The COVID-19 in China

At the end of December 2019, the earliest virus case appeared in Wuhan, Hubei Province, China.

Individual virus cases began to appear across the country in January.

January 24th is the Chinese New Year, and people start to go home one after another.



On January 20th, experts determined that the virus was transmitted from person to person

Wuhan was closed at 10 o'clock on January 23. Urban traffic ceased operation

"Huoshenshan" hospital was built in ten days and ten nights



Participated in the construction of the hospital with more than thousand machines and more than 7,500 workers

Buy masks, alcohol and other materials globally

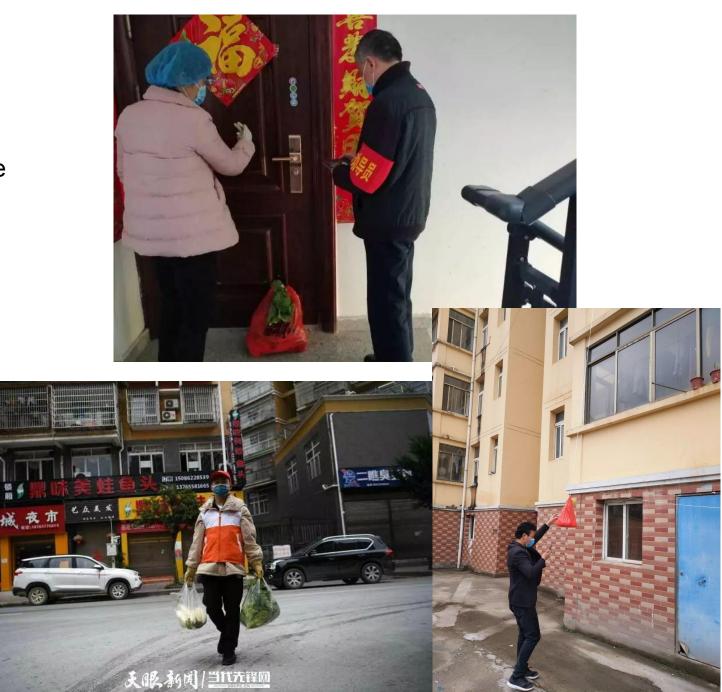


Chinese companies and Chinese people around the world buy masks , alcohol etc., transport to Wuhan and other provinces in China.

Volunteer work

Everyone stays at home, so how to solve the necessities of life?

There are several volunteers in each community. All owners of the community join the chat group and tell the volunteers what food and medicine you need. The volunteers helped you buy it and deliver it to your door.





This was a complete disinfection at the train station in Wuhan during the Wuhan blockade.

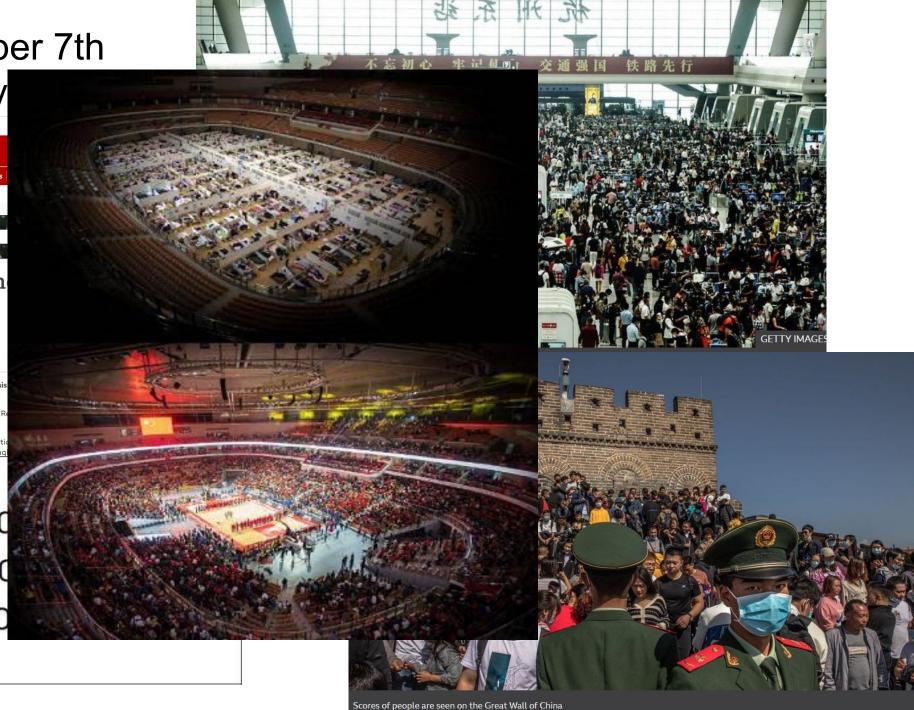
On April 8, Wuhan was unblocked. As China controls the virus, people are gradually walking out of their homes. People will still get used to wearing masks.



October 1st to October 7th



China contained Covid hundreds of millions o there are about to go o the same time



Fighting the coronavirus in Europe





SPAIN, FRANCE, ITALY...

Intensive lockdown

To bend the curve of the first wave, most European countries opted for this strategy. It consists of forcing the population to remain locked in their homes until the peak of the epidemic has passed. In some countries like Spain, mobility restriction measures were very harsh, and people were not even allowed to go out to exercise. The main problem with this method is that almost the entire economy is stopped, which can lead to a serious financial crisis.



GERMANY

The strategy for its success is based on:

-Abundant health resources

-High capacity to carry out massive Covid tests

-High capacity to trace the contacts of infected people

No herd immunity Herd immunity achieved Susceptible Infected Immune Disease transmission

What is Herd Immunity strategy?

The concept of Herd Immunity implies that the more people infected, the more people will have overcome the virus and will be immune, and therefore, this virus will have less chance of spreading among the population. Risk groups (such as the elderly) are protected, while young people are allowed to become infected, over time, herd immunity could develop.



SWEDEN

Herd Immunity Strategy:

Sweden has kept its schools, gyms, cafeterias, bars and restaurants open during the spread of the pandemic. Instead, the government has not imposed any confinement, but has limited itself to asking citizens to act responsibly and to follow social distancing guidelines

UNITED KINGDOM

At first, the UK's strategy was to emulate Sweden through herd immunity. But after verifying that the death toll was increasing non-stop, the government decided to change its mind and imposed lockdown as in most European countries





THE NETHERLANDS

The "intelligent lockdown" strategy: The Netherlands is betting on a variant of the Herd Immunity strategy. It is based on voluntary confinement, in which citizens decide whether or not to stay at home.

The Dutch strategy seeks balance: the objective is to limit contagion while avoiding a total shutdown of the economy, thus preventing a financial crisis. However, many experts criticize this strategy for its long-term effects.