OLD ENGLISH LITERATURE



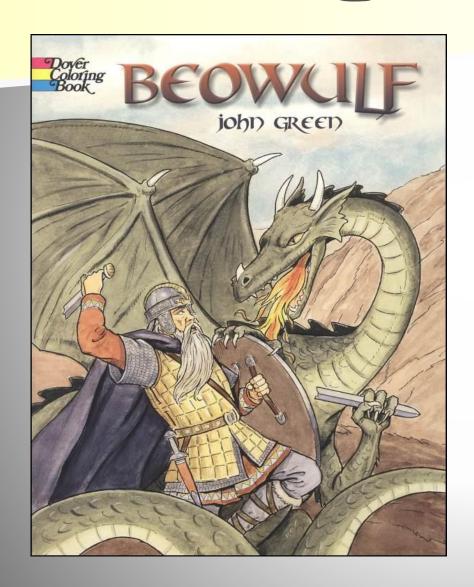
Beowulf was written in Anglo-Saxon (Old English), the language which, through the centuries, has developed into the English language we know today. As Anglo-Saxon is like a foreign language even to a native speaker of English, the extracts you are going to read have been translated into modern **English.** The translation by Francis **Gunmere** (published in 1910) closely follows the original text and maintains some of its stylistic features.



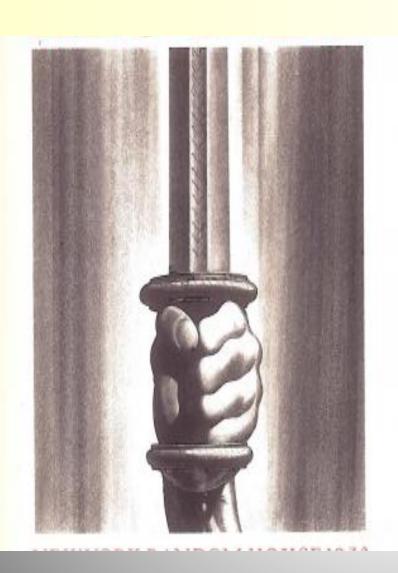
The story Hrothgar, king of Denmark, suffered while his kingdom was being attacked by a devouring monster, named Grendel.



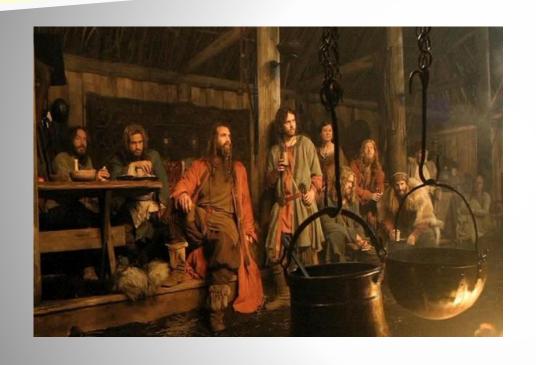
He lived in the wastelands, and every night he visited Hrothgar's hall carrying off and killing his guests.



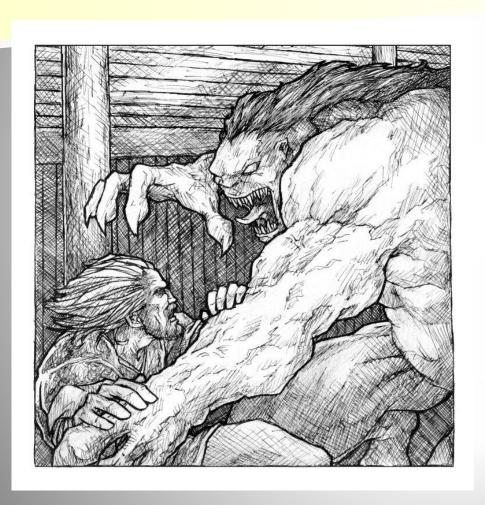
Beowulf lived in the nearby kingdom of Greatland. From a very early age he showed signs of great strength and extraordinary courage. He killed many sea monsters and defended his country from enemy attacks.



When he heard from mariners of **Grendel's murderous** attacks, he decided to help Hrothgar. He and some of his bravest followers crossed the sea to **Denmark where they** were welcomed by the king.



A big feast was held in their honour. That night everybody slept except Beowulf. **Grendel entered Hrothgar's hall and** killed one of **Beowulf's sleeping** men.



Beowulf, unarmed, fought the monster and with his great strength tore out one of Grendel's arms at the shoulder. Mortally wounded, Grendel retreated to his home in the surrounding wastelands.



Grendel's mother came to avenge her monster son's fatal injury and carried off a Danish nobleman and Grendel's torn off arm.



Beowulf and his men followed the blood trail left by the arm and came to the lake where **Grendel's mother** had taken refuge. **Beowulf plunged** into the lake and swam into a chamber.





He fought Grendel's mother, killing her with an old sword he found in an underwater cavern. **Grendel's body was** also lying in the cavern so Beowulf cut off his head and brought it back to King Hrothgar.



There was a great feast in the hall to celebrate Beowulf's victory and an even greater celebration when he returned to his home country, where he was made king.