Presentation



Gerunds: Subject and Object

Elections



Focus on Grammar 3 Part VII, Unit 27 By Ruth Luman, Gabriele Steiner, and BJ Wells Copyright © 2006. Pearson Education, Inc. All rights reserved.



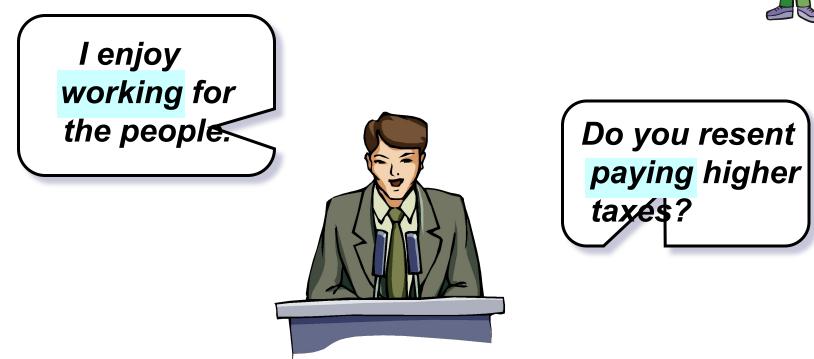
Running for Office 1



Running for Office 2

Choosing a candidate takes time.

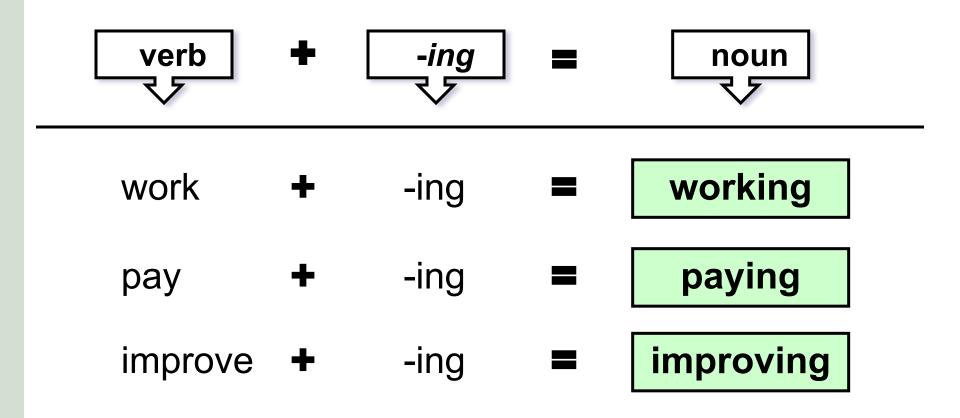








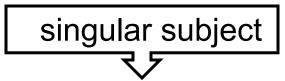
A gerund is the **base form of a verb + -***ing***.** Gerunds can be used as **nouns**.







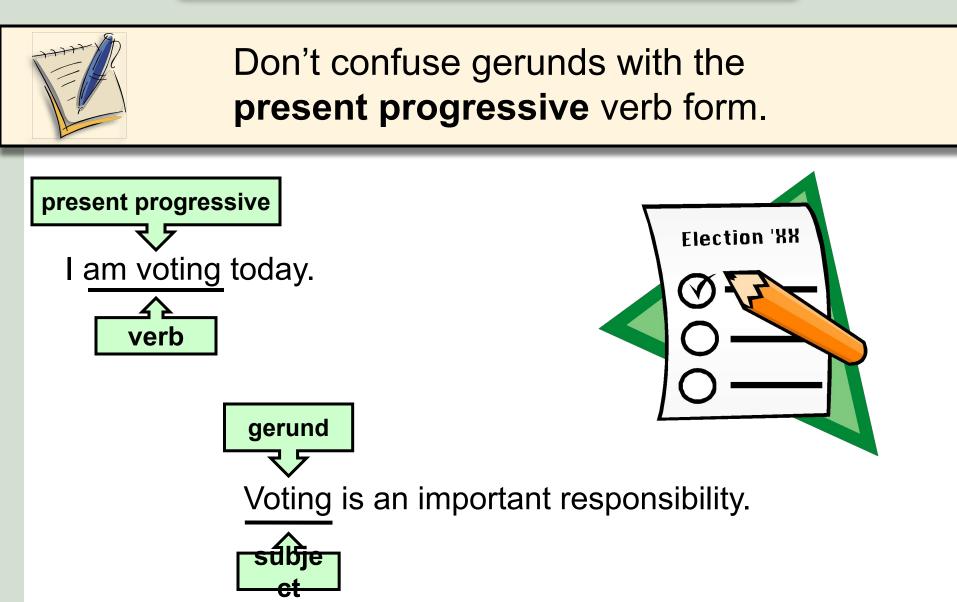
A gerund can be the **subject** of a sentence. It is always singular. Use a third-person singular verb after a gerund.



Voting is an important responsibility.

Choosing a candidate takes time.

Be Careful!



Complete the sentences with gerunds.

Example: <u>Windsurfing</u> is very exciting.

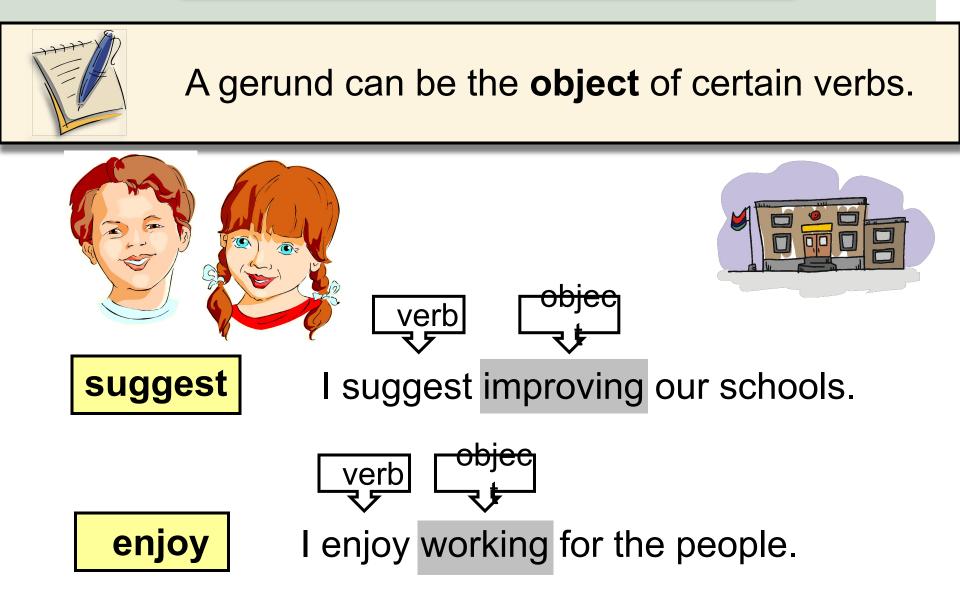
makes me laugh.

- _ gives me a headache.
 - isn't polite.
 - is popular in my country.
 - destroys the environment.

Not _____ can be dangerous.







Complete the dialogues with gerund phrases.

Example:

- A: Why do Christophe and Hiro go hiking so often?
- B: They both enjoy watching birds .
- 1. A: I need a ride to the airport.
 - B: I don't mind _
- 2. A: Dad, can I go outside and play?B: Have you **finished** _____
- 3. A: Why did Javier look so sad today?
 - B: I think he really misses







We often use *go* + gerund to describe activities.

Our family goes bowling every Saturday.



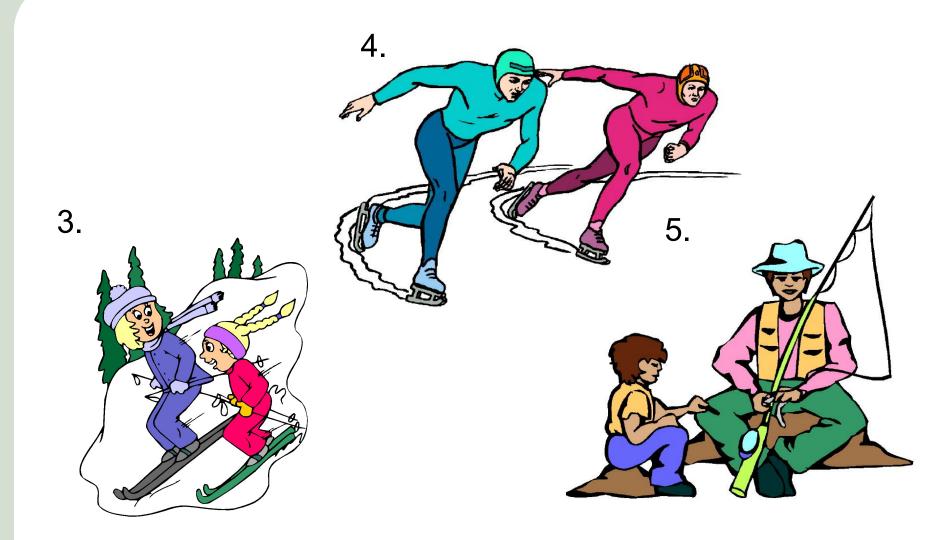


Ali went jogging with his dog.

Ask a partner how often he or she does these activities.



Ask a partner how often he or she does these activities.



References

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