

MUMBAI

A nighttime photograph of Mumbai, India, showing a dense urban landscape. The city is illuminated with various lights, including streetlights and building lights. A prominent skyscraper with a blue-lit spire stands out in the center. In the foreground, a busy road with light trails from cars is visible. The overall scene is a vibrant and bustling city at night.

ZULPY HARO VA AK BOTA

**MUMBAI IS THE
CAPITAL OF INDIA**



Mumbai ([/mʊmˈbaɪ/](#); also known as **Bombay**, [the official name until 1995](#)) is the [capital city](#) of the [Indian state](#) of [Maharashtra](#). Mumbai is India's largest city with a population of 22.8 million.



The **Gateway of India** is a monument built during the **20th century** in **Mumbai** City of **Maharashtra** state in **Western India**. It is located on the waterfront in the **Apollo Bunder** area in **South Mumbai** and overlooks the **Arabian Sea**. The structure is a **basalt** arch, 26 metres (85 feet) high. It lies at the end of **Chhatrapati Shivaji Marg** at the water's edge in **Mumbai Harbour**.





The [Taj Mahal Palace Hotel](#) is a five-star hotel located in the Colaba region of Mumbai, Maharashtra, India, next to the Gateway of India.

Part of the Taj Hotels Resorts and Palaces, this hotel is considered the flagship property of the group and contains 560 rooms and 44 suites. There are some 1,500 staff including 35 butlers. From a historical and architectural point of view, the two buildings that make up the hotel, the Taj Mahal Palace, and the Tower are two distinct buildings, built at different times and in different architectural designs.

The hotel has hosted many notable guests, from presidents to captains of industry and stars of show business.



World Heritage Site and an historic railway station in Mumbai Maharashtra, India which serves as the headquarters of the Central Railways. Designed by Frederick William Stevens with influences from Victorian Italianate Gothic Revival architecture and traditional Mughal buildings, the station was built in 1887 in the Bori Bunder area of Mumbai to commemorate the Golden Jubilee of Queen Victoria. The new railway station was built on the location of the Bori Bunder Station and is one of the busiest railway stations in India, serving as a terminal for both long-distance trains and commuter trains of the Mumbai Suburban Railway.

MUMBAI IS BOTH OLD AND MODERN RICH AND POOR





THE STREETS ARE FULL OF
PEOPLE DOING BUSINESS,



**INDIA
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