

International Olympic Committee

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Mission and role of IOC

- ① The stated mission of the IOC is to promote the [Olympics](#) throughout the world and to lead the Olympic Movement:
- ② To encourage and support the organisation, development and coordination of sport and sports competitions;
- ③ To ensure the regular celebration of the Olympic Games;
- ④ To cooperate with the competent public or private organisations and authorities in the endeavour to place sport at the service of humanity and thereby to promote peace;
- ⑤ To act against any form of discrimination affecting the Olympic Movement;
- ⑥ To encourage and support the promotion of women in sport at all levels and in all structures with a view to implementing the principle of equality of men and women

In accordance with the Olympic Charter, the IOC must:

- ensure the regular holding of the Olympic games;
- to promote the enjoyment of sports ethics;
- to devote their efforts to ensuring that the spirit of fair play prevails on sports grounds;
- discourage any form of discrimination in the Olympic movement;
- resist any political and commercial abuse in sport;
- support the International Olympic Academy (IOA);

The **INTERNATIONAL OLYMPIC COMMITTEE (IOC)** is the highest, permanent body of the modern Olympic movement. Non-governmental, non-profit organization.

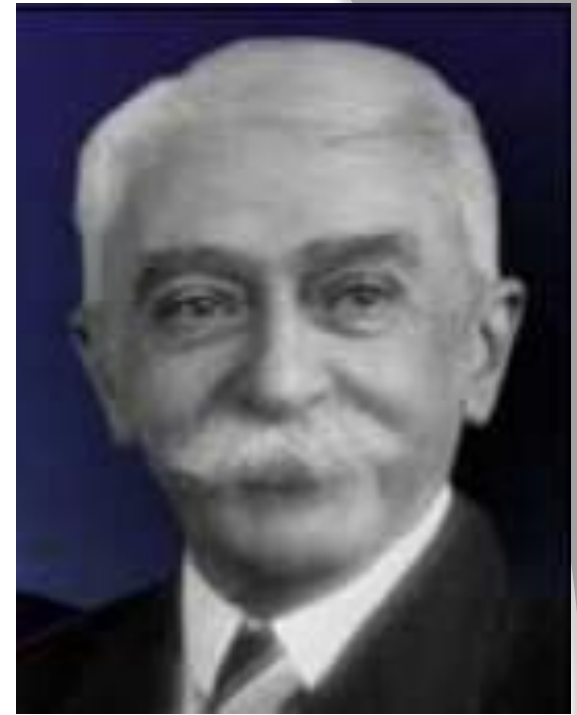
It was created on June 23, 1894 on the initiative of a French public figure **Pierre de Coubertin**

Authorized document of the IOC —

Charter of the Olympic games

The headquarters of the IOC in **Lausanne (Switzerland)**.

The official languages are **French and English**.



IOC structure

He selects his members from those who live in countries with an NOC. One member of the IOC is elected for the country (for the largest and most actively participating countries in the Olympic movement, as well as for those where the Olympic Games have already been held, there may be 2 members).



IOC Structure

- IOC President
- The IOC Executive Board: 4 vice presidents and 10 members
- IOC (115 members)
- IOC Session
- Nominations from members of the IOC, NOC

The IOC Executive Board

IOC Executive Board consists of the President, four Vice-Presidents and ten other members. All members of the IOC Executive Board are elected by the Session, in a secret ballot, by a majority of the votes cast. The IOC Executive Board assumes the general overall responsibility for the administration of the IOC and the management of its affairs

IOC Session

The IOC Session is the general meeting of the members of the IOC, held once a year in which each member has one vote. It is the IOC's supreme organ and its decisions are final.

Extraordinary Sessions may be convened by the President or upon the written request of at least one third of the members.

Among others, the powers of the Session are:

- To adopt or amend the Olympic Charter.
- To elect the members of the IOC, the Honorary President and the honorary members.
- To elect the President, the Vice-Presidents and all other members of the IOC Executive Board.
- To elect the host city of the Olympic Games.



IOC President elected for 5 years

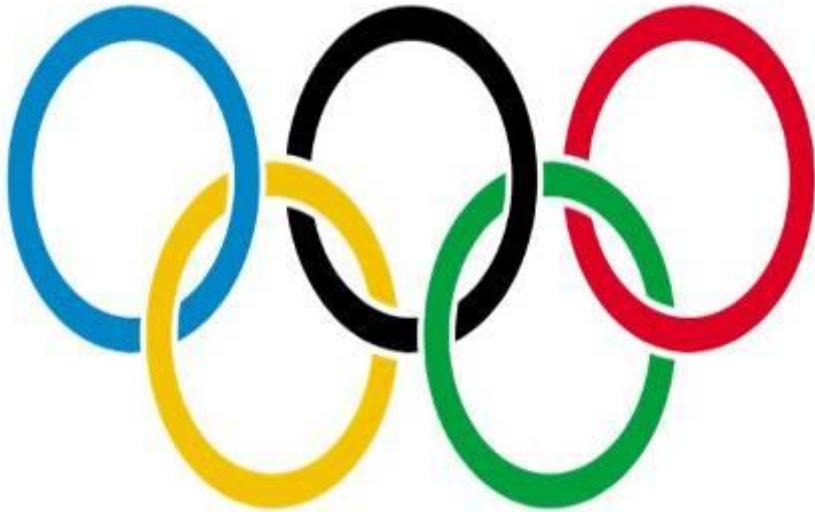
- 1. Demetrios Vikelas (Greece, 1894–1896)**
- 2. Pierre de Coubertin (France, 1896–1925)**
- 3. Henri de Baillet-Latour (Belgium, 1925-1942)**
- 4. Sigfrid Edstrem (Sweden, 1946–1952)**
- 5. Avery Brundage (USA, 1952–1972)**
- 6. Michael Morris Killanin (Ireland, 1972–1980)**
- 7. Juan Antonio Samaranch (Spain, 1980–2001)**
- 8. Jacques Rogge (Belgium, 2001– 2013)**
- 9. Thomas Bach (2013 - now)**



- The IOC has 134 members from more than 80 countries. Members of the committee are its representatives in their countries, and not vice versa. According to the current regulations, a committee member is elected for an 8-year term with the possibility of re-election for a new term. The age of a committee member may not exceed 70 years.



IOC SYMBOL



EMBLEM

Blue is Europe
Black - Africa
Red - america
Yellow - asia
Green is Australia.

FLAG



The flag of the Olympic movement is 5 intertwined rings on a white background: blue, yellow, black, green and red. The rings symbolize the five continents, whose countries participate in the Olympic movement.

Game emblem

The IOC's activities are aimed at creating an emblem for games. Each Olympic Games has its own unique emblem symbolizing the city and country that organized the Olympic Games.



Paralympic Games

Paralympic Games - international sports competitions for the disabled. Traditional competitions have been held after the main Olympic Games since 1992. The Summer Olympic Games have been held since 1960, and the Winter Games since 1976.

