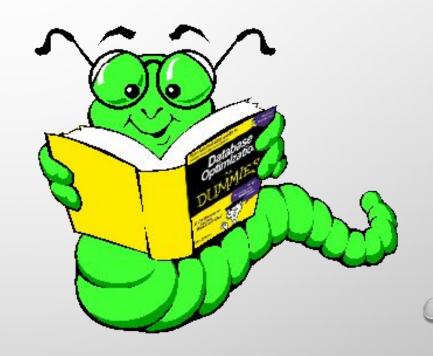
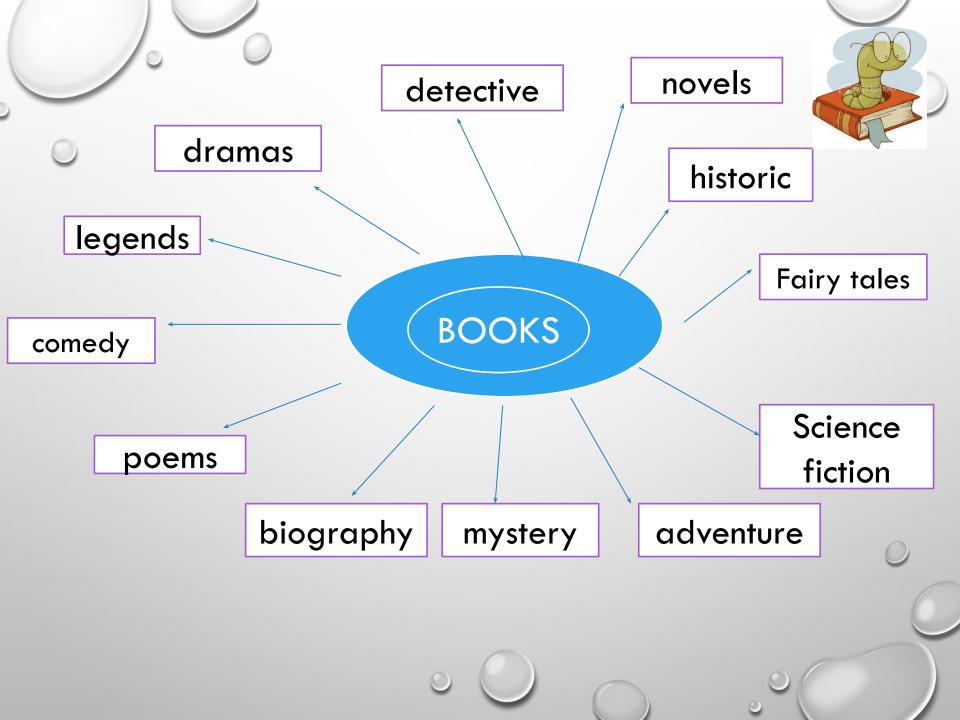


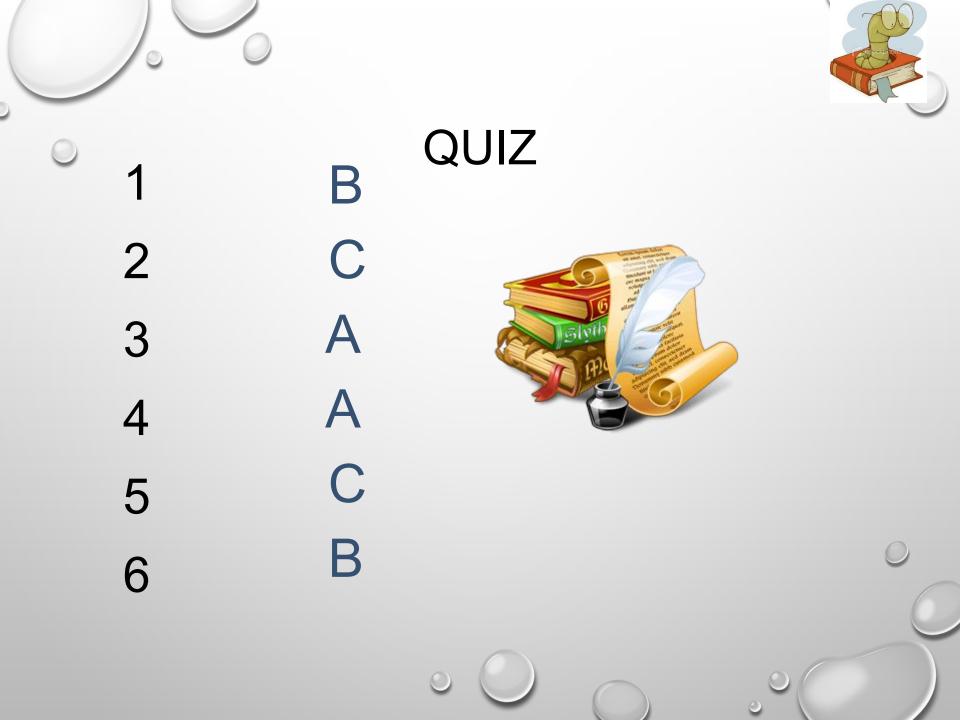


BOOKWORMS

MODULE 2A
FORM 7
"SPOTLIGHT"











STORY

- □ HUMOROUS ЮМОРИСТИЧЕСКИЙ
- □ AMAZING ЗАХВАТЫВАЮЩИЙ
- □ EXCITING ВОСХИТИТЕЛЬНЫЙ
- □ FICTIONAL ВЫМЫШЛЕННЫЙ
- □ EMOTIONAL -ЭМОЦИОНАЛЬНЫЙ
- □ BRILLIANT БЛЕСТЯЩИЙ
- MYSTERIOUS ТАИНСТВЕННЫЙ

- □ ORDINARY ОБЫЧНЫЙ
- □ STRANGE СТРАННЫЙ
- □ TYPICAL ТИПИЧНЫЙ
- □ UNUSUAL НЕОБЫЧНЫЙ
- □ WELL-KNOWN -ЗНАМЕНИТЫЙ
- □ SUSPENSE НЕИЗВЕДАННЫЙ
- □ FUNNY ВЕСЕЛЫЙ



MATCH THE SYNONYMS

- ☐ WELL-KNOWN、
- □ UNUSUAL
- □ AMAZING
- □ CLEVER
- ORDINARY
- LOYAL

- □ INTELLIGENT
- **□** FAITHFUL
- **TAMOUS**
- **EXTRAORDINARY**
- **■** STRANGE
- 1 TYPICAL

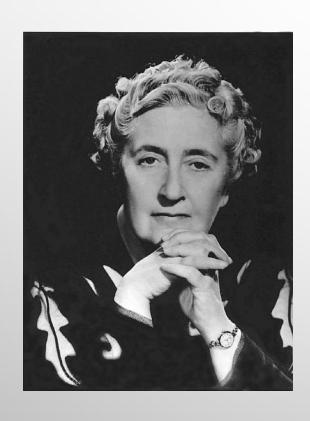




EXCITEMENT, ADVENTURE, AND MYSTERY
ALL MAKE UP THE WORLD OF FICTION.
AND HERE ARE SOME OF THE GREATEST
NAMES IN FICTION.



THE FAMOUS AUTHOR



AGATHA CHRISTIE (15.09.1890-12.01.1976)

THE "QUEEN OF CRIME"





Poirot Novels

AUTHOR:

Agatha Christie

MAIN CHARACTER'S NAME:

Hercule Poirot

WHAT'S FAMOUS FOR:

Famous for his obsession with order and his use of psychology.



Miss Marple stories

AUTHOR:

Agatha Christie

MAIN CHARACTER'S NAME:

Miss Marple

WHAT'S FAMOUS FOR:

For being extraordinary lady who loves investigating crimes via gossip.

THE FAMOUS AUTHOR



SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE (22.05.1859-07.08.1930)

THE DETECTIVE WRITER





The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes

AUTHOR:

Arthur Conan Doyle

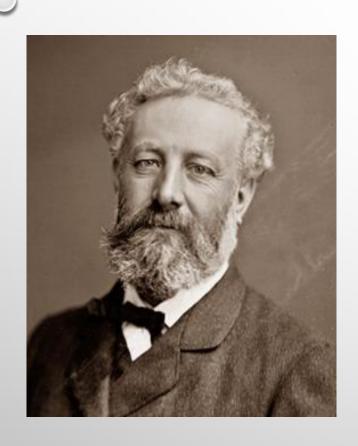
MAIN CHARACTER'S NAME:

Sherlock Holmes

WHAT'S FAMOUS FOR:

Genius of deduction.

THE FAMOUS AUTHOR



JULES VERNE (08.02.1828-24.03.1905)

THE AUTHOR OF SCIENCE FICTION







Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea

AUTHOR:

Jules Verne(France)

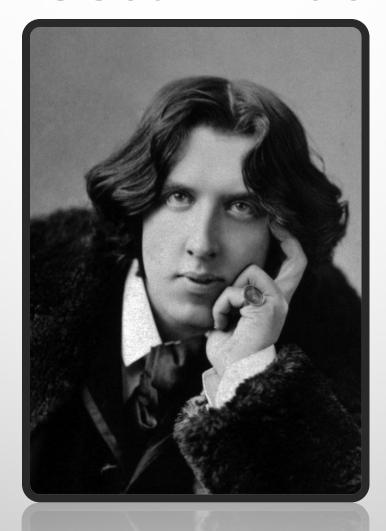
MAIN CHARACTER'S NAME:

Captain Nemo

WHAT'S FAMOUS FOR:

Traveled under the sea in his submarine, "The Nautilus".

Oscar Wilde



16.10.1854 — 30.11.1900



The Picture of Dorian Gray

AUTHOR:

Oscar Wilde (England)

MAIN CHARACTER'S NAME:

Dorian Gray

WHAT'S FAMOUS FOR:

Sold his soul for eternal beauty.

HERBERT GEORGE WELLS



21.09.1886 - 13.09.1946



The Invisible Man

AUTHOR:

Herbert George Wells (England)

MAIN CHARACTER'S NAME:

The Invisible Man (Griffin)

WHAT'S FAMOUS FOR:

Created a machine that made a person invisible and made himself invisible.

MARY SHELLEY



30.08.1791 - 1.02.1851



Frankenstein or Modern Prometheus

AUTHOR:

Mary Shelley (England)

MAIN CHARACTER'S NAME:

Victor Frankenstein

WHAT'S FAMOUS FOR:

Created a man out of dead flesh.

Neat appearance - when person looks fresh and tidy – аккуратная внешность - когда человек внешне выглядит чисто и опрятно

Obsession - passion - ярко-выраженная склонность

Order - to organize something well – так как должно быть – сделать что-то отлично Psychology - the scientific study of the way the human mind works and how it influences behavior - психология – область исследований, которая изведывает деятельность человеческого разума и его действие на образ действий человека

Investigation - the act or process of examining a crime, problem, statement, etc - раскрытие - процедура, которая исследует явления нарушающие закон, сложности, заявка (отчет) и т.д.

At first glance - at first sight – первое впечатление

Inspired - excellent, or resulting from inspiration - воодушевленный - отличный, либо
продукт воодушевления

Brilliant - amazing - необычайный- удивительный

To solve - to find an answer to a problem - разбирать – получать ответ на сложность Mysterious cases - cases, which are strange, not known, or not understood - загадочные, мифические события - ситуации которые представляют собой неизведанные, странные или необъяснимые

Cape - a coat - плащ

Magnifying glass - a piece of curved glass that makes objects look larger than they are - лупа – определенным образом согнутый осколок, который помогает вещам выглядеть на порядок больше, чем они есть

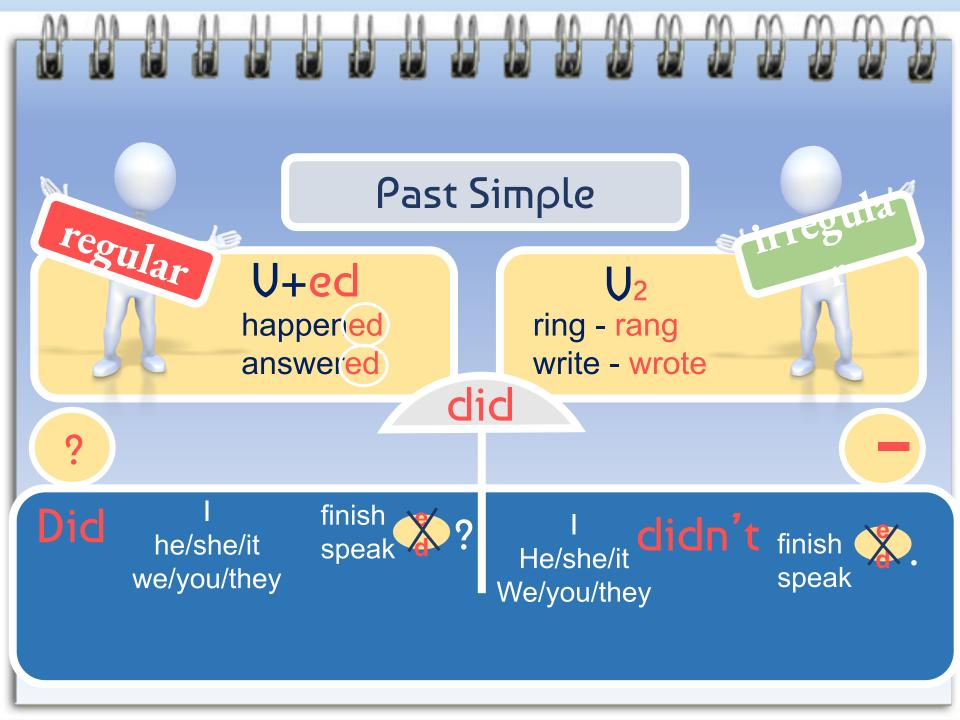
Imagination - the ability to form pictures in the mind - фантазия навык к воспроизведению в голове рисунка

Several - some; an amount that is not exact but is fewer than many – некоторые - некоторые, не определенное количество, т.е. не меньше, не больше.

Underwater - under the surface of the water, especially under the surface of the sea - подводный – который располагается под водой, который расположен в морских водах.

ПРОСТОЕ ПРОШЕДШЕЕ ВРЕМЯ.

ОБОЗНАЧАЕТ ДЕЙСТВИЕ, КОТОРОЕ ПРОИЗОШЛО В ПРОШЛОМ



PAST SIMPLE TENSE OБРАЗУЕТСЯ:

V(ED) -ПРАВИЛЬНЫЕ V2- НЕПРАВИЛЬНЫЕ

ПРАВИЛЬНЫЕ ГЛАГОЛЫ

НЕПРАВИЛЬНЫЕ ГЛАГОЛЫ

OPEN-OPENED

GO-WENT

LIKE-LIKED

SEE-SAW

PLAY-PLAYED

BRING-BROUGHT

WATCH-WATCHED

HAVE-HAD

УКАЗАТЕЛИ ВРЕМЕНИ:

YESTERDAY-BYEPA

THE DAY BEFORE YESTERDAY-1703AB4EPA

A YEAR AGO-ГОД НАЗАД

A MONTH AGO-MECЯЦ НАЗАД

LAST YEAR-В ПРОШЛОМ ГОДУ

LAST MONTH- В ПРОШЛОМ МЕСЯЦЕ

IN 2012- В 2012ГОДУ

I USUALLY GET UP AT 7 O'CLOCK. I GOT UP AT 70'CLOCK YESTERDAY.

ANN PLAYS PIANO EVERY DAY.

BORIS PLAYED FOOTBALL.

FATHER WATCHES TV IN THE EVENING.

WE WATCHED AN INTERESTING FILM TWO DAYS AGO.

ОТРИЦАНИЕ: DID +NOT+V1

WE DID NOT (DIDN'T) GO FOR A WALK YESTERDAY.

CHILDREN DID NOT (DIDN'T) PLAY VOLLEYBALL.

MY FATHER DID NOT (DIDN'T) SEE THAT FILM.

BO∏POC: DID +V1

DID YOU GO TO THE PARK YESTERDAY?

DID YOUR FATHER BUY A NEW CAR?

WHERE DID YOU GO YESTERDAY?

WHAT DID YOUR FATHER BUY?

ГЛАГОЛ -СВЯЗКА ТО ВЕ

I- WAS

HE- WAS

SHE- WAS

IT- WAS

WE- WERE

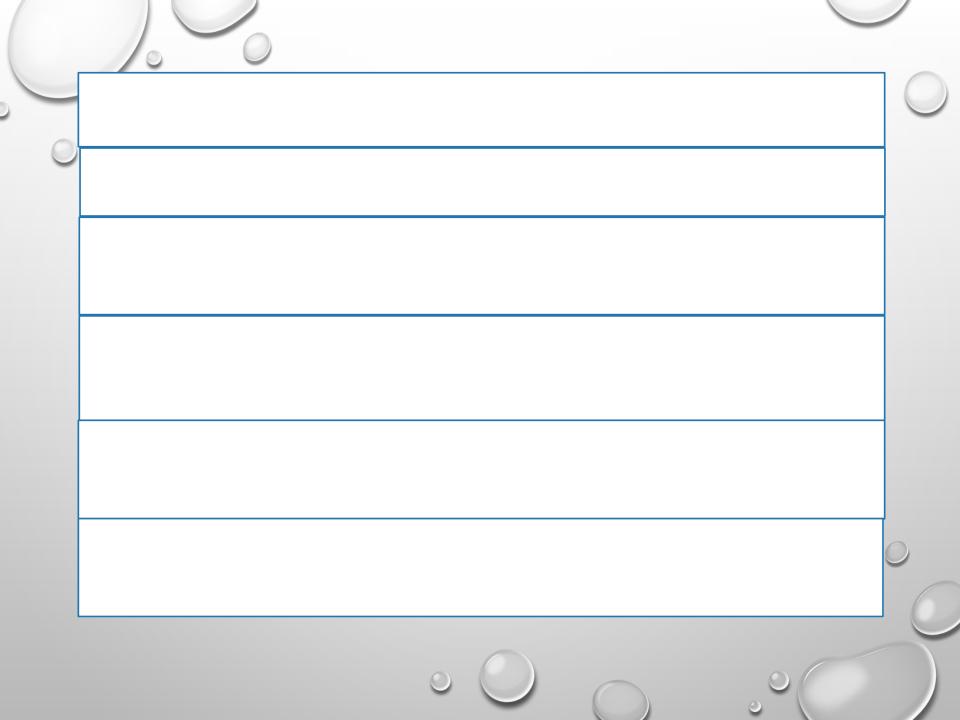
YOU- WERE

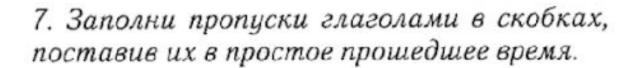
THEY- WERE

I WAS AT THE CINEMA YESTERDAY.

I WAS NOT (WASN'T) AT THE THEATRE YESTERDAY.

WAS HE AT THE CINEMA YESTERDAY?
WHERE WAS HE YESTERDAY?





- 1) caused . . . heard;
- 2) used;
- 3) acted;

- 4) fought;
- 5) travelled . . . wrote;
- 6) created . . . spoke.