New Geant4 based simulation tools for space radiation shielding and effects analysis.



<u>G.Santin</u>, P Nieminen, H Evans, E Daly (ESA-ESTEC, Noordwijk, The Netherlands) F Lei, P R Truscott, C S Dyer (QinetiQ, Farnborough, England) B Quaghebeur, D Heynderickx (BIRA, Brussels, Belgium)



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Space radiation environment

- Trapped radiation
 - Electrons ~< 10 MeV</p>
 - Protons ~< 10² MeV
- Solar radiation
 - Protons, heavy ions, electrons, neutrons, gamma rays, X-rays...
 - Cosmic rays
 - Lower intensity
 - Heavy ions





- Environment particles cause radiation damage to electronic components, solar cells and materials
- Effects include:
 - Surface charging
 - Single Event Upset / Latch Up
 - Increased background
 - Degradation, dose, solar cell, NIEL
 - DNA (biological) damage

 Other environment components (energetic and low-energy plasma, Oxygen atoms, debris) here neglected

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Radiation effects and analysis tools

- Current tools include:
 - SPENVIS models of space environment & basic effects analysis (ESA/BIRA)
 - CREME96 Cosmic Ray/SEU analysis (NRL)
 - SIREST space environment analysis for Shuttle missions (NASA/LaRC)
 - SEDAT (Space Environment Data Analysis Tool) databases of space environment data & tools for analysis. (ESA/RAL)
 - ESABASE/Radiation Space Systems Analyser





The role of



- Specific applications developed to address particular items
 - Trapped/solar radiation, cosmic rays, spacecraft charging
- SSAT, CAD Front-End, REAT/MULASSIS
 - "Generic engineering tool" approach
 - More detailed analysis tools (ESA/Qinetiq/BIRA)

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SSAT

Sector Shielding Analysis Tool

- Geant4 based application
- Ray-tracing analysis of a user-defined geometrical configuration
 - Produces:
 - distributions of shielding material and thickness as viewed
 - from a given point within the configuration
 - as a function of direction from that location.

This approach is highly useful for calculating the absorbed radiation dose, and for finding optimal shielding geometries.





Geant4 CAD Front-End tool







Used to import the SREM geometry (Standard Radiation Environment Monitor)

SREM is flying on PROBA and INTEGRAL (+ ROSETTA,...)



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CAD Front-End Tool: the SREM case





SREM geometry imported from STEP files

- Comparisons to
 - Geant3
 - Calibration data





Reat project Radiation Effects Analysis Tools

- Develop a new generation of radiation shielding and effect tools for civil space applications
 - Based on Geant4
 - Complete treatment of secondary particles
 - Completeness of physics list

List of sub-projects

- MULASSIS (MUlti-LAyer Shielding Simulation S/W):
 - Geant4 application for dose and particle fluence analysis associated with the use of radiation shields (more advanced than SHIELDOSE).
- GeMAT (Geant4-based Microdosimetry Analysis Tool):
 - Geant4 application for detailed study of radiation on microelectronic devices.



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MULASSIS MUlti-LAyer Shielding Simulation Software

- Need for better description of the impact of space environment on the spacecrafts
 - Detailed radiation effects analysis in a multi-layer geometry

Increasing mass
secondaries more and more important

 Difficult to take into account with analytical models or look-up table approach (SHIELDOSE)

User-friendly (to non C++ programmers)
 Basic Space-Environment options included
 Integrated into SPENVIS with a WWW interface

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MULASSIS: Physics lists

- Physics description includes
 - EM (std or LowEnergy extension)
 - hadron/nuclear interaction (parameterised, precompound)
 - neutron transport

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	V		V		V		V		Low-energy neutron	imu ondi
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V	V	V	V	V	V	V	1	1	Solar protons and light ions	
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Kinetic and HEIC models coming

for energies ~< 10 GeV/nucleon



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MULASSIS: geometry scripting, primaries and visualization

NCI

a a	nd visualization
X + viewer-0 (OpenGLImmediateX)	 Interactive version Scripting to build the geometry layers Predefined or user defined materials
0000 X * viewe	<pre># Remove the default geometry /geometry/layer/delete 0 # Now build a new geometry r1(OpenGLimmediateX)</pre>
	<pre>riewer@ (@perf2linemediateX)</pre>
	1 GeV Protons

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MULASSIS: integration in SPENVIS

SPENVIS DEVELOPER Project: PACHYDERN

Radiation models

Multi-Layered Shielding Simulation: Analysis parameter

Analysis parameters

Fluence analysis

ect boundaries between layers for fluence analysi

source □ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ 5 🛛 targe

1□2□3□4₩5□ Energy deposition/TII

Select layers for energy deposition/total ioning dose analys 1 □ 2 □ 3 ₩ 4 □ 5 □ Pulse-height spectrum analysis Select layers for pulse-height spectrum (PHS) analysis: 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ 5 ₩ Energy binning mode [default

Reset Run

Angle bianing mode: Clefoult NIEL Coefficients Select set of NIEL coefficients: CEFN Select layers for NIEL analysis:

/cm2 💌

Fluence normalisation factor: 1

utput units: /cm2 💌

output units: eV 💌

lect particle type(s) for fluence

ergy binning mode: default

Index

- First web interface to Geant4!
- Geometry definition
 - Layer number, depth and material
 - Physics list choice
 - Primary particle spectrum and fluences from SPENVIS
 - Trapped protons
 - Solar protons
 - Trapped electrons
 - Analysis options
 - Pulse Height Spectrum
 - lon. dose
 - NIEL

	SPENVIS DEVELOP Radiat Multi-Layered Shield	ER Project: PACHYDERM tion models ling Simulation: Geometry	Ta P H
	Geometr	y: User defined	
	User defined m	aterials: Number 3 👱	1
Material id	Name	Chemical formula	Density (g cm ⁻³)
Material 1	GenericPlastic	C-H2	1.3
Material 2	BGO	Bi4-Ge3-012	7.13
Material 3	SiliconOxide	SH02	2.65
C	Jeometry definition: Shape:	planar slab 💌 Number of layers: 5	
Layer number	Material	Thickness (unit)	Visualisation colour
Layer 1	Aluminium 💌	5 µm 💌	white 💌
Layer 2	GenericPlastic 💌	3 mm 💌	grey 💌
Layer 3	SiliconOxide 💌	1 µm 💌	dark grey 💌
Layer 4	Slicon	100 µm 💌	red 💌
Layer 5	BG0 💌	1 cm 💌	blue 💌
Output a visualisation of	f the geometry without 💌 the pa	rticle tracks to a PostScript (PS)	▼ file
	Reset	Continue	





MULASSIS: an example inside the SPENVIS interface

- SPENVIS orbit input parameters
 - LEO circular orbit
 - altitude 500 km
 - inclination 28 deg

SPENVIS output

- **Trapped** proton and electron fluxes
- Solar proton fluence









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MULASSIS: output

- Particle fluence
 - as a function of particle species, energy, angle and boundary between the layers.
- Non-ionising energy loss (NIEL)
 - based on the fluence and CERN NIEL coefficients.
- Energy deposition in the layer or ionising dose in the layer.

Pulse-height energy deposition in the layer.



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Doses: ionization

- Dose-depth curve
- Displacement damage (NIEL)
 - Si (or Si equivalent)



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- Comparison with SHIELDOSE-2
 - Total ionising doses for the Si detector behind Al shield of various thicknesses
 - trapped proton from SPENVIS
 - Comparison with MCNPX
 - Good agreement in secondary radiation spectra
 - Introduction of kinetic ant HETC models in the next release will eliminate the disagreement in the neutrons









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GeMAT

Geant4-based Microdosimetry Analysis Tool

- Simulate microdosimetry in geometries representing features of a semiconductor device (transistor/junction geometries)
- Proton (nuclear and electromagnetic), and electron interactions in the energy range applicable to microdosimetry effects induced by the space radiation environment

Analysis includes

- single event effects in semiconductor devices
- simultaneous energy deposition in several sensitive regions









Future developments

- SpaceGRID
 - Space science, Earth observation, Space weather and Spacecraft engineering
 - MULASSIS is being ported to the GRID
 Prototype ready





New ESA contract: Energetic Particle Shielding and Interactions Software, major R&D item.

- 5 ESA Science missions
- 5 other activities for Geant4 *development* and applications

Summary

- Role of Geant4 in the space domain
- SSAT, CAD Front-End tool, MULASSIS, GeMAT
- Future developments (SpaceGRID, ...)



Geant4 Space Users' Forum 20-22 January 2003 at ESTEC:

http://www.estec.esa.nl/conferences/03C05/index.html