

The Spit (Strelka) of Vasilievsky Island

Презентация к учебнику М.А. Гацкевич «Санкт-Петербург»

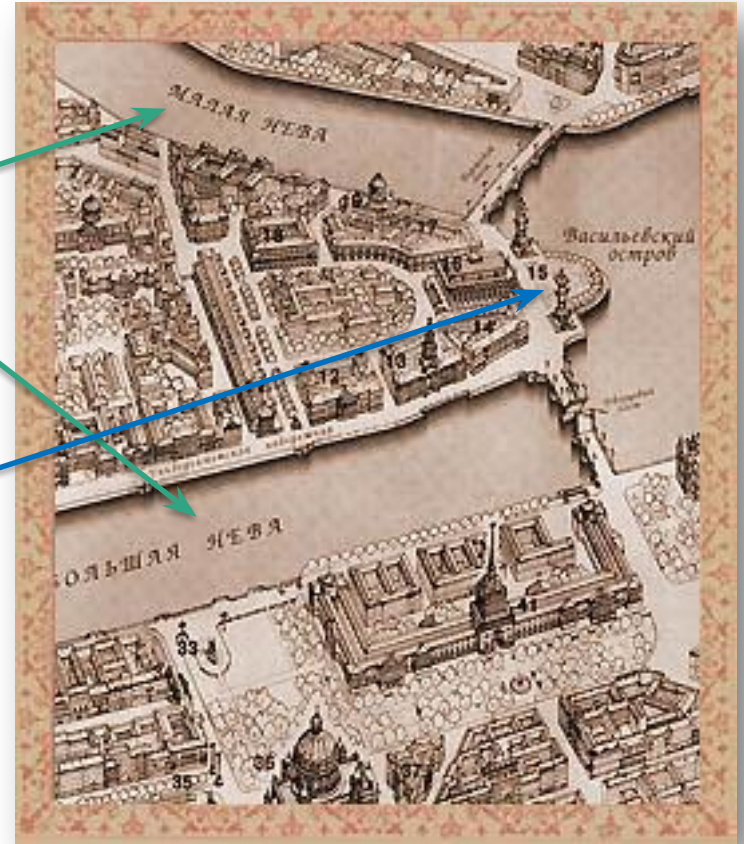


School180@inbox.ru

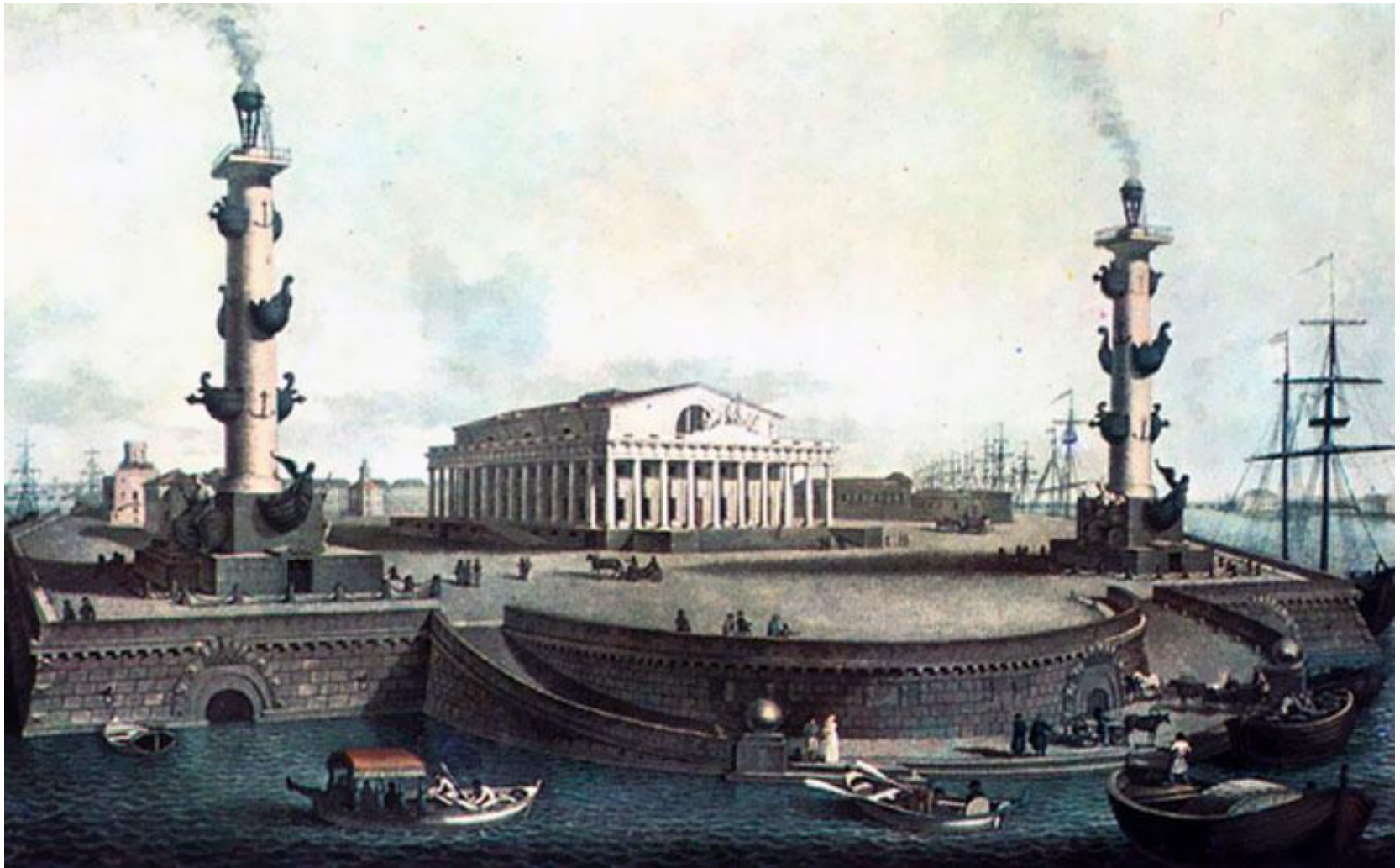


Учитель английского языка
ГБОУ СОШ № 180
Санкт-Петербург
Дмитрук Л.Е.

Vasilievsky Island is the largest of the islands in the Neva delta. The Neva breaks into two arms here: the Bolshaya (Big) Neva and the Malaya (Little) Neva.



“Strelka” is the name given to the eastern tip of Vasilievsky Island.



There was a port here until 1837 and for a long time this was one of the busiest parts of the city. The commercial port was situation here till the middle of the 19th century.



In 1710's Peter the Great decided to make Vasilievsky Island the centre of his newly built capital. He ordered a network of canals to be dug across the island in the fashion of Amsterdam. However, Peter's plan was destined to fail.

The building of the architectural ensemble of the Spit began in the first third



The Stock-Exchange was the first building erected here. It was designed by the architect Thomas de Thomon with the assistance of Andreyan Zakharov. It was placed strictly along the axis of the spit on a high open terrace. Forty-four powerful columns encircle the building almost concealing its walls. The building is reminiscent of an Ancient Greek temple.



Over the main entrance facing the Spit there is the sculpture “Neptune Emerging from the Waves”. On the both sides of it you can see a sculpture of a young woman with a crown on her head representing the Neva River, and a sculpture of a man representing the River Volkhov. On the opposite side there is Mercury, the god of trade.



The Stock Exchange now houses the Central Naval Museum. It was founded in 1709 by order of Peter the Great. The collection of the Central Naval Museum moved here from the Admiralty building in 1939.



At the both sides of this building there were the warehouses and the Customs House. They were designed by the architect Giovanni Lucini. Two warehouses were built symmetrically between 1826 and 1832. The goods delivered to the port were stored there.



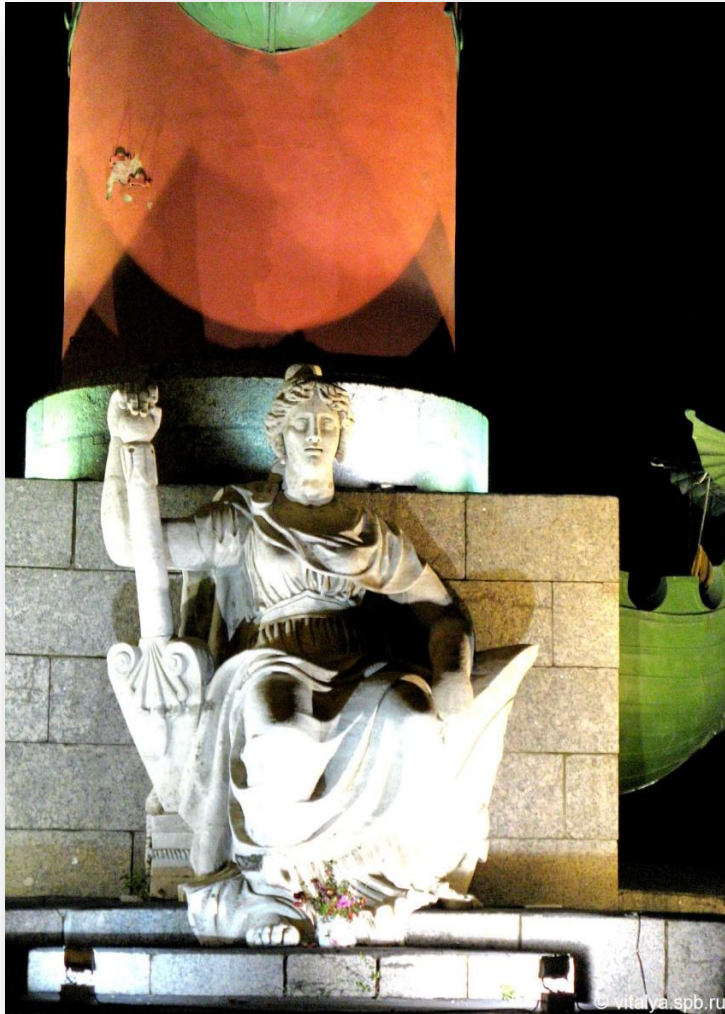
At the same time as warehouses between 1829 and 1832 the building of the Customs was erected. Its pediment is crowned with the figures of Mercury — the God of trade, Neptune — the god of navigation and Ceres — the goddess of the harvest.

Now the former Customs House is occupied by the Institute of Russian Literature known as the Pushkin House



In front of the Stock Exchange the two Rostral Columns were installed between 1805 and 1810 after a project of Thomas de Thomon. The tradition of installing Rostral columns as memorials symbolizing naval victories goes back to Ancient Rome. In Rome the monuments of triumph were decorated with the bows of defeated ships.

The height of each column is 32 metres. At the base of each column there are two







Nowadays, gas torches are lit above these columns during festivals.

Интернет-ресурсы

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