

Spanish by Niki



I'm going to explain basic grammatical rules
and some new words in Spanish

Spanish alphabet

- Spanish alphabet has 27 letters, some are the same as in Russian alphabet, and one new letter that only can be found in Spanish alphabet.
- A a, B b, C c, D d, E e, F f, G g, H h, I i, J j, K k, L l, M m, N n, Ñ ñ, O o, P p, Q q, R r, S s, T t, U u, V v, W w, X x, Y y, Z z.

Sound of letters

- A, a: always has the same sound of russian А. It's name is "a".
- B, b: always has the same sound of russian Б. It's name is "be".
- C, c: in ca, co, cu, has the "K" sound (ka, ko, ku); in ce, ci has the "S" sound (se, si). **Grammatical rule.** It's name is "ce".
- D, d: always has the same sound of russian Д. It's name is "de".
- E, e: always has the same sound of russian Э. It's name is "e".
- F, f: always has the same sound of russian Ф. It's name is "efe".

Sound of letters



- G, g: in ga, go, gu has the russian “Г” sound; in ge, gi has the russian “Х” sound like in xaxaxa (хе, хи); in gue gui has the russian “Г” sound, and the middle letter U is not pronounced (ге, ги). **Grammatical rule.** It’s name is “ge”.
- H, h: it has no sound at all. Only has sound in “CH” which has the sound of russian Ч. It’s name is “ache”.
- I, i: always has the same sound of russian И. It’s name is “i”.
- J, j: always has the same sound of russian X. It’s name is “jota”.

Sound of letters



- K, k: always has the same sound of russian К. It's name is "ka".
- L, l: always has the same sound of russian Л. It's name is "ele".
*LL, ll: always has the same sound of "Y" in the English word "yes". **Grammatical rule**. It's name is "elle".
- M, m: always has the same sound of russian М. It's name is "eme".
- N, n: always has the same sound of russian Н. It's name is "ene".
- Ñ, ñ: this letter is only found in the Spanish alphabet, always has the sound of "gn" in "lasagna" or "нь" in "день".

Sound of letters



- O, o: always has the same sound “O”. It’s name is “o”.
- P, p: always has the same sound of russian П. It’s name is “pe”.
- Q, q: always has the sound of “K”, but its followed by the letter U which has no sound (qué /ke/ = what). **Grammatical rule.** It’s name is “cu”.
- R, r: at the begining of a word has the strong R sound; at the middle or a word has the soft R sound; and if is “rr” in the middle of a word has the strong R sound. **Grammatical rule.** It’s name is “erre”.

Sound of letters



- S, s: always has the same sound of russian C. It's name is "ese".
- T, t: always has the same sound of russian T. It's name is "te".
- U, u: always has the same sound of russian Y. It's name is "te".
- V, v: always has the same sound of russian B. It's name is "ve".
- W, w: always has the same sound as in English. It's name is "doble ve".
- X, x: always has the same sound as in English. It's name is "equis".
- Y, y: always has the same sound as in English. It's name is "i grienga" (greek i).
- Z, z: always has the same sound of russian 3. It's name is "zeta".

Greetings



- Hello / Hi = Hola
- What is your name? = ¿Cómo te llamas?
- My name is Edward = Mi nombre es Edward / Me llamo Edward.
- Nice to meet you = Encantado de conocerte



- Good bye = Adiós / Chao
- See you later = Te veo luego

Greetings



☐ Good morning = Buenos días



☐ Good afternoon = Buenas tardes



• Good night / evening =
Buenas noches

People

Man = Hombre.



Woman = Mujer.



Girl = Niña.



Boy = Niño.



People

Teenager = Adolescente



Young = Joven



Adult = Adulto



Elderly = Anciano



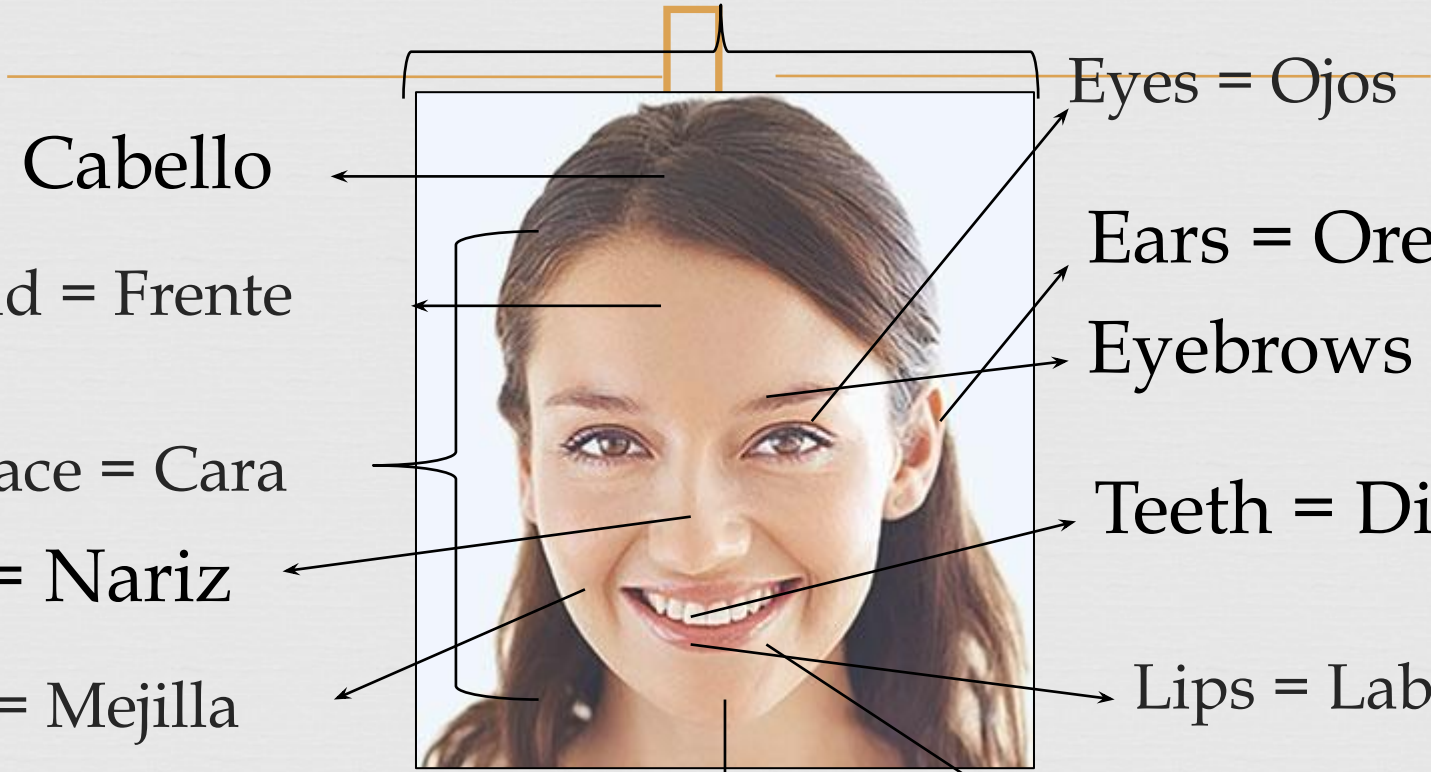
Pronouns



- I = Yo
- You = Tu (informal), Usted (formal)
- He = Él
- She = Ella
- It = Ello
- We = Nosotros
- You (plural) = Ustedes (formal and informal)
- They = Ellos, Ellas

Parts of the body

Head = Cabeza



Hair = Cabello

Forehead = Frente

Face = Cara

Nose = Nariz

Cheek = Mejilla

Tongue = Lengua

Chin = Quijada

Eyes = Ojos

Ears = Orejas

Eyebrows = Cejas

Teeth = Dientes

Lips = Labios

Mouth = Boca



Parts of the body

Hand = Mano

Wrist = Muñeca

Fingers = Dedos

Forearm =
Antebrazo

Shoulder =
Hombro

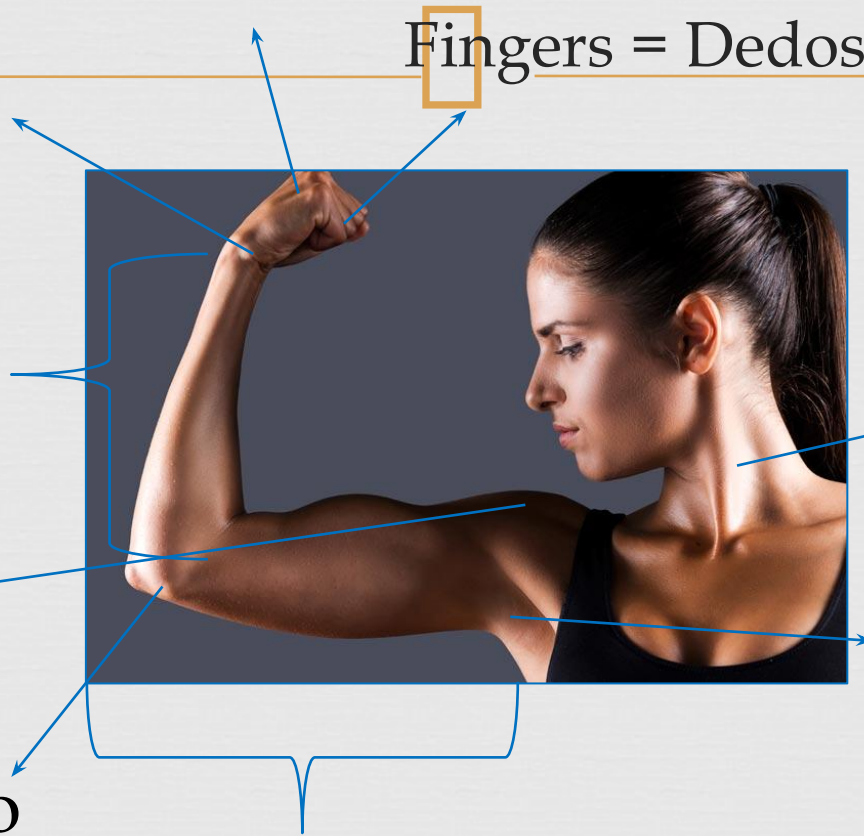
Elbow = Codo

Arm = Brazo

Neck = Cuello

Armpit = Axila

• Nails = Uñas



Parts of the body

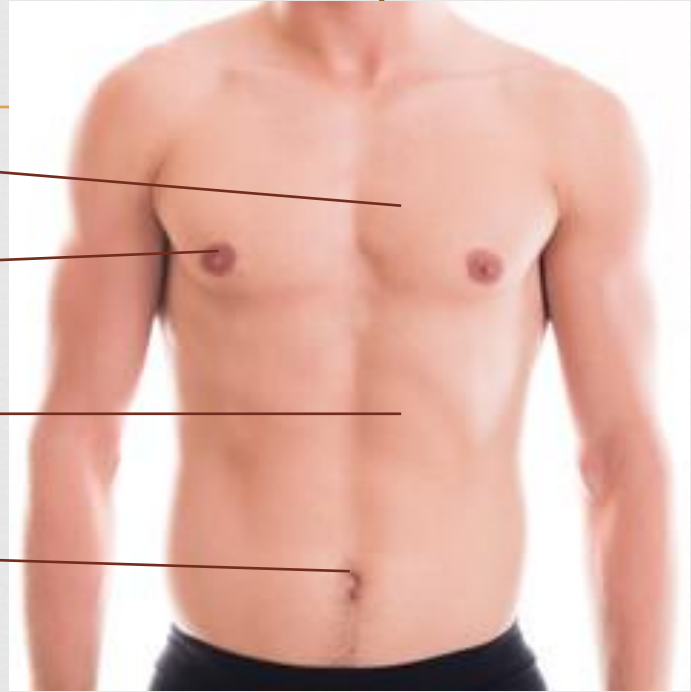
Chest = Pecho



Nipples = Pezones

Abdomen = Abdomen

Navel = Ombligo



Back = Espalda

Parts of the body

Breasts = Senos

Waist = Cintura

Hips = Caderas

Belly = Vientre



Parts of the body



Legs = Piernas



Buttocks/ Ass =
Trasero

Knee = Rodilla

Calf =
Pantorrilla

Feet = Pies

Heel = Talón

Foot = Pie

Ankle = Tobillo

Clothes

Pants = Pantalones



Skirt = Falda



Hat = Sombrero



Shirt = Camisa



T-shirt = Polo



Blouse = Blusa



Clothes

Shoes = Zapatos



Sneakers = Zapatillas



High heels = Tacones



Brassiere = Brasier



Socks = Medias



Belt = Cinturón / Correa



Clothes

Panties = Bragas
/ Calzón



Underpants =
Calzoncillos



Earring = Arete



Necklace = Collar



Bracelet = Brazalete



Ring = Anillo



Drinks

Water = Agua



Coffee = Café



Tea = Té



Juice = Jugo



Vodka = Vodka



Whisky = Whisky



Drinks

Beer = Cerveza



Wine = Vino



Glass = Vaso



Bottle = Botella



Cup = Taza



Wine cup = Copa (de vino)



Feelings



- Love = Amor
- Hate = Odio
- Happiness = Alegría
- Happy = Alegre
- Sad = Triste
- Fear = Miedo

More words



- Yes = Sí
- Not = No
- Maybe = Tal vez
- Today = Hoy
- Tomorrow = Mañana
- Yesterday = Ayer
- Morning = Mañana
- Day = Día
- Afternoon = Tarde
- Night = Noche
- Spring = Primavera
- Summer = Verano
- Autumn = Otoño
- Winter = Invierno
- Cold = Frío
- Hot = Caliente
- Warm = Cálido
- Weather = Clima
- Snow = Nieve
- Rain = Lluvia
- Wind = Viento
- Hurricane = Huracán

Few phrases



- I like to dance = Me gusta bailar.
- I like to sing = Me gusta cantar.
- I like to play the drums = Me gusta tocar la batería.
- I like to drink water/tea /wine = Me gusta tomar agua/té/vino.
- You have a beautiful smile = Tu tienes una bella sonrisa.
- Your eyes are beautiful = Tus ojos son hermosos.
- You dance very well = Tu bailas muy bien.
- He is running = Él está corriendo.
- She has a pen = Ella tiene un lapicero.
- We are workers = Nosotros somos trabajadores.
- You have fruits = Ustedes tienen frutas.
- They live in the city = Ellos viven en la ciudad.