# DISTURBANCES OF EMOTIONS



### **Emotions**

- are responses in the form of subjectively tinctured feelings of an individual which reflect significance of an acting stimulus or a result of his own act for him

### FUNCTION OF EMOTIONS

- Reflective function
- target function
- Information function
- Enabling function
- regulatory function
- reinforces the function





### FUNCTION OF EMOTIONS

Switching function

Adaptive function

Communicative funct

Protective function









Stage 1 - the newborn - the predominance of the instincts and especially self-preservation instinct



2 stage - the stage of the organic feeling - processing information from the extraand interceptors, the emergence of unstable figurative representations of reality to the experience of meeting a child / dissatisfaction, pleasant / unpleasant, etc.





■Stage 3 –

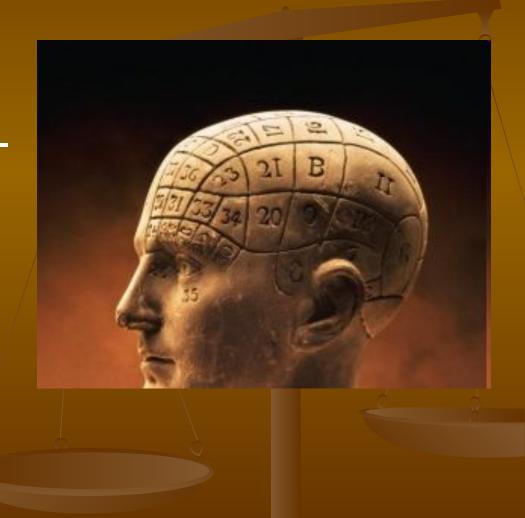
3 - 4 years to 12 - 14 years old - a stage epikricheskih emotions and organic needs - the coupling of developing emotions with organic needs





• 4 STAGE –

from 10 - 12 years
old to 22 years old a stage of mental
self-expression "cortical emotion"



## COMPONENTS emotional functioning

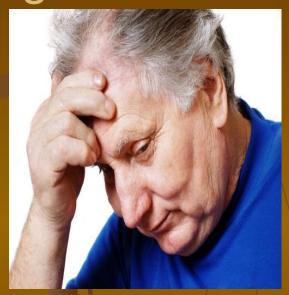
INTENSITY (Strength, depth)

### **THE BASIC BACKGROUND**



positive

negative





•STHENIC - Increase the functioning of the organism

-ASTHENIC - Reducing the vital functions of the body



**EMOTIONAL STATE EMOTIONAL RELATIONS** 

(mood)



(feelings)



EMOTIONAL REACTIONS (affect)



AFFECT - a special emotional state, which is a very strong short-term excitement, flash emotions (fear, anger, rage, despair, and so forth.), Rapidly flowing and characterized by sudden onset, short duration, pronounced changes of consciousness, disturbance of volitional control over the actions.



At physiological affect arisen state is the intense emotion that dominates the mind of man, reduces his control over his actions, is characterized by a narrowing of consciousness, specific inhibition of intellectual activity.



 Pathological affect is characterized by full dimming of consciousness and uncontrollable impulsive action, more aggressive and destructive nature.



### DISORDERS OF EMOTIONS

#### **QUANTITATIVE VIOLATION**

Hyperthymia - painful emotions increase...

Mania persistent
painful mood
enhancement

**Depression** - a persistent painful depressed mood

- Euphoria persistent painful
  mood
  enhancement +
  motor retardation
- Moria persistent
  painful mood
  enhancement +
  motor excitation
  + silliness

- Gipotimia painful emotions reduction
- -- Apathy lack of higher emotions
- Emotional stupidity (emotional impoverishment) - the absence of higher and lower emotions
- Emotional monotony the weakening of expression of emotional reactions
- Emotional coldness indifference, indifference to loved ones
- Emotional brutalization loss of thin differentiated emotions (tact, empathy, etc.)

### DISORDERS OF EMOTIONS

### **QUALITY VIOLATIONS**

Ambivalence - the duality of experiences when the same object is a person at the same time two opposite feelings.

The inadequacy of emotions - inadequate affect, paradoxical emotions; emotional response does not match the occasion, caused it (the patient laughs, talking about the death of a relative)

**PARATIMII** 

Dysthymia - a chronic depression, mood disorder with the same cognitive and physical problems, like depression, but less heavy and longer

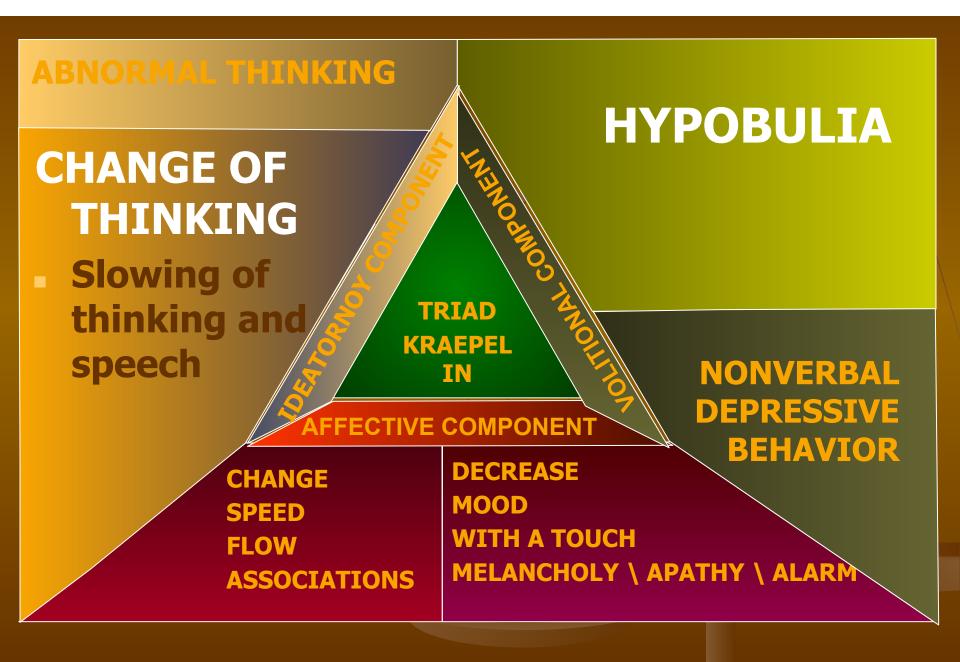
Dysphoria - sad, evil spirits with hypersensitivity to external stimuli, with a fierce, explosive, prone to violence

Pathological anxiety emotional painful,
long-term experience
of the inner
discomfort of
uncertain content

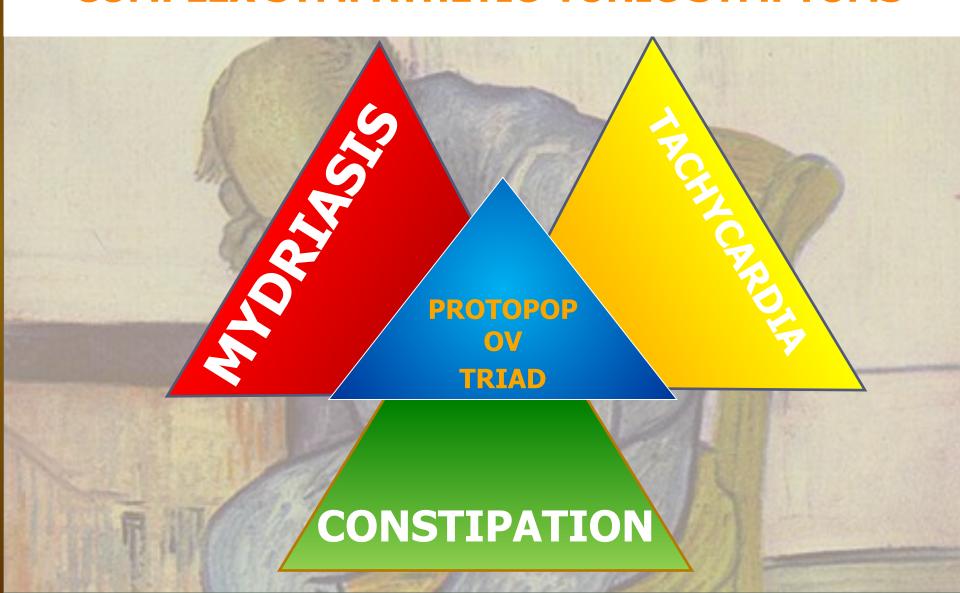
### **PATHOLOGY EMOTIONAL SPHERE**



### **DEPRESSIVE SYNDROME**



### DEPRESSIVE SYNDROME COMPLEX SYMPATHETIC-TONIC SYMPTOMS



### Depressive syndrome

Clinical variants of depression :

- anaesthetic
- with phobias
- with anxiety
- agitated depression
- depressive stupor
- psychotic depression
- "mask" depression
- subdepression

### MANIC SYNDROME

Painfully elevated mood

Motor excitation, giperbuliya

Increasing instincts(food, sex )

- Violation of thinking:
  - acceleration of associative
  - processes tahipsihiya
- delusions of grandeur (sometimes)

Shortening the duration of sleep

### MANIC SYNDROME

Clinical variants:

- with euphoria
- with moria
- with irritability
- unproductive
- psychotic



### DYSPHORIA

irritability, maliciousness, dissatisfaction accompanied by aggression and destructive actions

1) dysphoric reaction

2) dysphoric background



### WILL

•Will - the mental process of deliberate and targeted regulation of human activities and their behavior in order to achieve this goal

<u>Attraction</u> - primary, instinctive, emotional manifestation of human needs, unawareness motivation

Lucid attraction - <u>wish</u>

origin of motive incentive to action; psycho-physiological process that controls human behavior, defining its direction, organization, activity and stability



### fight of reasons

The process of analyzing the ways and possibilities of satisfying the desire



decision-choicemaking -

a route and method of satisfying the desire



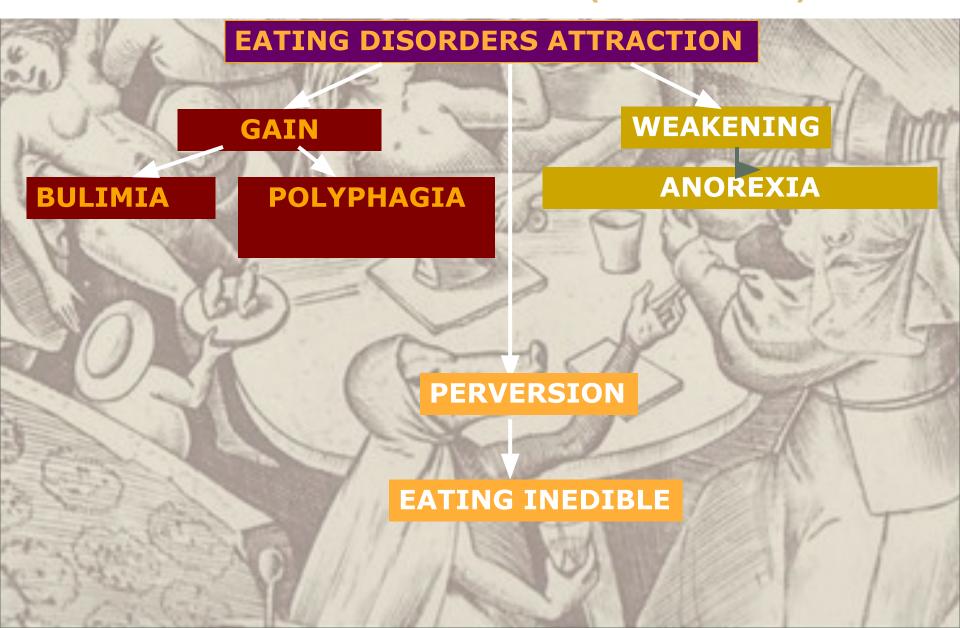
choice of ways of realization



execution of decision



### **DISORDERS DESIRE (INSTINCT)**



# Sickly strengthening of food instinct

- Bulimia

   uncontrolled food intake in a large amount
- Polyphagia increased appetite
   and voracity. The
   constant need for
   food



### Sickly weakening of food instinct

■ Anorexia -

a syndrome consisting in the complete absence of appetite with the objective needs of the body in the diet

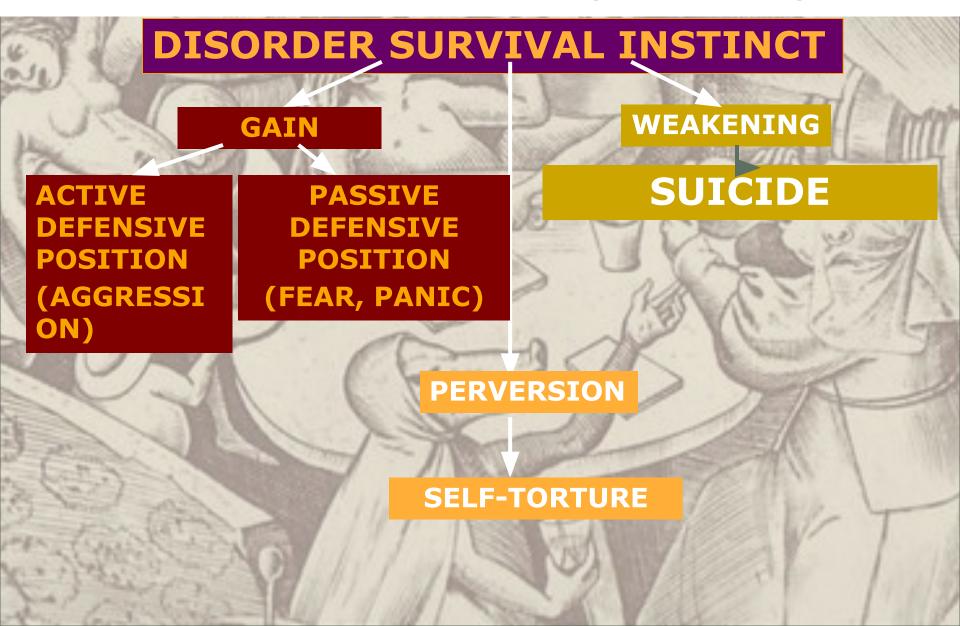


### **EATING INEDIBLE**

Sustainable craving for eating non-food products (such as land, paint chips, etc.)



### **DISORDERS DESIRE (INSTINCT)**



# Sickly strengthening of self-preservation instinct

 Aggression - motivated destructive behavior that is contrary to the norms of coexistence of the people, causing damage to their targets

Panic - adversely affect painted caused by a real or imaginary danger.



# Sickly weakening self-preservation instinct

Suicide

 deliberate
 deprivation of
 life itself
 independent
 and voluntary



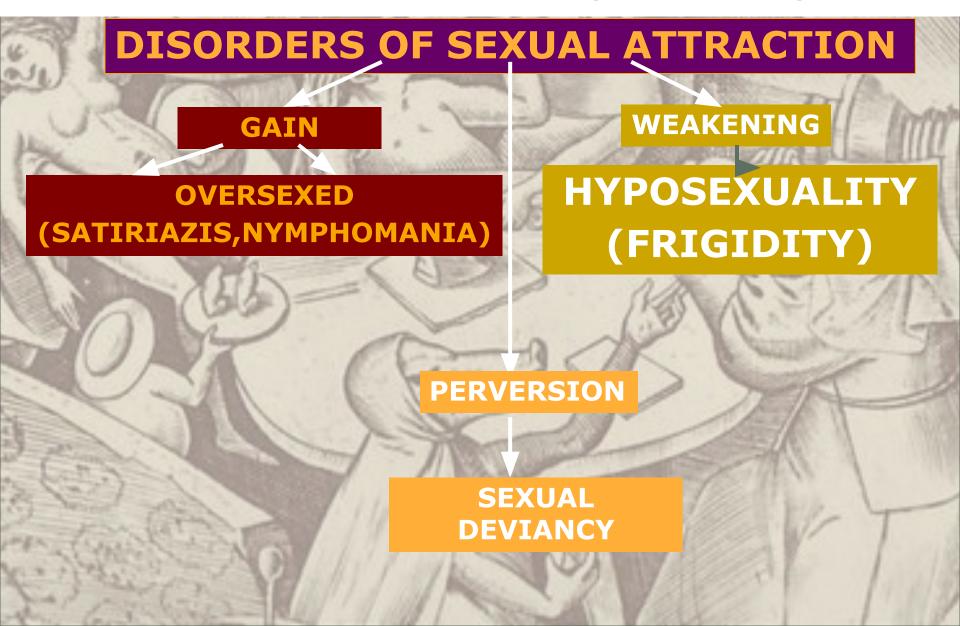
### Perversion of instincts

Auto aggression - intentional infliction of physical damage itself





### **DISORDERS DESIRE (INSTINCT)**



# Sickly weakening of sexual instinct

impotence





frigidity

# Sickly strengthening of sexual instinct

Satyriasis Nymphomania





# Classification of instinctive drives

Self-preservation



### Perversion of instincts

Sexualnarcissismsadismmasochismexhibitionismvoyeurism



# PARABULIAS ambitendenc

the existence of antagonistic emotions, ideas or desires in relation to one and the same person, the subject or the situation

