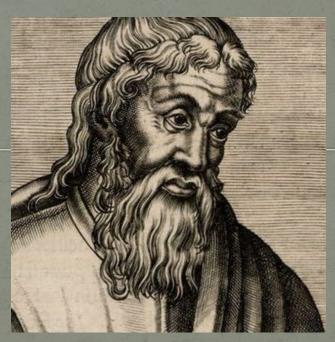
Strabon

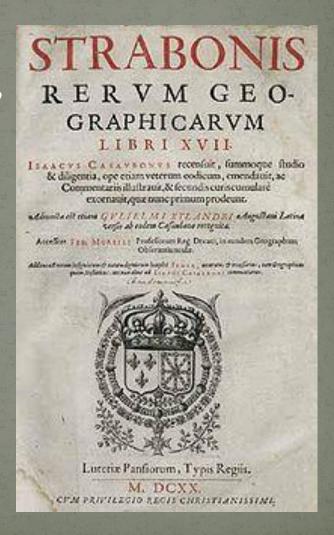


Presentation completed by Vladislava Krasovskaia

«Geographica»

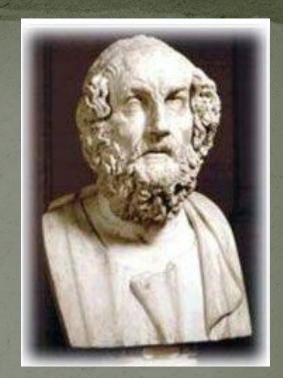
Strabo is most notable for his work *Geographica* ("Geography), which presented a descriptive history of people and places from different regions of the world known to his era, which was in 17 books.

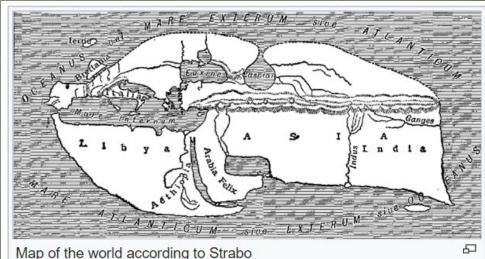




«Geographica»

- In the first two books, Strabo examines the theoretical basis of his subject and discusses the views of his predecessors.
- In the book of Geographica Strabo said that the whole world consisted of one big Ocean and that India could be reached if you traveled all the way to the West.





His traveling

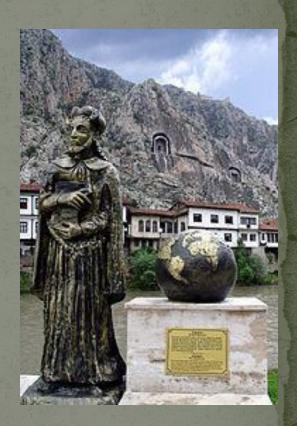
 He visited with Spain and continuing through the other European lands to Greece, Asia Minor, and further Asia (that is, India, Persia, and Syria)





Become a standart

- A first edition was published in 7 BC and a final edition no later than 23
 AD, in the last year of Strabo's life.
- It took about five years for scholars to give him a credit and for it to become a standard.



He is named as "the Geographer"

• After his death around , Roman geographers and historians ignored him and his works. But after 5th century, Byzantine writers and historians gave him the credit again. Today, Strabo is named as "the Geographer".

