Ministry of education and science of the Russian Federation Federal STATE Autonomous educational institution « South Ural state University» (NRU) Faculty «Higher medical and biological school» Department of «Food and biotechnology»

Development of production technology and formulation of bread with extended shelf life



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The problem and its solution



Ways to improve the preservation of bread:

- 1. With a decrease in the humidity of the product to 16% drying can be suspended.
- 2. With the increase in the amount of gluten in flour increases the ability of bread to maintain freshness.
- 3. Adding to the dough products that increase the hydrophilic properties of the crumb.
- 4. Selection of the optimal baking mode and the use of rational storage mode. Freezing.
- 5. Application of hydrodynamic methods of water treatment.







freshness of bread

Bread recipe with extended shelf life



As objects of research were developed the following samples of bread: bread control (obtained on the basis of water for technical purposes (tap), bread obtained on the basis of cavitated water using ultrasonic apparatus series «Volna» model UTA-0,4/22-OM.

Table 1 – the Formulation of bread from wheat flour of 1 grade

Ingredient name	weight, g
1. Flour	465
2. Yeast, pressed	7,5
3. Salt	6,5
4. Activated water	380
Conclusion:	859







Ultrasound

Activated water

Technological scheme of production of bread with extended shelf life



Figure 2 – main stages and operations of bread production with extended shelf life

The effect of activated water on the quality and preservation of wheat bread



Figure 3 – Results of the tasting assessment taking into account the weighting factors



Name of	Norm according	12 hours storage	48 hours storage	72 hours storage	
indicator	to FOCT				
	27842-88				
Bread control					
The humidity of	not more than	39,79	38,11	38,02	
the crumb, %	45,0				
The acidity of	not more than 3,0	2,9	2,9	2,9	
the crumb, grad					
Porosity of	not less than 68.0	65,12	65,18	65,10	
crumb, %					
The bread obtained on the basis of activated water					
The humidity of	not more than	41,12	36,83	36,51	
the crumb, %	45,0				
The acidity of	not more than 3,0	3,1	3	3	
the crumb, grad					
Porosity of	not less than 68.0	66,91	67,04	66,8	
crumb, %					

Table 2 – Characteristics of physical and chemical parameters during storage of bread





Photos of the studied samples of wheat bread:



Figure 4 – Bread control



Figure 5 – Bread, obtained on the basis of activated water



Results of the research

- ✓ Based on the obtained data of the study of organoleptic and physico-chemical evaluation of wheat bread with the use of cavitated water during storage, it was found that the use of ultrasound has a positive effect on the consumer dignity of bread, but also contributes to the prolongation of its storage.
- ✓ The use of activated water helps to accelerate the maturation of the dough and increase fermentation. As a result, bread is obtained with high consumer advantages.
- ✓ Activated water helps to slow down the development of potato disease, which indicates an increase in the microbiological frequency of bread.
- When using activated water, you can slow down the processes of hardening and drying occurring in the bread.



Thank you for your attention!!!

