The Development of Evolutionary Theory

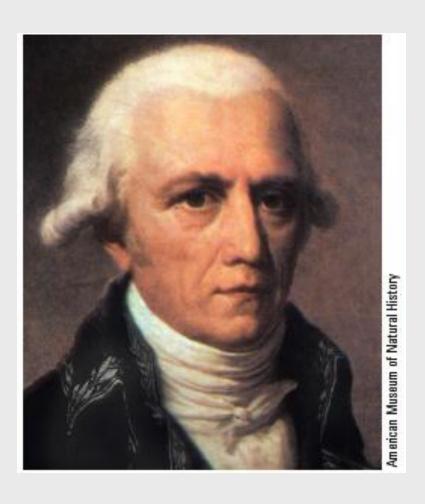
Evolution

- A change in the genetic structure of a population.
- Also refers to the appearance of a new species.
- Often controversial, some religious views hold that evolutionary statements run counter to biblical teachings.

Binomial Nomenclature

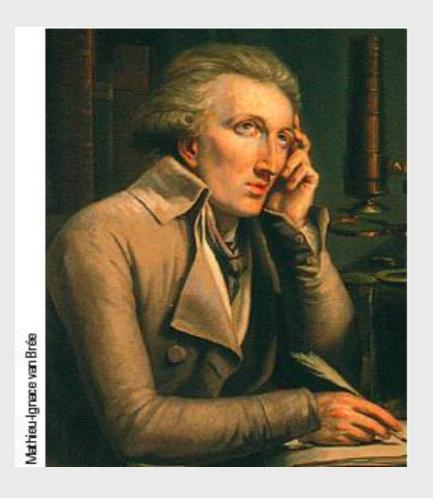
- In taxonomy, the convention established by Carolus Linnaeus whereby genus and species names are used to refer to species.
 - For example, Homo sapiens refers to human beings.
- Taxonomy is the branch of science concerned with the rules of classifying organisms on the basis of evolutionary relationships.

Lamarck



- John Baptiste
 Lamack was the first
 scientist to produce
 an explanation for the
 evolutionary process.
- He believed that species change was influenced by environmental change.

Cuvier



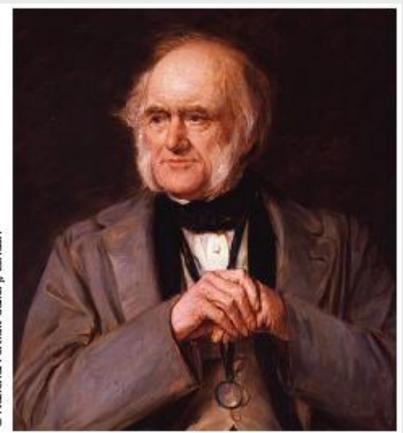
 Georges Cuvier introduced the concept of extinction and the theory of catastrophism.

Thomas Malthus



- Thomas Malthus wrote about the relationship between food supply and population increase.
- His essay on the Principle of Population led both Darwin and Wallace to the principle of natural selection.

Charles Lyell



 Charles Lyell developed the theory of uniformitarianism.

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Catastrophism

- The view that the earth's geological landscape is the result of violent cataclysmic events.
- Cuvier promoted this view, especially in opposition to Lamarck.

Uniformitarianism

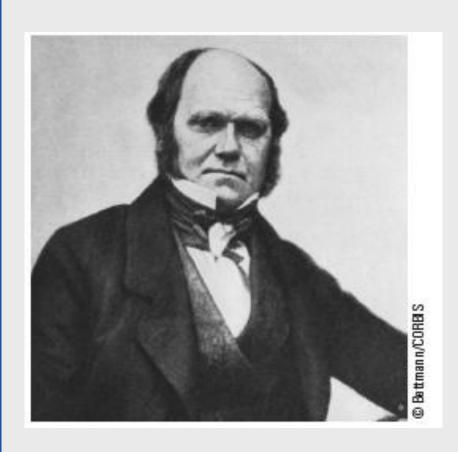
- The theory that the earth's features are the result of long term processes that continue to operate in the present as they did in the past.
- Elaborated on by Lyell, this theory opposed catastrophism and contributed strongly to the concept of immense geological time.

Mary Anning



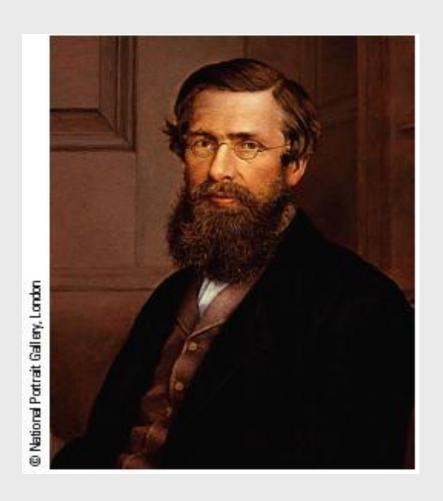
- Discovered the first complete fossil of Ichthyosaurus, a large fishlike marine reptile.
- She became known as one of the world's leading "fossilists" and contributed to the understanding of the evolution of marine life over 200 million years ago.

Charles Darwin



 Charles Darwin, photographed 5 years before the publication of Origin of Species.

Natural Selection in Action



- Variation in the peppered moth.
- (a) The dark form is more visible on the light, lichen-covered tree.
- (b) On trees darkened by pollution, the lighter form is more visible.