# TENSE CONSOLIDATION: PAST TIME

Simple Past
Past Continuous
Present Perfect

### Simple Past: use

### Simple Past generally refers to:

Completed actions:

I **got up, switched off** the radio, and **sat down** again. He **played** for our football team.

• Habits:

Every day I went to the park. He never ate meat.

- States: In those days I didn't like reading.
- Actions which occupied a period or a moment of time now finished:

He *played* for our team for two years.( He doesn't play now)

**Did** you ever **see** Bono? – Yes, I **saw** him once.

### Past Continuous - use

### Past Continuous generally refers to:

- Actions in progress:
  - I was drinking my coffee at that time.
  - While I was opening the letter the phone rang.
- Action which began before a point of time and probably continued after it:
  - At 8 o'clock he was having breakfast.
- Background description in narrative:
  - Tom was reading, Ann was knitting. Suddenly the doorbell rang. They both looked up.
    - I entered the office and looked around. Most people were working at their desks but Jane was pretending to write something at the same time.

### Present Perfect - use

#### **Present Perfect Simple refers to:**

- Recent actions which occured some time ago provided that there is still a connection with the present time:
  - Bill *has won* several races on this horse.
  - I *have missed* my connection.
- Indefinite results which have an obvious result in the present:
  - I *have twisted* my ankle ( it really hurts).
  - I have lost my watch. Have you seen it anywhere?
- A state which lasts up to the time of speaking: For +a period of time; SINCE + a point of time:
  - I *have taught* here *for* five years.
  - We *have lived* here *for* the past 10 years.
  - He *hasn't ridden* a horse *since* he broke his arm.
  - I have been a vegetarian since the beginning of my school.

# Present Perfect contrasted with Simple Past Tense

- Past Simple is used with time expressions which refer to definite times. The time may be stated or understood:
  - I *have bought* a new car. (indefinite) I *bought* a car last week. (definite)
- Past Simple is used for a finished time in the past:
  - It didn't rain last week.
  - Was Ann at the party on Sunday?
  - Ian *lived* in Scotland for 5 years now he lives in London.
- Present Perfect is used for the period of time which continues from the past until now:
  - It hasn't rained this week.
  - Have you seen Ann recently?
  - Ian lives in London. He *has lived* here for 10 years.

## **Activities:** Simple Past vs Past Continuous

#### **Choose the most suitable words underlined:**

- 1. It took a while for me to notice, but then I did. Everyone <u>stared/was staring</u> at me What had I done wrong?
- 2. Everone was having a good time although not many people <u>danced /were</u> <u>dancing.</u>
- 3. I was trying/tried to get in touch with you all day yesterday. Where were you?
- 4. He <u>was sitting/sat</u> on the bank fishing when he <u>saw/was seeing</u> a man floating down the river.
- 5. It snowed/was snowing heavily when he was waking up/woke up.
- 6. Everyone <u>was reading/read</u> quietly when suddenly the door <u>opened/was</u> <u>opening</u> and a complete stranger <u>was rushing / rushed</u> in.

# Activities: Present Perfect vs Simple Past

### Choose the most appropriate tense underlined:

- I <u>bought/have bought</u> a new house last year, but I <u>didn't sell/ haven't sold</u> my old house yet, so at the momnet I have two houses.
- 2. Ann <u>went/ has gone</u> to Canada six month ago. She <u>has worked/ worked</u> in Canada for a while and then <u>went/has gone</u> to the United States.
- 3. I can't believe that you <u>have eaten/ ate</u> three pizzas already! I only <u>brought/have</u> <u>brought</u> them fifteen minutes ago.
- 4. What <u>did you think/ have you thought</u> of London? <u>Did you stay/ Have you stayed</u> there long?
- 5. Harry <u>left/has left</u> home suddenly and we <u>didn't hear/ haven't heard</u> from him since.
- 6. Recent research <u>showed/ has shown</u> that Columbus <u>didn't discover/ hasn't</u> <u>discovered</u> America, but that Vikings <u>landed/ have landed</u> there five hundred years ago.

## Activities: Simple Past, Past Continuous, Present Perfect

#### Put ech verbs in brackets into an appropriate form:

Ask hundreds of people what they will be doing on a certain day in August next year, or the year after, and there will be only one reply. Provided of course that the people you you ask belong to the Elvis Presley Fan Club. Although the King of Rock and Roll (1) .....(die) nearly two decades ago, his fans (2) .....(meet) every year since then outside his home in Memphis, to show the respect for the singer they love so much. One of the fans Jean (3).....(visit) the Gracelands, the house where Elvis (4).....(suffer) his fatal heart attack, twice in the past five years. 'The first time I (5).....(borrow) the money from my Mum, as I (6) ......(not/work) then. But two years ago I (7).....(get) married and since then (8).....(work) in my husband Chris's garage. Chris and I (9).....(go) together last year, and we are thinking of spending two or three months in the USA next year.I (10) ......(always/want) to visit some of the places where Elvis (11).....(perform) like Las Vegas for example'. Jean says that Elvis (12).....(be) her obsessions ever since she (13) .....(be) ten years old.

### Bibliografia:

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- 3. R. Murphy, *English Grammar in Use, Cambridge University Press,* Cambridge1994

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