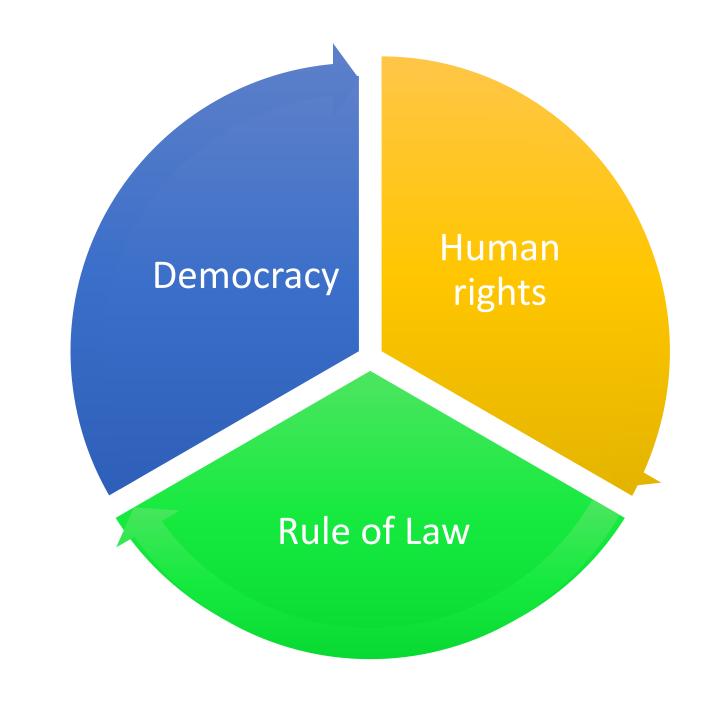
# Three constitutional values of Kazakhstan constituion





## Democracy





We, the people of Kazakhstan, united by a common historic fate, creating a state on the indigenous Kazakh land, considering ourselves a peace-loving and civil society, dedicated to the ideals of freedom, equality and concord, wishing to take a worthy place in the world community, realizing our high responsibility before the present and future generations, proceeding from our sovereign right, accept this Constitution.

- Art 3(1) The people shall be the only source of state power.
- Art 3(2) The people shall exercise power directly through an all-nation referendum and free elections as well as delegate the execution of their power to state institutions.
- Art 89(1) In the Republic of Kazakhstan, local self-administration which ensures that the issues of local significance shall be resolved independently by the population, shall be recognized.
- Art 89(2) Local self-administration shall be exercised by the population directly as well as through maslikhats and other bodies of local self-administration in local communities, covering the territories, on which groups of the population live compactly.

## Human rights



- Art 1(1) The Republic of Kazakhstan proclaims itself a democratic, secular, legal and social state whose *highest values are an individual*, *his life, rights and freedoms*.
- Art 12(2) Human rights and freedoms shall belong to everyone by virtue of birth, be recognized as absolute and inalienable, and define the contents and implementation of laws and other regulatory legal acts.

• Art13(1) Everyone shall have the right to be recognized as subject of the law and protect his rights and freedoms with all means not contradicting the law including self-defense.

• Art 15(1) Everyone shall have the right to life.

• Art 16(1) Everyone shall have the right to personal freedom.

• Art 17(1)A person's dignity shall be inviolable.

• Art 18(1) Everyone shall have the right to inviolability of private life, personal or family secrets, protection of honor and dignity.

• Art 19(1) Everyone shall have the right to determine and indicate or not to indicate his national, party and religious affiliation.

- Art 20(1)The freedom of speech and creative activities shall be guaranteed. Censorship shall be prohibited.
- Art 21(1) Everyone who has a legal right to stay on the territory of the Republic of Kazakhstan shall have the right to freely move about its territory and freely choose a place of residence except in cases stipulated by law.
- Art 22(1) Everyone shall have the right to freedom of conscience.
- Art 25(1) Housing shall be inviolable. Deprivation of housing shall not be permitted unless otherwise stipulated by a court decision. Penetration into housing, its inspection and search shall be permitted only in cases and according to the procedure stipulated by law.

### Rule of Law



• Art 12(2) Human rights and freedoms shall belong to everyone by virtue of birth, be recognized as absolute and inalienable, and define the contents and implementation of laws and other regulatory legal acts.

• Art 14(1) Everyone shall be equal before the law and court.

• Art 14(2) No one shall be subject to any discrimination for reasons of origin, social, property status, occupation, sex, race, nationality, language, attitude towards religion, convictions, place of residence or any other circumstances.

• Art13(1) Everyone shall have the right to be recognized as subject of the law and protect his rights and freedoms with all means not contradicting the law including self-defense.

• Art 13(2) Everyone shall have the right to judicial defense of his rights and freedoms.

• Art 26(3) No one may be deprived of his property unless otherwise stipulated by a court decision. Forcible alienation of property for the public use in extraordinary cases stipulated by law may be exercised on condition of its equivalent compensation.

#### Article 78

The courts shall have no right to apply laws and other regulatory legal acts infringing on the rights and liberties of an individual and a citizen established by the Constitution. If a court finds that a law or other regulatory legal act subject to application infringes on the rights and liberties of an individual and a citizen it shall suspend legal proceedings and address the Constitutional Council with a proposal to declare that law unconstitutional.

#### • Art 83(1)

The Prosecutor's Office, in the name of the state, carries out, in the limits and forms established by law, the highest supervision of compliance with the law in the territory of the Republic of Kazakhstan, represents the interests of the state in court and carries out criminal prosecution on behalf of the state.

