



The role of arms companies in deadly conflicts marred by serious human rights violations has been the elephant in the room for long.

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TOP 5 EXPORTING COUNTRIES

- (1) United States (36%)
- (2) Russian Federation (21%)
- (3) France (6,8%)
- (4) Germany (6,4%)
- (5) PR China (5,2%)

TOTAL ARMS SALES (2017)

Top 100 arms companies made \$398.2 billion of arms sales

TOP 5 IMPORTING COUNTRIES

(12%)

Saudi Arabia

(1)

(9,5%)India **(2)**

(5,1%)

Egypt (3)

(4,6%)Australia (4)

Algeria (5)



Arms Manufactured by Business Enterprises (Impacts during Armed Conflicts)

2017

Motel in Arhab, Yemen

Raytheon/Lockheed Martin's Paveway guidance kit struck a motel and killed 33 civilians

2018

Eastern Allepo, Syria

Hughes/Raytheon's manufactured anti-armor missiles (TOWs system) were found in the ruins

2019

MSF Hospital in Abs District

Raytheon/Lockheed Martin's Paveway bomb hit the MSF Hospital, killing 11 people and wounding 29 people

Faj Attan area in Sana'a

Raytheon's Paveway bomb exploded in a residential area and killed a family of six children

Warzan Village, Yemen

Raytheon Paveway laser-guided bomb struck a residential home and killed al-Kindi family

2016 2017







It is prohibited to employ weapons, projectiles and material and methods of warfare of a nature to cause superfluous injury or unnecessary suffering.

Art. 35(2) AP-I

Indiscriminate attacks are prohibited. Indiscriminate attacks are [...] (c) those which employ a method or means of combat the effects of which cannot be limited as required by this Protocol.

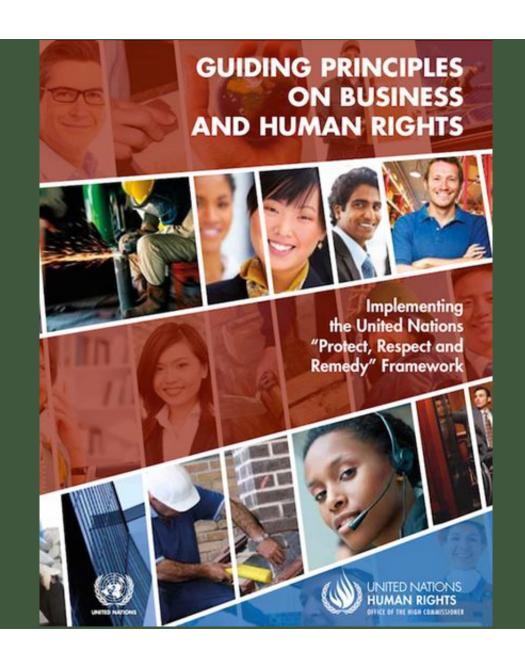
Art. 51(4) AP-I



ART. 36 AP-I

In the study, development, acquisition or adoption of a new weapon, means or method of warfare, a High Contracting Party is under *an obligation to determine* whether its employment would, in some or all circumstances, be prohibited by this Protocol or by any other rule of international law applicable to the High Contracting Party.





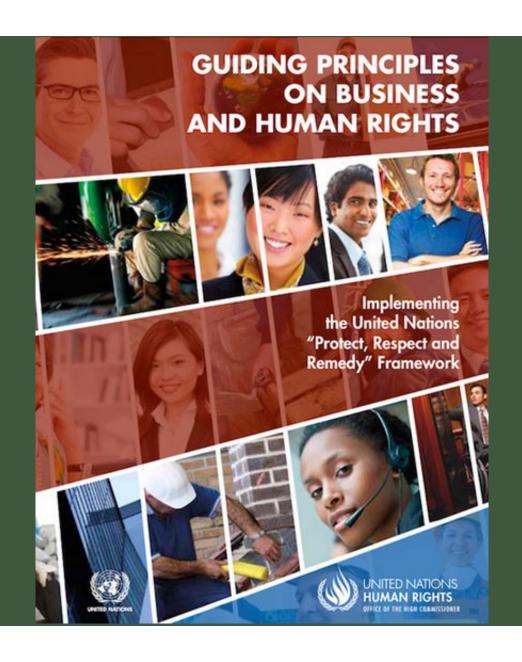
UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights

Principle 15(b)

In order to meet their responsibility to respect human rights, business enterprises should have in place policies and processes appropriate to their size and circumstances, including:

[…]

(b) A human rights due diligence process to identify, prevent, mitigate and account for how they address their impacts on human rights.



UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights

Principle 17

In order to identify, prevent, mitigate and account for how they address their adverse human rights impacts, business enterprises should carry out human rights due diligence. The process should include assessing actual and potential human rights impacts, integrating and acting upon the findings, tracking responses, and communicating how impacts are addressed. Human rights due diligence:

- (a) Should cover adverse human rights impacts that the business enterprise may cause or contribute to through its own activities, or which may be directly linked to its operations, products or services by its business relationships;
- (b) Will vary in complexity with the size of the business enterprise, the risk of severe human rights impacts, and the nature and context of its operations;
- (c) Should be ongoing, recognizing that the human rights risks may change over time as the business enterprise's operations and operating context evolve.



Lockheed Martin's Code of Conduct (Sec. 4)

We are Committed to Protecting Human Rights

We Set the Standard

We are committed to good citizenship, which includes the protection and advancement of internationally recognized human rights.

Fair Treatment

- We treat others with respect and dignity, encourage diversity and diverse opinions, promote equal opportunity for all and help create an inclusive and ethical culture.
- We prohibit harassment, bullying and discrimination, use of child, compulsory or forced labor, trafficking in persons and any acts associated with modern day slavery for any purpose.

Resource Access

- We promote environmental responsibility by reducing our use of natural resources and maximizing the efficiency of our products.
- We innovate technologies that can protect and provide access to natural resources.
- We support economic access through fair and inclusive hiring and remuneration practices and supplier diversity outreach.



Thank You