

Interesting facts about EURO prepared Downer Oksana

Currency Euro 12 countries-participants of EU have started to use in 2002. Every day it pay nearly 300 million people. But to abandon the old national currencies before the Euro existed for a very long time, was quite difficult.

The name of the currency received in 1995 at the European Council meeting in Madrid. Graphic Euro symbol was the Greek letter "Upsilon" with parallel lines, in which it is possible to notice the link with the initial letter of the word "Europe". And the lines denote the stability of the currency.

In 1996 the European monetary Institute Council announced a competition for the best design for the Euro. Among the 44 projects selected-one with the assistance of independent voting. The winner was the project "Era and images of Europe", the author of which is Robert Kalina.

In the process of creating the Euro special attention was taken to ensure that banknotes have become convenient to use for blind people. To help distinguish the dignity of banknotes, all banknotes are slightly different in size, and the numbers printed using gravure, relief. About people with low vision are not forgotten, especially for them all banknotes have contrasting colors, and the numbers printed round bowl.

While deciding which image will decorate the notes, the Europeans have come to a unanimous decision not to publish images of various leaders of to avoid scandals. Because of this, each bill can only admire the pictures of the buildings.

Euro coins differ in color, size and thickness depending on the denomination. On one side of each coin are one of 3 designs which are accepted common for all countries, with different maps of Europe surrounded by the 12 stars of the European Union. The other side is individual for each country.

# The End