

NSEO "KAZAKH-RUSSIAN MEDICAL UNIVERSITY"

Parts of human body

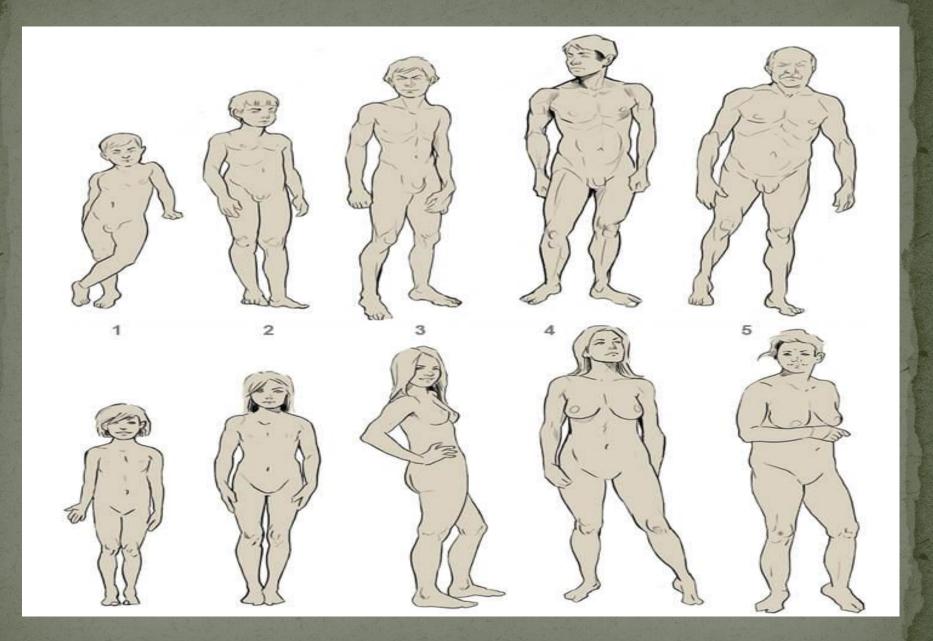
Prepared to: Amanbay Aida

Group:101-B

Submitted by : Aliya Asetovna

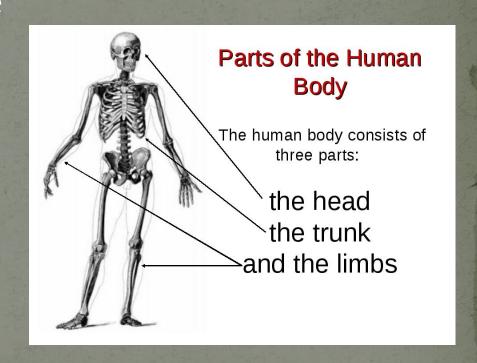
Human body

• The human body is the physical structure of a person, the human body. The human body is formed by cells of various types, which are characteristically organized into tissues that form organs, fill the space between them, or cover the outside. The body of an adult is made up of about thirty trillion cells. Cells are surrounded by an intercellular substance that provides their mechanical support and carries out the transport of chemicals.



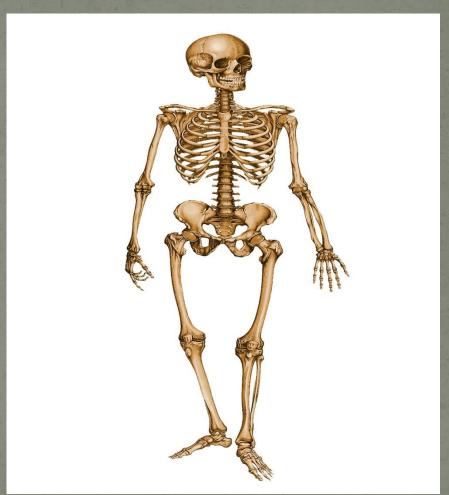
Body cavities

- Cranial (brain);
- Abdominal (stomach, large and small intestines, spleen, liver, gall bladder, pancreas);
- Thoracic (lungs, heart, esophagus, trachea, thymus gland, aorta);
- Pelvic (bladder, urethra, ureters, uterus and vagina in the female);
- Spinal (nerves of the spinal cord).



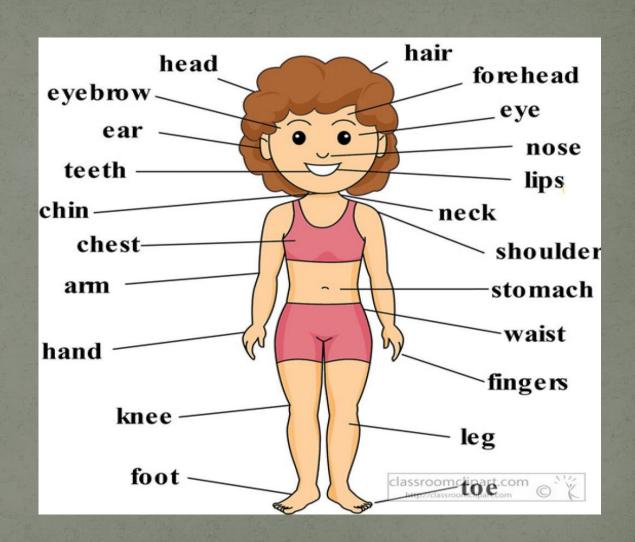
Human skeleton

- bone
- jaw
- joint
- rib
- skeleton
- skull
- spine

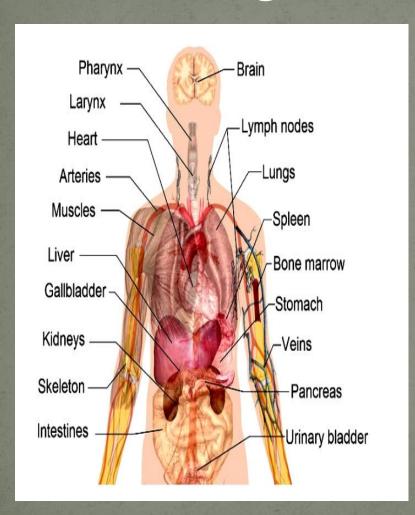


Body

- back
- belly
- breast
- buttocks
- chest
- genitals
- button
- neck
- pelvis
- shoulder
- waist



Human organs

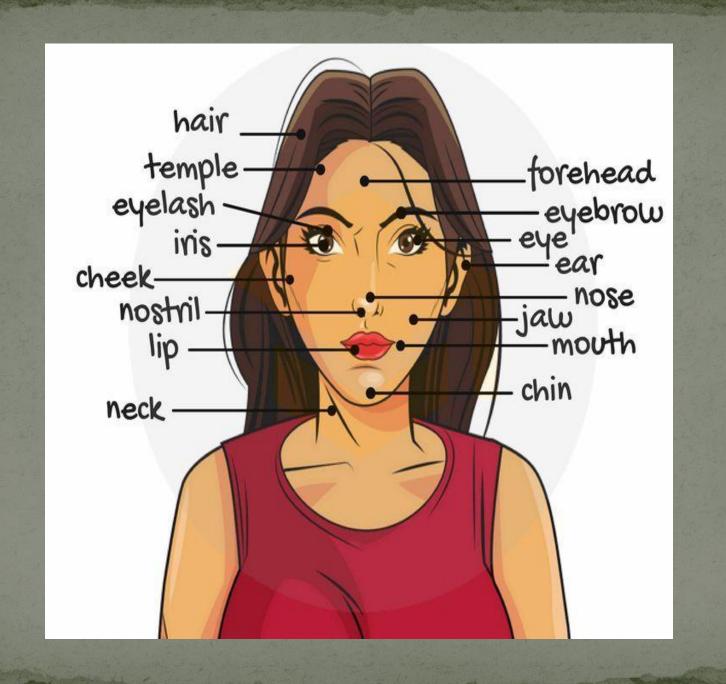


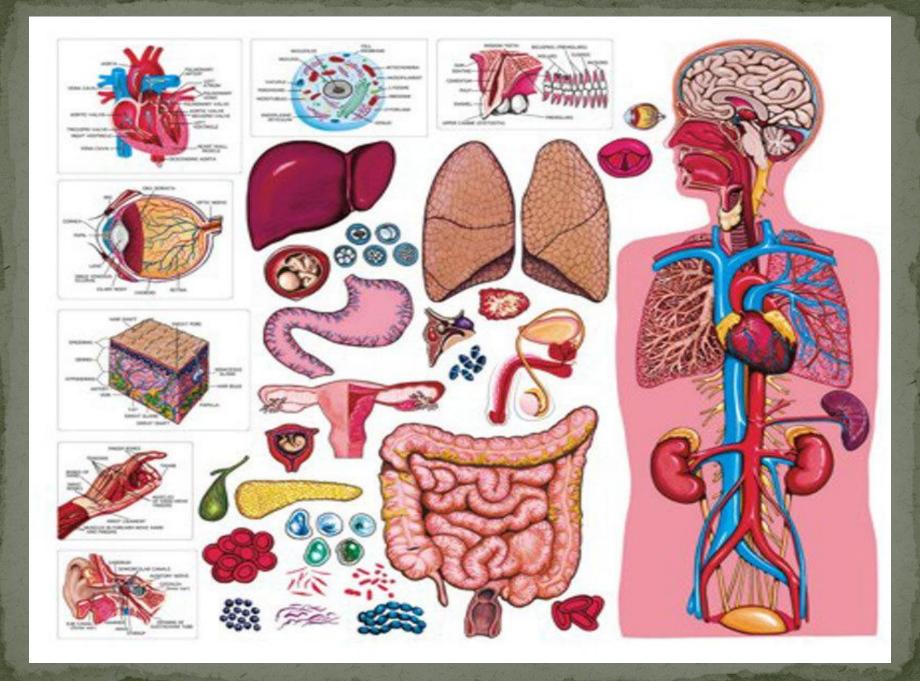
- brain
- gallbladder
- heart
- kidney
- large intestine
- liver
- lungs
- pancreas
- skin
- small intestines
- spinal chord
- spleen
- stomach
- urinal bladder

Head

- cheek
- cheekbones
- chin
- ear
- eye
- eyebrow
- eyelid
- eyelash
- forehead
- hair

- iris
- □ lip
- mouth
- nape back of the head
- nose
- nostril
- pupil
- tongue
- tooth





THANK YOU FOR YOU ATTENTION!

