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Tема: Present Perfect

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* Время Present Perfect обозначает действие, которое завершилось к настоящему моменту или завершено в период настоящего времени

Образование Present Perfect

Утвердительные предложения

I have played	We have played
You have played	You have played
He / she / it has played	They have played

Вопросительные предложения:

Have I played?	Have we played?
Have you played?	Have you played?
Has he / she / it played?	Have they played?

Отрицательные предложения:

I have not played	We have not played
You have not played	You have not played
He / she / it has not played	They have not played

Past Perfect had + V 3 форма

Положительная форма	Отрицательная форма	Вопросительная форма
I You We had + глагол 3 ф. They He She had + глагол 3 ф.	I You We had not + гл 3 ф. They He She had not + гл 3 ф.	Had We They + rπ 3 φ? He She It + rπ 3 φ.?
I had watched TV. He had seen the boy.	I had not seen the boy. He had not watched TV.	What had you watched?

- * В вопросительном предложении вспомогательный глагол выносится на место перед подлежащим, а значимый глагол остается после него:
- * Have you seen this film? Ты смотрел этот фильм?

Has she come yet? Она еще не пришла?

* В отрицательных предложениях за вспомогательным глаголом следует отрицательная частица not. Формы have и has при этом могут быть сокращены до haven't и hasn't соответственно:

* Пример:

* I haven't seen him since then. С тех пор я его так и не видел.

Спасибо за внимание !!!