

ALEXANDER I THE BLESSED

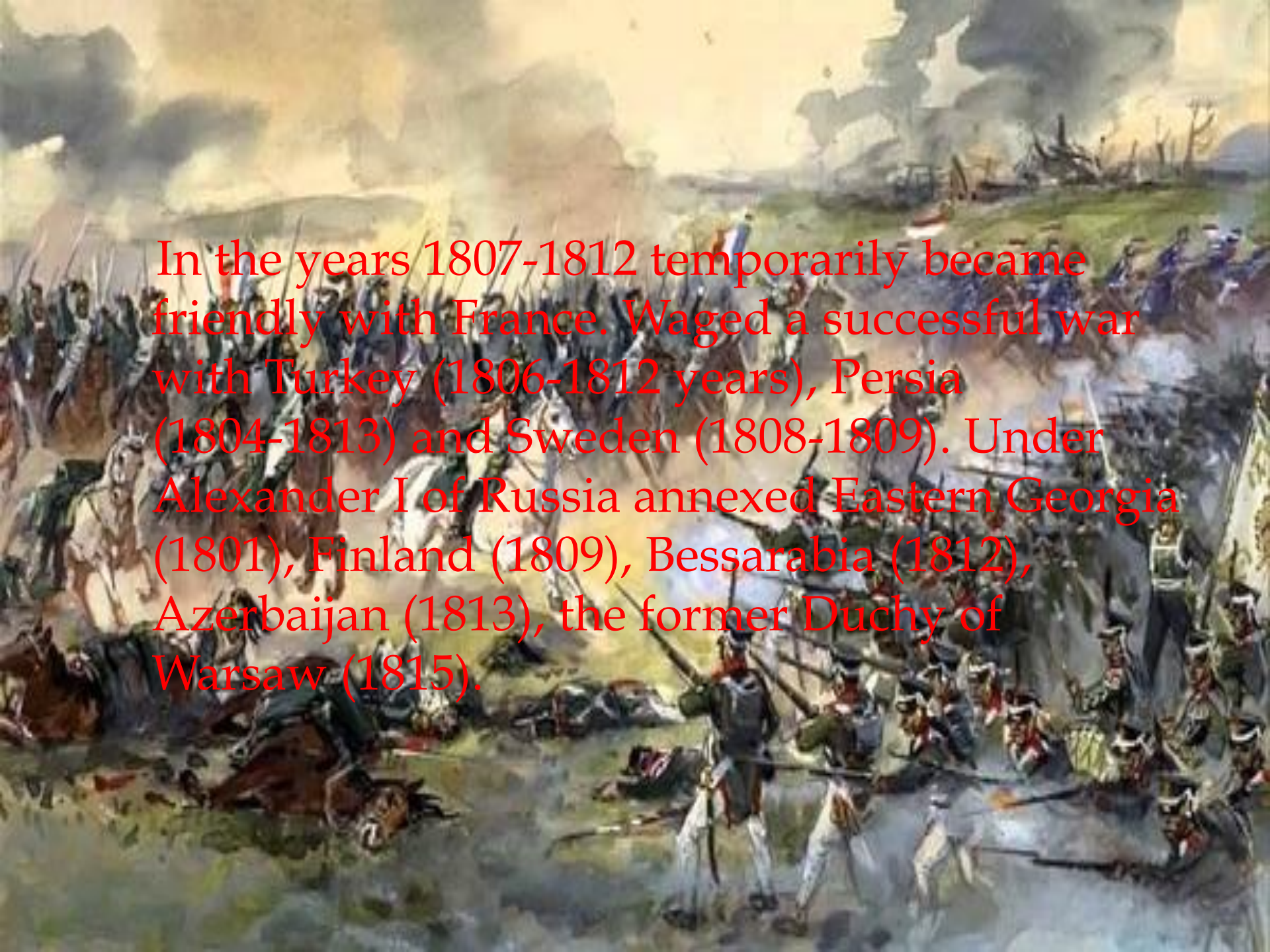
11 (23 марта) 1801 – 19 ноября (1
декабря) 1825

At the beginning of the Board held a moderate liberal reforms, developed by the Unofficial Committee and M. M. Speransky.





In foreign policy Alexander maneuvered between Britain and France. In 1805-07 participated in anti-French coalitions.

A detailed painting of a battle scene, likely from the Napoleonic era. The scene is filled with soldiers on horseback and on foot, engaged in combat. The ground is littered with fallen soldiers and horses. The sky is filled with thick, dark smoke, suggesting a recent explosion or intense fighting. The overall atmosphere is one of chaos and destruction.

In the years 1807-1812 temporarily became friendly with France. Waged a successful war with Turkey (1806-1812 years), Persia (1804-1813) and Sweden (1808-1809). Under Alexander I of Russia annexed Eastern Georgia (1801), Finland (1809), Bessarabia (1812), Azerbaijan (1813), the former Duchy of Warsaw (1815).

After the Patriotic war of 1812 led to the 1813-1814 years, the anti-French coalition of European powers. Was one of the leaders of the Congress of Vienna 1814-1815 years and organizers of the Holy Alliance.



In his last years often spoke of his intention to abdicate and "to leave from the world", which after his unexpected death from typhoid fever in Taganrog gave rise to the legend of "elder Fyodor Kuzmich". According to this legend, in Taganrog died and was then buried not Alexander, and his double, while the king still lived long as an old man-a hermit in Siberia and died in Tomsk in 1864.



**Thank you for your
attention**

