

St James's Palace

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A decorative graphic element consisting of several horizontal lines of varying lengths and colors (teal and white) extending from the right side of the slide.

St James's Palace is the most senior royal palace in the United Kingdom



History. Tudors

- Built by King Henry VIII
- Was constructed between 1531 and 1536



History. Stuarts

- Charles I gave the palace to Marie de Medici.
- The palace was restored by Charles II and he laid out St James's Park.
- It became the principal residence of the monarch in London in 1698 after Whitehall Palace was destroyed by fire.

History. House of Hanover

- In 1809 a fire destroyed part of the palace
- Queen Victoria ended St James's status as the primary residence of the monarch
- Queen Victoria's wedding to Albert took place at the palace in 1840

Architecture

- The palace's architecture is primarily Tudor in style



Friary Court

- The most recognisable feature is the north gatehouse



St James's Palace Today

- the London residence of The Prince of Wales, The Princess Royal and Princess Alexandra
- Hosts receptions for charities
- Family occasions have also been held at St James's Palace over the years, most recently the christening of Prince George in 2013.
- The offices of Royal Collection Trust
- Retains an important ceremonial function

Clarence House



Queen's Chapel



The Chapel Royal



Fill in the gaps

- 1) _____ chose to build a new palace on the site of a former hospital for women.
- 2) St James's Palace became the principal residence of the monarch in London in 1698, because _____.
- 3) _____ ended St James's status as the primary residence of the monarch, because _____.
- 4) _____ wedding took place at the palace in 1840?
- 5) The palace's architecture is primarily _____ in style

- 6) St James's Palace is the London residence of _____
- 7) The Palace hosts _____
- 8) St James's Palace is the offices of _____
- 9) Clarence House which is now the residence of _____