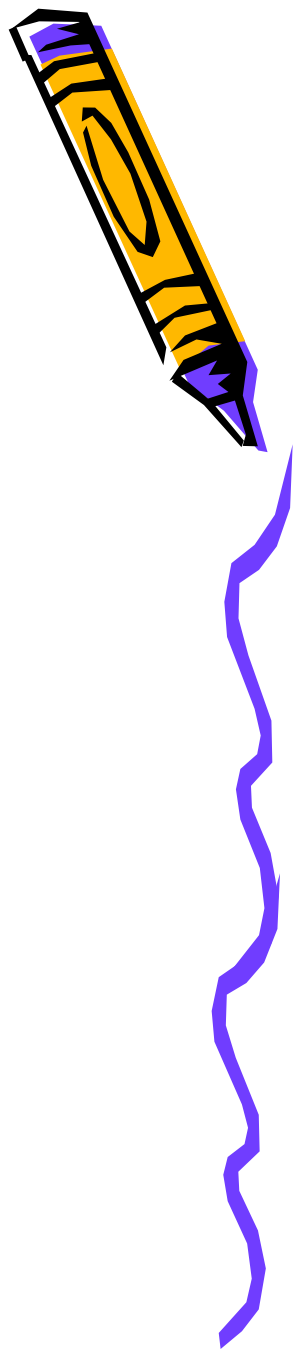


# Negative sentences

- An auxiliary verb **had** is already in the sentence.

not

-They had informed us about the party before we left the office.



# And Interrogative sentences



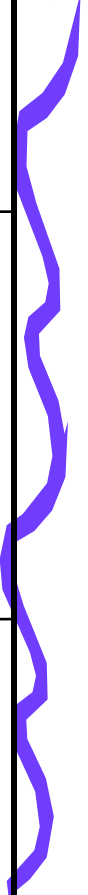
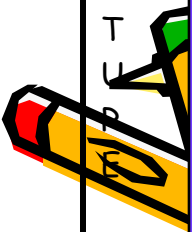
They had informed us about the party before we left the office.

Had they informed us about the party before we left the office?





	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
P R E S E N T	V1/Vs Do/does Что делаю (обычно)?	Am Is + V-ing Are Что делаю (сейчас)?	Have (has)+V <sub>3</sub> Что сделал?	
P A S T	V <sub>2</sub> Did Что делал (вчера)?	Was Were +V-ing Что делал (долго)?	Had + V <sub>3</sub>  Что сделал (сначала)?	
F U T U R E	Shall Will + V <sub>1</sub> Что сделаю	Shall Will +be+V-ing Что буду делать (завтра долго)?	Shall Will +have + V <sub>3</sub> Что сделаю (к определенному	

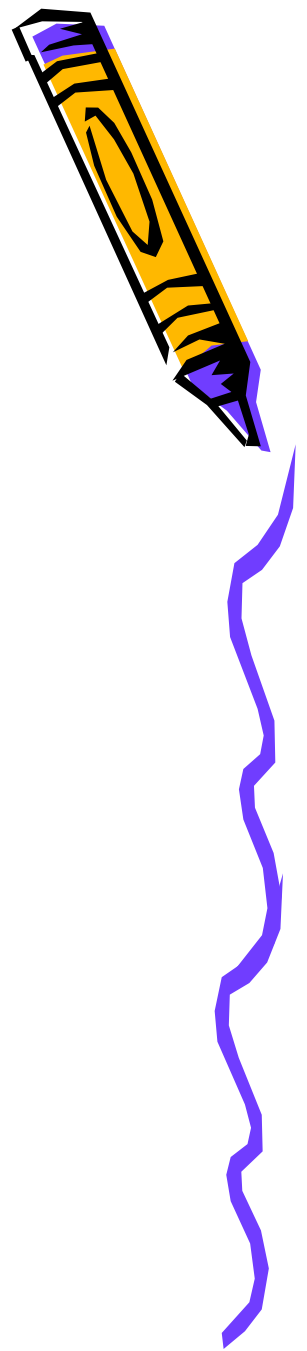




# The Future Perfect Tense

будущее совершенное время

- Shall/will + have + V<sub>3</sub>
- I shall/will have worked
- You will have gone
- They will have played
- We shall/will have begun
- She will have danced
- He will have caught
- It will have rained



# Uses of the Tense

- Действие , которое завершиться к указанному моменту в будущем
  - I will have been retired by the year 2020.



a certain time may be  
expressed by:



- Adverbials of time - **by** 5 o'clock, **by** the end of December, **by** that time
  - We will have translated the article by the evening
- Another future action in Present Simple
  - I shall have finished this work before you return



# Negative sentences


- Auxiliary verbs **will/shall** are already in the sentence.

not

- She will have graduated from the institute by that time next year



# And Interrogative sentences



She will have graduated from the institute by that time next year

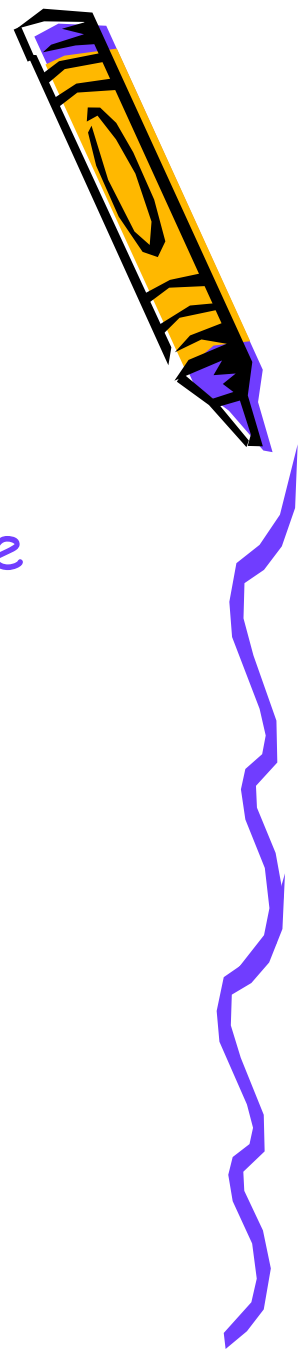
Will she have graduated from the institute by that time next year?



	Simple	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Continuous
P R E S E N T	<p>V1/Vs</p> <p>Do/does</p> <p>Что делаю (обычно)?</p>	<p>Am</p> <p>Is + V-ing</p> <p>Are</p> <p>Что делаю (сейчас)?</p>	<p>Have</p> <p>(has)+V<sub>3</sub></p> <p>Что сделал?</p>	<p>Have</p> <p>(has)+been+</p> <p>V-ing</p> <p>Что делал с... (в течение...) ?</p>
P A S T	<p>V<sub>2</sub></p> <p>Did</p> <p>Что делал (вчера)?</p>	<p>Was</p> <p>Were +V-ing</p> <p>Что делал (долго)?</p>	<p>Had + V<sub>3</sub></p> <p>Что сделал (сначала)?</p>	<p>Had+been+</p> <p>V-ing</p> <p>Since/for+</p> <p>by</p>
F U T U R E	<p>Shall</p> <p>Will + V<sub>1</sub></p>	<p>Shall</p> <p>Will +be+V-ing</p> <p>Что буду делать (завтра)</p>	<p>Shall</p> <p>Will +have + V<sub>3</sub></p> <p>Что сделаю (к</p>	<p>Will have+</p> <p>+been+V-ing</p> <p>Since/for+</p>

# Времена группы "совершенное продолженное"

Perfect Continuous

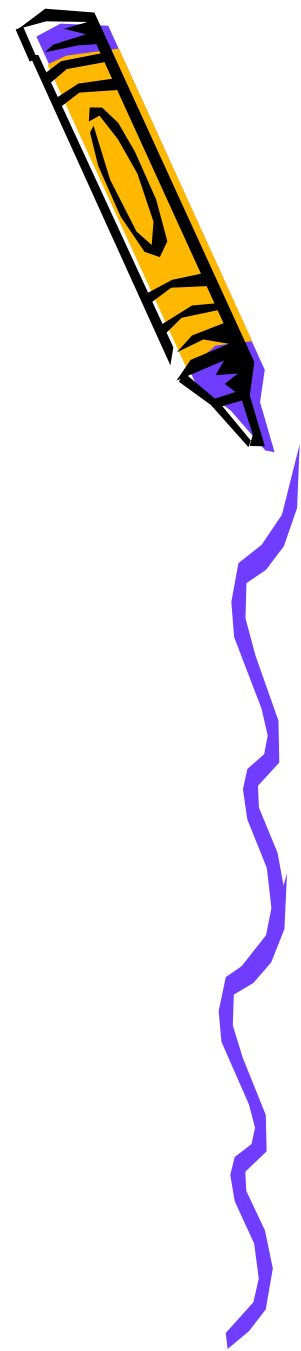


- - Present perfect continuous
  - Настоящее совершенное продолженное
- Have/has + been + V-ing
- I have been going
- He has been doing
- They have been doing



Действие, которое длилось какое-то  
время к моменту речи

- They have been translating the article **for 6 hours already**.
- She has been working here **since 1998**.





# "Since" and "for"



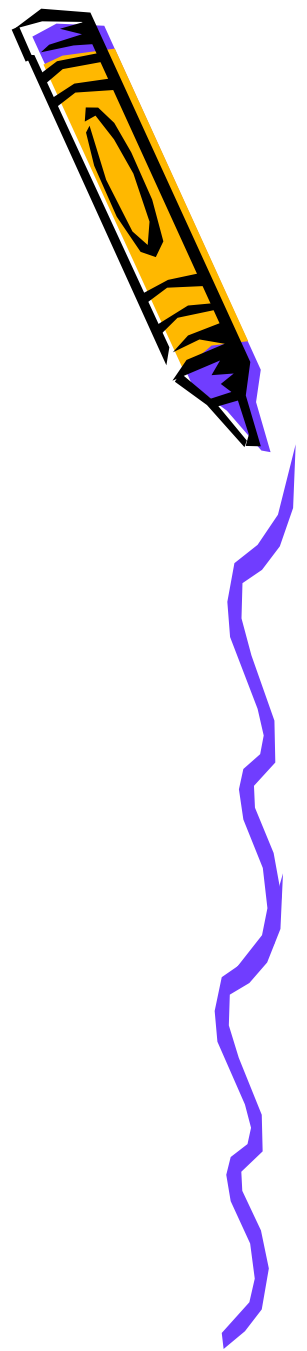
- Since + point of time ( 1890, Monday, spring, morning, he was a boy)
  - She has been living here since 1998
  - I saw her in May and I haven't seen her since
- For + period of time (two hours, year, six weeks)
  - I have been working here for 5 months



# Past perfect continuous

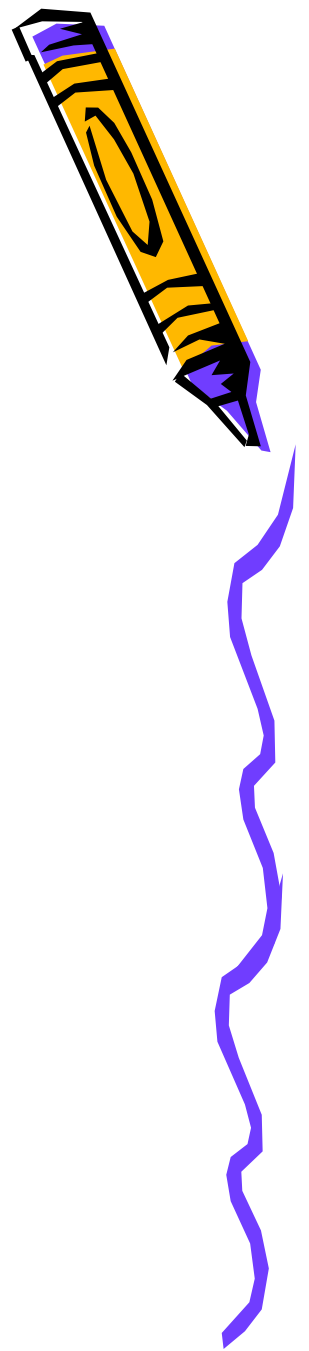
прошедшее совершенное продолженное

- Had + been + V-ing
- We had been doing
- She had been running
- They had been reading



# The Future Perfect Continuous

будущее совершенное продолженное



- shall/will + have + been + V-ing
- I shall/will have been translating
- It will have been discussing
- You will have been looking





- К моменту в прошлом
- He had been translating the article **for** an hour **when** I came.
  - They had been improving the program **for** a week **by** 15.01.10.
- К моменту в будущем
- He will have been translating an article **for** 3 hours **by** 5 o'clock.
  - I'll have been working here **for** 10 years **by** the time you arrive.

