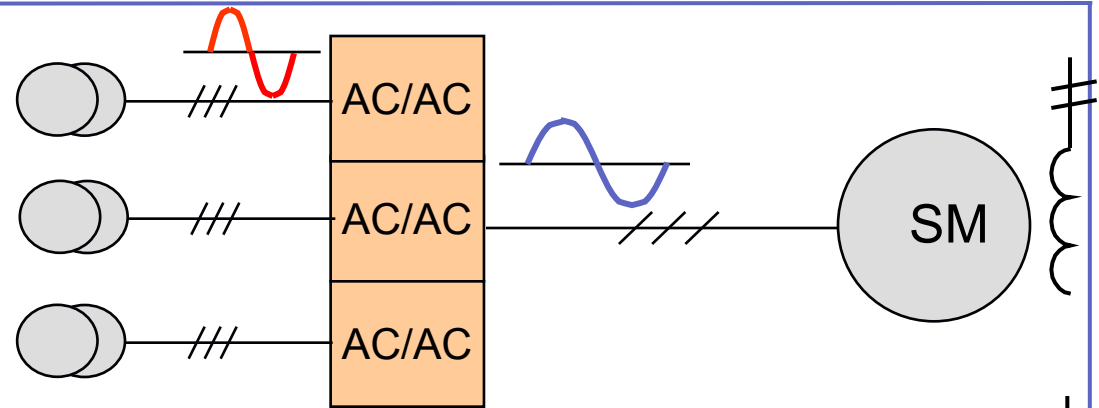


ACS large drive family

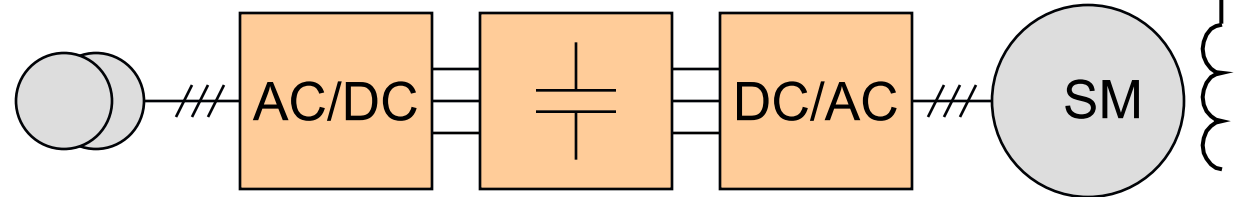
ACS6000c

- direct AC to AC converter(cyclo), **no DC-link**
- SCR Thyristor
- synchronous motor(AC motor with DC excitation)
- high power and low speed, example roughing mills and ship main propulsion



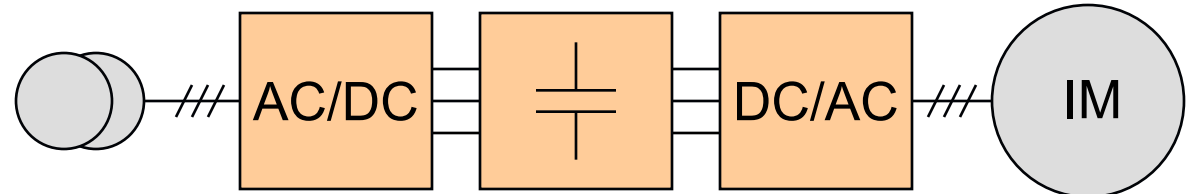
ACS6000sd

- AC/DC/AC drive with DC-link
- IGCT semiconductor which is gate commutated
- synchronous motor(AC motor with DC excitation)
- best possible performance with DTC
- cold rolling mills and mine hoists



ACS6000ad / ACS1000

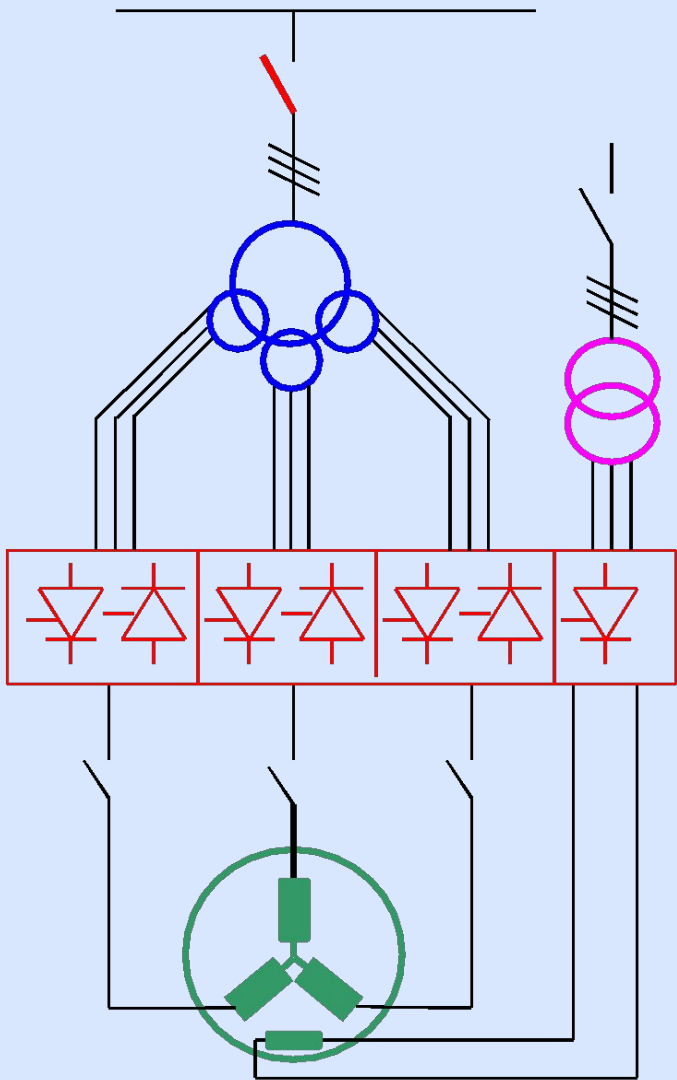
- AC/DC/AC drive with DC-link
- IGCT semiconductor
- induction motor(no excitation)
- 6000ad for marine application
- 1000 for pumps and fans



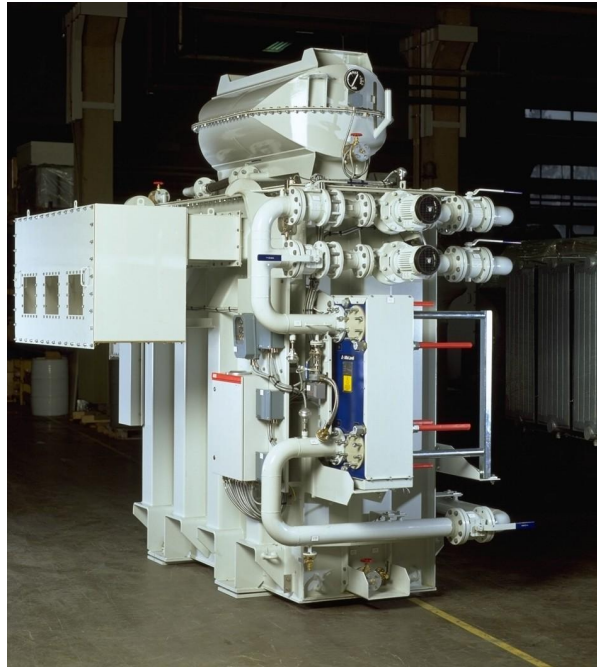
ACS6000c cycloconverter drive

Main components of cycloconverter drive:

- Main circuit breaker
- Transformers to connect the drive to high voltage network 6..36kV.
- Cycloconverter
- High speed circuit breakers
- 3 or 2*3 phase Synchronous motor(AC-motor) with DC-excitation



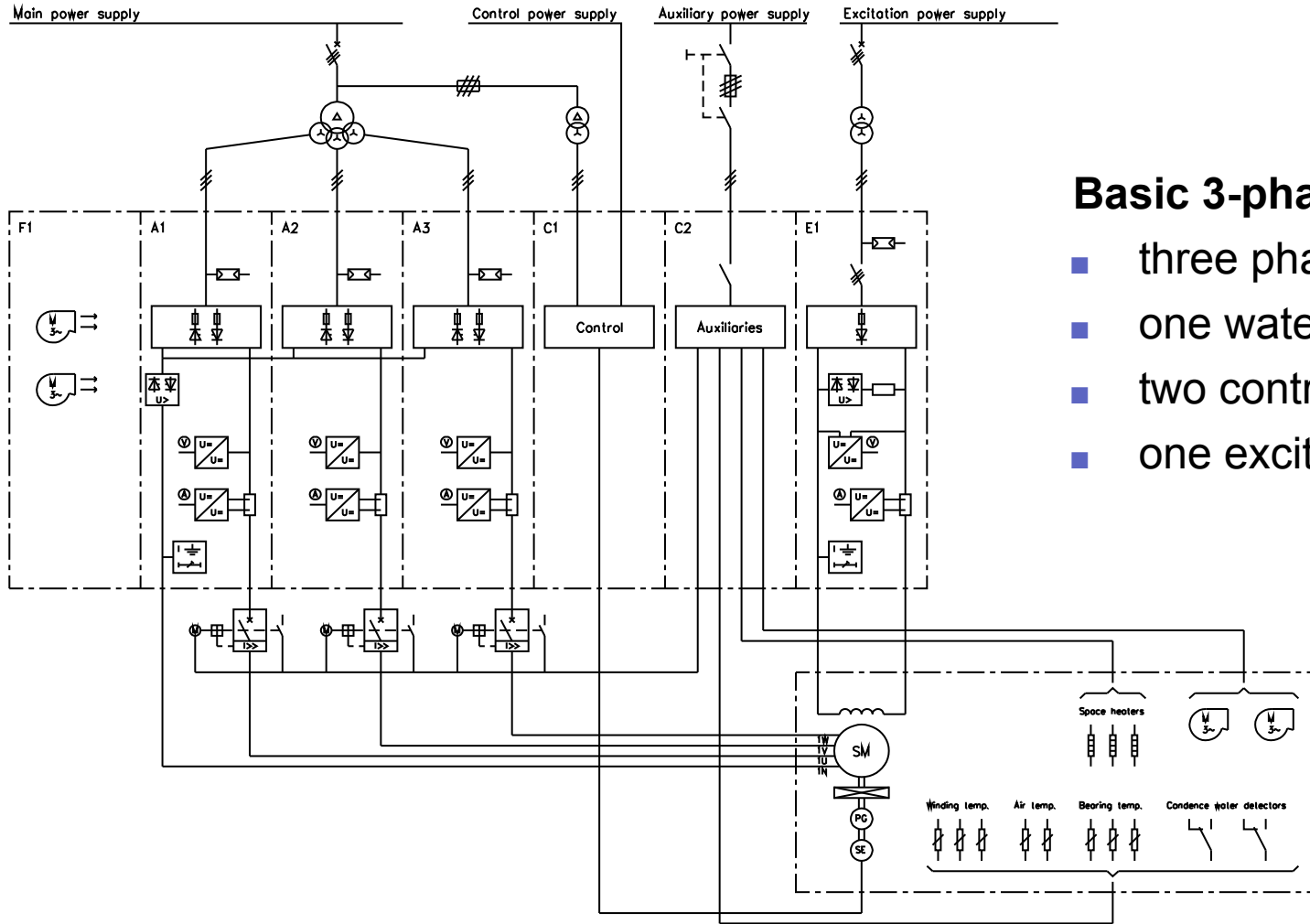
ACS6000c transformers



- 2, 3 or 4 winding transformers
- Primary voltage from 6 to 36kV
- In metals air cooled
- In marine water cooled
- Auxiliaries
 - Dehydrating Breathers
 - Fans/pumps
 - Gas Relays
 - Oil Level Indicators
 - Pressure Relief Devices and Over-pressure Swithes
 - Tap Changers
 - Thermometers & PT 100



ACS6000c system description

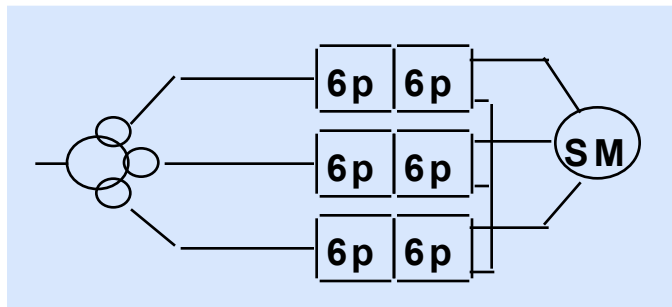


Basic 3-phase cycloconverter

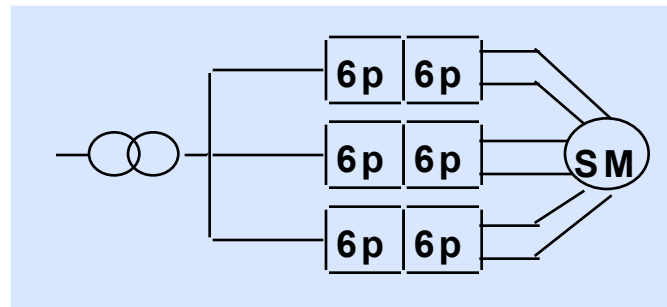
- three phase units
- one water or air cooling unit
- two control units
- one excitation unit

ACS6000c system description

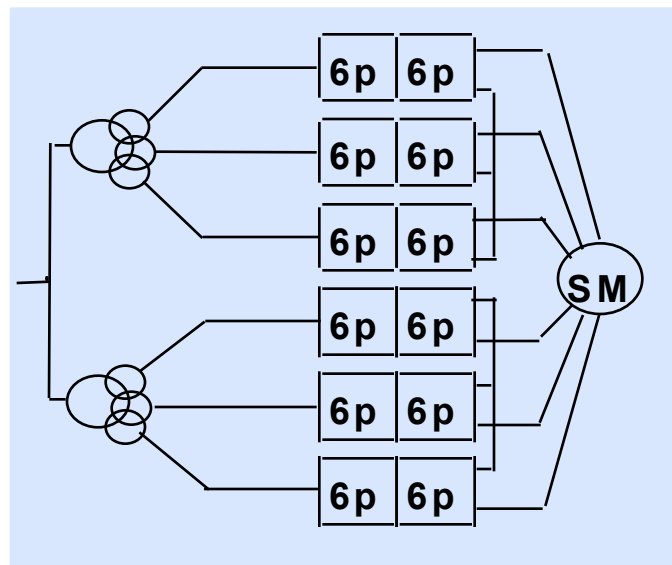
1) 6-pulse, 3-phase motor



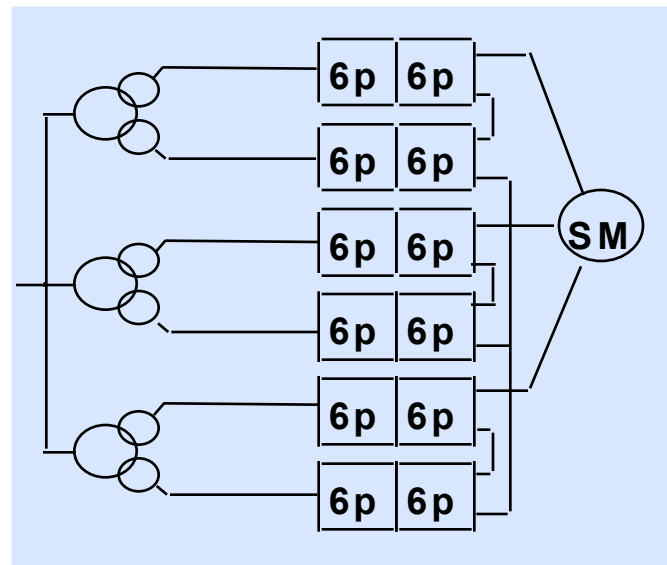
2) 6-pulse, 3-phase motor, separated phase windings



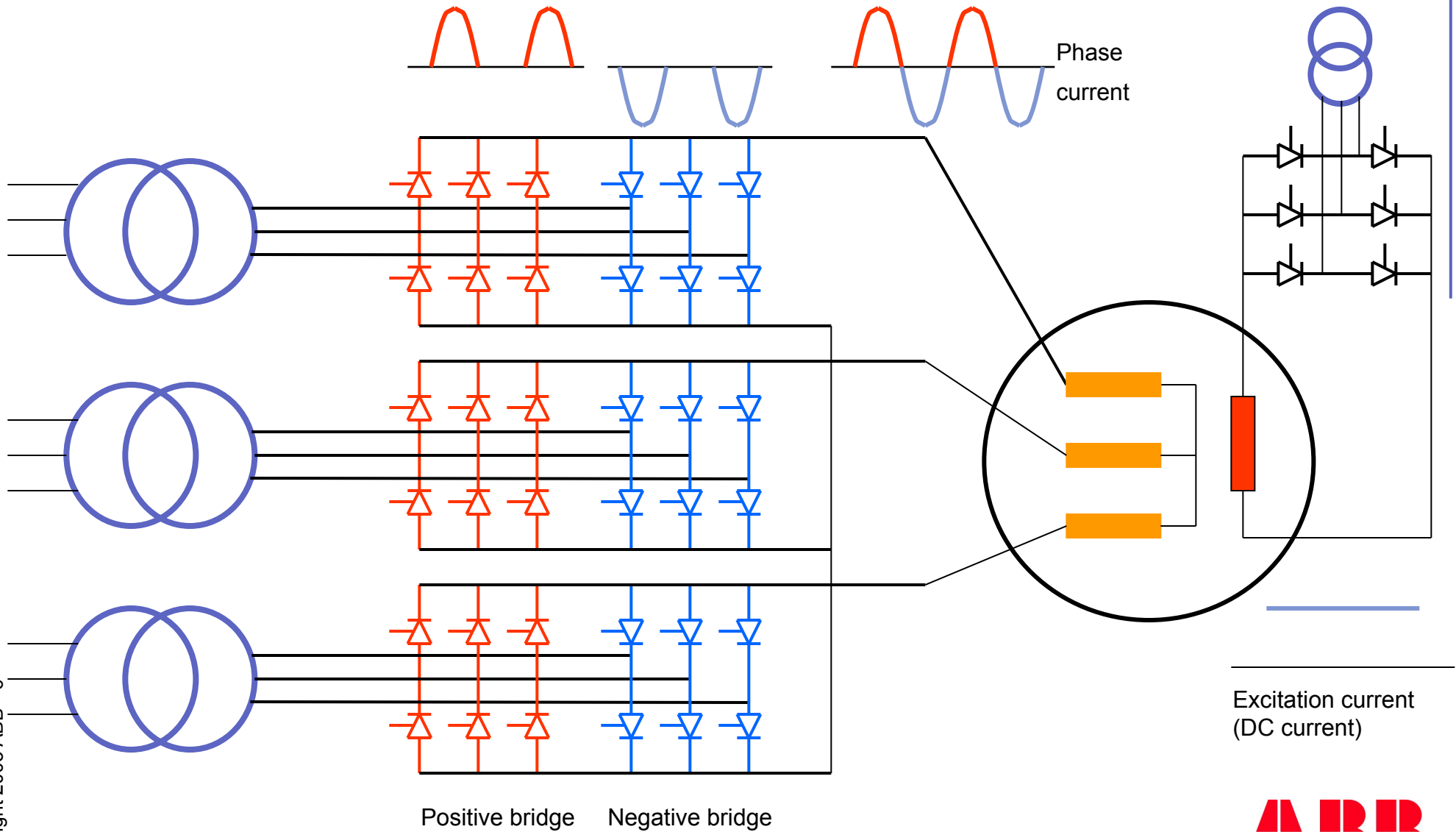
3) 6-pulse, 2*3-phase motor, separated stators



4) 12-pulse, 3-phase motor



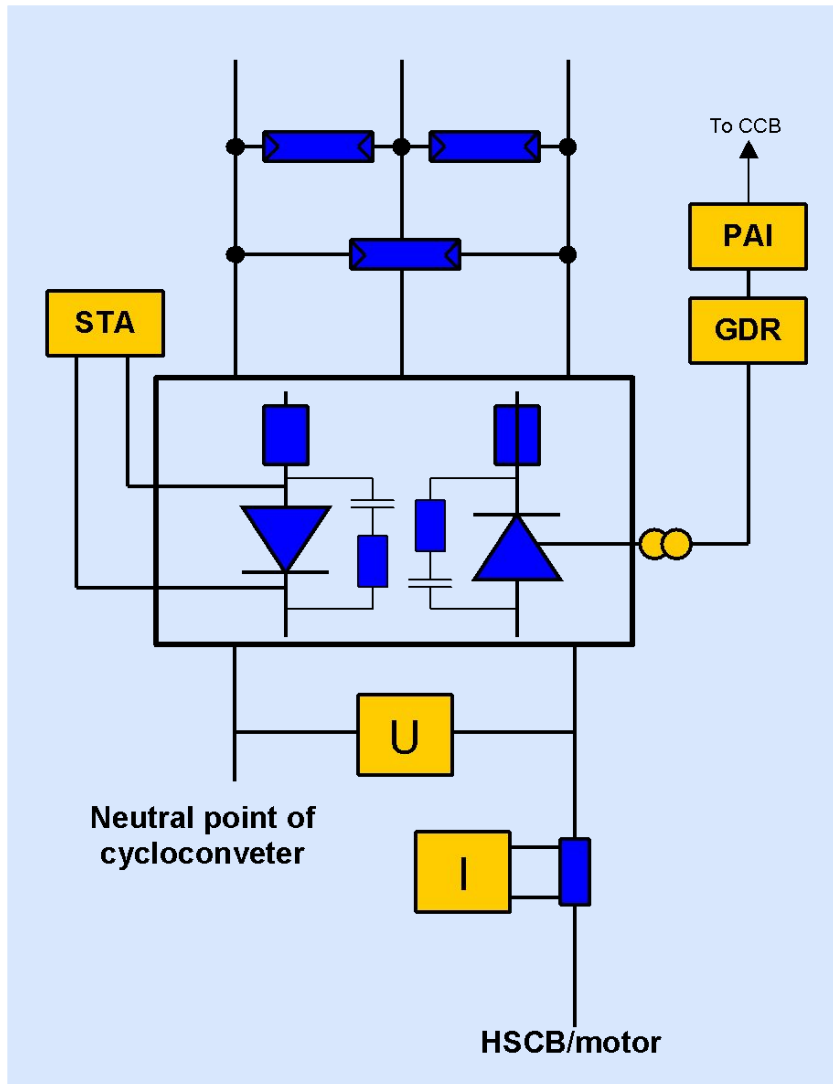
ACS6000c cycloconverter drive



Excitation current
(DC current)

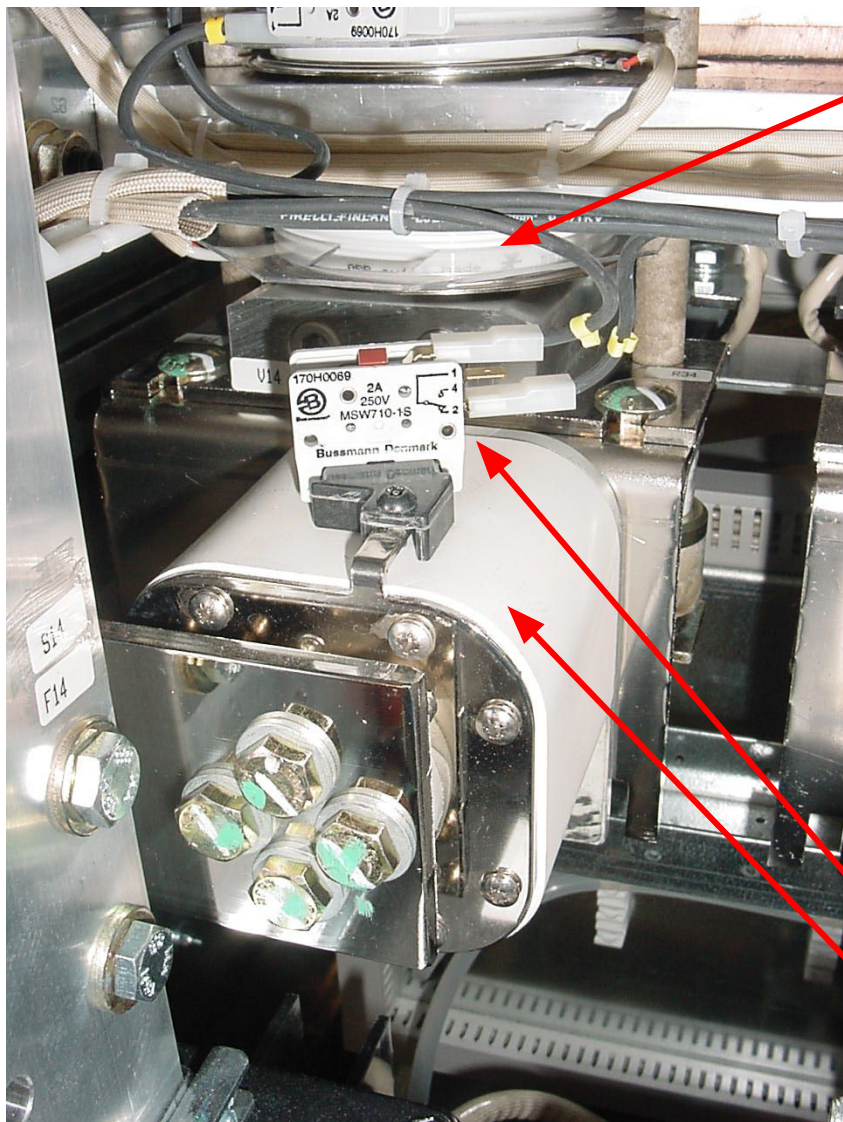


ACS6000c Phase unit main parts



- 3 phase supply(1000..1200VAC)
- 3 overvoltage suppressors
- 12 (24 if parallel) fuses
- 12 thyristor's
- 12 RC circuits
- 12 pulse transformers
- 2 **G**ate **D**River boards
- 1 **P**ulse **A**mplifier **I**nterface board
- 1 Thyristor **S**Tatus measurement board
- 1 voltage tranducer
- 1 shunt and current tranducer

ACS6000c thyristor



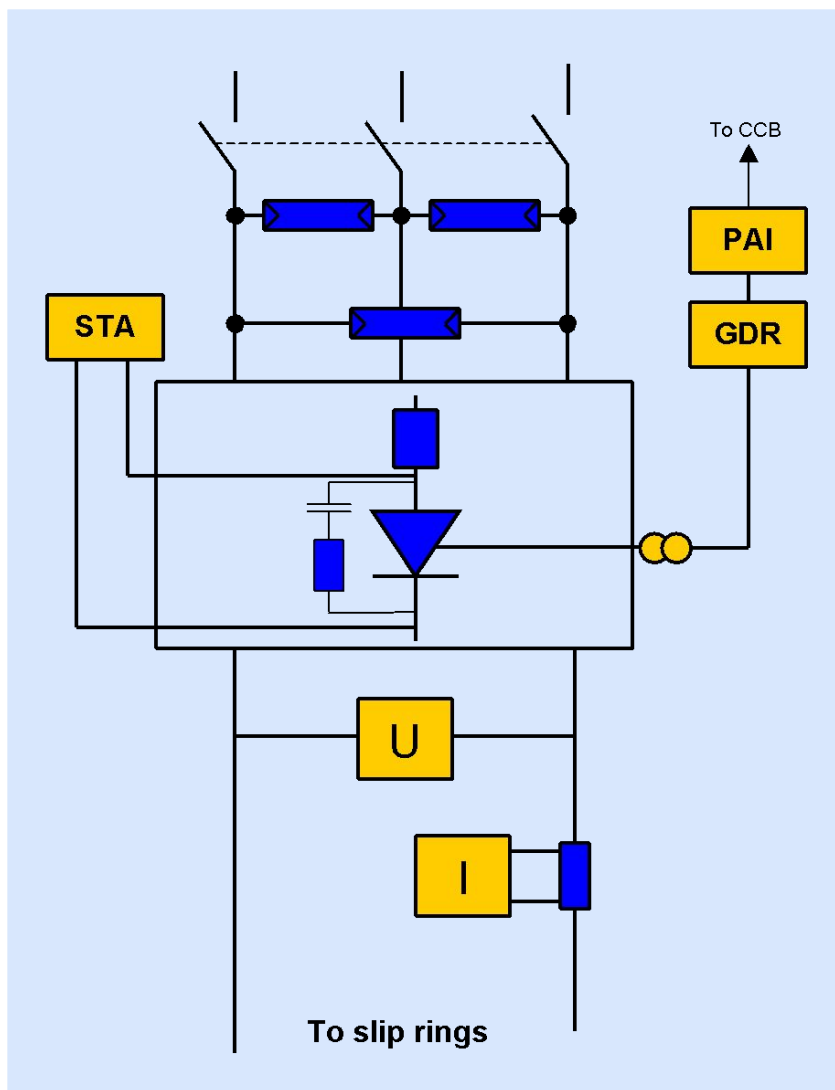
Thyristor

thyristor module type	max. continuous current [A]	overload 60 s [A] (preload 1/2 * I _{60s})		Thyristor type
		overload	preload	
W1-49-10	1600	1850	925	5STP1242F0000
W2-73-10	2850	3400	1700	5STP1842F0001
W2-84-10	4150	5250	2625	5STP2842F0017
W3-96-10	5200	6700	3350	5STP3842F0007
A2-49-10	1420	1760	880	5STP1242F0000
A2-73-10	2300	3050	1525	5STP1242F0000
A3-73-10	2700	3200	1600	5STP1842F0001
A3-84-10	3750	4500	2250	5STP2842F0017
A3-96-10	4500	5600	2800	5STP3842F0007

Micro switch
Fuse

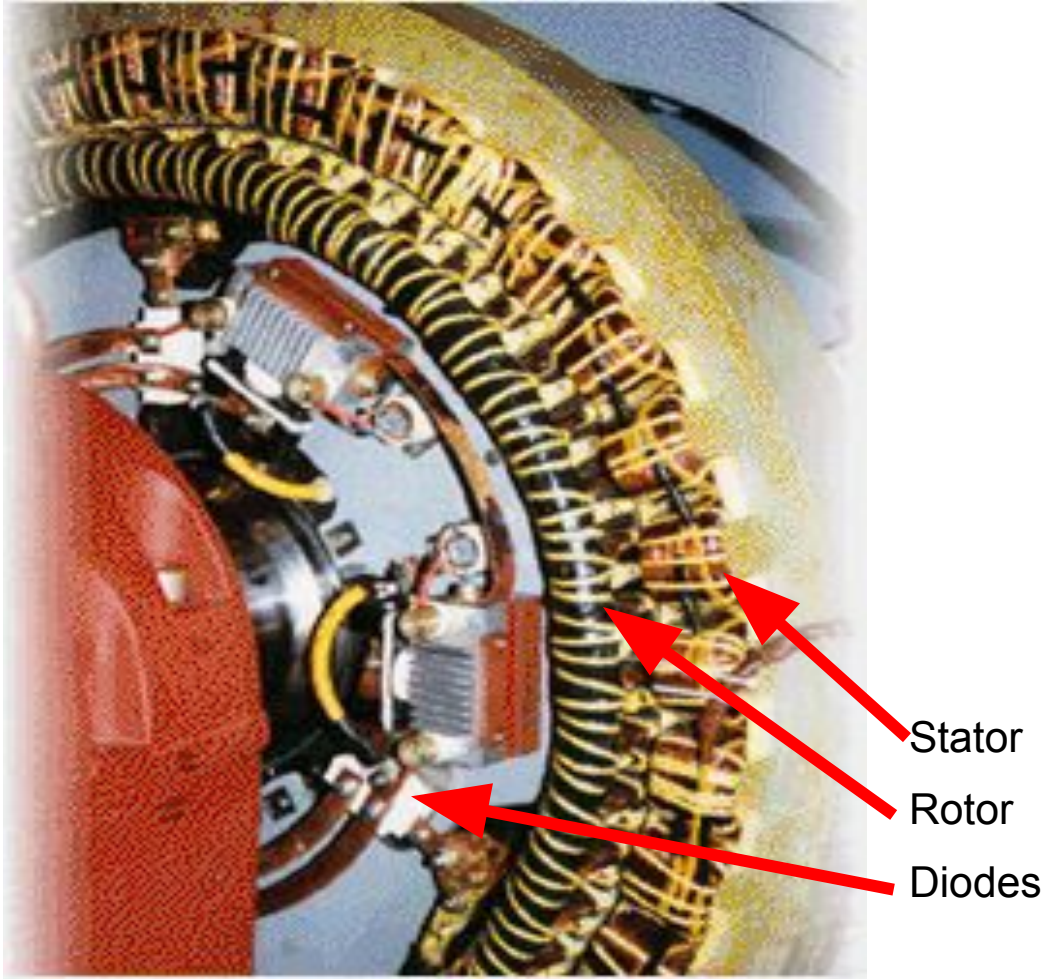


ACS6000c Excitation unit main parts



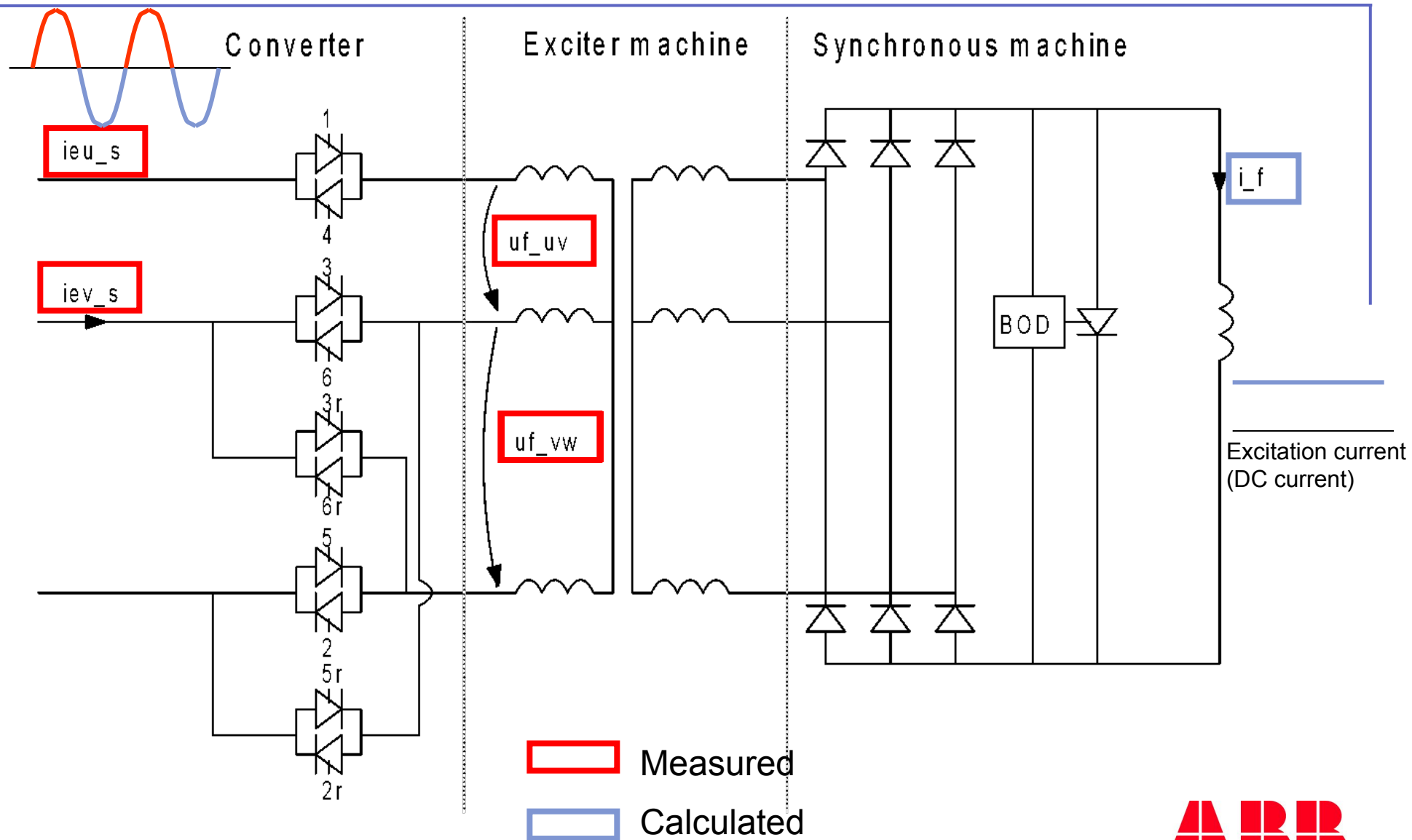
- 3 phase supply(400..690VAC)
- 1 contactor
- 3 overvoltage suppressors
- 6 fuses
- 6 thyristor's
- 6 RC circuits
- 6 pulse transformers
- 1 **G**ate **D**River boards
- 1 **P**ulse **A**mplifier Interface board
- 1 Thyristor **S**Tatus measurement board
- 1 shunt and current transducer
- 1 voltage transducer

ACS6000c brushless excitation

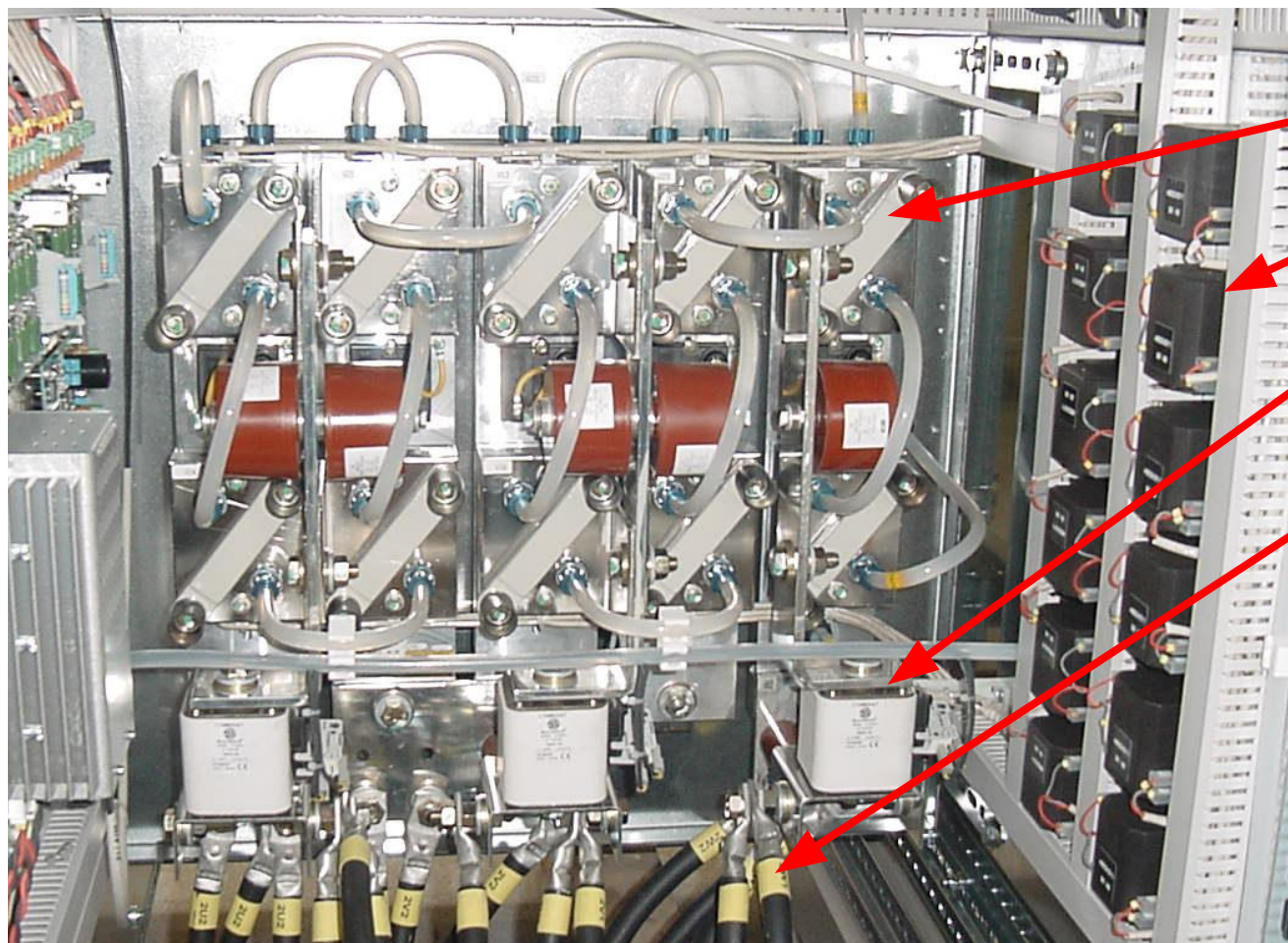


- Both brushless excitation and excitation with sliprings and brushes are available
- When performance requirements are high excitation with sliprings and brushes will be used
- Brushless excitation is the alternative e.g. in fan, compressor and pump drives
- Explosive environments require brushless excitation

ACS6000c brushless excitation



ACS6000c brushless excitation



Thyristors

Pulse transformers

Supply fuses

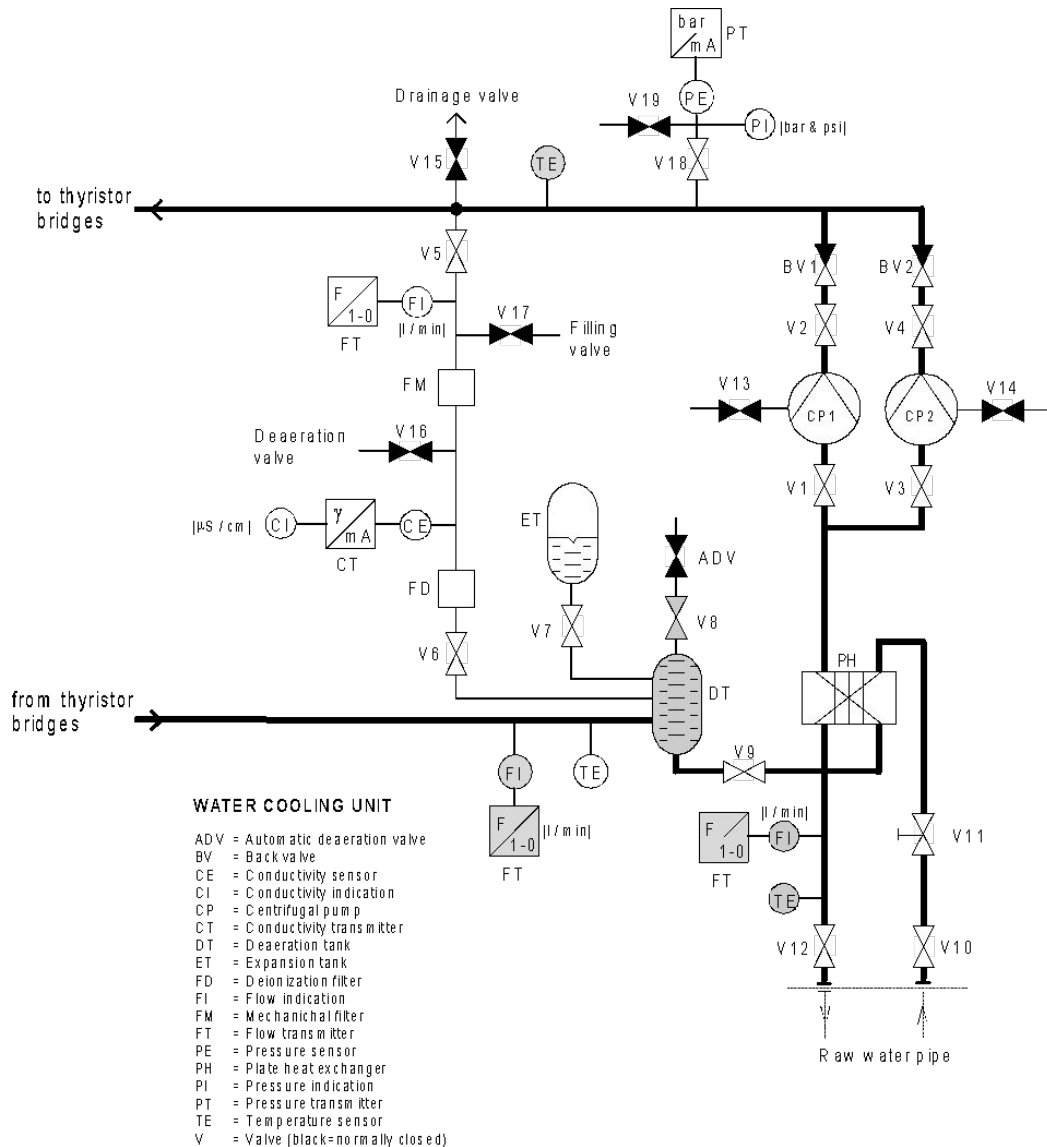
Supply cables



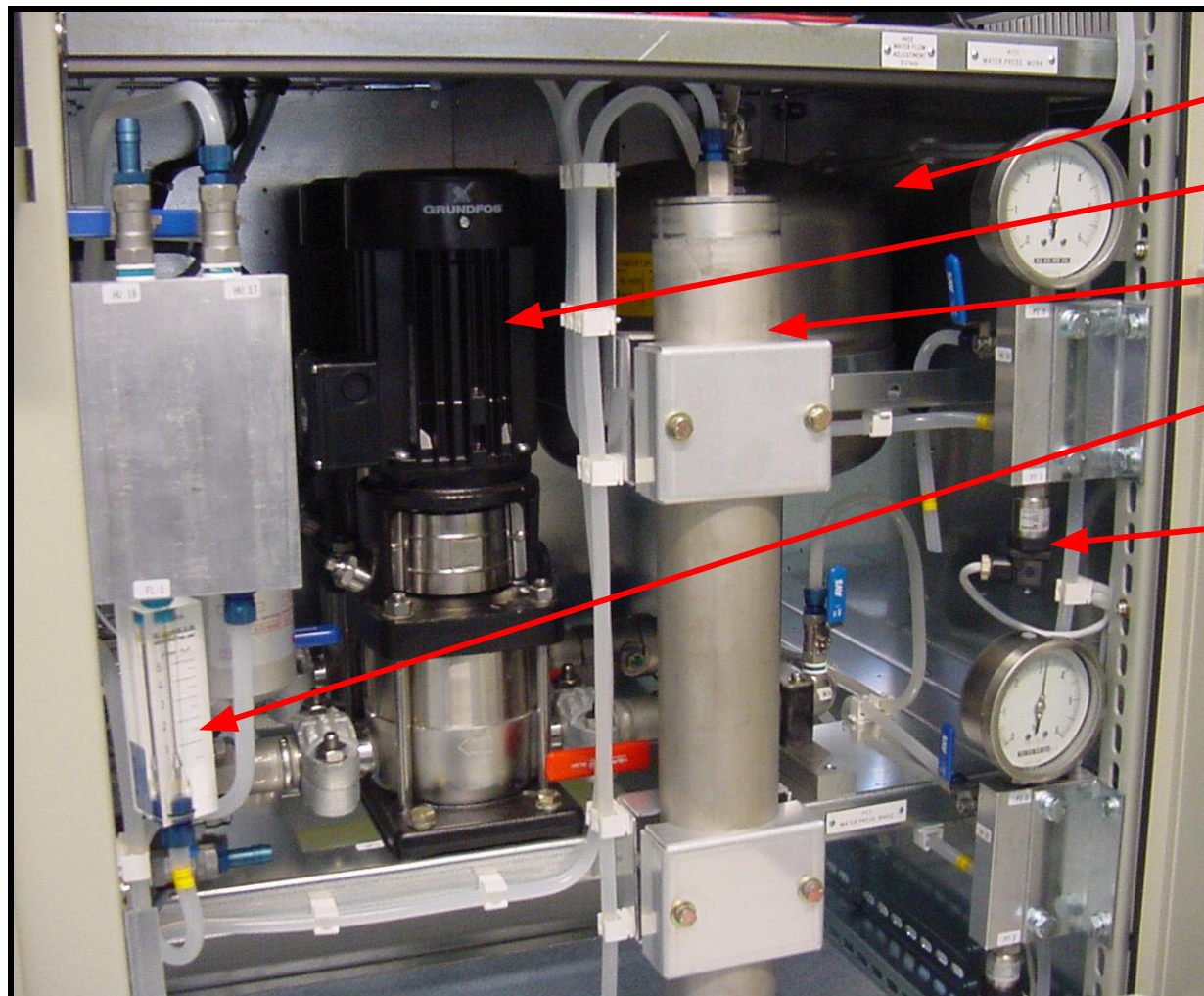
ACS6000c Water cooling unit

Water cooling benefits:

- increased thyristor loadability
- minimum air-conditioning needed
- no dust filtering problems or maintenance needs
- practically noiseless
- smaller cubicles
- no fans needed - better efficiency



ACS6000c Water cooling unit



Expansion vessel

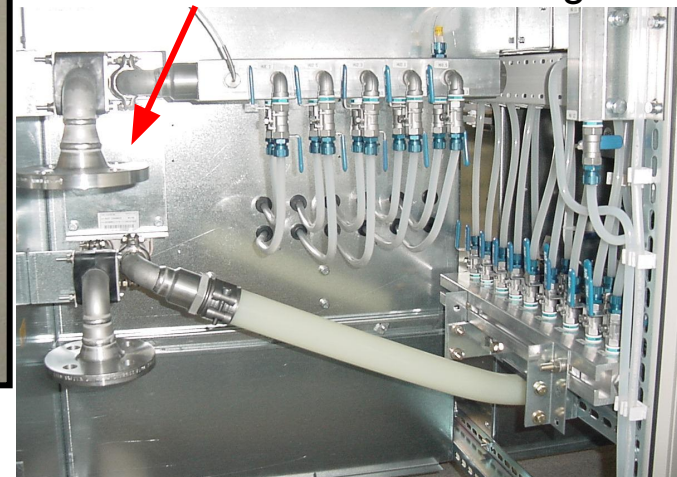
Two pumps

Ion-compound

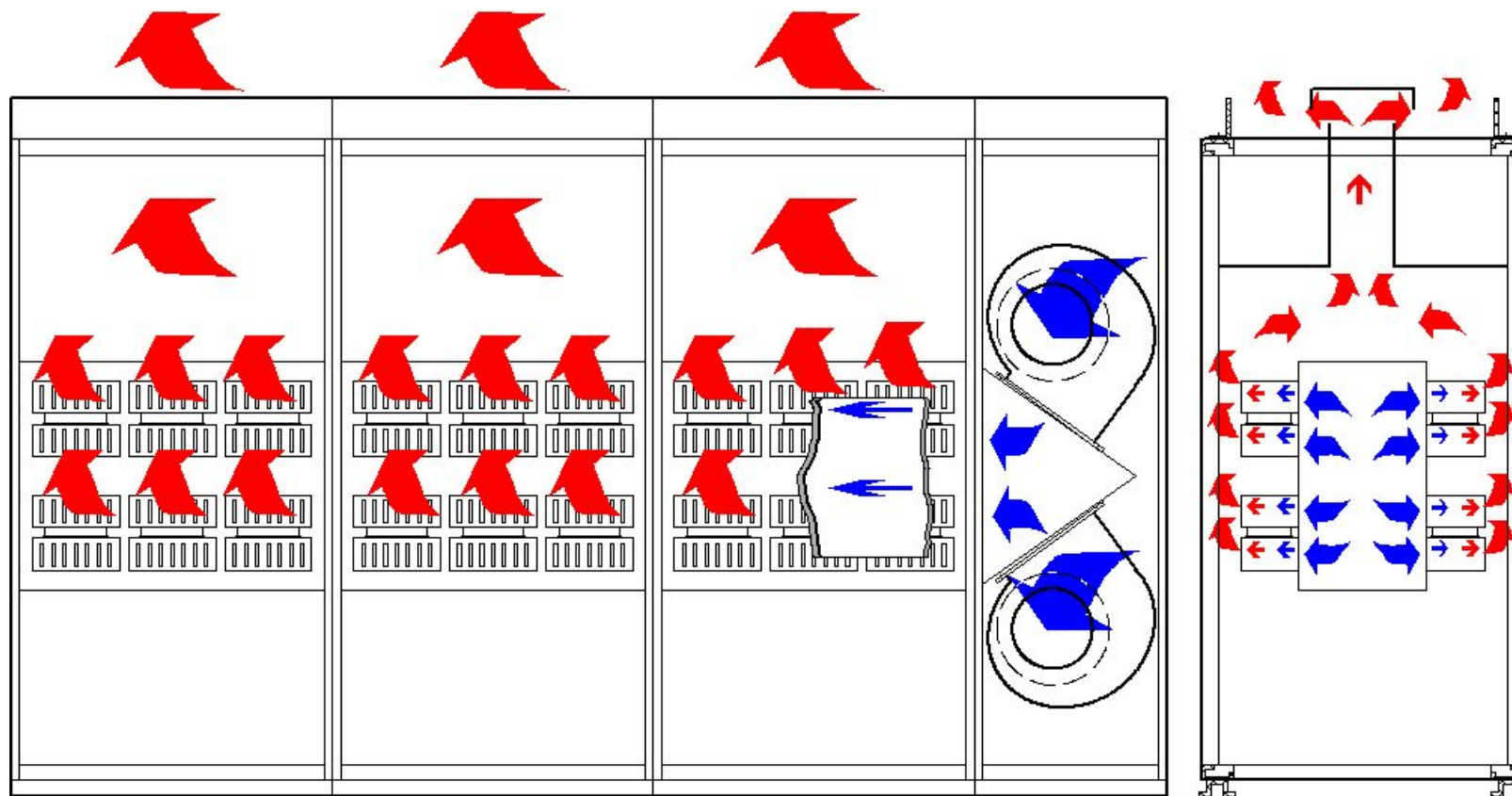
ion-compound water flow meter

Pressure sensors

External water cooling

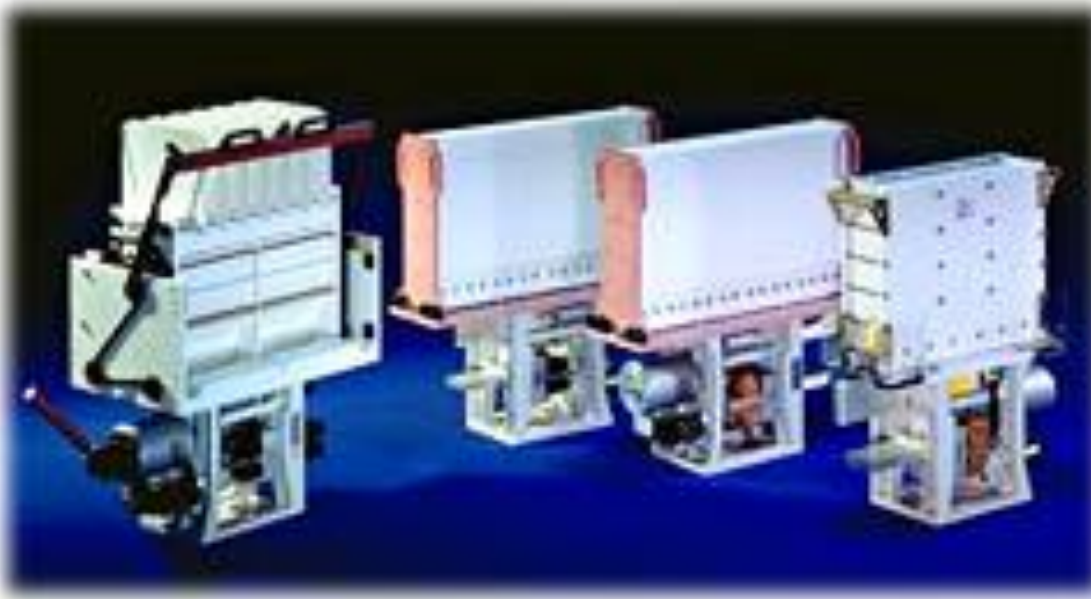


ACS6000c air cooling



- Common air channel through max. three phase cabinets
- Redundant blower option

ACS6000c high speed circuit breakers(HSCB)

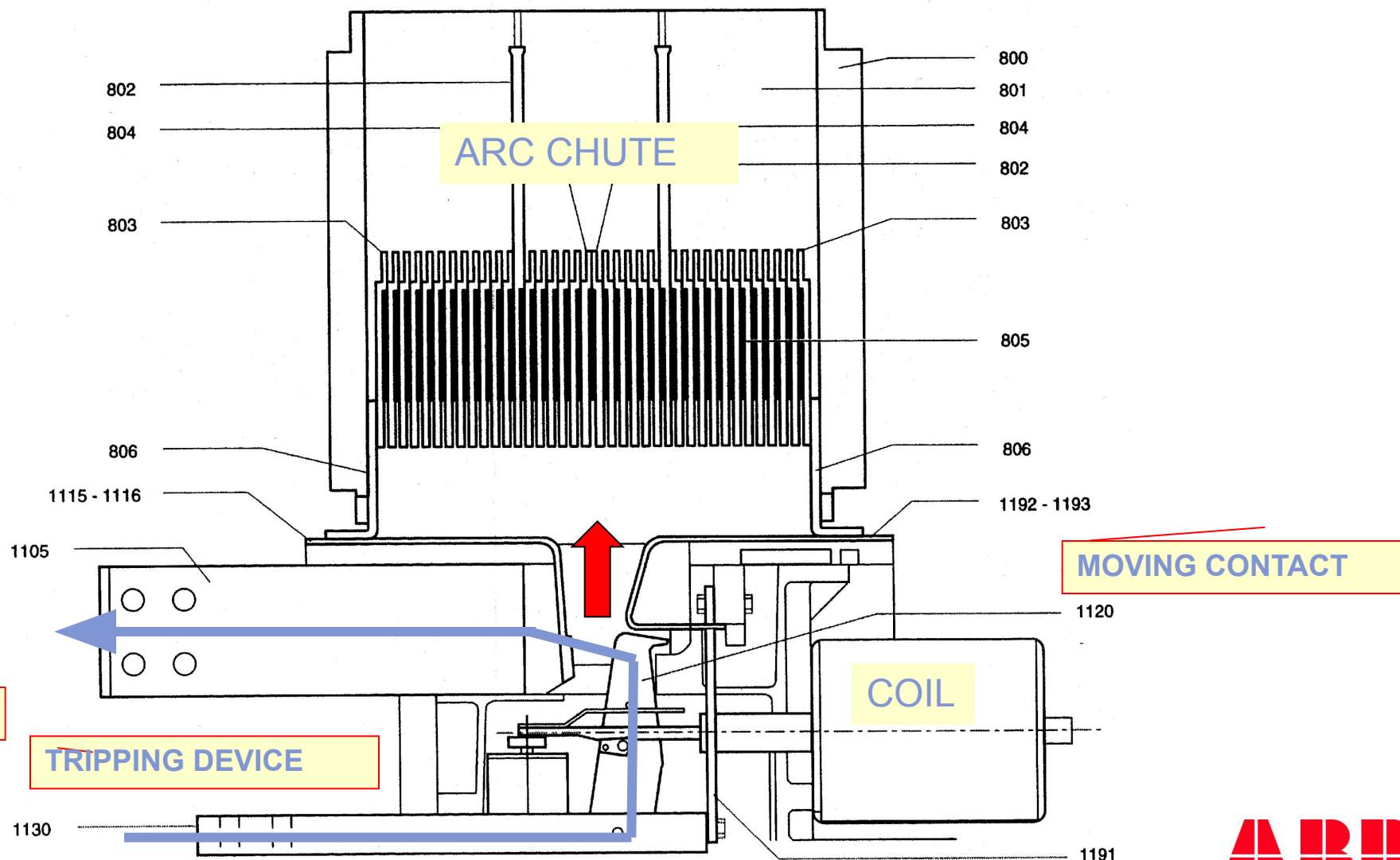


- Made by Secheron, Geneva, Switzerland
- Nominal voltages up to 4000V
- Maximum rated currents up to 6000A
- More selective protection in case of short circuit in motor or commutation failure during regenerating(loss of supply voltage)
- Voltage level of the fuses lower. 1.25kV instead of 2.0kV without HSCB

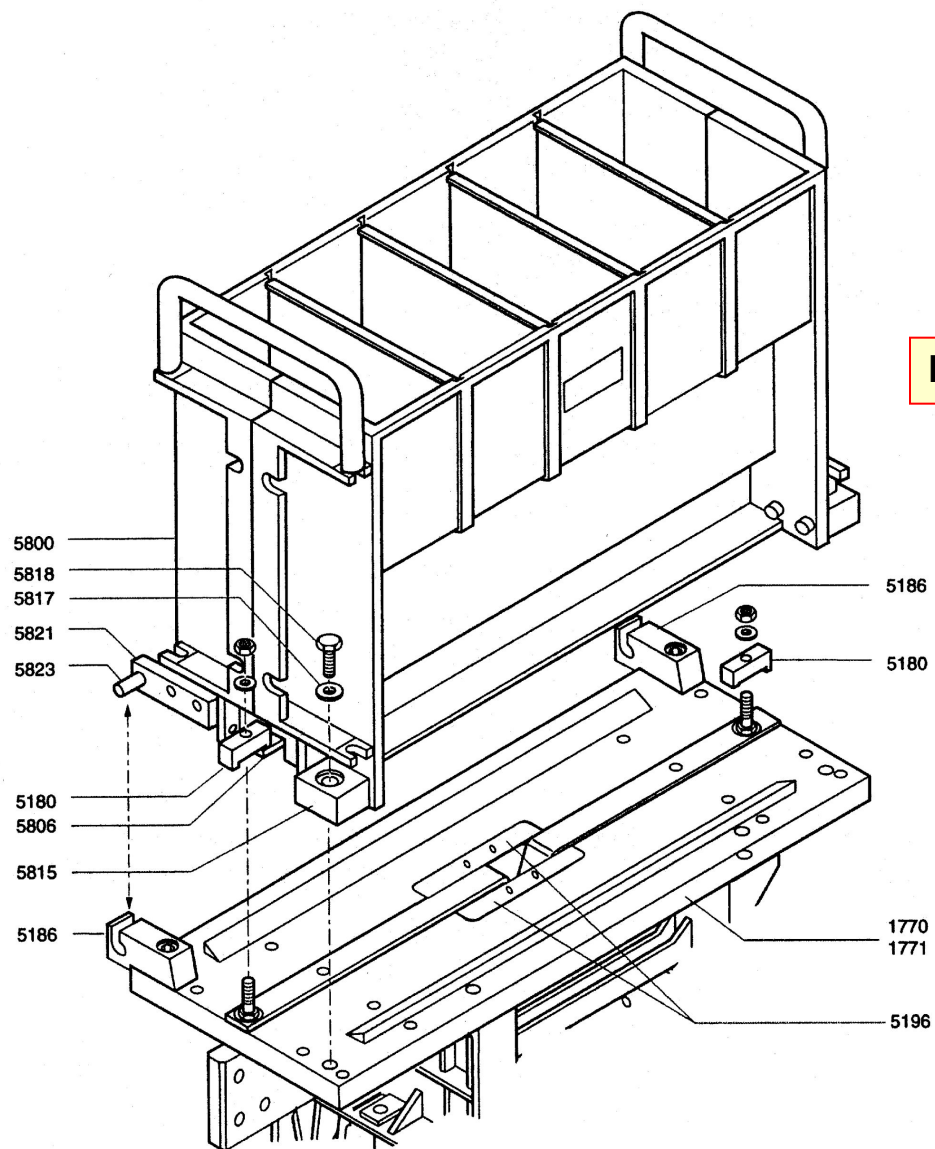


ABB

ACS6000c HSCB operation

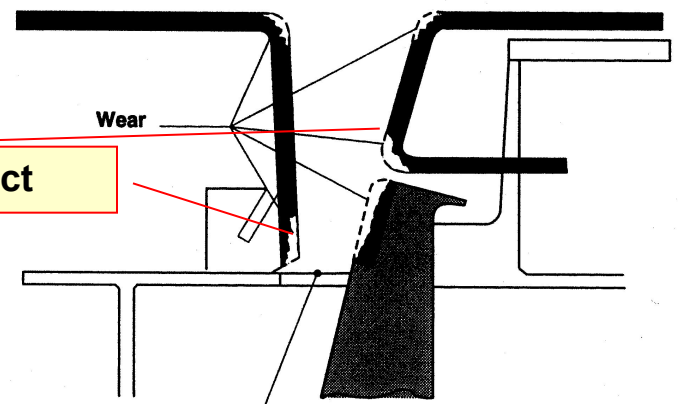


ACS6000c HSCB wearing



ARC CHUTE

Fixed contact



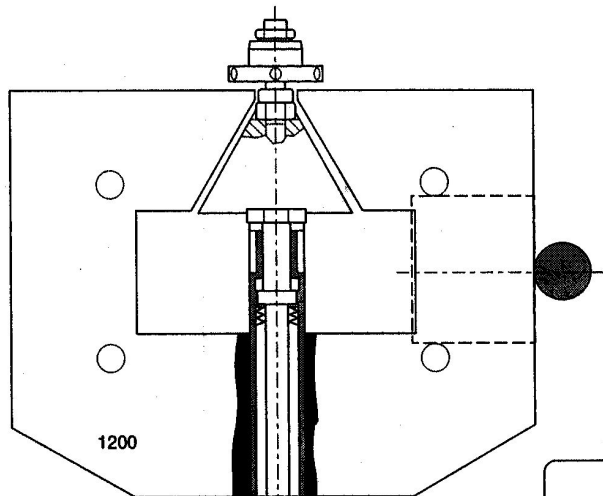
Cut-out chamber floor

Pole

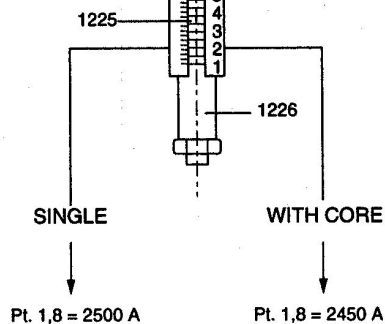
Moving contact



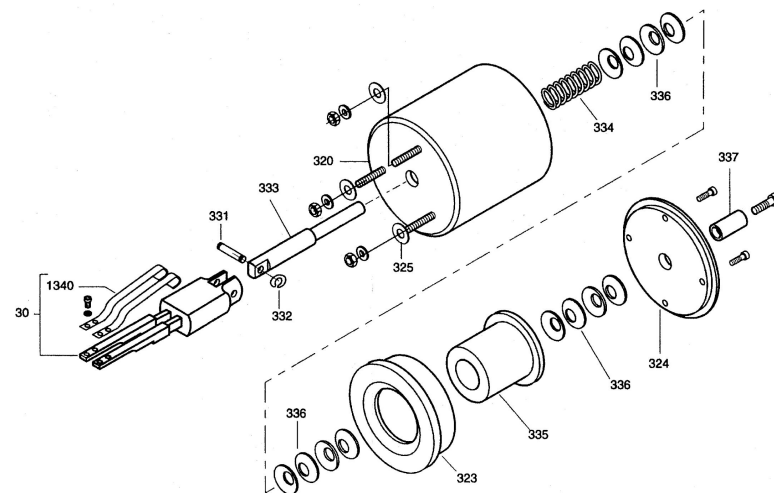
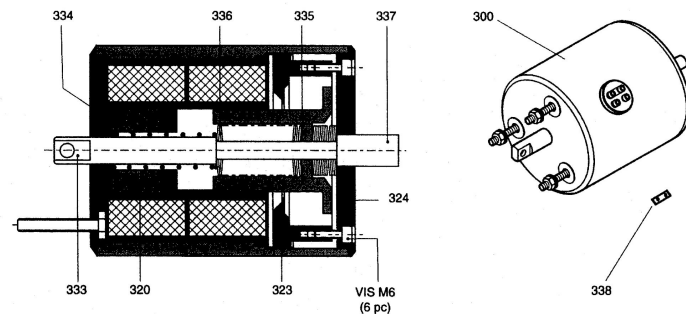
ACS6000c HSCB setting



Ids (A)	
2000	1,1
3000	2,1
3500	2,6
4000	3,1
5000	4,8
Sécheron SA HSBA 400 226 P1	



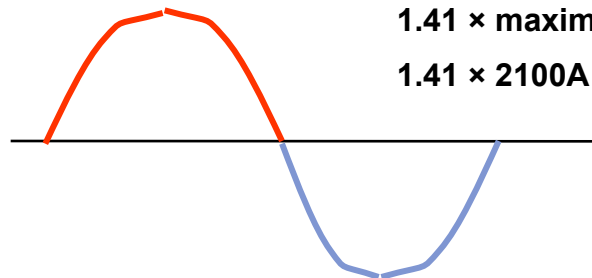
Ids (A)	
2000	4300
1,3	1
3000	6500
2,4	3,0
4600	8000
4,8	4,9
Sécheron SA HSHR 430 390 P1	



Trip limit=

$$1.41 \times \text{maximum motor current} \times 1.3$$

$$1.41 \times 2100\text{A} \times 1.3 = 3850\text{A}$$



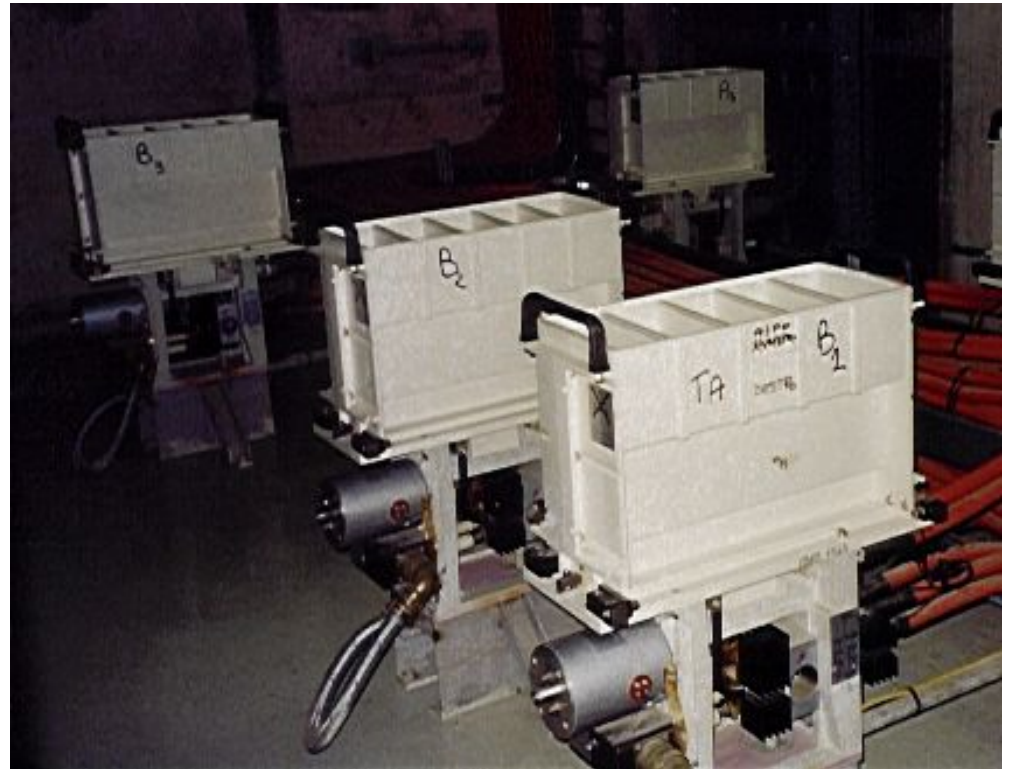
Phase current



ACS6000c HSCB installation



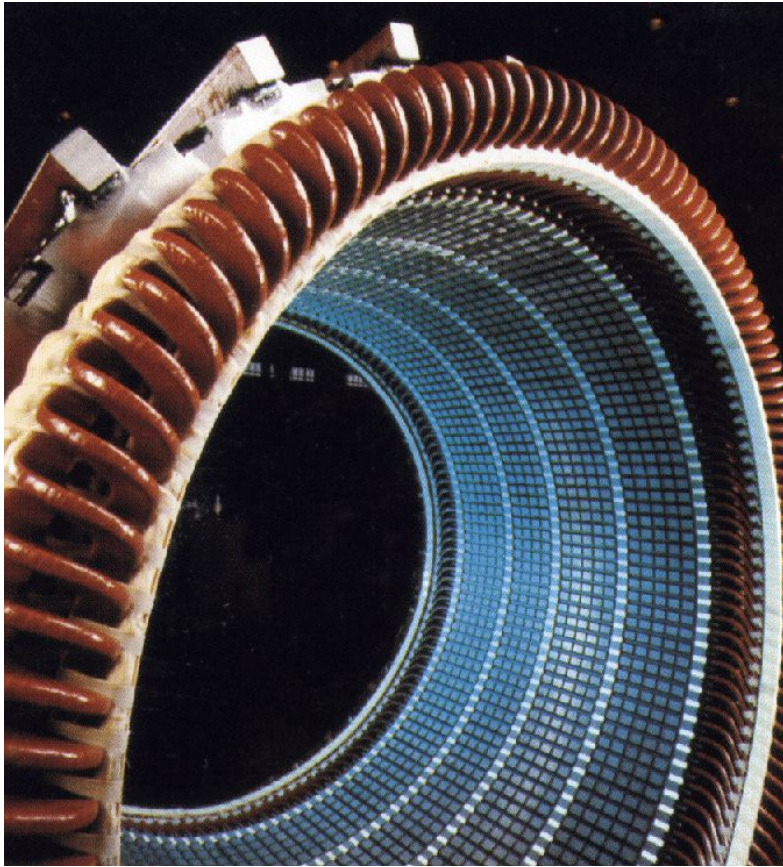
MARINE



METALS



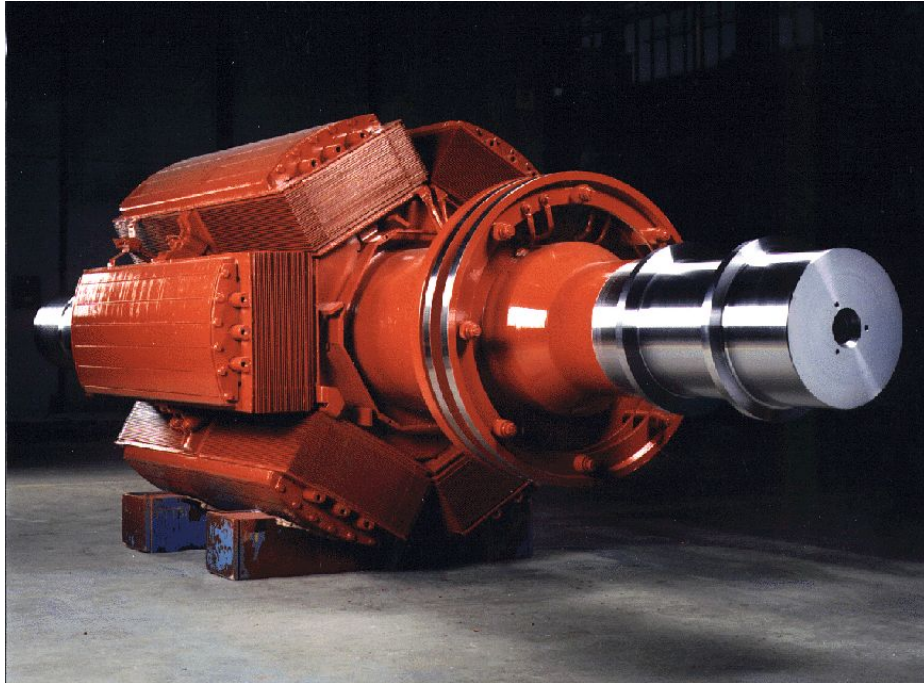
ACS6000c, Synchronous motor compared to DC



Smaller mechanical size

- No commutation problems
- Lower losses
- Full overload up to max speed
- Less maintenance
- Moment of inertia can be kept low: long rotor, small diameter
- AC-Synchronous motor is thermally less critical
 - Stator monitored with Pt-100 elements
 - Rotor construction is not thermally critical
- Gearless solutions: noise - losses

ACS6000c, SM rotor design



Salient pole motor with high overloadability and easy cooling of rotor

- means smaller inertia and lower weight
- means lower losses in the rotor
- means higher margins to the pole angle limit (90 degrees)
- direct cooling of the excitation windings

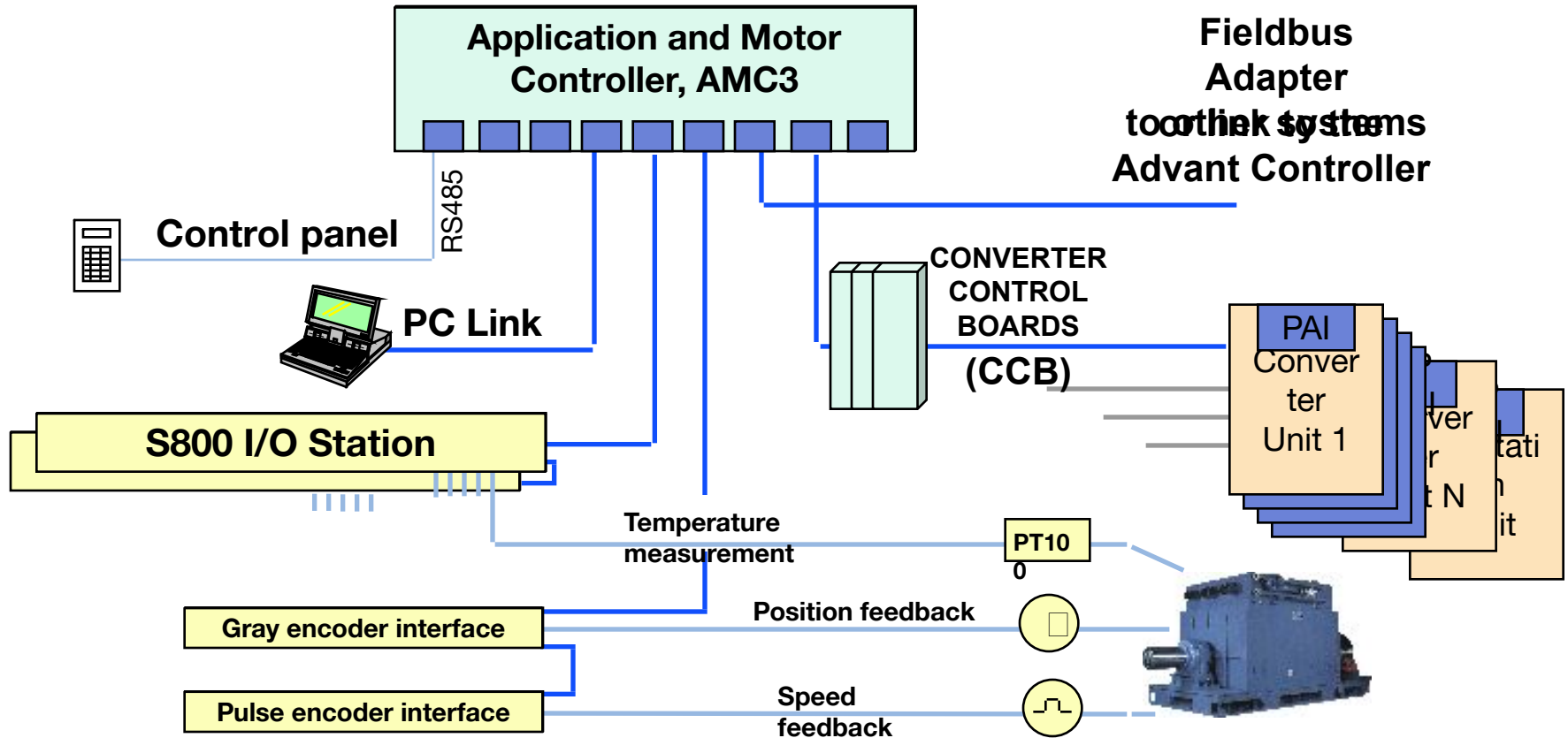
Salient pole rotor with removable poles

- means only a pole as a spare part, not the whole rotor
- means that the rotor can be repaired at site

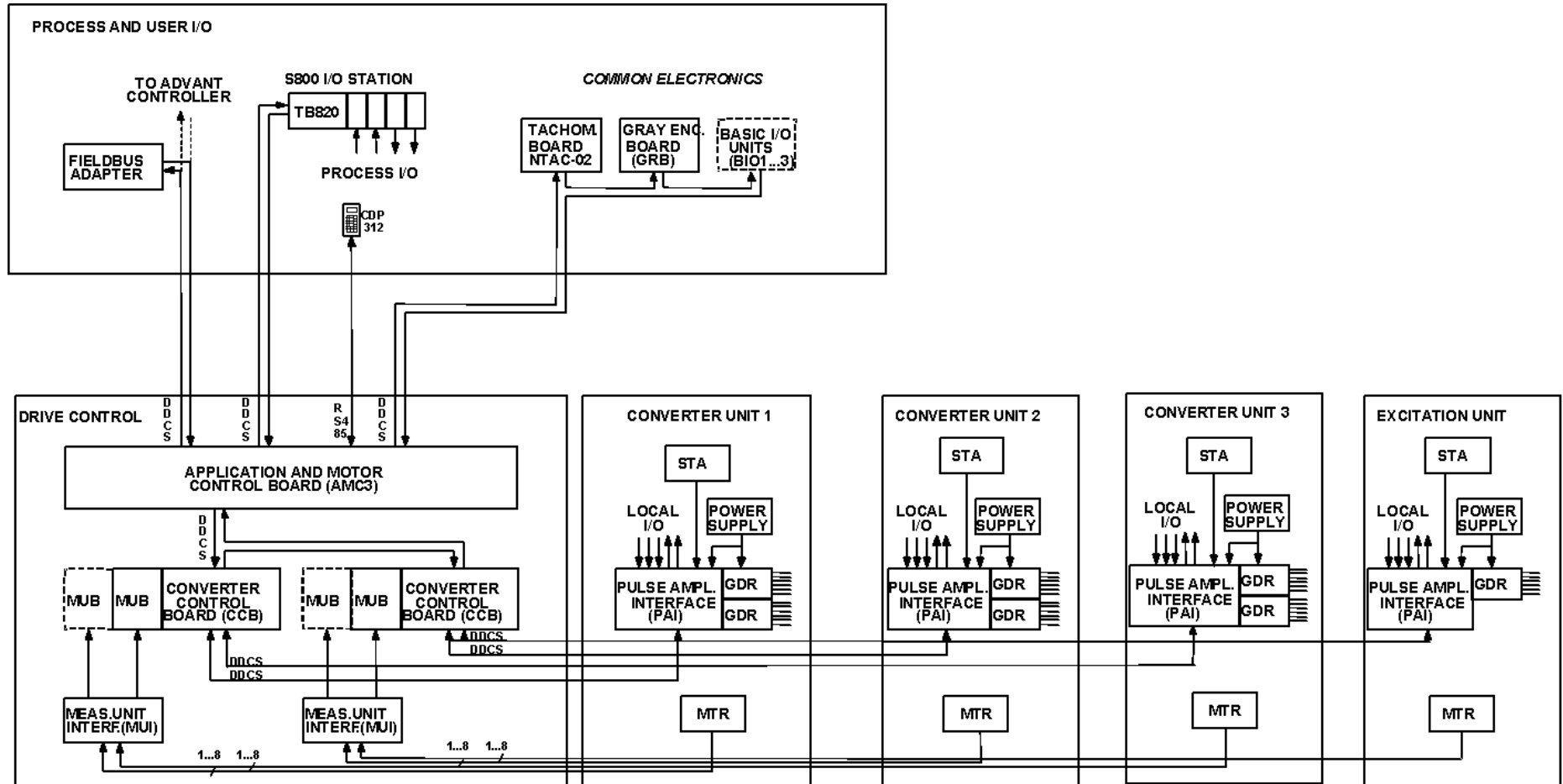


ACS6000c control

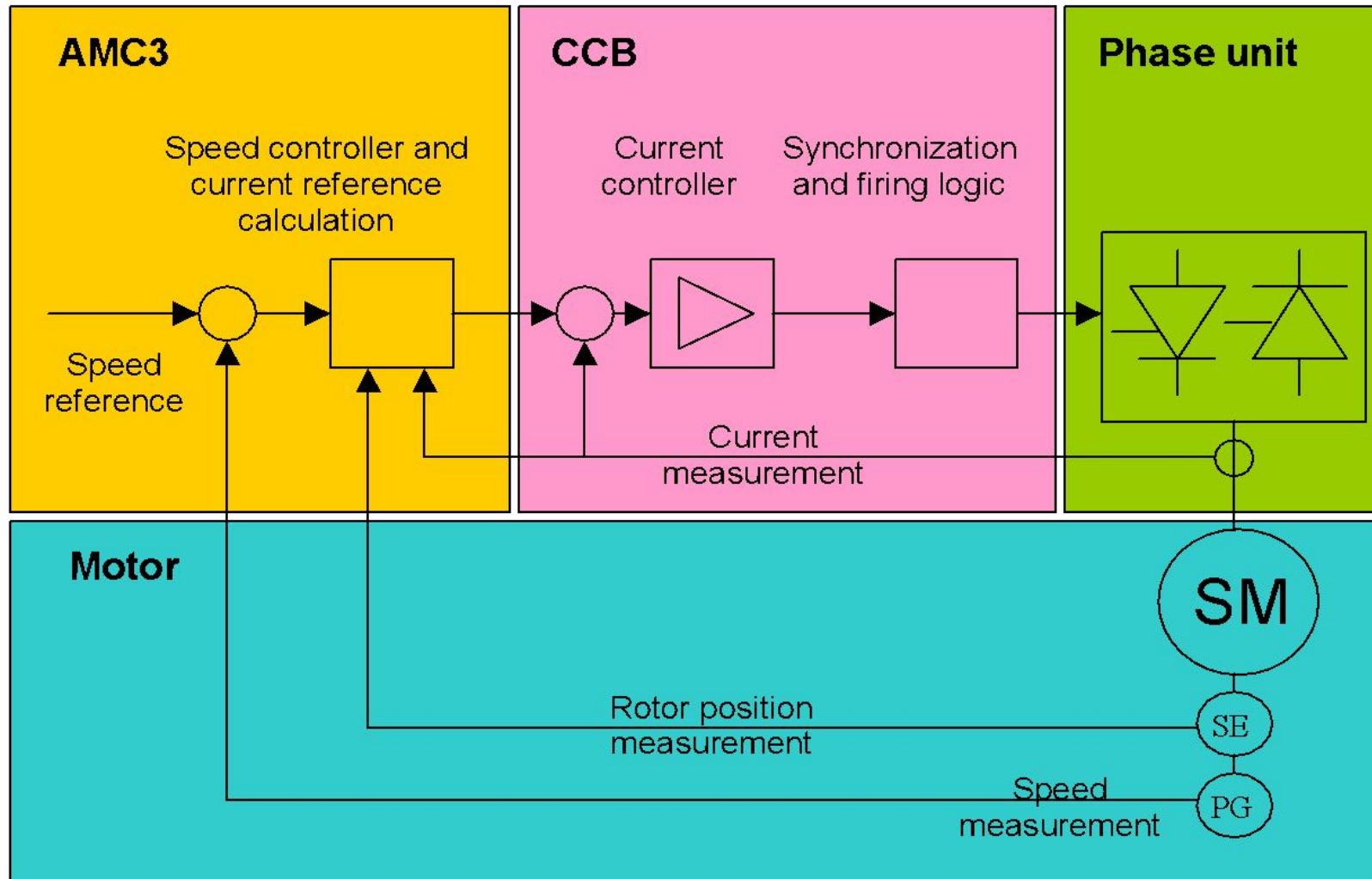
AMC3 with DDCS -Optic Links



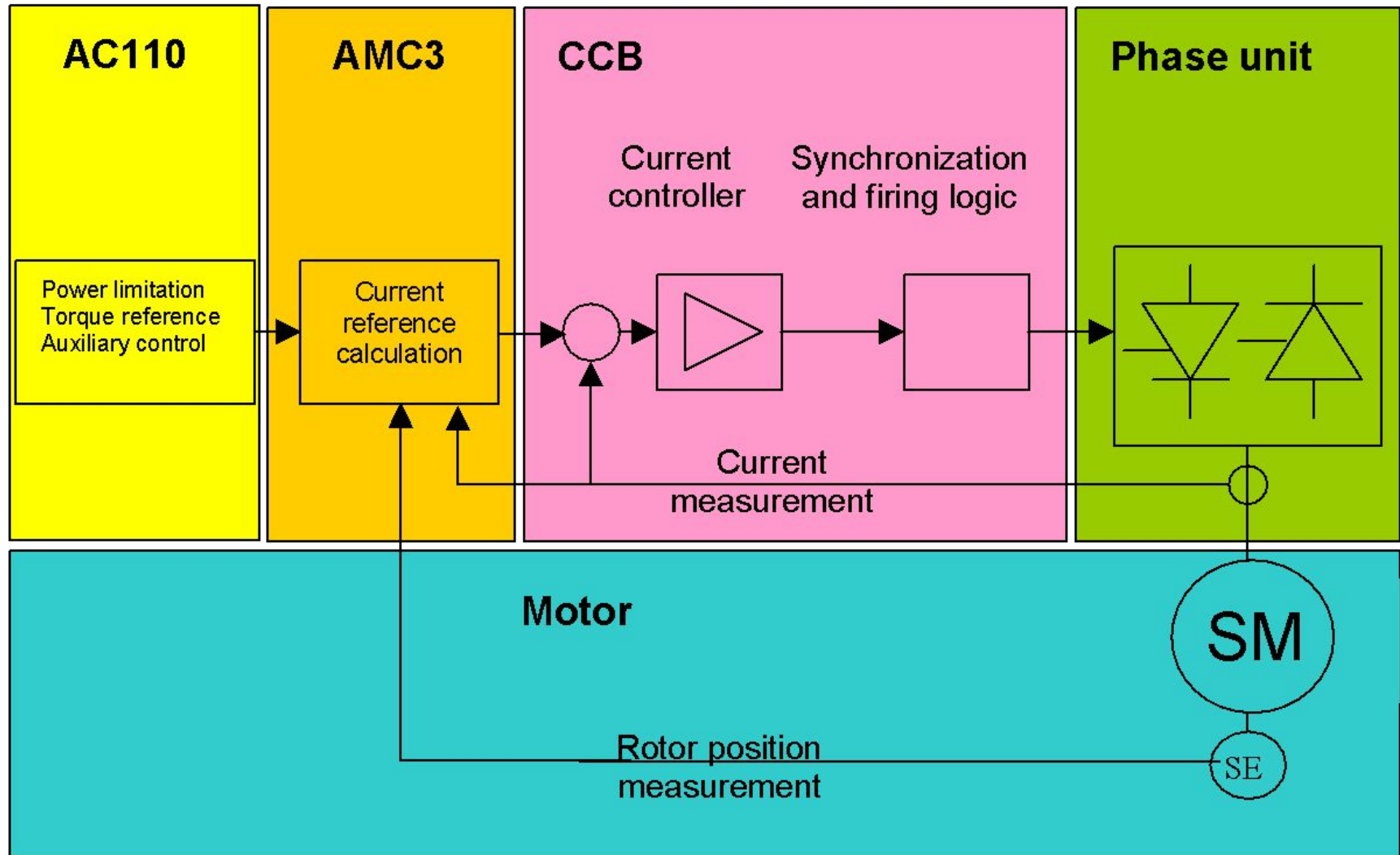
ACS6000c control



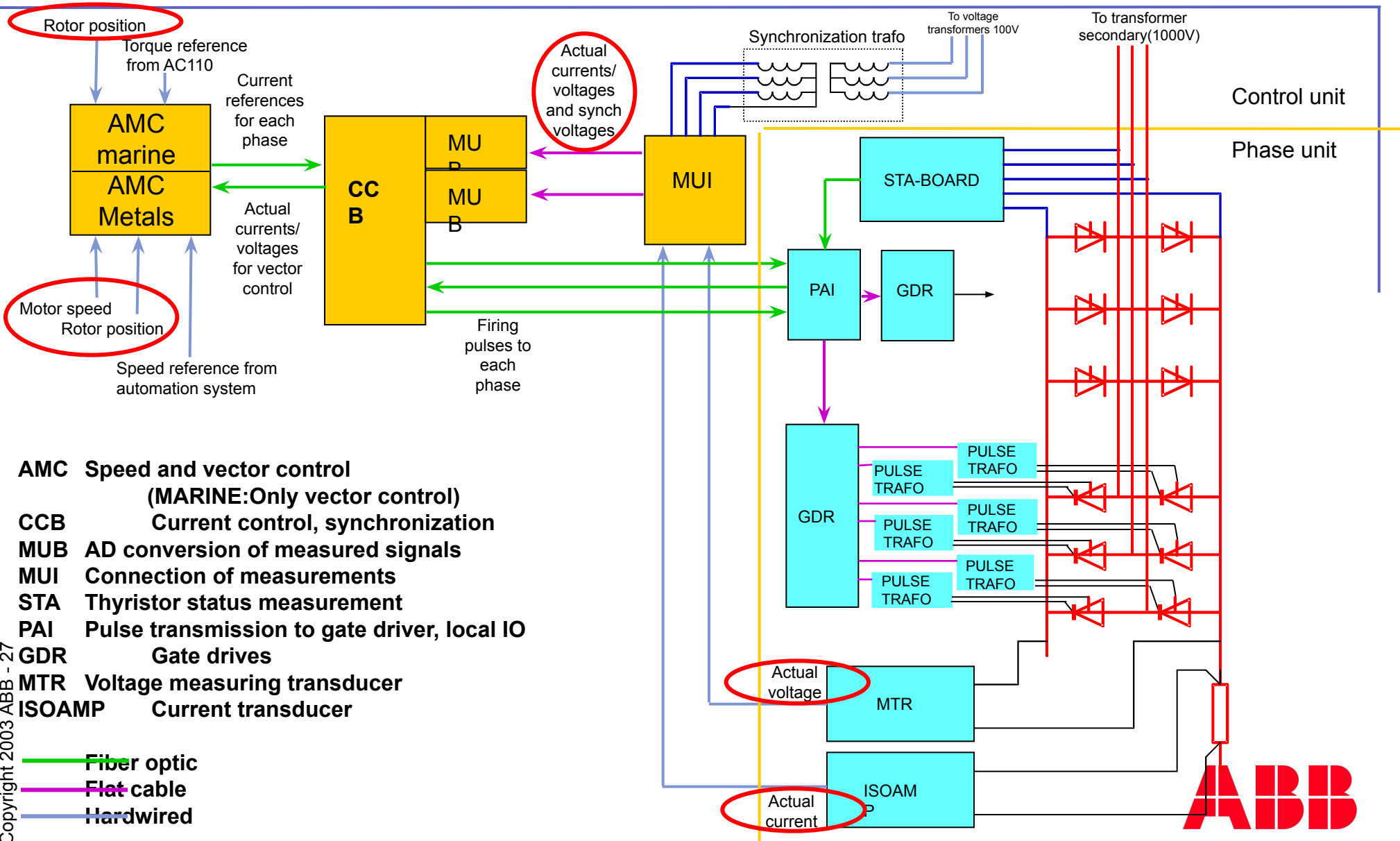
ACS6000c speed and current control loops



ACS6000c control in MARINE application



ACS6000c control



- AMC** Speed and vector control (MARINE: Only vector control)
- CCB** Current control, synchronization
- MUB** AD conversion of measured signals
- MUI** Connection of measurements
- STA** Thyristor status measurement
- PAI** Pulse transmission to gate driver, local IO
- GDR** Gate drives
- MTR** Voltage measuring transducer
- ISOAMP** Current transducer

