

Рыжова Ольга Александровна

- Учитель английского языка в МОУ ИРМО «Оёкская средняя общеобразовательная школа»
- I квалификационная категория



Использование технологии проектирования на среднем этапе обучения английскому языку

- Цель:

Повышение мотивации учащихся 7-9 классов в обучении английскому языку

Задачи:

1. Изучение теоретического материала
2. Подбор материала по интересующим темам с использованием УМК Кауфман К.И. [Happy English.ru](http://HappyEnglish.ru)
3. Создание и защита проектов по заданным темам
4. Использование проектов в учебной и внеурочной деятельности, на конференциях, в конкурсах...

Темы проектов в 9 классе

На уроках

- Visiting New York
- Start a film review club



Внеурочные

- Youth subcultures
- Differences between BE and AE
- Your fashion preferences
- Your healthy lifestyle
- The letter to Santa Claus

Типы проектов

Исследовательский проект
Информационный проект
Прикладной (практико-ориентированный) проект
Творческий проект
Ролевые, игровые, приключенческие проекты

По предметно-содержательной области

Монопредметный проект
Межпредметный проект
Надпредметный проект

Проекты в виде

- Презентации Power Point
- Брошюры, **раскладушки**
- **На листах формата А4, А3**
 - Видеофильмы

Практическая реализация

- Дальнейшее использование проектов в урочной и внеурочной деятельности
- Выступления на НПК
- Письмо Санте – nic-snail.ru
- Личные письма - Rosetta Stone LTD. 135 West Market Street, Harrisonburg VA 22801, USA
www.sharedtalk.com



The differences between British English and American English

Bortnevsckaya Yuliya



Aim:

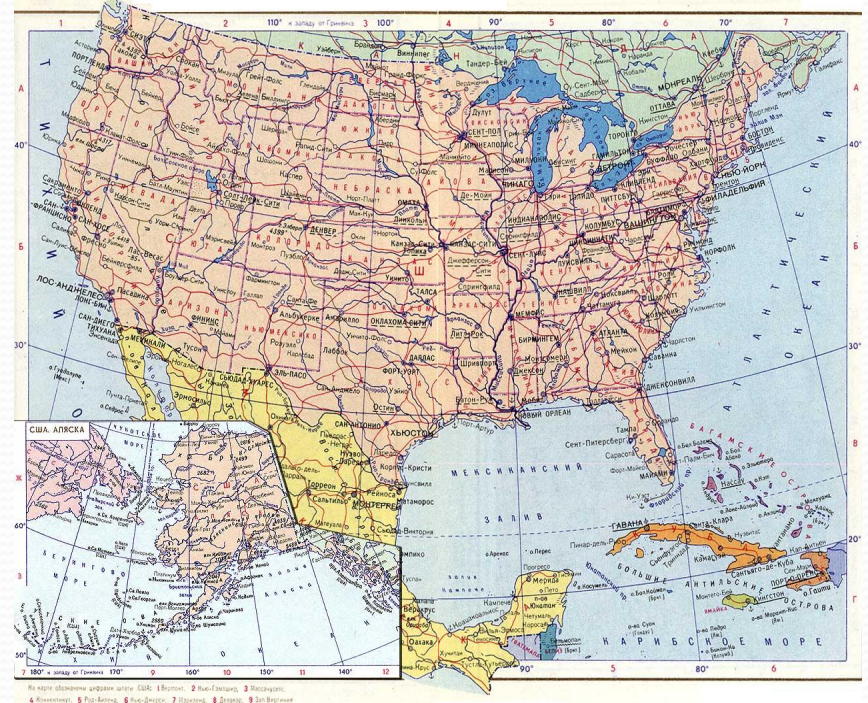
Find the connection and differences between American and British English, consider the characteristics of each variant of the language and to identify options for the use of languages in the literature of foreign authors.

The history of British language



The history of American language

In XVII-XVIII centuries in America (New World), the crowd surged immigrants represented the French, Spanish, German, Dutch, Norwegian and even Russian. But most of them were from England (the British Isles as a whole, this is Scotland, and Wales), where it was said in English



Differences in spelling

SAE	SBE
color	colour
center	centre
check (noun)	cheque (noun)
defense / license / practise	defence / licence / practice
all right	alright
maneuver	manoeuvre
tire	tyre
aging	ageing
whiskey (U.S. & Ireland)	whisky (Scottish)

Differences in vocabulary

Британский

flat
lawyer
luggage
milliard
cab
company
city/town centre
chemist's
lift
autumn
petrol
motorway
cross-roads
living room
coach
post
cinema
trousers
sleeper
railway
shop-assistant

Американский

apartment
attorney
baggage
billion
taxi
corporation
downtown
drugstore
elevator
fall
gas
highway
intersection
drawing room
long-distance bus
mail
movies
pants
Pullman
railroad
saleman, clerk

Differences in punctuation

SAE

SBE

Date writing, number/word order. (Never use only numbers!)

month/day/year

12/03/03

December 3, 2003

day/month/year

12/03/03

March 12, 2003

Use of commas and periods inside/outside quotation marks.

He said, "I love you."

He said, 'I love you'.

Business letter salutations, colons vs commas.

Dear Mr. Jones:

Dear Mr Jones,

'Honorifics': Mr. or Mrs. or Dr. Smith (U.S.) vs Mr or Mrs or Dr Smith (GB), etc.

Mr. Smith

Mrs. Brown

Dr. Wolf

Mr Smith

Mrs Brown

Dr Wolf

Differences in grammar

SAE

SBE

The Government **is** acting like **itself** again.

The Government **are** acting like **themselves** again.

We lived **on** Main Street.

We lived **in** the High Street. (cf. 'street people' ...)

I **didn't** tell him about my new job yet.

I **haven't told** him about my new job yet.

He's in **the** hospital with a broken leg.

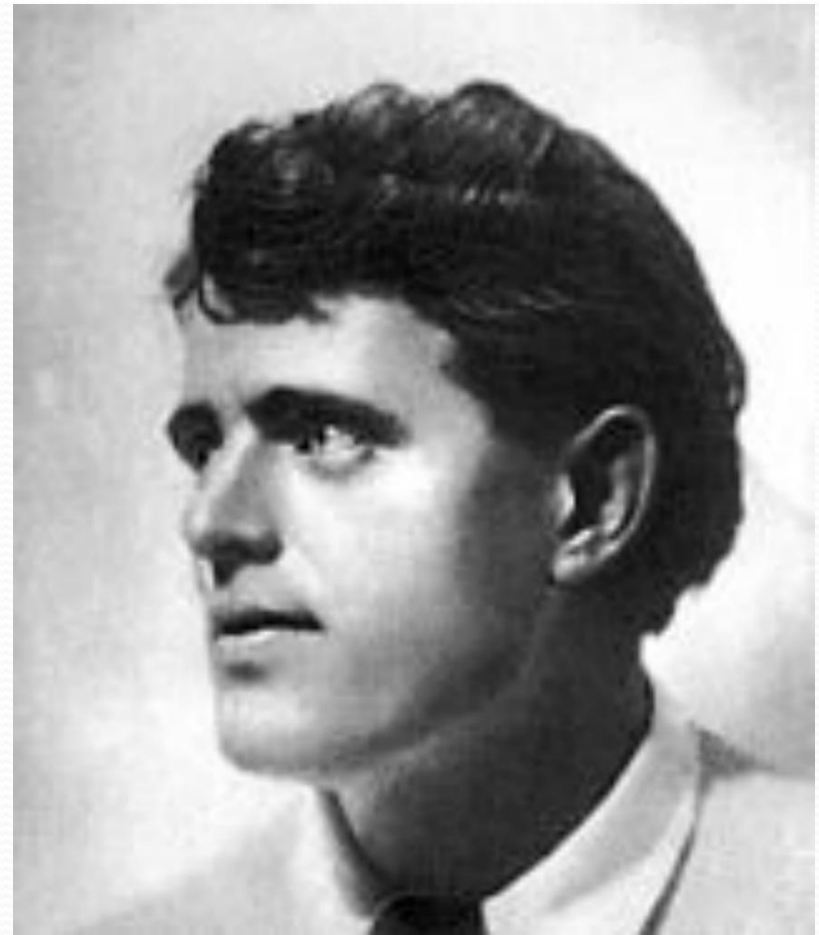
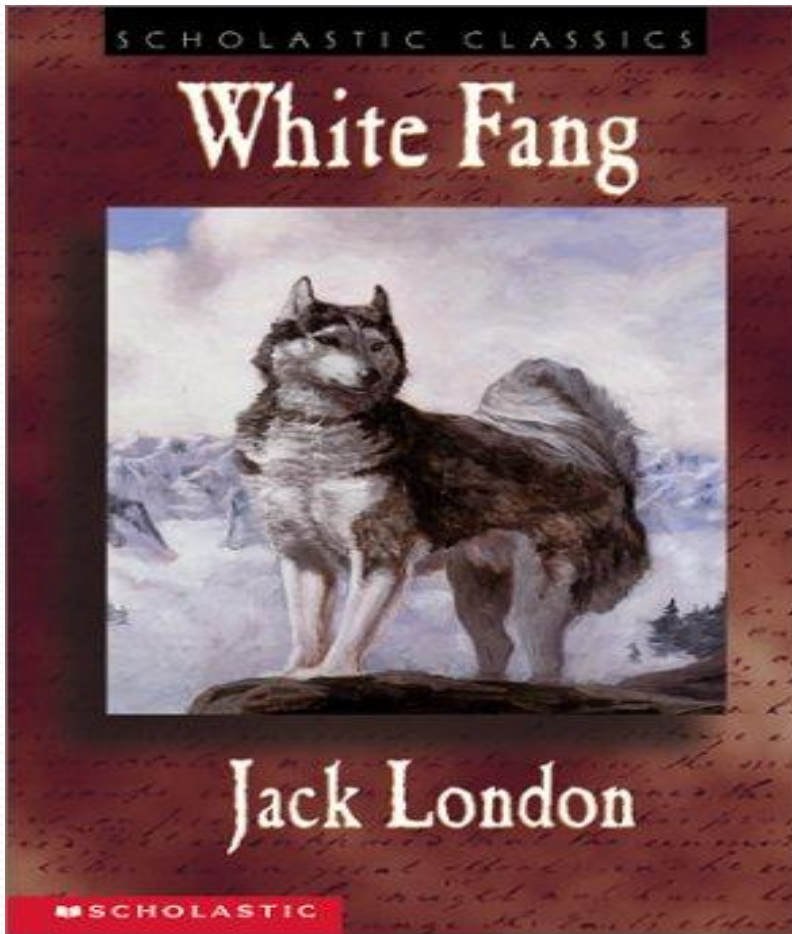
He's in hospital with a broken leg.

I'm hungry. I **gonna have** lunch.

I'm hungry. I **am going to** have lunch.

Differences in phonetics

Word	SAE Pronunciation	SBE Pronunciation
advertisement	'æd vɜ:r ta z mənt	əd'vɜ: t smənt
controversy	'ka:n trə vɜ:r si	'k n trə vɜ: si kən'tr v ə si
laboratory	'læb rə t r i	lə'b r ə tri
secretary	'sek rə ter i	'sek rə tri
leisure	'le ər	'le ə
schedule	'sked ju:l	' ed ju:l
dynasty	'da nə sti	'd n ə sti
dance	dænts	da:nts
oregano	'reg ə no	r 'ga: nə
clerk	klɜ:rk	kla:rk
ate	e t	et
ballet	bæ'lei	'bæ lei



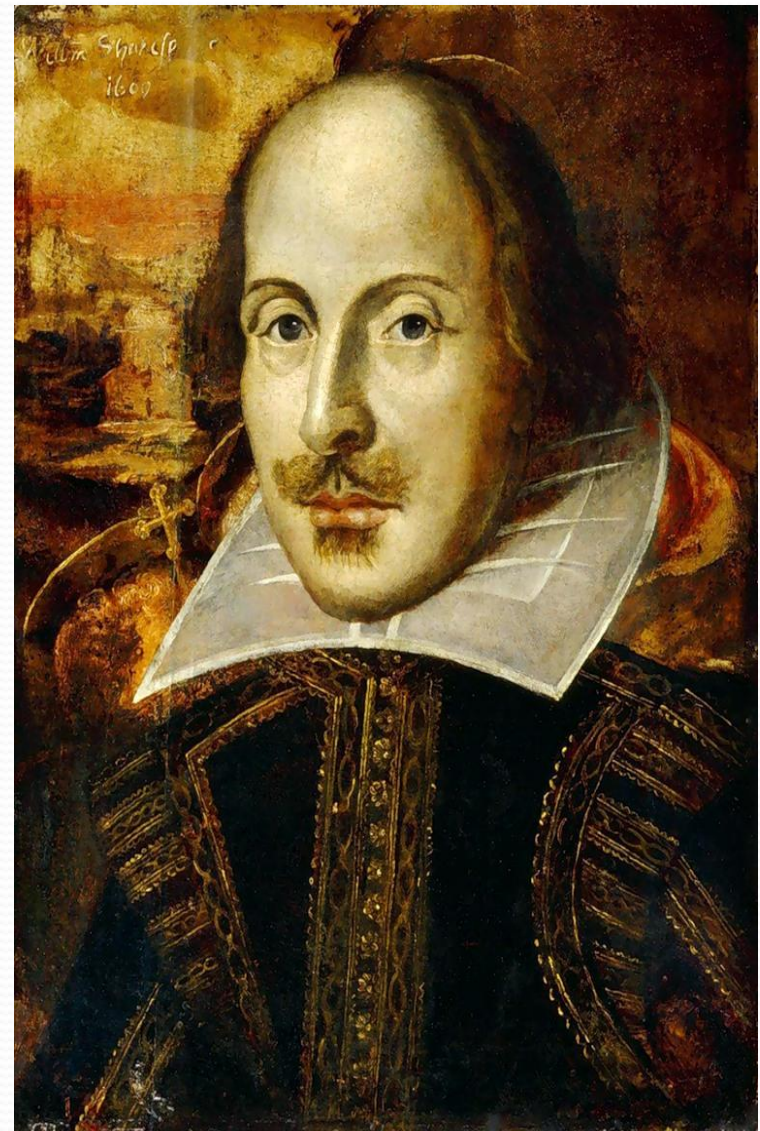
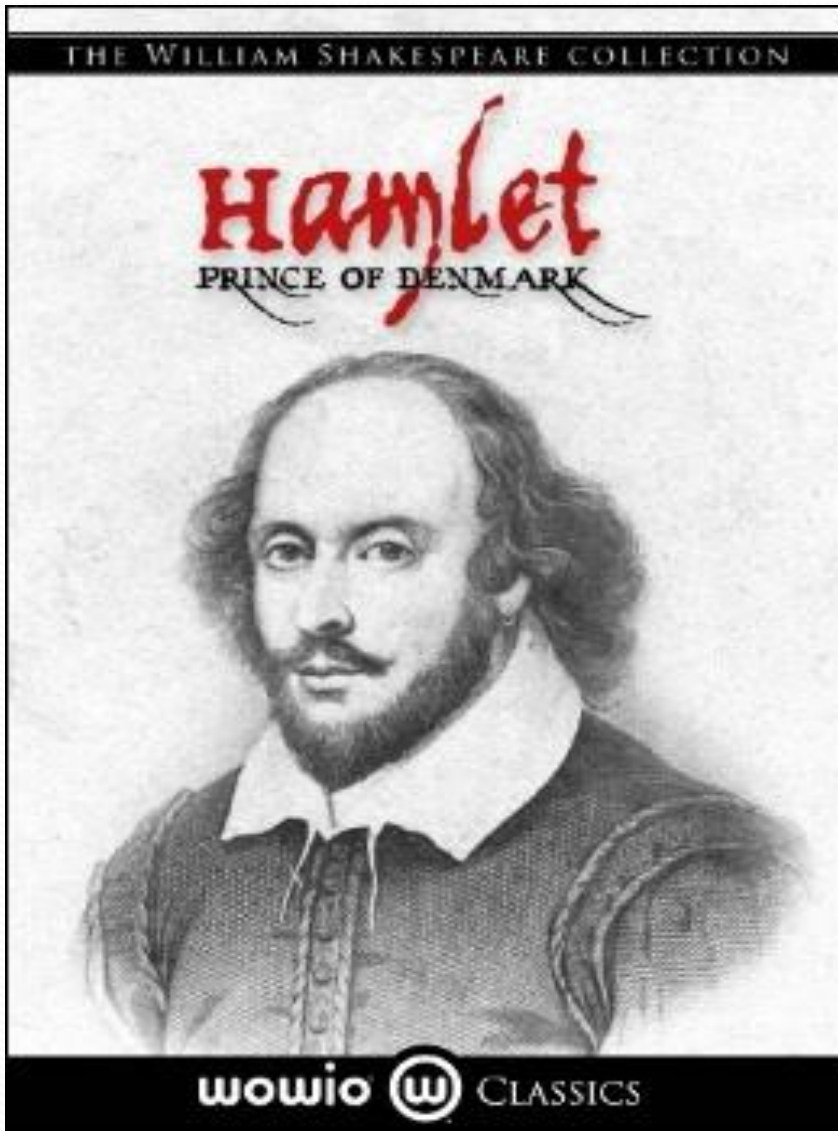
The use of these languages in the literature as an example of an American author

- J. London “White Fang”

” There is only six now”, he said.

“You an` me a-sittin by the fire”

“Takes more` n a handful of them pesky critters to do
for yours”



The use of these languages in the literature as an example of the British author

- William Shakespeare “Hamlet”

There`s, That`s, It`s, I`ll, We`ll, I`d, You`re

‘Ay , sir, to be honest, as this world goes, is to be one
man picked out of ten thousand’

‘My Lord, what do you read?’

Conclusion

In this study we examined the differences of British English and American English languages and the application of these languages in the literature. As a result, we found that more and more popular in our time is American English, as it is considered easier to remember. As for fiction writers of the United States, American English is fully preserved only in direct speech. But this does not mean that the British version has ceased to apply. British English is the "language of kings." Beautiful, correct and concise.

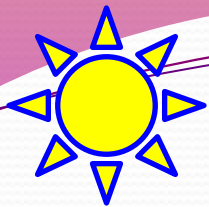
Не забывайте про здоровьесберегающие технологии на уроках

- Смена видов деятельности
- Эмоциональные разрядки
- Физминутки

Список литературы

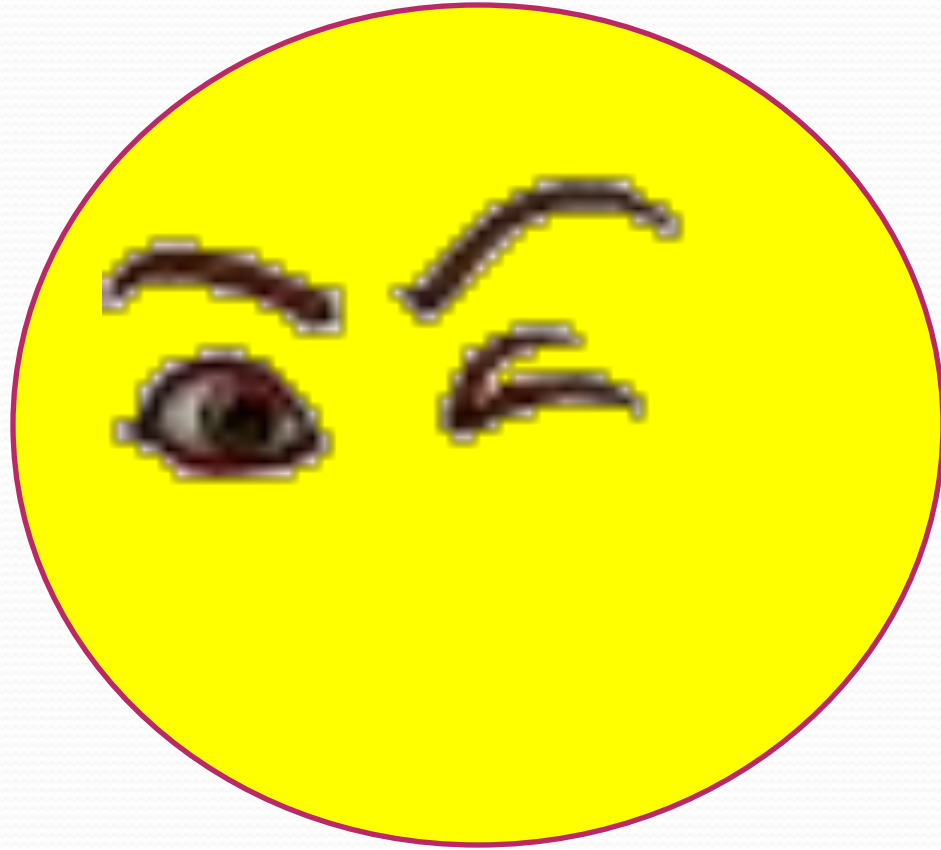
- Кауфман К.И. Английский язык. Happy English.ru: учебник для 9 класса общеобразовательных учреждений/ К.И. Кауфман, М.Ю. Кауфман. – Обнинск: Титул, 2008. – 272с.
- Мюллер В.К. Новый англо-русский словарь 160 000 слов. 8-е издание/ К.В. Мюллер, В.Л. Дашевская. – М: Русский язык, 2001. – 880 с.
- Полат Е.С. Новые педагогические и информационные технологии / Е.С.Полат - М: Просвещение, 2002. – 56с.













СПАСИБО ЗА ВНИМАНИЕ!

