

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide, consisting of a network of light blue lines and small circles, resembling a circuit board or a stylized tree structure, set against a blue gradient background.

FINLAND

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- Finland ('fɪnlənd); Finnish: Suomi [suɒmi];
- officially the Republic of Finland;
- Finland is a sovereign state in Northern Europe. The country has land borders with Sweden to the northwest, Norway to the north, and Russia to the east. Estonia is south of the country across the Gulf of Finland.
- Area of Finland is 338 430 km². It occupies the 114th place in terms of population and 64th in the world.
- Finland is a Nordic country situated in the geographical region of Fennoscandia, which also includes Scandinavia.



- Helsinki is capital of Finland.
- Finland's population is 5.5 million (2016), and the majority of the population is concentrated in the southern region. 88.7% of the population is Finnish and speaks Finnish, a Uralic language unrelated to the Scandinavian languages; the second major group are the Finland-Swedes (5.3%).
- Finland is the eighth largest country in Europe and the most sparsely populated country in the European Union.
- Finland is a parliamentary republic with a central government based in the capital Helsinki, local governments in 311 municipalities, and an autonomous region, the Åland Islands. Over 1.4 million people live in the Greater Helsinki metropolitan area, which produces a third of the country's GDP.



The background is a blue gradient with white circuit-like lines and circles in the corners. The text is centered in a large, white, sans-serif font.

ECONOMY OF FINLAND

- The economy of Finland has a per capita output equal to that of other European economies such as those of France, Germany, Belgium, or the UK. The largest sector of the economy is the service sector at 66% of GDP, followed by manufacturing and refining at 31%. Primary production represents 2.9%. With respect to foreign trade, the key economic sector is manufacturing. The largest industries in 2007 were electronics (22%); machinery, vehicles, and other engineered metal products (21.1%); forest industry (13%); and chemicals (11%). The gross domestic product peaked in 2008. As of 2015, the country's economy is at the 2006 level.

- **Currency:** Euro (EUR);
- **Trade organizations:** European Union, World Trade Organization and Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development;
- **GDP:** \$240 billion (for 2017);
- **GDP rank:** 62nd;
- **GDP per capita:** \$40 455;
- **GDP by sector:** Agriculture: 2,5%, Industry: 16,2%, Services: 81,3%;
- **Labour force:** 3,1 million;
- **Unemployment:** 7,5%;

- **Main industries:** Metals and metal products, electronics, machinery and scientific instruments, shipbuilding, pulp and paper, foodstuffs, chemicals, textiles, clothing;
- **Exports:** \$71,5 billion;
- **Export goods:** Electrical and optical equipment, machinery, transport equipment, paper and pulp, chemicals, basic metals, timber;
- **Imports:** %65 billion;
- **Import goods:** Foodstuffs, petroleum and petroleum products, chemicals, transport equipment, iron and steel, machinery, textile yarn and fabrics, grains;

The background is a blue gradient. In the corners, there are decorative white lines resembling circuit traces or a stylized city skyline. These lines include small circles at various points, suggesting nodes or lights.

THANK YOU FOR ATTENTION!