

$$E = mc^2$$



$$V = RI$$

$$F = \gamma \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$P_n = P_0 \left(1 + \frac{r}{k}\right)^{kn}$$

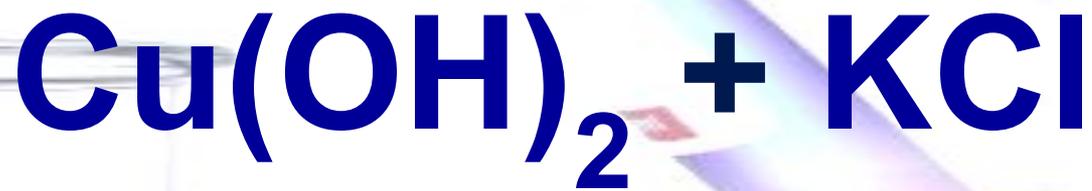
H₂O

$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = F(b) - F(a)$$

A—T

C—G





A laboratory setting with various glassware. In the foreground, a large beaker contains a blue liquid. To its right, a test tube with a purple cap is tilted, containing a yellow liquid. In the background, a rack holds several test tubes with green and blue liquids. A pipette is visible on the left side.

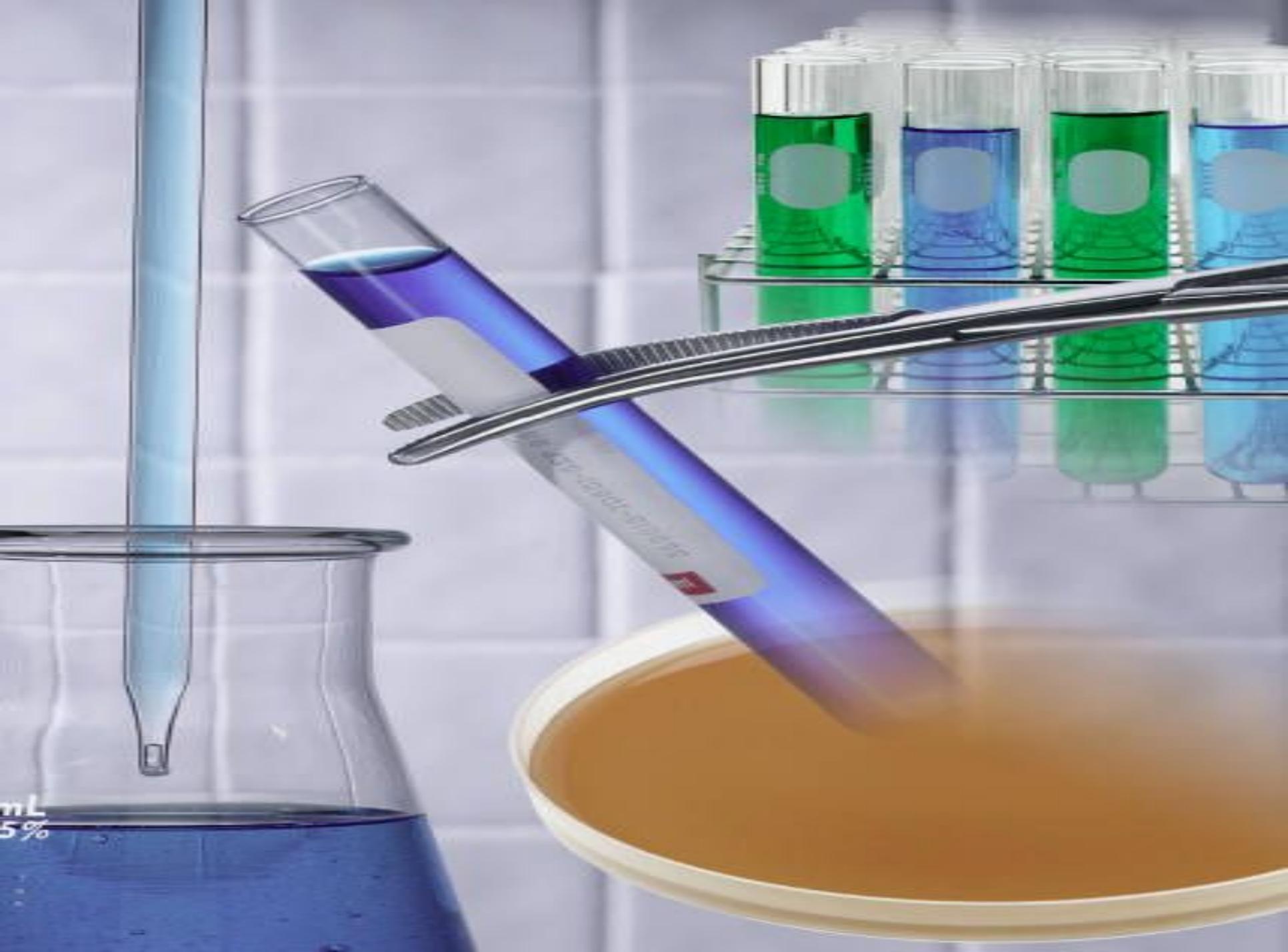
Химические уравнения

A background image of laboratory glassware including test tubes, a pipette, and a beaker, with a soft glow effect.

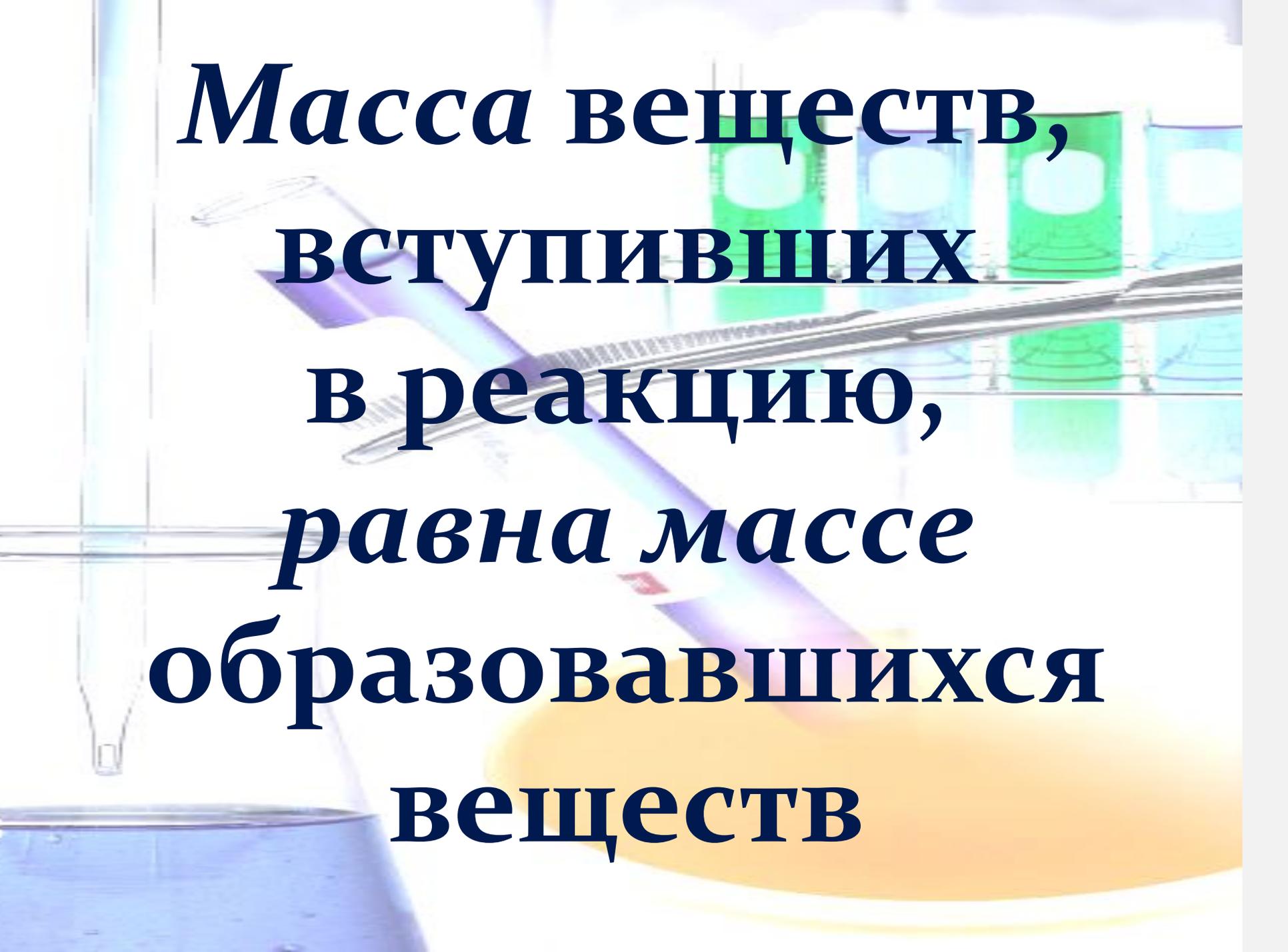
Схема

**Как
?**

уравнение



mL
5%

The background of the slide features a blurred image of laboratory glassware, including several test tubes in a rack containing liquids of various colors (green, blue, purple), a pipette, and a beaker with a yellowish liquid. The text is overlaid on this background.

***Масса веществ,
вступивших
в реакцию,
равна массе
образовавшихся
веществ***



М.В.

Ломоносов

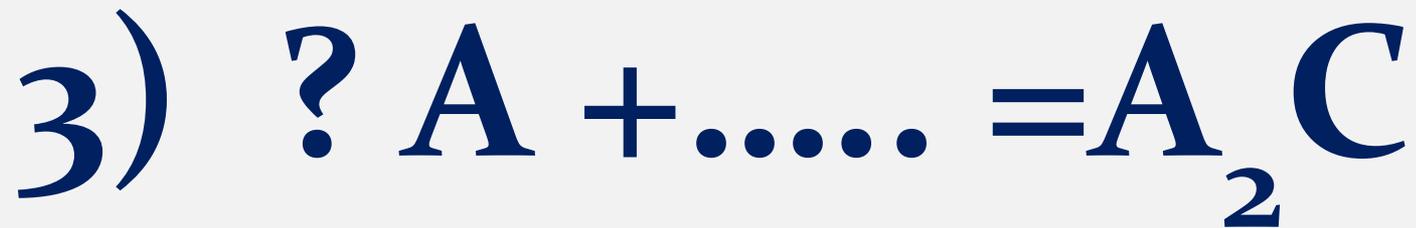
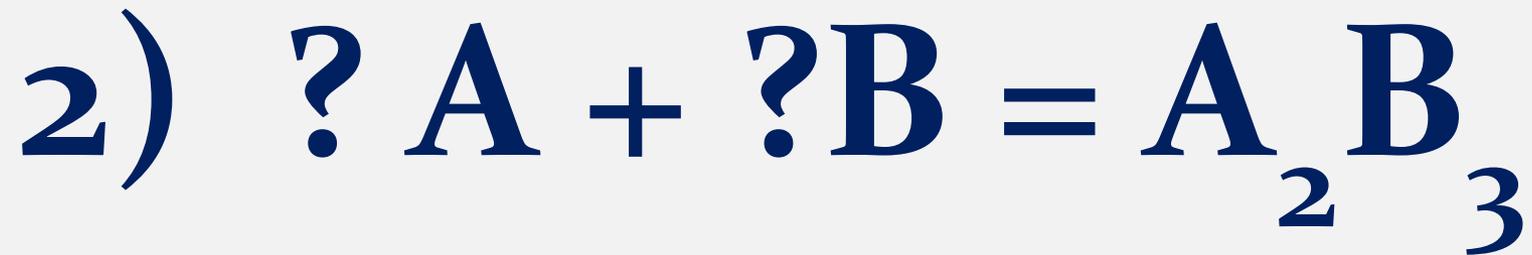
***«Но все встречающиеся
в природе изменения
происходят так,
что если к чему-либо
нечто прибавилось,
то это отнимается
у чего-то другого.***

***Так, сколько материи прибавляется
к какому-либо телу,
столько же теряется у другого...»***

**Антуан
Лавуазье**



1) Схема



The background of the slide features a collection of laboratory glassware. In the foreground, a large glass beaker is partially filled with a clear, colorless liquid. To its right, a smaller glass flask contains a bright yellow liquid. In the background, a rack holds several test tubes containing liquids of various colors: green, blue, and purple. The overall scene is brightly lit, creating a clean and professional scientific atmosphere.

Химические уравнения

A background image of laboratory glassware including test tubes, a pipette, and a beaker, with a blurred effect. The text is overlaid on this background.

Схема

Как

?

уравнение

Д/з: § 27,
упр. 1 (3)



Спасибо

за

работу!

