









PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW (II)

Law School of Fuzhou University
Huang Hui



Part II: Subject of private International law

Chapter 3 Natural person

Chapter 4 Legal person

Chapter 5 State and international organization

Chapter 6 Civil legal status for foreigners







Section 1 Nationality of natural person

Section 2 Domicile of natural person

Section 3 Natural person's capacity

for rights and capacity to act





Section 1 Nationality of natural person



- 1. Definition of nationality allegiance, obedience, contract, identity
- 2. Conflict of nationality positive conflict; negative conflict.
- 3, Settlement of conflict







Question:



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What is the difference between "domicile" and "residence"?









Section 2 Domicile of natural person

- 1. Definition of domicile / residence
 - 2. Conflict and settlement of domicile





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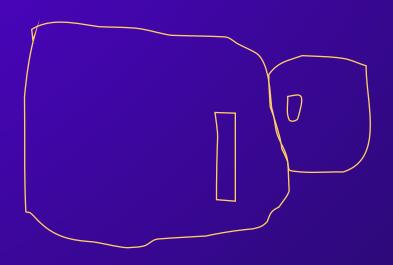
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怀特 Vs. 坦奈特

迈戈尔·怀特与其兄弟姐妹们从其父亲处继承下来的农场地跨两州,其中200英亩在西弗吉尼亚,40英亩在 宾夕法尼亚州。迈戈尔·怀特出生及长大后的住所地都 在西弗吉尼亚。

后来, 迈戈尔·怀特与其兄弟姐妹们将农场分割, 其拥有宾夕法尼亚的40英亩土地及上面一幢简易房的所有权。





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怀特 Vs. 坦奈特

1885年4月2日, 迈戈尔·怀特搬迁到宾夕法尼亚的一幢简易房, 只住一晚上, 因房屋过于简陋, 太冷无法居住, 第二天就回到西弗吉尼亚的老屋子。

结果迈戈尔·怀特的妻子露西达得了伤寒症, 迈戈尔· 怀特就只能住在西弗吉尼亚的老屋子里。不久, 迈戈尔· 怀特也染上伤寒, 十天后在西弗吉尼亚的老屋子亡故, 其妻康复。

农场主迈戈尔·怀特死亡,无遗嘱。坦奈特是死者的岳父和遗产管理人。坦奈特根据西弗吉尼亚的法律对迈戈尔·怀特的遗产进行清算,在清偿债务后,余下全部财产由死者之妻露西达继承。死者的兄弟姐妹认为,根据死者死亡时的住所地宾夕法尼亚州法律,死者遗孀只能得到遗产的一半,另一半应归死者的兄弟姐妹继承。





Question:



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What is meaning of "capacity" in law?
What is the difference between
"capacity for rights" and "capacity to act"?



Section 3 Natural person's capacity for rights and capacity to act

1, Conflict and Settlement of Natural person's

capacity for rights

2. Jurisdiction and application of law for foreign-related declaration of absence and death

3, Conflict and Settlement of Natural person's

capacity to act

4. Jurisdiction and application of law for interdiction





















Section 3 Natural person's capacity for rights and capacity to act

- 1, Conflict and Settlement of Natural person's capacity for rights
 - 1) Natural person's capacity for rights
 - 2) Conflict of Natural person's capacity for rights

Beginning and Termination

Natural death: different grounds

Presumption of life

3) Application of law for natural person's capacity for rights



Section 3 Natural person's capacity for rights and capacity to act



2, Jurisdiction and application of law for foreign-related declaration of absence and death

- 1) Conflict of declaration of absence and death
- 2) Application of law for declaration of absence and death









Section 3, Natural person's capacity for rights and capacity to act

- 3. Conflict and Settlement of natural person's capacity to act
 - 1) Natural person's capacity to act
 - 2) Conflict of natural person's capacity to act

Age of adult and minor

Different legal system (Interdiction)

3) Application of law for natural person's capacity to act

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李查蒂缔约案(Lizardi Case)

一名22岁墨西哥人李查蒂在法国向巴黎珠宝商 用期票购买价值100万法郎的珠宝,到付款之 日,墨西哥人李查蒂说,依照墨西哥法,23 岁成年,具有完全民事行为能力,自己还未成 年,所签订的购买合同无效,没有约束力。但 依法国法,18岁即成年。



Section 3 Natural person's capacity for rights and capacity to act

4. Jurisdiction and application of law for interdiction

1) Jurisdiction for interdiction

2) Application of law for interdiction





Chapter 4 Legal person

- 1. Nationality and domicile of legal person
- 2. Recognition of foreign legal person
- 3. Legal person's capacity for rights and capacity to act
- 4, International bankruptcy









Question:



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What is the definition of "legal person"?



1. Nationality and domicile of legal person

- 1) Nationality of legal person
 - a) Place of registration
 - b) Legal address
 - c) Actual control
 - d) Mixed standards





1 Nationality and domicile of legal person

- 2) Domicile of legal person
 - a) Management center
 - b) Business center
 - c) According to articles of association
 - d) Place of registration



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2 Recognition of foreign legal person

- 1) Concept of recognition
- 2) Forms of recognition
 - a) International way
 - b) Domestic way
 Special procedure
 General recognition
 Ordinary recognition
- 3) Regulation of PRC









Question:



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What is the difference on "capacity for rights" and "capacity to act" between natural person and legal person?



3 Legal person's capacity for rights and capacity to act

- 1) Conflict of legal person's capacity for rights and capacity to act
- 2) Application of law for legal person's capacity for rights and capacity to act





4 Foreign bankruptcy

- 1)Concept of foreign bankruptcy
- 2)Extraterritorial effect of declaration of bankruptcy
- 3)Application of law for foreign bankruptcy













Chapter 5 State and international organization

Section 1 State

- 1 Characteristics of State as the subject of Private International Law
- **2** Theories on State Immunity

Section 2 International organization

- 1 Characteristics of international organization as the subject of Private International Law
- 2 The privilege and immunity international organization













Section 1 State

- 1 Characteristics of state as the subject of private international law
- 2 Theories on state immunity
 - (1) Content of state immunity
 - (2) Issues on state immunity
 - (3) Theories on state immunity
 - (4) Position of China







Question:



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How to settle the conflict between capacity for rights and capacity to act of international organizations?





Question:



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Why do international organizations have the privilege and immunity?



Section 2 International organization

- 1 Characteristics of international organization as the subject of private international law
- 2 The privilege and immunity of international organizations
 - (1) Creation and development of the privilege and immunity of international organizations
 - (2) Reason of the privilege and immunity of international organizations
 - (3) Content of the privilege and immunity of international organizations













Chapter 6 Civil legal status for foreigners

- 1, Concept
- 2. Civil legal status for foreigners in different periods
- 3. Several systems of civil legal status for foreigners
- 4. Civil legal status for foreigners in PRC





2 Civil legal status for foreigners in different periods



♦ Slavery society

♦ Feudal society

Capitalist society



3. Several systems of civil legal status for foreigners

- National treatment
- Most-favored-nation treatment
- ♦ Treatment of generalized system of preference
- ♦ Preferential treatment





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4. Civil legal status for foreigners in PRC

Before PRC:

- **♦** Reasonable treatment period
- **♦** Antiforeign period
- Privilege period









