# The role of mediator in group dynamics



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#### Who is a mediator?

Originated from conflictology.

It is the role in the process in which parties in a conflict with a neutral intermediary function:

- to systematically identify problems and their solutions;
- -to look for alternatives;
- -to try to reach an agreement that would correspond to parties interests.

**Mediation** is creation conditions and opportunities for development.

Main object: person and personality.

## Competences

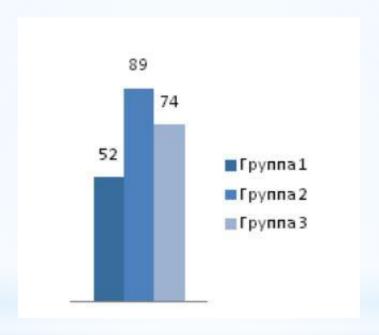
- **-Influence**: trust from the communication partners, drive others to development.
- **-Perspicacity:** ability to diagnose the emotional state of other people, to evaluate possibilities of personal change.
- Tolerance: the willingness to accept different forms of expression, includes non-verbal behavior.

### Tasks and roles

- -creating the environment for communication;
- -motivation of participants to group work;
- description of effective behavioral model;
- -overcoming deadlock;
- -organization of feedback;
- -support personal development;
- -stimulation of initiative.



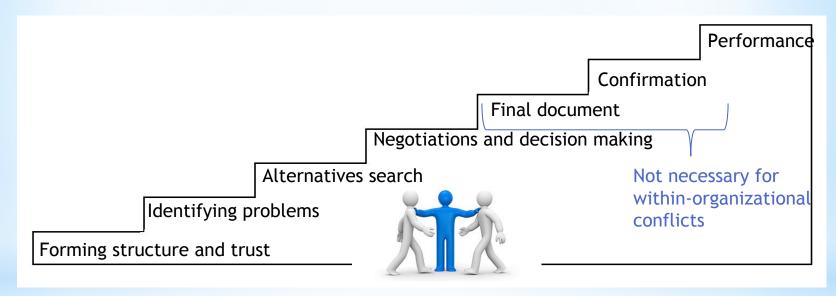
## Emotional intelligence and mediation efficacy



(Базаров, Чиннова, 2012)

## Key mediation stages



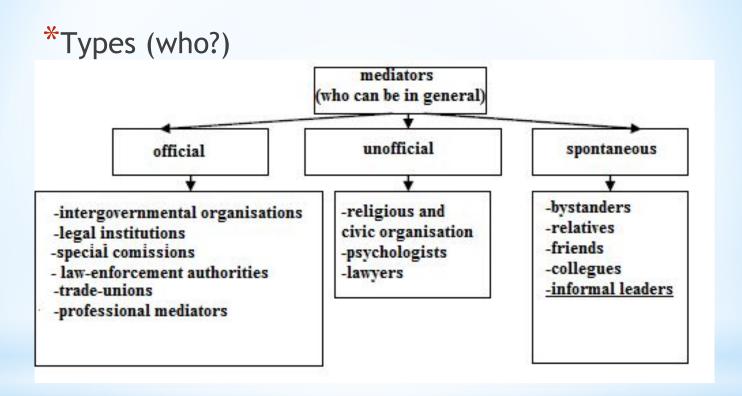




## Mediator in practice

- \*alternate hearing
- \*directive influence
- \*bargain
- \*pressure on one of the opponents
- \*shuttle diplomacy
- \*...etc

## Different mediators

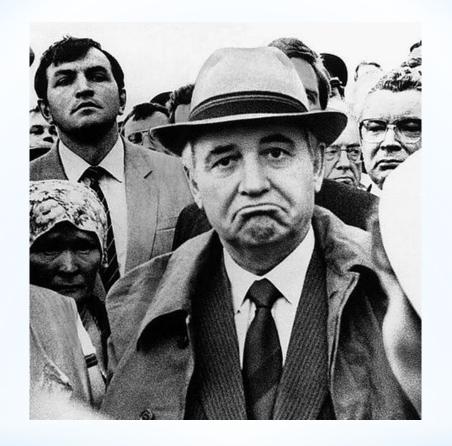


### Limitations

- \*conflict recognition and voluntary involvement;
- \*ability to identify and present interests;
- \*conflict stage
- \*fair game



not a universal remedy



Unfortunately, THE END.....

#### Used literature

- \*http://orgpsyjournal.hse.ru/data/2014/05/03/13225 00284/OrgPsy 2013-4-10.pdf
- \*http://fan-5.ru/best/best-9542.php
- \*http://eclib.net/19/9.html
- \* Пригожин А.И. «Методы развития организаций»